

<b>2019/29</b>	Black	Male: 414 Female: 596 Youth: 172	As above	Exported 35 702 tons
<b>2020/21</b>	Black	Male: 821 Female: 1398 Youth: 443	As above	Exported 28 758 tons
<b>2021/22</b>	-	-	-	Farmers are currently planting and figures are not as yet available

1. Exports represent approximately 70% of national production, therefor 70% of the cotton lint from the Black smallholder cotton farmers is exported as well.
2. Due to the fact that all the cotton is collectively processed, it is not possible to be more precise on export detail. Currently about 1.78 to 2% of the mentioned crop below is being produced by Black smallholder cotton farmers.
3. South Africa is for the last three years a net exporter of cotton. Exports represent approximately 70% of production. The majority of the cotton lint is exported to the East. Major export markets: Vietnam, Bangladesh, Taiwan, Thailand. Also to SADC (majority to Lesotho) and Europe, albeit smaller/small quantities.

<b>Financial Year</b>	<b>Race</b>	<b>Gender</b>	<b>Age</b>	<b>Information</b>
<b>National Red Meat Development Programme (NRMDP) Eastern Cape Province</b>				
This report provides a summary of findings for cattle obtained from smallholder farmers via the custom feeding facilities of the National Red Meat Development Programme in South Africa. These cattle were destined for Mauritius and their date of departure was the 28 June 2020.				
A total of 62 cattle have been obtained from six custom feeding programmes in Eastern Cape province of South Africa. This number can be broken down into 32% from Lugangeni followed Ngangegqili (31%), Ncora (13%), Lower Hukuwa (11%), Lahlangubo (8%) and Njiveni (3%).				

**Table 1: Number of farmers per facility and gender profile.**

<b>Custom Feeding Programme</b>	<b>Farmers</b>	<b>Gender Profile</b>	
		<b>Females</b>	<b>Males</b>
Lahlangubo	5	2	3
Lower Hukuwa	4	0	4
Lugangeni	16	2	14
Ncora	8	2	6
Ngangegqili	13	2	11
Njiveni	2	0	2
<b>Total</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>40</b>

**Table 2: Livestock numbers and mass**

<b>Custom Feeding Programme</b>	<b>No. Sold</b>	<b>Mass (kg)</b>	
		<b>Average</b>	<b>Total</b>
Lahlangubo	5	546	2 729
Lower Hukuwa	7	464	3 251
Lugangeni	20	451	9 014
Ncora	8	517	4 138
Ngangegqili	19	448	8 521
Njiveni	3	569	1 707
<b>Total</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>474</b>	<b>29 360</b>

The total mass for these animals was 29 360 kg. Lugangeni commanded the highest mass at 31% followed by Ngangegqili (29%), Ncora (13%), Lower Hukuwa (11%), Lahlangubo (9%) and Njiveni (6%). The total average mass was 474 kg, ranging from 303 to 724 kg.

Financial Year	Race	Gender	Age	Information
<b>National Woolgrowers Association (NWGA) Eastern Cape Province</b>				
The last funding support received was for the Genetic Improvement Program in 2018/19 financial year, which was granted by National Treasury.				
I can however confirm that communal wool sheep producers marketed 5,455million kg of wool valued at R260,5million through the formal wool market during 20/21 season. This involves more than 1400 wool sheep producing communities representing more than 40 000 small scale producers. More than 30% of these producers are women.				
Information per province and area can be made available during January 2022.				

## SA GAP

The Directorate: Marketing in conjunction with the Directorate: Smallholder Development and the Perishable Products Export Control Board (PPECB) is facilitating the SA-GAP Certification Programme for smallholder producers of fresh produce.

The main objective of the Programme is to create a conducive environment for smallholder producers of fresh produce to access both local and international markets by producing good quality products that comply with food safety and quality standards as required by the markets. Moreover, the certification programme ensures that consumers are supplied with products that are safe for consumption and also helps producers to gain gradual recognition and acceptance by mainstream commercial markets.

Smallholder producers identified to participate in the programme are taken through pre-audit exercises to identify any non-conformances on their farms and this is then followed by training/workshops on good agricultural practices, food safety, responsible use of pesticides and product

safety and quality as outlined in Regulation 707 of 2005 under the Agricultural Products Standards (APS) Act of 1990. These producers will then be given an opportunity to rectify any identified non-conformances before the final audit and certification can be concluded.

As of January 2014, the Directorate: Marketing in collaboration with the Directorate: Smallholder Development and Provincial Departments of Agriculture (PDAs) initiated a process of identifying smallholder producers to benefit from the programme. To further intensify the programme, the Directorate: Marketing also held discussions with the major retail chains in the country (Pick n Pay, Spar, Massmart and Shoprite-Checkers) to implement the programme. Retailers acknowledge and recognise SA-GAP as a high impact programme for smallholder producers and a high impact intervention that they have been longing for and are willing to purchase produce from SA-GAP certified producers. Retailers also provided the then Department of Agriculture Forestry and Fisheries (DAFF) with profiles of smallholder producers from their supplier databases who can potentially benefit from the programme. These producers are supported through other development programs offered by the retail chains.

By the end of the 2020/21 financial year, a total of 360 participants from all nine provinces benefitted from the programme, as outlined in the table below:

TABLE 2: TOTALS PER PROVINCE						
Province	Number participating	Pre-audits	Final Audits	Certified (Primary Production)	Certified (On farm Packhouse or drying facilities)	Number Maintaining Certification Status
Free State	19	19	0	0	0	0
Gauteng	34	32	8	8	4 (pack-houses)	4

**TOTALS PER  
PROVINCE**

Eastern Cape	18	18	0	0	0	0
Western Cape	20	17	6	5	1 (packhouse)	2
North West	22	22	1	1 (failed re-certification)	0	0
Northern Cape	170	152	150	22	128 (raisins drying facilities)	150
Mpumalanga	38	35	23	23	1	21
KwaZulu Natal	12	12	1	1	1	0
Limpopo	27	27	3	2	1	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>360</b>	<b>334</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>177</b>

With regard to Persons with a disability we did not disaggregate the figures. We will do that in the future.