## **REPLY:**

- 1 (a) The Department does not collate information on the number of applications received by each institution.
  - (b)

	First-Time
Public University	Entering
	Enrolments
Cape Peninsula University of Technology	8 721
Central University of Technology	4 515
Durban University of Technology	8 564
Mangosuthu University of Technology	3 770
Nelson Mandela University	7 185
North West University	12 726
Rhodes University	1 455
Sefako Makgatho University	1 025
Sol Plaatje University	1 674
Tshwane University of Technology	15 100
University of Fort Hare	3 630
University of Cape Town	4 039
University of Free State	8 000
University of Johannesburg	10 500
University of KwaZulu-Natal	8 388
University of Limpopo	5 143
University of Mpumalanga	2 600
University of Pretoria	8 500
University of South Africa	45 000
University of Stellenbosch	5 415
University of Venda	3 376

Total	196 324
Walter Sisulu University	7 175
Vaal University of Technology	5 069
University of Zululand	4 266
University of Witwatersrand	5 888
University of Western Cape	4 600

- (c) The budget cuts did not have an impact on the intake of new students for the 2023 academic as the new student intake targets were determined through the mid-term review of the enrolment planning cycle process where each institution reviewed its enrolment plan based on their available resources, such as infrastructure, human resources, finances, and sustainability. They were also required to consider the occupations in high demand, scarce skills identified and National Development Plan, amongst others.
- 2 (a) Financial support should not be a barrier for first-time entering students if they had applied for funding from the National Student Financial Aid Scheme, qualified and registered in an approved undergraduate programme at a public university.

The Central Application Clearing House (CACH) will also provide applicants with access to career development services and where possible, an opportunity to access spaces still available within the post-school education and training system at universities, Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) colleges or in Sector Education and Training Authorities learnerships, without having to travel to institutions to try and find a space. This is also to ensure that students do not become victims of bogus institutions.

(b) The premises of the old colleges of education are being utilised as university and TVET college campuses; schools; teacher development centres; government department offices and/or centres, including sites for provincial and district education offices, etc. There are no plans to reopen these colleges of education currently.