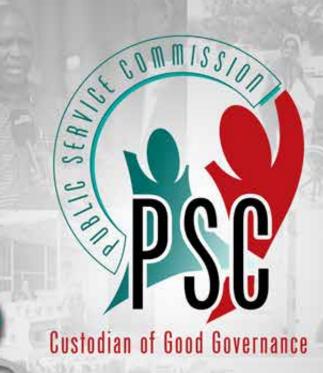


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REGISTER EVERY SURTH WITHIN 30 D/

PART A: GENERAL INFORMATION

PART A: GENERAL INFORMATION

1. DEPARTMENT GENERAL INFORMATION

Full name: Public Service Commission

E-mail address: info@opsc.gov.za

Website address: www.psc.gov.za

| Name of facility | Physical Address | Postal Address | | |
|---------------------|---|--------------------------|--|--|
| National Office | Public Service Commission House, Block B, 536 Francis Baard Street, Arcadia, Pretoria | Private Bag X 121 | | |
| Tel: (012) 352 1000 | | Pretoria 0001 | | |
| | Fax: (012) 325 8382 | | | |
| Eastern Cape | 91 Alexandra Road, King William's Town 5601 | PO Box 2167 | | |
| | Tel: (043) 643 4704 | King William's Town 5601 | | |
| | Fax: (043) 642 1371 | | | |
| Free State | Fedsure Building, 3rd Floor, 62 St Andrews Street, Bloemfontein, 9301 | Private Bag X 20572 | | |
| | Tel: (051) 448 8696 | Bloemfontein | | |
| | Fax: (051) 448 4135 | 9300 | | |
| Gauteng | Schreiner Chambers, 6th Floor, 94 Prichard Street, Johannesburg, 2000 | PO Box 8962 | | |
| | Tel: (011) 833 5721/2//3/4/5/6 | Johannesburg | | |
| | Fax: (011) 834 1200 | 2000 | | |
| KwaZulu-Natal | Prestasi House, 1st Floor, 221 Pietermaritz Street, Pietermaritzburg, 3200 | Private Bag X 910 | | |
| | Tel: (033) 345 1621 | Pietermaritzburg | | |
| | Fax: (033) 345 8505 | 3200 | | |
| Mpumalanga | Allied Building, 5th Floor, 34 Brown Street, Nelspruit | Private Bag X11303 | | |
| | Tel: (013) 755 4070 | Nelspruit | | |
| | Fax: (013) 752 5814 | 1200 | | |
| Northern Cape | Woolworths Building, 1st Floor, Cnr Lennox and Chapel Streets, Kimberly, 8301 | Private X 5071 | | |
| | Tel: (053) 832 6222 | Kimberley | | |
| | Fax: (053) 832 6225 | 8300 | | |
| _impopo | Kirk Patrick Building, 40 Schoeman Street, Polokwane, 0699 | Private Bag X 9543 | | |
| | Tel: (015) 291 4783 | Polokwane | | |
| | Fax: (015) 291 4683 | 0700 | | |

| Name of facility | Physical Address | Postal Address |
|--|---|--------------------|
| North West | Megacity Shopping Centre, Unit 1, Ground Floor, Shop 111, Cnr Sekame Street and Dr James Moroka Drive, Mmabatho | Private Bag X 2065 |
| | Tel: (018) 384 1000 | Mmabatho |
| | Fax: (018) 384 1012 | 2735 |
| Western Cape Sanlam Golden Acre Building, 21st Floor, 9 Adderley Street, Cape Town, 8001 I | | P O Box 2078 |
| | Tel: (021) 421 3980 | |
| | Fax: (021) 421 4060 | 8000 |

2. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS

| Acronyms | Description |
|----------|---|
| 4IR | Fourth Industrial Revolution |
| AGSA | Auditor-General of South Africa |
| APSD | Africa Public Service Day |
| APP | Annual Performance Plan |
| B-BBEE | Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment |
| CF | Citizens Forum |
| CoGTA | Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs |
| CVPs | Constitutional Values and Principles |
| DDM | District Development Model |
| DG | Director-General |
| DPSA | Department of Public Service and Administration |
| DPWI | Department of Public Works and Infrastructure |
| EA | Executive Authority |
| FDF | Financial Disclosure Framework |
| GEPF | Government Employee Pension Fund |
| HDI | Historically Disadvantaged Individuals |
| НОА | Home Owners Allowance |
| HoD | Head of Department |

| Acronyms | Description |
|----------|---|
| IACD | International Anti-corruption Day |
| ID | Identity Document |
| IGCMS | Integrated Grievance and Complaints Management System |
| IPR | Institutional Practice Review |
| IT | Information Technology |
| MPSA | Minister for Public Service and Administration |
| MTSF | Medium Term Strategic Framework |
| NACH | National Anti-Corruption Hotline |
| NDP | National Development Plan |
| OHS | Occupational, Health and Safety |
| OPSC | Office of the Public Service Commission |
| PFMA | Public Finance Management Act |
| PPE | Personal Protective Equipment |
| PSR | Public Service Regulations |
| PWDs | People with Disabilities |
| SAPS | South African Police Service |
| SASSA | South African Social Security Agency |
| SCM | Supply Chain Management |
| SMS | Senior Management Service |
| SOP | Standard Operating Procedure |
| TR | Treasury Regulation |

3. FOREWORD BY THE CHAIRPERSON

As we present this 2022/23 Annual Report, we are delighted by the key role and contribution made by the Public Service Commission (PSC) during the period under review. The current Public Sector Reforms, particularly the National Framework Towards the Professionalisation of the Public Sector and the Public Service Commission Bill, will greatly contribute to the national vision of a capable, ethical and developmental state. The goals of the Medium Term Strategic Framework (MTSF) for the 2019-2024 electoral cycle will only be achieved if interventions towards this national vision are purposefully and successfully implemented.

The repositioning of the PSC and the dedication of key partners have been a well-fitting response to the clarion call for the building of a state that is capable, developmental, ethical and corruption-free. His Excellency, President Cyril Ramaphosa, called upon state organs whose mandate it is to establish such a state, when he said:

"When I was elected to the position of President of South Africa, I said that building an efficient, capable and ethical state free from corruption was among my foremost priorities. Only a capable, efficient, ethical, and development-oriented state can deliver on the commitment to improve the lives of the people of this country. This means that the public service must be staffed by men and women who are professional, skilled, selfless, and honest. They must be committed to upholding the values of the Constitution, and must, as I said in my inaugural speech, faithfully serve no other cause than that of the public". The adoption of the National Framework Towards Professionalisation of the Public Sector (Professionalisation Framework) by Cabinet in October 2022, is but one of the key indicators towards the realisation of a capable, ethical and developmental state. Working with key partners, the PSC is in the process of coordinating the development of an Implementation Plan for the Professionalisation Framework, which will cut across all spheres of government including public entities. The PSC, amongst many other important deliverables of the framework, must ensure that the orientation of the public sector embodies the values and principles governing public administration as enshrined in Chapter 10 of the Constitution. These requirements and objectives of professionalisation and the creation of a single public service have become over-arching reforms that are at the heart of the PSC.

The PSC has recorded noticeable progress towards its repositioning agenda for an effective contribution towards the realisation of the envisioned state. Advancements in the drafting and processing of the PSC Bill are taking us closer to a more effective and independent Commission. The Bill would be tabled with the Cabinet and for adoption by Parliament in the new financial year. The PSC must start to prioritise the implementation of the PSC Bill once enacted into law. Amongst others, the implications of the new legislation will necessitate resource adjustments as the mandate of the PSC will be reinforced to the local sphere of government and public entities a per section 196(2) of the Constitution. As such the process of reviewing our organisational structure had commenced to ensure readiness and alignment with the intent of the repositioning agenda. It is worth noting that the public service reforms are taking place at a time when the world economy is showing signs of instability and that has serious multiplier effects on the South African economy. The recent budget cuts proposal by the National Treasury might be an impediment if prioritisation is not conducted efficiently on the implementation of the Professionalisation Framework as well as strengthening the role of the PSC through the implementation of the PSC Bill. The importance of building a professional, capable, developmental and ethical state is that even under the current uncertainty presented by the geopolitical challenges in the country and globally with the possible coalition government after the 2024 national and provincial general elections, the state will still function effectively. This includes being able to deal with the increasing incidences of disasters due to climate change and the predicted drought and possible food shortages.

The PSC has also done well in increasing its visibility by, amongst others, having Commissioners engage with various stakeholders including communities and media about the work of the PSC. This increased visibility will also attract increased demand for the PSC services. Therefore, the PSC must be ready to deliver on the expectations of our stakeholders.

The implementation of our high-impact flagship projects remains a priority. There is a need to address the challenges of Information Communication Technology which is a key enabler for service delivery. The PSC has also observed, through its work that there is a challenge with the availability of government office accommodation, this aspect of office accommodation is still an important flagship project for the PSC. The PSC, in collaboration with the South African Police Service (SAPS), will be conducting service delivery inspections at the SAPS Forensic Laboratories. The results of the Judicial Inquiry in Allegations of State Capture (Zondo Commission), including some incidents where whistle-blowers have been killed have pointed out a need to protect whistle-blowers, this is another area of focus by the PSC.

Lastly, it is a great sign of good governance when an organisation continues to receive clean audits from the Auditor General of South Africa. We congratulate the OPSC under the leadership of the Director-General, Adv. Dinkie P. Dube for the spotless clean audit received by PSC for the 2022/23 financial year. This is the fourth successive clean audit. The PSC is therefore invited to ensure that our clean audits are supported by impactful implementation of our mandate by positively changing the lives of those that we serve.

To our Commissioners, your sterling team effort in repositioning the PSC is highly appreciated. All Commissioners have made a meaningful contribution by taking a lead in various forums within and outside of the PSC for the purpose of contributing

towards the achievement of our mandate. In the new year we look forward to welcoming a new national Commissioner, as the processes of appointment have advanced significantly. This will mean full establishment at the national level of Commissioners. However, the PSC is working hard to ensure that two vacant positions of Commissioners at a Provincial level, North West and Mpumalanga, are filled without further undue delay.

While we are operating under moments of volatility, uncertainty, complexity and ambiguity, it is incumbent upon us to respond with vision, understanding, clarity and agility as we forge our path towards a professional, capable, developmental and ethical state. Working together we will prosper.

PROFESSOR S. FIKENI CHAIRPERSON: PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

4. REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER

t is my pleasure to present the Annual Report on the operations and financial results of the PSC for the 2022/23 financial year. The results in this Annual Report validate the commitment of the PSC Leadership, Senior Managers and employees in the execution of the PSC's constitutional mandate.

OVERVIEW OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

During the period under review, the PSC achieved **96%** of the planned annual targets (**24 of 25**). This level of performance would not have been possible without the commitment and dedication demonstrated by the collective leadership of the PSC and the employees. A brief discussion on the operations of the OPSC is as follows:

Programme 1: Administration

This Programme covers all the functions of the PSC that support its core business, such as secretariat support to the PSC, governance and policy, financial management, supply chain, facilities management, communications, information technology and security services. The relatively large size of the budget for the Programme is due to the location of the Compensation of Employees budget for the fourteen Commissioners, as well as the centralisation of the Goods and Services budget, which is largely trapped in mandatory costs.

The Integrated Grievance and Complaints Management System (IGCMS), which is an automated case management system, posed system challenges during the period under review. Efforts to address the system challenges proved unsuccessful. The IGCMS has since been discontinued. In this regard, a backup Excel spreadsheet is currently maintained, and development of a new data system that will integrate the intake and assessment of complaints and grievances is underway.

The number of posts on the establishment of the OPSC increased from 251 in 2021/2022 to 337 in 2022/2023. The OPSC vacancy rate reduced from 10% in the 2021/2022 financial year to 7.7% by 31 March 2023. Critical SMS posts were filled for the year under review, and the target of 50% women in the SMS in the Office was achieved.

The PSC continued to use its quarterly publication, '*The Pulse of the Public Service*', to brief the public about its work every quarter. To this end, media briefings and engagements are arranged to amplify the contents of the Pulse when it is released. This approach has significantly contributed to the visibility of the PSC. Some of the pertinent issues covered in the Pulse included the following:

- Management of Precautionary Suspensions in the Public Service
- Management of Grievances and Complaints handled by the PSC

- Ethics in the Recruitment and selection processes in the Public Service
- Unlawful Instructions and ethical dilemmas in the Public Service
- Investigation analysis into the enablers and inhibitors of job performance of the Senior Management Service in the Public Service

The PSC has also used the media successfully to publicise the Commission's key events. For instance, the International Anti-Corruption Day held in December 2022 was broadcast live on three Television (TV) channels, namely the SABC, ENCA and Newzroom Afrika. The live broadcast was followed by interviews on TV and radio stations.

Programme 2: Leadership and Management Practice

The PSC is mandated to promote effective and sound public service leadership, human resource management, labour relations and labour practices through research, advocacy, investigations and advice. We completed a research study on leadership and human resource management practices and produced draft reports for two multi-year studies. In addition, the PSC conducted several information dissemination and capacity-building workshops on topical issues for Public Service departments and convened strategic engagements on the state of implementation of the PSC's recommendations with various departments and provincial legislatures. Following the widespread concerns about the poor management of precautionary suspensions, sanctions and other disciplinary processes in the Public Service, a Roundtable session was convened to identify challenges and propose solutions to promote effective discipline management.



Roundtable on Managing Intra- and Inter-Personal Relations for a Harmonious and Conducive Workplace

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Amongst others, the challenges dealt with during the Roundtable discussions related to the proliferation of extended delays in uplifting precautionary suspensions, the excessive use of legal representation in disciplinary processes and the associated financial implications for government departments and affected employees as well as the application of inconstant sanctions for similar or related instances of misconduct. The Roundtable was attended by many critical stakeholders, inclusive of national and provincial departments, organised labour, the Solicitor General, the Chief State Law Advisor and the Judge President of the Labour Courts. It is hoped that the Roundtable's recommendations will contribute towards reviewing the disciplinary code and relevant guides in this area. To publicise the findings and recommendations of the completed report on the *Enablers and Inhibitors of Job Performance of Senior Managers in the Public Service, a Webinar was held on 10 March 2023.* Deliberations from the webinar affirmed that an ideal public servant should have a sense of duty and integrity, a clear conscience, and the technical competence to serve the public with professionalism.

During the year under review, the PSC has noted a slight increase in the number of grievances referred by employees and departments. This increase may be attributed to the ultimate 'return to office work' following the termination of the lockdown measures during the first quarter of 2022. In addition to investigating grievances of employees, the PSC continued to have engagements with selected departments as part of promoting the speedy resolution of grievances and sound labour relations in general.

To deal with some of the underlying causes of grievances related to unfair treatment, strained relations amongst employees and strained relations between the employer and employees, the PSC convened a Roundtable *on Managing Intraand Inter-Personal Relations for a Harmonious and Conducive Workplace*. The Roundtable was attended by human resource management practitioners, labour relations officers, health and wellness practitioners, middle and senior managers from various national departments, as well as representatives of organised labour and bargaining councils. Experts were invited to make presentations and to engage with stakeholders in line with the identified themes. The report of the Roundtable has been published through the PSC website. **Programme 3: Monitoring and Evaluation**

The PSC conducted service delivery inspections at the Forensic Science Laboratories of the South African Police Service with a focus on the backlog of cases and the impact thereof on the criminal justice system and delivery of justice to the society at large. The inspections were conducted in the Eastern Cape (Gqeberha), KwaZulu-Natal (Amanzimtoti), Gauteng (Arcadia and Silverton), and the Western Cape (Plattekloof). The PSC found that the biggest challenge was with the DNA cases in all facilities, whilst the operations at the KZN lab were extremely affected by the floods that took place earlier in the year. Recommendations were shared with the SAPS for a swift move on some of the issues raised.





Unannounced inspection across nine (9) provinces

The PSC embarked on a citizens-focused and community outreach programme and successfully conducted nine Citizens Forums (CFs) across all provinces focused on service delivery. Under the leadership of the Provincial Commissioners, CFs were conducted in the following communities, namely Setlagole Village in the North West (22 June 2022), Arcadia in Gauteng (13 September 2022), Klein Mier in the Northern Cape (22 September 2022), Bloemfontein in the Free State (29 November 2022), Mandeni in KwaZulu-Natal (17 February 2023), Mapela in Limpopo (3 March 2023), Tulbagh in the Western Cape (8 March 2023), Nokaneng in Mpumalanga (24 March 2023) and Ngwathi Administration Area in Mthatha in the Eastern Cape (30 March 2023). As one of the key objectives of the CFs is to bring government services closer to where the citizens live, departments amongst others (a) Home Affairs to process queries on services such as ID and birth certificate applications, (b) the South African Social Security Agency (SASSA) to handle matters related to all social grants, (c) Employment and Labour to deal with issues related to job opportunities and (d) Health to provide health services, to mention a few. Through this programme, the PSC reached and facilitated access to services for an estimated 10 000 community members.

The PSC further conducted assessment studies on the effectiveness of Government support for service delivery focused on a) Functional Accommodation and b) Information and Communication Technology (ICT). Over the years, departments have been complaining about inefficiencies in the provision of functional accommodation and ICT from the Department of Public Works and Infrastructure as well as the State Information Technology Agency (SITA) as impacting negatively on the achievement of their service delivery objectives. The purpose of these assessment studies was to propose measures to ensure effective and efficient performance/service delivery within the Public Service. This culminated in the PSC successfully hosting two roundtables focused on Functional Accommodation and ICT during November 2022. The roundtables deliberated on the challenges experienced by the different key stakeholders in the identified environments, the negative impact of these challenges on service delivery and areas where interventions were implemented to address the said challenges. These sessions served as crucial platforms for sharing knowledge and lessons and facilitated opportunities for collaboration amongst key stakeholders. National line function departments such as Home Affairs, Justice and Constitutional Development, and South African Police Service were selected as case studies for both roundtables whilst the Department of Water and Sanitation was selected for the Roundtable on Functional Accommodation with Minerals and Energy being selected for the Roundtable on ICT.

Two research reports were developed on the constitutional principles governing public administration, namely that public administration should be developmentorientated and that the public should be encouraged to participate in the affairs of government including policy making. Furthermore, the promotion of the Constitutional Values and Principles remained on the radar of the PSC with 20 promitional engagement conducted with various departments and local government stakeholders during the year under review.

Programme 4: Integrity and Anti-Corruption

The PSC continued with its responsibility of monitoring the implementation of ethics frameworks focusing on three categories, namely management of conflict of interest, investigations and / or referral of complaints, and Research and promotion of professional ethics. The PSC has produced three overview reports aimed at providing a bird's eye view picture of the extent to which the public service is adhering to the prescribed legislative frameworks and or policies. The three-overview reports include:

- a) The Financial Misconduct aimed at monitoring consequence management in respect of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure;
- b) The overview of Financial Disclosures aimed at identifying potential and actual conflicts of interest by senior managers and making recommendations for the Executive Authorities to take action; and
- c) The overview report on complaints received through National Anti-Corruption Hotline, walk-ins and through e-mails, and focusing on statistics relating to the number and nature of the cases investigated by the PSC and those referred to departments for further investigation.

The PSC ensured that issues of financial misconduct were attended to within the Public Service as part of monitoring the ethics implementation framework. For the year under review, the PSC has focused on enhancing the value-add of the annual Overview Report on Financial Misconduct, by monitoring consequence management in respect of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditures. In addition, the PSC developed a report on "The Assessment of the Extent of Leadership Commitment by Heads of Departments and Executive Authorities in Promoting Ethics within the Public Service." The PSC hosted a successful Ethical Leadership Seminar on 26 April 2022. The seminar was

premised under the theme of "*Improving Governance Systems and Processes in the Public Sector*", focusing on the outcome of the Commission of Enquiry into the allegations of state capture, corruption and fraud in the Public service.



The PSC, in partnership with the United Nations in South Africa (represented by the Office on Drugs and Crime and the UN Development Programme), and the University of South Africa commemorated the 2022 International Anti-Corruption Day on 09 December 2022. The theme was "The Cost of Failure of Governance and Ethics in the Public Service: Response to the Judicial Commission of Inquiry into Allegations of State Capture, Corruption and Fraud in the Public Sector including Organs of State". A report with an action plan to implement the recommendations received from various speakers and experts during the International Anti-Corruption Commemoration Day was compiled. Amongst other things, the report emphasises the need to strengthen the whistle-blower mechanism and the capacity to combat and prevent corruption and also considers the Constitutional Values and Principles (CVPs) as a starting point that need collective action against corruption.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL RESULTS

Table 1: Departmental receipts

| | 2022/23 | | | 2021/22 | | |
|--|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Departmental receipts | Estimate | Actual Amount Collected | (Over)/Under Collection | Estimate | Actual Amount Collected | (Over)/Under Collection |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Sale of goods and services other than capital assets | 252 | 117 | 135 | 115 | 117 | (2) |
| Interest, dividends and rent on land | 25 | 14 | 11 | 14 | 17 | (3) |
| Sale of capital assets | 3 | 9 | (6) | 0 | 37 | (37) |
| Financial transactions in assets and liabilities | 245 | 222 | 23 | 90 | 227 | (137) |
| Total | 525 | 362 | 163 | 219 | 398 | (179) |

The revenue received was from the parking fees, commission received on insurance and garnishee orders, proceeds on sale of waste paper and interest received on debts and recoverable debts. The PSC does not charge tariffs to departments for services rendered in terms of its mandate and functions. It provides these services within its allocated budget. Revenue received was surrendered into the National Revenue Fund in terms of Section 13 of the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA) Act 1 of 1999.

Table 2: Programme expenditure

| | | 2022/23 | | | 2021/22 | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Programme Name | Final Appropriation | Actual Expenditure | (Over)/Under Expenditure | Final Appropriation | Actual Expenditure | (Over)/Under Expenditure | |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | |
| Administration | 135,693 | 127,928 | 7,765 | 134,559 | 121,947 | 12,612 | |
| Leadership and Management Practices | 51,553 | 48,634 | 2,919 | 49,773 | 49,728 | 45 | |
| Monitoring and Evaluation | 47,221 | 45,228 | 1,993 | 44,267 | 41,668 | 2,599 | |
| Integrity and Anti-Corruption | 61,074 | 57,136 | 3,938 | 57,672 | 52,428 | 5,244 | |
| Total | 295,541 | 278,926 | 16,615 | 286,271 | 265,771 | 20,500 | |

The final appropriation budget for the PSC for 2021/22 financial year was R286.3 million and actual spending amounted to R265.8 million, translating to approximately 93%. For the year under review, the final appropriated budget was R295.5 million and actual spending amounted to R278.9 million or 94.4 per cent of the budget. The lower than projected expenditure was mainly on Compensation of Employees due to vacant posts which included three Commissioner posts.

Unauthorised, fruitless and wasteful expenditure

No unauthorised, fruitless and wasteful expenditure were incurred during the period under review ending 31 March 2023.

The strategic focus over the short to medium-term period

Details of the PSC's future plans can be found in its Strategic Plan for the periods 2020/21 to 2024/25 and Annual Performance Plan for 2023/24.

Public-private partnerships

The PSC did not enter into any Public Private Partnerships during the 2022/23 financial year.

Discontinued activities/activities to be discontinued

Details of the activities that were discontinued can be found under the performance information section of each programme, where applicable.

New or proposed activities

No adjustments were made to the Annual Performance Plan for the 2022/23 financial year.

Supply Chain Management

During the period under review 87% (283/325) of B-BBEE compliant suppliers were appointed, exceeding the set target by 27%. A deliberate and fair process is followed in appointing suppliers that comply with the requirements of the B-BBEE Act. The PSC also ensured compliance with the new Preferential Procurement Regulations, 2022, which came into effect on 16 January 2023.

A total of nine (9) Service Level Agreements (SLAs) were approved by the Accounting Officer.

There were two bids which were listed in the Procurement Plan for the 2022/23 financial year. Progress achieved is as follows:

- Desktop and switch support for the nine (9) provincial offices was done through SITA since this is regarded as a mandatory service.
- Integrated Case Management System (ICMS) bid was not implemented.

Gifts and donations received in kind from non-related parties

No goods and services in kind were received or provided to non-related parties.

Exemptions and deviations received from National Treasury

No exemption from the PFMA or Treasury Regulations (TR) or deviation from the financial reporting requirements were received for the current and/or prior financial year.

Events after the reporting date

No events after the reporting date.

Other Matters

There were no other material facts or circumstances to be reported.

Acknowledgements, Appreciation and Conclusion

I would like to thank the PSC for the confidence it showed in me to serve as the Accounting Officer of the OPSC during the period under review. Furthermore, I thank the members of the PSC, under the leadership of the Chairperson, Professor Somadoda Fikeni, for their knowledge, wisdom and contribution to the execution of the PSC mandate.

I would also like to thank all the PSC's stakeholders for their continued cooperation. To the Audit Committee, under the leadership of Mr L Mere, thank you for ensuring that the PSC remains the custodian of good governance in the Public Service and exemplary in the manner it conducts and manages its financial resources.

To Team PSC, thank you for your unwavering support and commitment in ensuring that the PSC delivers on its mandate.

Approval and sign off

I approve and sign off the Annual Report as a true reflection of the work undertaken during the reporting period.

ADV. DINKIE P. DUBE

ACCOUNTING OFFICER OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION DATE: 28 SEPTEMBER 2023

5. STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY AND CONFIRMATION OF ACCURACY FOR THE ANNUAL REPORT

To the best of my knowledge and belief, I confirm the following:

All information and amounts disclosed throughout the Annual Report are consistent.

The Annual Report is complete, accurate and free from any omissions.

The Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the guidelines on the annual report as issued by National Treasury.

The Annual Financial Statements (Part F) have been prepared in accordance with the modified cash standard and the relevant frameworks and guidelines issued by the National Treasury.

The Accounting Officer is responsible for the preparation of the Annual Financial Statements and the judgments made in this information.

The Accounting Officer is responsible for establishing, and implementing a system of internal control that has been designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the performance information, the human resources information and the annual financial statements.

The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the Annual Financial Statements. In my opinion, the Annual Report fairly reflects the operations, the performance information, the human resources information and the financial affairs of the PSC for the financial year ended 31 March 2023.

Yours faithfully

ADV. DINKIE P. DUBE ACCOUNTING OFFICER DATE: 28 SEPTEMBER 2023

6. STRATEGIC OVERVIEW



An impartial and innovative champion of public administration excellence in South Africa.

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Mission

To actively promote the constitutional values and principles as well as service excellence in public administration practices which result in a capable, ethical, innovative and developmental state.



Ø,

Values

- Professionalism
- Respect
- Empathy
- Fairness
- Accountability
- Integrity
- Responsiveness

7. LEGISLATIVE AND OTHER MANDATES

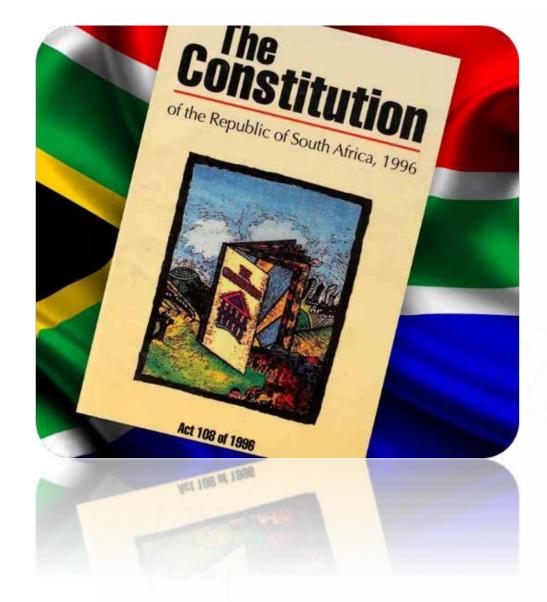
Constitutional Mandate

The PSC is an independent institution established in terms of Chapter 10 of the Constitution, and derives its mandate from Sections 195 and 196, which set out the powers and functions of the PSC, as well as the values and principles governing public administration that should be promoted by the PSC. The PSC is required by the Constitution to exercise its powers and to perform its functions without fear, favour or prejudice. The Constitution links the PSC's independence firmly with its impartiality and expresses that no organ of state may interfere with the functioning of the PSC.

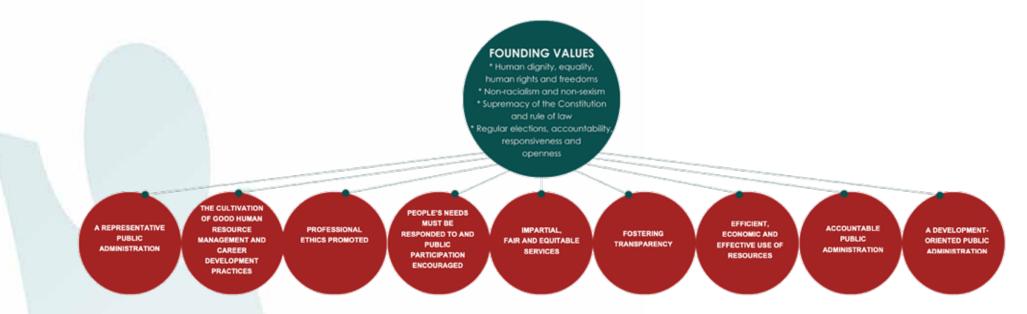
The PSC is vested with custodial oversight responsibilities for the Public Service and monitors, evaluates and investigates public administration practices. It also has the power to issue directions regarding compliance with personnel procedures relating to recruitment, transfers, promotions and dismissals. The PSC is accountable and must at least once per annum report to the National Assembly on its activities and performance, and to the Provincial Legislatures on its activities in provinces.

Given the broad mandate of the PSC, which covers all areas of public administration and the limited resources at its disposal, the PSC has elected to focus on six key performance areas:

- a) human resource management and leadership evaluation;
- b) labour relations and labour practices;
- c) service delivery evaluation and improvement;
- d) promotion of the constitutional values and principles;
- e) conducting Public Service investigations; and
- f) promoting professional ethics.



The PSC has a responsibility to promote the values and principles governing public administration contained in Sections 1 and 195 (1) of the Constitution. The values and principles are set out below:



The PSC's powers and functions in terms of the Constitution are as follows:

Table 3: Powers and functions of the PSC

| POWERS AND FUNCTIONS | SECTION OF THE CONSTITUTION |
|--|--------------------------------|
| The PSC must exercise its powers and perform its functions without fear, favour or prejudice. | 196 (2) |
| The PSC must promote the values and principles, as set out in Section 195, throughout the Public Service. | 196 (4) (a) |
| The PSC must investigate, monitor and evaluate the organisation, administration and personnel practices of the Public Service. | 196 (4) (b) |
| The PSC must propose measures to ensure effective and efficient performance within the Public Service. | 196 (4) (c) |
| The PSC must give directions aimed at ensuring that personnel procedures relating to recruitment, transfers, promotions and dismissals comply with the values and principles set out in Section 195. | 196 (4) (d) |
| The PSC must report on its activities and the performance of its functions, including any findings it may make and directions and advice it may give, and provide an evaluation of the extent to which the values and principles set out in Section 195 are complied with. | 196 (4) (e) |

| POWERS AND FUNCTIONS | SECTION OF THE CONSTITUTION |
|--|--------------------------------|
| The PSC may either of its own accord or on receipt of any complaint, | 196 (4) (f) |
| investigate and evaluate the application of personnel and public administration practices and report to the relevant Executive Authority (EA) and Legislature; | _ |
| investigate grievances of employees in the Public Service concerning official acts or omissions and recommend appropriate remedies; | |
| monitor and investigate adherence to applicable procedures in the Public Service; and | |
| advise national and provincial organs of state regarding personnel practices in the Public Service, including those relating to the recruitment, appointment, transfer, discharge and other aspects of the careers of employees in the Public Service. | |
| The PSC must exercise or perform the additional powers or functions as prescribed by an Act of Parliament. | 196 (4) (g) |
| The PSC is accountable to the National Assembly. | 196 (5) |
| The PSC must report at least once a year to the National Assembly. | 196 (6) (a) |
| The PSC must report at least once a year in respect of its activities in a province, to the legislature of that province. | 196 (6) (b) |

In terms of the Constitution and other legislation relevant to the PSC, the key responsibilities are as follows:

Table 4: Key responsibilities

| KEY RESPONSIBILITIES | POWERS AND FUNCTIONS | SECTION OF THE LEGISLATION |
|---|--|-------------------------------|
| Access documents and information | Official documents and information as may be necessary for the performance of its functions under the Constitution or the Public Service Act. | PSC Act: 9 |
| Advise | On own accord or on receipt of any complaint, advise national and provincial organs of state regarding personnel practices in the Public Service, including those relating to the recruitment, appointment, transfer, discharge and other aspects of the careers of employees in the Public Service. | Constitution: 196 (4) (f) |
| Call upon and administer oath/ accept affirmation | The PSC may call upon and administer an oath, or accept an affirmation from any person present at an inquiry. | PSC Act: 10 (2) (b) |
| Conduct inquiry | Conduct an inquiry into any matter authorised by the Constitution or the Public Service Act. | PSC Act: 10 (1) |
| Consider grievances | Grievances of employees and Heads of Department under certain circumstances. | Public Service Act: 35 |
| Evaluate | Evaluate the organisation, administration and personnel practices of the Public Service. | Constitution: 196 (4) (b) |
| | On own accord or on receipt of any complaint, the application of personnel and public administration practices and to report to the relevant EA and legislature. | Constitution: 196 (4) (f) |
| Examine or require a person to act | Any person to produce any book, document or object which may have a bearing on the subject of the inquiry. | PSC Act: 10 (2) (c) |

| KEY RESPONSIBILITIES | POWERS AND FUNCTIONS | SECTION OF THE LEGISLATION |
|----------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| Exercise/perform functions | The additional powers or functions prescribed by an Act of Parliament. | Constitution: 196 (4) (g) |
| | The powers and the duties entrusted to it by the Constitution, the PSC Act and the Public Service Act. | PSC Act: 8 |
| | Its powers and perform its functions without fear, favour or prejudice. | Constitution: 196 (2) |
| Inspect | Departments and other organisational components in the Public Service. | PSC Act: 9 |
| Investigate | The organisation, administration and personnel practices of the Public Service. | Constitution: 196 (4) (b) |
| | On own accord or on receipt of any complaint, the application of personnel and public administration practices and to report to the relevant EA and legislature. | Constitution:196 (4) (f) |
| | On own accord or on receipt of any complaint, grievances of employees in the Public Service concerning official acts or omissions and to recommend appropriate remedies. | Constitution: 196 (4) (f) |
| | On own accord or on receipt of any complaint, adherence to applicable procedures in the Public Service. | Constitution: 196 (4) (f) |
| | Compliance with the Public Service Act. | Public Service Act: 5 (8) (a) |
| | Grievances of employees and Heads of Department under certain circumstances. | Public Service Act: 35 |
| Issue directions | Aimed at ensuring that personnel procedures relating to recruitment, transfers, promotions and dismissals comply with the values and principles set out in Section 195. | Constitution: 196 (4) (d) |
| | Contemplated in Section 196 (4) (d) of the Constitution to ensure compliance with the Public Service Act. | Public Service Act: 5 (8) (a) |
| Keeps register | Dis register The DG: OPSC shall keep a register of designated employees' interests, who are members of the SMS. | |
| Make rules | On the investigation, monitoring and evaluation of those matters to which Section 196 (4) of the Constitution relates. | PSC Act: 11 (a) |
| | On the powers and duties of the chairperson, deputy chairperson or any other commissioner and the delegation and assignment of any power and duty entrusted to the PSC by the Constitution, PSC Act, and the Public Service Act to provincial commissioners. | PSC Act: 11 (b) |
| | On how meetings of the PSC shall be convened, the procedure to be followed in meetings and the conduct of its business, quorum and the manner in how minutes will be kept. | PSC Act: 11 (c) |
| Monitor | The organisation, administration and personnel practices of the Public Service. | Constitution: 196 (4) (b) |
| | On own accord or on receipt of any complaint, adherence to applicable procedures in the Public Service. | Constitution: 196 (4) (f) |
| Promote | Values and principles, as set out in Section 195, throughout the Public Service. | Constitution: 196 (4) (a) |
| Propose measures | Measures to ensure effective and efficient performance within the Public Service. | Constitution: 196 (4) (c) |
| Recommend | Appropriate remedies regarding the investigation of grievances of employees in the Public Service. | Constitution: 196 (4) (f) |
| | That an EA acts in terms of a particular provision(s) of the Public Service Act or any other law. | Public Service Act: 35 |

| KEY RESPONSIBILITIES | POWERS AND FUNCTIONS | SECTION OF THE LEGISLATION |
|----------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| Report | On its activities and the performance of its functions, including any finding it may make and directions and advice it may give, and to provide an evaluation of the extent to which the values and principles set out in Section 195 are complied with. | Constitution: 196 (4) (e) |
| | To the relevant EA and legislature on the application of personnel and public administration practices. | Constitution: 196 (4) (f) |
| | At least once a year to the National Assembly. | Constitution: 196 (6) (a) |
| | At least once a year in respect of its activities in a province, to the legislature of that province. | Constitution: 196 (6) (b) |
| | The PSC is responsible for reporting on the level of compliance as well as trends in financial misconduct in the Public Service. | Treasury Regulations: 4.3 |
| | As part of conducting its oversight work, the PSC also reports to Parliament. | |
| | The accounting officer of a department must, as soon as the disciplinary proceedings (financial misconduct) are completed, report to the EA, the Department of Public Service and Administration and the PSC on the outcome, including – | |
| | (a) the name and rank of the official against whom the proceedings were instituted; | |
| | (b) the charges, indicating the financial misconduct the official is alleged to have committed; | - m 1 - |
| | (c) the findings; | |
| | (d) any sanction imposed on the official; and | |
| | (e) any further action to be taken against the official, including criminal charges or civil proceedings. | |
| Summons | Any person who may be able to give information of material importance concerning the subject matter of the inquiry. | PSC Act: 10 (2) (a) |
| Verify | The PSC shall verify the interests disclosed by SMS members in terms of the FDF | PSR, 2016, Chapter 2 |

Legislative Mandates

In addition to the Constitution, the PSC operates In terms of the PSC Act, 1997¹, which provides for the regulation of the PSC about:

- a) appointment of Commissioners;
- b) designation of the Chairperson and Deputy Chairperson;
- c) conditions of appointment of Commissioners;
- d) removal from office of Commissioners;
- e) functions of the PSC (inspections, inquiries, etc.);
- f) rules according to which the PSC should operate;
- g) the OPSC; and
- h) transitional arrangements about service commissions (created under the Interim Constitution).

Policy Mandates

The strategic focus of the PSC is the effective execution of its mandate and contributing to the Medium Term Strategic Framework (MTSF) priority of building a capable, ethical and developmental state, as informed by the National Development Plan (NDP). Various strategic interventions have been identified and executed for the progressive realisation of this strategic focus.

The following rules and protocols have been put in place by the PSC in terms of Section 11 of the PSC Act, to facilitate its operational functioning:

Governance Rules of the PSC, published in Government Gazette No 38620 of 30 March 2015

The Governance Rules have been put in place to ensure the effective functioning of the PSC. These rules, inter alia, define the powers and duties of commissioners; delegations and assignment of powers and duties; and the manner in which the meetings of the PSC must be convened. The Governance Rules are read in conjunction with the other rules and delegations promulgated by the PSC.

Rules for the summonsing of witnesses in connection with inquiries and investigations of the Public Service Commission, published in Government Gazette No.23267 dated 28 March 2002.

The mandate of the PSC to issue summonses is contained in Section 10 read with Section 11 of the PSC Act, 1997, as well as Section 196 (3) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa. In order to manage the process in terms of which witnesses can be summonsed, the PSC published rules for the summonsing of witnesses in 2002. The rules provide for the process that should be followed when a person is summoned to appear before an inquiry of the PSC.

Rules on Referral and Investigation of Grievances of Employees in the Public Service, published in Government Gazette no 40359 of 21 October 2016

The purpose of the Rules is to provide for the procedures and service standards in the investigation of grievances by the PSC, timeframes within which grievances may be referred to or lodged with the PSC and mechanisms of monitoring grievance management by departments. Once the PSC has finalised its investigation, the relevant EA is informed of its findings and recommendations. The latter is expected to inform the PSC and aggrieved employees about their decision based on the PSC's recommendations. The PSC also reports on the outcome of its investigations in respect of grievances to the National Assembly and Provincial Legislatures on at least an annual basis.

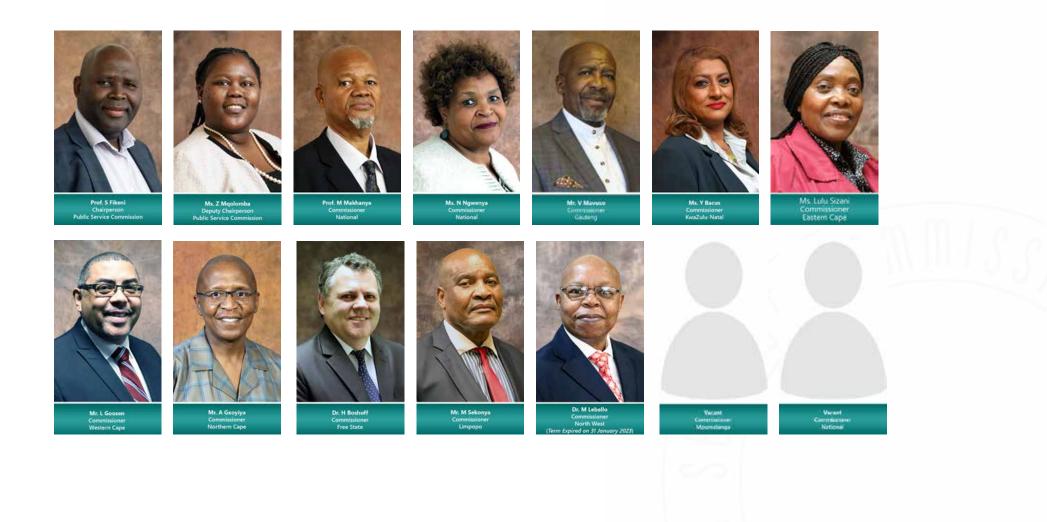
PSC Rules on Conducting Investigations, published in Government Gazette No 40552 dated 20 January 2017

The purpose of these Rules is to provide for the investigation and evaluation of matters as contemplated in section 196(4)(f)(i), (iii) and (iv) of the Constitution, 1996. It describes the matters that may be investigated and evaluated by the PSC, those matters that will not be investigated, the procedure to be followed before lodging a complaint with the PSC and the information required when lodging a complaint with the PSC.

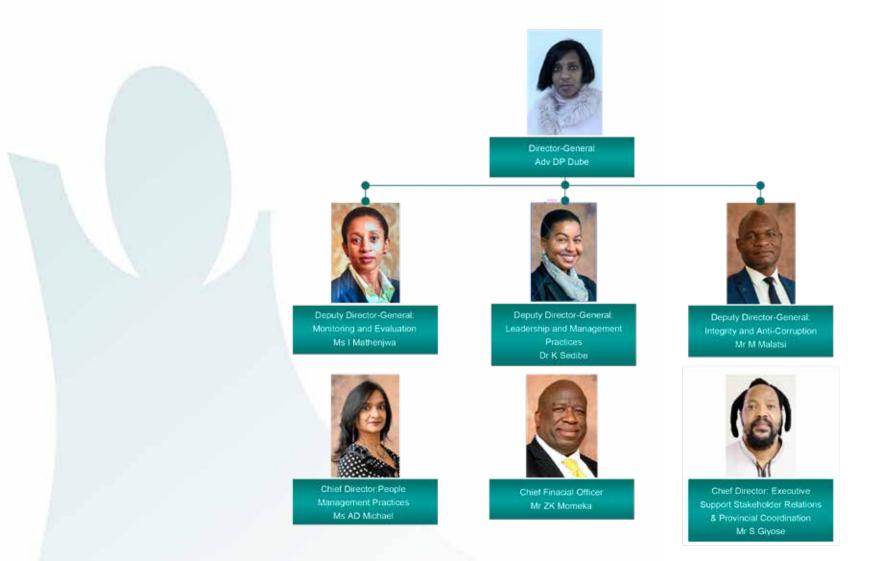
¹ Republic of South Africa. Public Service Commission Act, 1997 (promulgated by Proclamation No. 46 of 1997).

8. ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE

MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION:



MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT OF THE OPSC:



9. ENTITIES REPORTING TO THE COMMISSION

There are no entities reporting to the PSC.



PART B: PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

PART B: PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

1. AUDITOR-GENERAL'S REPORT: PREDETERMINED OBJECTIVES

The Auditor-General of South Africa (AGSA) currently performs the necessary audit procedures on the performance information to provide reasonable assurance in the form of an audit conclusion. The audit conclusion on the performance against predetermined objectives is included in the report of the AGSA.

Refer to pages **141** of the Report of the AGSA, published as Part F: Financial Information.

2. OVERVIEW OF DEPARTMENTAL PERFORMANCE

2.1 SERVICE DELIVERY ENVIRONMENT

The adoption of the National Framework for the Professionalisation of the Public Sector in October 2022 by the Cabinet is a key milestone towards delivering on Chapter 13 of the NDP. The PSC working with key stakeholders has embarked on a process of implementing the Framework. The first step is to develop the implementation plan for the Professionalisation of the Public Sector. The PSC has also embarked on a process of reviewing the PSC Bill in order to reposition the OPSC as an independant Secretariat to the Commission rather than operating as a government department. The envisaged outcome is that this will strengthen the effectiveness, efficiency and independence of the PSC in the execution of its mandate.

For the year under review, the PSC achieved 24 of its planned 25 annual targets, with programmes one, three and four achieving all of their annual targets. The Leadership and Management Practices Programme experienced some challenges in the area of a four per cent reduction of grievances lodged by departments with the PSC. The PSC witnessed rather a slight increase in grievances lodged during the year under review.

2.2 SERVICE DELIVERY IMPROVEMENT PLAN

Table 1: Main services provided and standards

| Main Services | Beneficiaries | Current/Actual Standard of Service | Desired Standard of Service | Actual Achievement |
|---|---|---|-----------------------------|--|
| Grievances and complaints investigated | Public servants Government departments | 82% (As at 31 March 2022, 558 grievances were registered on the database and 407 (73%) were concluded. Of the 407, 335 (82%) were concluded within 30 and 45 working days of receipt of all relevant information). | 85% | 86% As at 31 March 2023, 591 grievances were registered of which 518 were from levels 2-12. Of the 518 grievances, 423 were concluded, of which 362 (86%) were concluded within 30 days of receipt of relevant information. |

| Main Services | Beneficiaries | Current/Actual Standard of Service | Desired Standard of Service | Actual Achievement |
|---|---|--|-----------------------------|--|
| Investigations conducted either of its own accord or on receipt of any complaints lodged and requests made | National and provincial legislatures Public servants Government departments Public | 62% (As at 31 March 2022, there were 409 complaints on the database, of which 254 (62%) were finalised and 155 (38%) were in progress. | 75% | 90% As at 31 March 2023, there were 430 complaints on the database, of which 293 were finalised, 263 (90%) were finalised within 90 working days upon receipt of all relevant information. |

Table 2: Batho Pele arrangements with beneficiaries

| Main Services | Current/Actual Arrangement | Desired Arrangement | Actual Achievements |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| Grievances | Consultation | | |
| investigated | Liaise with aggrieved during the investigation. | Liaise with aggrieved during the investigation. | All aggrieved employees are liaised with as part of the investigation. |
| | Liaise with the relevant department during the investigation. | Liaise with the relevant department during the investigation. | All departments were liaised with during the investigation of grievances. |
| | Mediation process may be followed in order to resolve a grievance. | Mediation process may be followed in order to resolve a grievance. | Informal mediation was used. |
| | Mediation process must be finalised within 30 days of notification. | Mediation process must be finalised within 30 days of notification. | Informal mediation was used. |
| | At the conclusion of an inquiry, the PSC may, where necessary make the provisional report available to the affected parties for comment. | At the conclusion of an inquiry, the PSC may, where necessary make the provisional report available to the affected parties for comment. | Since there was no inquiry, no provisional reports were made available during the period under review. |

| Main Services | Current/Actual Arrangement | Desired Arrangement | Actual Achievements | | |
|---------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Grievances | Courtesy | | | | |
| investigated | Acknowledge receipt of a grievance within 48 hours of receipt thereof. | Acknowledge receipt of a grievance with 48 hours of receipt thereof. | 85% of grievances were acknowledged within 48 hours of receipt thereof by the Chief Directorate due to the impact of rotational work arrangements and inaccessibility of centralized systems remotely. | | |
| | Telephonic feedback on level of service received. | Telephonic feedback on level of service received. | Telephonic and email feedback on the level of service was received. | | |
| | Assist the aggrieved employee in completing the Grievance Form | Assist the aggrieved employee in completing the Grievance Form. | Aggrieved employees were assisted in completing the Grievance Form where requested. | | |
| | Obtain the services of an interpreter if necessary. | Obtain the services of an interpreter if necessary. | Investigators who understand the language used predominantly by the aggrieved were assigned to assist other investigators during meetings and interviews. Therefore, there was no need to use external interpreters. | | |
| | Access | | | | |
| | Grievance Rules are posted on the PSC website. | Grievance Rules are posted on the PSC website. | Grievance Rules are available on the PSC website. | | |
| | Grievance Rules may be circulated to stakeholders upon request. | Grievance Rules may be circulated to stakeholders upon request. | Grievance Rules were circulated to DGs/ Heads of Departments (HoDs) through a memo and the Rules are also circulated to stakeholders upon request. | | |
| | Aggrieved employees may submit their grievance via post, e-mail, fax, hand delivery or walk in. | Aggrieved employees may submit their grievance via post, e-mail, fax, hand delivery or walk in. | Aggrieved employees submitted their grievances via post, e-mail, fax, hand delivery or walk ins. | | |
| | Grievance can be lodged at the National Office or any Provincial Office. | Grievance can be lodged at the National Office or any Provincial Office. | A combined total of 591 grievances were lodged at the National and Provincial Offices of the PSC. | | |
| | Information | | | | |
| | Aggrieved employee and Executive Authority (EA) provided with the contact details of the investigator. | Aggrieved employee and EA provided with the contact details of the investigator. | Aggrieved employees and EAs were provided with the contact details of the investigators. | | |
| | Aggrieved employee and relevant EA informed of the outcome of the grievance within 30 days of receipt of all information. | Aggrieved employee and relevant EA informed of the outcome of the grievance within 30 days of receipt of all information. | Aggrieved employees and relevant EAs were informed of the outcome of the grievances within 30 days of receipt of all information. | | |
| | Publish grievance management communiqué. | Publish grievance management communiqué. | Published two communiqués on the PSC website. | | |

| Main Services | Current/Actual Arrangement | Desired Arrangement | Actual Achievements | | |
|---------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Grievances | Openness & transparency | | | | |
| investigated | Inform relevant department of the grievance. | Inform relevant department of the grievance. | All departments were informed of the grievances received. | | |
| | Inform aggrieved employee of the grievance procedure and time frames. | Inform aggrieved employee of the grievance procedure and time frames. | Aggrieved employees were informed of the grievance procedure and time frames. | | |
| | Inform aggrieved employee on status of investigation on a regular basis. | Inform aggrieved employee on the status of investigation regularly. | Aggrieved employees were informed on the status of investigation on a regular basis. | | |
| | Communicate the outcome of its investigation in writing to the aggrieved employee and EA. | Communicate the outcome of its investigation in writing to the aggrieved employee and EA. | The outcome of investigations were communicated in writing to the aggrieved employees and EAs, or relevant delegated officials. | | |
| | Aggrieved employee or EA notified in writing if a formal inquiry will be conducted. | Aggrieved employee or EA notified in writing if a formal inquiry will be conducted. | No formal inquiries were conducted. | | |
| | Redress | | | | |
| | If the grievance is not resolved within the stipulated time frame, the aggrieved employee and relevant EA will be advised and provided with reasons for the delay. | If the grievance is not resolved within the stipulated time frame, the aggrieved employee and relevant EA will be advised and provided with reasons for the delay. | No communications were directed to aggrieved employees and EAs regarding delays in finalising grievances. | | |
| | Follow up on the implementation of recommendations. | Follow up on the implementation of recommendations. | Follow up on the implementation of recommendations was done on a quarterly basis. | | |
| | If dissatisfied with the handling of a grievance, the affected party can submit a Grievance Service Complaint Form. | If dissatisfied with the handling of a grievance, the affected party can submit a Grievance Service Complaint Form. | Three Grievance Service Complaint Forms were received and the matters were investigated accordingly and feedback provided to the complainants. | | |
| | Value for money | | | | |
| | Cluster of Panels formed to discuss grievances. | Cluster of Panels formed to discuss grievances. | From the 591 grievances registered on the PSC's database, 423 (82%) were concluded in consultation with departments and aggrieved employees and following the consideration by the Panels. | | |
| | Panel meeting held only when there are more than 10 cases to be discussed. | Panel meeting held only when there are more than 10 cases to be discussed. | To improve the turnaround of grievances, Panel meetings were held monthly at national office and monthly/bi-monthly basis in provinces and as and when the need arose. However, the PSC made use of its Teleconferencing facilities to save costs. | | |
| | Teleconferencing facilities used. | Teleconferencing facilities used | Teleconferencing facilities used when the need arose | | |

| Main Services | Current/Actual Arrangement | Desired Arrangement | Actual Achievements | | | | |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Grievances | Time | | | | | | |
| investigated | Grievances of employees on salary levels 2 – 12 finalised within 30 working days from date of receipt of all relevant documentation. | Grievances of employees on salary levels 2 – 12 finalised within 30 working days from date of receipt of all relevant documentation. | As at 31 March 2023, 591 grievances were registered of which 518 were from levels 2-12. Of the 518 grievances, 423 were concluded, of which 362 (86%) were concluded within 30 working days of receipt of relevant information. | | | | |
| | Grievances of members of the SMS finalised within 45 working days from date of receipt of all relevant documentation. | Grievances of members of the SMS finalised within 45 working days from date of receipt of all relevant documentation. | Of the 591 cases, 73 cases were for SMS members. Of the 73 grievances 49 were concluded, of which 47 (96%) were within 45 working days of receipt of all relevant information. | | | | |
| Investigations conducted either of its own accord or on receipt of any | Consultation | | | | | | |
| | Liaise with complainant during the investigation. | Liaise with complainant during the investigation. | Investigators liaised with complainants during investigations, where necessary, e.g. where additional information was required. | | | | |
| complaints lodged and requests made. | Liaise with the relevant department during the investigation. | Liaise with the relevant department during the investigation. | Investigators and/or Commissioners liaised with all relevant departments during investigations. | | | | |
| | Submit provisional investigation report to the EA/ HoD for comment. | Submit provisional investigation report to the EA/ HoD for comment. | Provisional investigation reports were submitted to EAs and/or HoDs for comment. | | | | |
| | EA/HoD provided with an opportunity to comment within 30 days from date of receipt of the provisional report. | EA/HoD provided with an opportunity to comment within 30 days from date of receipt of the provisional report. | All EAs and/or HoDs were provided with an opportunity to comment within 30 days from date of receipt of the provisional report. In some cases, responses were not received from EAs and/or Heads of Department within the stipulated time frame. | | | | |
| | Access | | | | | | |
| | Complaints Rules are posted on the PSC website. | Complaints Rules are posted on the PSC website. | Complaints Rules which were gazetted in | | | | |
| | Complaints Rules may be circulated to stakeholders upon request. | Complaints Rules may be circulated to stakeholders upon request. | January 2017, were posted on the PSC website in February 2017 and circulated to stakeholders upon request. With regard to mode of receipt, | | | | |
| | Complaints can be submitted via post, e-mail, short message service, fax, telephone or in person. | Complaints can be submitted via post, e-mail, short message service, fax, telephone or in person. | complaints are received via post, e-mail, short message service, fax, telephone or in person and are lodged in any official language. | | | | |
| | Complaints can be lodged at the National Office or any Provincial Office. | Complaints can be lodged at the National Office or any Provincial Office. | As at 31 March 2023, 430 were registered on the | | | | |
| | Complaint can be lodged in any official language. | Complaint can be lodged in any official language. | database of which 293 (68%) complaints, were finalised. From the 293 finalised complaints 263 (90%) were finalised within 90 working days upon receipt of all relevant information. | | | | |

| Main Services | Current/Actual Arrangement | Desired Arrangement | Actual Achievements | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Investigations | Courtesy | | | | | | |
| conducted either of its own accord or on receipt of any | Acknowledge receipt of a complaint within 48 hours from date of receipt by the Investigating Officer. | Acknowledge receipt of a complaint within 48 hours from date of receipt by the Investigating Officer. | Investigating Officers acknowledged receipt of all complaints within 48 hours from date of receipt. | | | | |
| complaints lodged and requests made. | Telephonic feedback on level of service received. | Telephonic feedback on level of service received. | The Complaints Rules were Gazetted on 20 | | | | |
| | Inform the complainant in writing no later than 30 days after receipt of complaint if the PSC will or will not investigate the complaint. | Inform the complainant in writing no later than 30 days after receipt of complaint if the PSC will or will not investigate the complaint. | January 2017. Complainants were informed of the outcome of the investigation where they are contactable. | | | | |
| | Assist complainant in completing a Complaints Form. | Assist complainant in completing a Complaints Form. | Complainants were assisted to complete the Complaints Forms where requested. | | | | |
| A N | Openness and transparency | | · | | | | |
| | Inform the person whom complaint has been laid against. | Inform the person whom complaint has been laid against. | The Complaints Rules were Gazetted on 20 January 2017. Nevertheless, all persons affected | | | | |
| | Inform complainant on the complaints procedure and time frames. | Inform complainant on the complaints procedure and time frames. | and implicated in a complaint are informed of the complaints procedure and the time frames. Lastly, | | | | |
| | Inform complainant on the status of the investigation on a regular basis. | Inform complainant on the status of the investigation on a regular basis. | EAs/HoDs are provided with the final reports that contain findings, advice, recommendations and/or directions. | | | | |
| | EA/HoD provided with the final report. | EA/HoD provided with the final report. | | | | | |
| | Information | | | | | | |
| | If a complainants' lodging of a complaint directly with the PSC is not accepted by the PSC, the complainant must be informed within 21 days of the decision. | If a complainant's lodging of a complaint directly with the PSC is not accepted by the PSC, the complainant must be informed within 21 days of the decision. | The Complaints Rules were Gazetted on 20 January 2017. Complainants were informed of the outcome of the investigation where they are contactable. | | | | |
| | If a complaint has been already referred to another institution, the complainant will be informed within 21 days from date of receipt of complaint that the PSC will not investigate it. | If a complaint has been already referred to another institution, the complainant will be informed within 21 days from the date of receipt of complaint that the PSC will not investigate it. | | | | | |
| | Complainants informed of the outcome of complaints dealt with as early resolution cases within 10 days from date of which the case was closed/finalised. | Complainants informed of the outcome of complaints dealt with as early resolution cases within 10 days from date of which the case was closed/finalised. | | | | | |
| | May inform complainant of the outcome of the investigation where they are contactable. | May inform complainant of the outcome of the investigation where they are contactable. | | | | | |

| Main Services | Current/Actual Arrangement | Desired Arrangement | Actual Achievements | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Investigations | Redress | | | | | | |
| conducted either of its own accord or on receipt of any complaints lodged and requests made. | If complaint is not resolved within the stipulated time frame, affected parties will be informed of reasons for the delay. | If complaint is not resolved within the stipulated time frame, affected parties will be informed of reasons for the delay. | The Complaints Rules were Gazetted on 20 January 2017. Nevertheless, the PSC followed up on implementation of recommendations and | | | | |
| | Follow up on implementation of recommendations and the issuing of directions. | Follow up on implementation of recommendations and the issuing of directions. | the issuing of directions in respect of all final reports issued. The positive outcome is that no | | | | |
| | If dissatisfied with the conduct of an Investigating Officer, the affected party can submit a complaint to the DG | If dissatisfied with the conduct of an Investigating Officer, the affected party can submit a complaint to the DG. | dissatisfactions were raised with the DG. | | | | |
| | Value for money | | | | | | |
| | Cluster of Panels formed to discuss complaints. | Cluster of Panels formed to discuss complaints. | Cluster of Panels (Grievance and Complaints Panel) met on 29 occasions to discuss complaints. | | | | |
| | Panel meeting held only when there are more than 10 cases to be discussed. | Panel meeting held only when there are more than 10 cases to be discussed. | Panel meetings were also held to conclude a smaller number of cases so as to ensure finalisation of complaints within the 3 months of receiving all the relevant documentation. | | | | |
| | Teleconferencing facilities used. | Teleconferencing facilities used. | Teleconferencing facilities used when the need arose. | | | | |
| | Time | | | | | | |
| | Complaints finalised within 3 months from date of receipt of all relevant documentation. | Complaints finalised within 3 months from date of receipt of all relevant documentation. | As at 31 March 2023, 430 complaints were registered on the database of which 293 (68%) complaints, were finalised. From the 293 finalised complaints 263 (90%) were finalised within 90 working days upon receipt of all relevant information. | | | | |

Table 3: Service delivery information tool

| Current/Actual Information Tools | Desired Information Tools | Actual Achievements |
|--|--|--|
| In order to ensure wider accessibility, the PSC reports are distributed to stakeholders. | In order to ensure wider accessibility, the PSC reports are distributed to stakeholders. | All PSC reports were distributed in accordance with the distribution strategy and all published reports were placed on the PSC website (www.psc.gov.za) for easy access. |
| Hard copies of reports are distributed to affected stakeholders and in some instances, reports are distributed electronically. | Hard copies of reports are distributed to affected stakeholders and in some instances, reports are distributed electronically. | Hard copies of reports were distributed to affected stakeholders and in some instances, reports were distributed electronically. |

Table 4: Complaints mechanism

| Current/Actual Complaints Mechanism | Desired Complaints Mechanism | Actual Achievement |
|---|--|--|
| All complaints are recorded and responded to within the allocated time frames. Complaints from the public are referred to the Public Protector. | All complaints are recorded and responded to within the allocated time frames. Complaints from the public are referred to the Public Protector | All complaints handled during the reporting period that were lodged were recorded on a database and responded to within the allocated time frames. Investigations were conducted and finalised within 3 months of receipt of all relevant documentation. Where relevant, complaints are referred to an appropriate statutory body. |

2.3 ORGANISATIONAL ENVIRONMENT

As at the end of the 2022/23 financial year, three (3) of the (14) fourteen posts of Commissioner were vacant.

The details of these positions are as follows:

- a) One post at national level
- b) Two posts at provincial level:
 - Mpumalanga, vacant from 1 April 2019; and
 - North-West, vacant from 01 February 2023

The PSC has no control over the filling of these posts as the responsibility for the recruitment and selection process lies with the National Assembly and relevant provincial legislatures. The PSC has consistently engaged with the Presidency regarding the filling of these vacancies. Commissioners are closely involved in the implementation of the mandate of the PSC, such as the investigation of grievances and complaints, management of NACH cases, conducting inspections, etc. In order to ensure that service delivery was not affected as a result of the vacant positions, some of the Commissioners were assigned as Caretaker Commissioners for the Mpumalanga and North-West Provinces.

Other critical positions that were filled during the financial year are as follows; Chief Director: Professional Ethics, Chief Director: Governance Monitoring, Chief Director in the Office of the Director-General, Provincial Director in the North West Province and Director of Information Technology, to name a few.



The office ergonomics were not entirely conducive to the occupational health and safety (OHS) of employees. The support from the Department of Public Works and Infrastructure (DPWI) has been inadequate, such that the PSC engaged with the Minister of DPWI to consider devolving powers of procurement of office accommodation to the Chairperson of the PSC.

The current organisational structure was reviewed and a business case for organisational re-design was developed. It is envisaged that the support structure for the PSC will undergo a process of re-design.

2.4 KEY POLICY DEVELOPMENTS AND LEGISLATIVE CHANGES

2.4.1 The PSC Bill

Significant progress on the review of the Public Service Commission Act of 1997 has been made. This culminated in the drafting of the PSC Bill, whose primary objectives are to:

- Facilitate for the establishment of a PSC Secretariat that will replace the OPSC as a government department. This is to ensure that the PSC executes its mandate fully as an independent and impartial constitutional entity.
- Convert the OPSC from a government department in terms of the Public Service Act of 1994, onto a function shift to the PSC as a Secretariat established in terms of the Public Service Commission Act.
- Reinforce the PSC mandate in terms of local government and public entities in line with section 196(2) of the Constitution.

It is envisaged that the current PSC Act of 1997 will be repealed and replaced by a new Act.

2.4.2 National Framework for the Professionalisation of the Public Sector

In October 2022, Cabine approved the National Framework towards Professionalisation of the Public Sector. The Professionalisation Framework will have significant policy shifts in the conditions of employment of the Director-Generals (DGs) and Heads of Department (HoDs). This is seen by some as a potential gamechanger or catalyst for systemic change in the organisation, capacity, capability and ethos of the public sector as a whole. The Professionalisation Framework takes a public sector-wide approach and has shifted the focus towards a single public administration that applies to all three spheres of government as well as State-Owned Entities. It seeks to ensure that only qualified and competent individuals are appointed into positions of authority in pursuit of a transformed, professional, ethical, capable and developmental public administration. Amongst others, the Professionalisation Framework aims to achieve the following:

• The tightening of pre-entry requirements as well as effective recruitment and selection processes that inform meritocratic appointments at the middle and senior management levels.

- Undertaking workplace orientation and induction programmes that are linked to onboarding and mainstreamed as an intervention for organisational socialisation.
- Effective planning, performance management and appraisal systems, including performance standards and assessment instruments for different categories of employees. Performance management can also be aligned with professional body/association registration.
- Public servants returning to the simulator by undertaking continuous learning and professional development. This will include the professionalisation of certain categories of occupations in the public sector.
- Managing the career progression and career incidents of public servants and HODs respectively.

As the thrust of the PSC's mandate is to ensure the maintenance of an effective and efficient public administration and a high standard of professional ethics in the Public Service, it has an invaluable role to play in any revised governance framework. The Professionalisation Framework answers the repeated calls for the strengthening of the powers of the PSC to enable it to play a decisive role in the revised institutional governance framework so that a culture based on the cornerstone values of the Constitution is internalised and practised in the Public Service and public administration.

To this extent, the role of the PSC in the recruitment process of DGs, HODs and Municipal Managers will be to develop a database consisting of a pool of experts from which the Executive Authorities and Municipal Councils will source the appropriate experts with relevant technical expertise/knowledge of the sector/ department/institution to form part of their selection panels. This will enable the Executive Authority and Municipal Councils to run a rigorous selection and recruitment process supported by experts who can technically assess the suitability of the shortlisted candidates. About the performance assessments of DGs and HODs, it has now been resolved that the PSC will play a role in their performance evaluation to improve objectivity and introduce a comprehensive approach that should link the performance of the individual to that of the institution they lead.

3. ACHIEVEMENT OF PSC IMPACT AND OUTCOMES

IMPACT STATEMENT

A responsive, ethical and value-driven Public Service that responds timeously, efficiently and effectively to the needs of the citizens.

Table 5: Report on five-year Strategic Plan: Outcome 1

| OUTCOME 1 | OUTCOME INDICATOR | FIVE YEAR TARGET | ACTUAL ACHIEVEMENT |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| An improved service delivery | Number of processes changed | 6 Processes changed | Four reports have been produced on changed processes in the public service. |
| culture in the Public Service | % increase in departmental compliance with CVPs | 10% increase against baseline | During the year uder review, the PSC has held a total of 20 CVPs promotional engagements with departments. For the current MTSF, the PSC has held a total of 66 CVPs promotional engagements to increase compliance. |
| | % improvement in the management of potential conflict of interest for SMS members in the Public Service | 98% | A total of 9630 (98.7%) out of the 9755 SMS members complied with the requirement to disclose their financial interest by the due date of 30 April 2022 to their respective HoDs and EAs. The total number of financial disclosure forms that the PSC received as at the due date of 31 May 2022 was 9337 out of 9755 (96%). A process of sending through text messages through Short Message System (SMS) was introduced in order to improve the compliance and ensure that a 100% compliance rate is achieved by the due date. |

Table 6: Report on five-year Strategic Plan: Outcome 2

| OUTCOME 2 | OUTCOME INDICATOR | FIVE YEAR TARGET | ACTUAL ACHIEVEMENT |
|------------------|---|---|---|
| practices in the | Number of strategic engagements with | 30 | Ten strategic engagements on the implementation of PSC recommendations with the targeted departments were held. |
| Public Service | departments on PSC findings and recommendations | 10% Reduction in the number of grievances lodged by employees | The PSC recorded some reduction in the number of grievances lodged by employees during Covid-19 lockdown levels. Since the return to the normal way of working, the PSC has noticed an increase in the number of grievances lodged by employees. In the 2020/21 financial year, the PSC recorded 10.3% reduction of employees lodging grievances with the PSC. During the year under review, however, there was an increase in the number of grievances lodged. |

| OUTCOME 2 | OUTCOME INDICATOR | FIVE YEAR TARGET | ACTUAL ACHIEVEMENT |
|--|--|---|--|
| Sound leadership practices in the Public Service | Ethics Management Framework institutionalised in the Public Service | Year 3-5: Conduct feedback sessions on departments already surveyed to promote ethics | The PSC undertook a three year research project which commenced in 2019/20 and overlaps into the 2022/23 financial year, focusing on "the assessment of the extent of leadership commitment by Heads of Departments and Executive Authorities in promoting ethics within the public service". The study was concluded in the year under review and a report was developed. The PSC engaged 10 departments as part of providing feedback. A seminar was also hosted in April 2022, focusing on the outcome of the Commission of Inquiry into the Allegations of the State Capture, Corruption and Fraud in the Public Service. In December 2022 the PSC hosted a two day conference to commemorate International Anti-Corruption Day (IACD), under the theme, "The Cost of Failure of Governance and Ethics in the Public Service: Response to the Judicial Commission of Inquiry into Allegations of State Capture, Corruption and Fraud in the Public Sector including Organs of State." A report was developed and shared with the relevant stakeholder like the Anti-Corruption Task Team. The PSC conducted four (4) engagements on professional ethics, as part of promoting the Ethics frameworks, within the public service. |

Table 7: Report on five-year Strategic Plan: Outcome 3

| OUTCOME 3 | OUTCOME INDICATOR | FIVE YEAR TARGET | |
|---|--|---|--|
| | | (CUMULATIVE) | |
| A well- coordinated and functioning M&E System (Data Warehouse) for | % alignment of IGCMS to Data Warehouse | 100% Data warehouse fully aligned to IGCMS | The Integrated Grievance and Complaints Management System (IGCMS), which is an automated case management system, posed challenges during the period under review. Efforts to address the system challenges proved unsuccessful. The IGCMS has since been discontinued. The Directorate: Information Technology is in the process of developing a new data system that will integrate the intake and assessment of complaints and grievances in the OPSC. |
| the PSC | % implementation of PSC recommendations by departments | 60% (cumulative) | Cumulatively the percentage of implementation of PSC recommendations is 39%. In order to ensure that departments implement the recommendations made by the PSC, the PSC continues to engage departments including Executive Authorities on the implementation of the PSC Recommendations. |

Table 8: Report on five-year Strategic Plan: Outcome 4

| OUTCOME 4 | OUTCOME INDICATOR | FIVE YEAR TARGET (CUMULATIVE) | PROGRESS |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| A strong & well- functioning PSC | % implementation of decisions of Plenary, EXCO, MANCO | 80% | The overall performance of 63% implementation of decisions taken at Plenary, EXCO and MANCO has been achieved. Plenary made 64 decisions and 40 of these decisions were implemented (63%) EXCO took 12 decisions 5 of these decisions have been implemented. (42%). MANCO took 13 decisions and 11 of these decisions were implemented (85%) |
| | A skilled workforce in identified areas | 100% implementation of the training plan. | The PSC has conducted training in line with the training plan. In addition, the PSC has granted officials bursaries to study in line with their Personal Development Plans. |



Eastern Cape PSC Office with Stakeholders

4. PERFORMANCE INFORMATION BY PROGRAMME

4.1 PROGRAMME 1: ADMINISTRATION

Purpose:

The programme provides overall management of the PSC and centralised support services.

Sub-programmes:

- Office of the Director-General (Public Service Commission and Management)
- People Management Practices
- Office of the Chief Financial Officer

Table 9: Outcomes, outputs, output indicators, targets and actual achievements for Programme 1

| | | | Proç | gramme 1: Administ | ration | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Outcome | Output | Output Output Indicator | | Audited Actual Performance | | Actual Achievement | Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement | Reasons for deviations |
| | | | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2022/23 | 2022/23 | 2022/23 | |
| A strong & well- functioning PSC | Unqualified audit outcome opinion | Unqualified audit outcome opinion obtained | Unqualified audit outcome opinion | None | None |
| | Valid invoices paid within 30 working days | % of valid invoices paid within 30 days of receipt | 99.97% | 100% | 100% | 100% | None | None |
| | B-BBEE supplier appointed | % of B-BBEE supplier appointed | 62% | 62% | 60% | 87.07% (283/325) | The PSC has put in place a concerted effort to target as many SMMEs with at least 50% black ownership as far as possible. | None |

| | | | Pro | gramme 1: Administ | ration | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Outcome | Output | Output Indicator | Audited Actual Performance 2020/2021 | Audited Actual Performance 2021/2022 | Planned Annual Target 2022/23 | Actual Achievement 2022/23 | Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement 2022/23 | Reasons for deviations |
| A strong & well- functioning PSC | Visibility of the PSC improved | Number of reports on stakeholders outreach programmes coordinated | New output indicator | New output indicator | 4 | 4 | None | None |
| Bi | Institution Building Reforms implemented | Percentage of human resources developed | New output indicator | New output indicator | 80% | 86% | The difference account for the additional interns that were appointed over and above the targeted number. Furthermore, the PSC had sufficient funds in the Bursary Budget to cater for additional recipients. | None |
| | | Number of organisational reviews conducted | New indicator | New indicator | 1 | 1 | None | None |
| | | Number of Public Sector productivity frameworks implemented | New indicator | New indicator | 1 | 1 | None | None |

The Office of the DG is responsible for support to the PSC and the DG in ensuring that administrative, including secretarial, liaison and logistical support is provided for the effective functioning of the governance structures of the PSC, overseeing strategic and operational planning, and reporting on institutional performance, parliamentary liaison and international relations, as well as assisting the Accounting Officer to discharge her duties as demanded by relevant pieces of legislation.

The Directorate: Planning, Monitoring and Reporting is mandated to coordinate strategic management within the office. This work starts with organising a high-level Strategic Planning Session wherein Commissioners provide the strategic direction for the year ahead. This is followed by the development of the PSC Annual Performance Plan (APP) and / or the amendments to the Strategic Plan where necessary. These planning documents must be implemented following the approval by the Chairperson for tabling in Parliament in March of each year. The Directorate is also assigned the responsibility for monitoring and reporting on the implementation of the institutional plans. Quarterly reports are analysed, consolidated and tabled at various forums within the PSC following approval by the Accounting Officer. During the year under review, the PSC monitored the implementation of the APP and produced reports that were submitted to the oversight structures such the Portfolio Committee on Public Administration, Monitoring and Evaluation, Department of Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation as well as the National Treasury within stipulated timeframes.

The **Sub-programme: People Management Practices** supports line function management to implement, provide and develop the human capital in the PSC. The Directorate: People Management Practices provides detailed information of human resources in the PSC under Part D of the Annual Report.

The Directorate: Communication and Information Services is responsible for the implementation of the PSC's communication strategy for media relations, corporate communication services, and public awareness engagements. The PSC continued to compile and release its quarterly bulletin, the Pulse of the Public Service through the media briefings as part of a broader strategy to increase its visibility. Media statements on various public service matters were issued as and when necessary. The directorate was instrumental in providing support during the 9 Citizens Forums that were held throughout the year.

The Security Services Unit provides a safe and secure environment through the protection of the PSC's personnel, assets and information. To achieve this objective and to ensure adequate security measures and compliance within



Commissioner Anele Gxoyiya during the Pulse Bulletin Media Briefing

the department, threat and risk assessments were conducted in accordance with the requirements of the Minimum Information and/or Physical Security Standards.

The Unit: Security Services provides a safe and secure environment through the protection of the PSC's personnel, assets and information. To achieve this objective and to ensure adequate security measures and compliance within the department, threat and risk assessments were conducted in accordance with the requirements of the Minimum Information and/or Physical Security Standards.

The Facilities Management Unit manages the provision and maintenance of office accommodation and manages and coordinates cleaning services, records management and government transport. The Unit engaged with the DPWI to secure alternative accommodation. Nonetheless, office accommodation remains a challenge in the department, especially in Provinces. Some Offices are not fully conducive in respect of Occupational Health and Safety Standards. However, where possible, attempts are made to ensure that officials feel safe and secure. The PSC is dependent on the Department of Public Works and Infrastructure to

procure office accommodation. As a means to remedy this situation, efforts were made to engage the Minister of the Department of Public Works and Infrastructure to devolve the power to procure office accommodation to the Chairperson of the PSC. However by the end of the financial year, the process was not concluded. Discussions are envisaged to continue in the next financial year.

The Sub-programme: Office of the Chief Financial Officer is responsible for financial management to ensure compliance with various pieces of legislation including the PFMA, the Public Audit Act, 25 of 2004, and Treasury Regulations; efficient and effective supply chain management; and provision of information technology services.

The Directorate Financial Management performs its support function in a highly regulated environment where the PFMA and the regulations issued in terms of this Act prevails.

The PSC uses the Logistical Information System for its Asset Register where assets are barcoded with unique numbers and reconciled to the Basic Accounting System. Obsolete and redundant assets were disposed of during the reporting period by means of donations to various beneficiaries and scrapping of assets. Asset verifications were conducted twice during the financial year and investigations were performed in instances where assets could not be verified.

The Directorate: Information Technology provides information technology services and applications as strategic tools for business enablement.

The Directorate: Supply Chain Management uses the Logistical Information System for procurement.

Strategy to overcome areas of underperformance

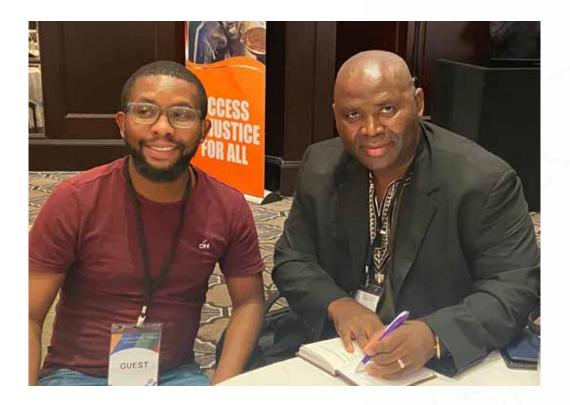
There were no areas of under-performance as all targets under this programme were achieved.

Linking performance with budgets

Table 10: Sub-programme expenditure

| | | 2022/2023 | | 2021/2022 | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Sub- Programme Name | Final Appropriation | Actual Expenditure | (Over)/Under Expenditure | Final Appropriation | Actual Expenditure | (Over)/Under Expenditure | |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | |
| PSC | 24,386 | 20,552 | 3,834 | 19,828 | 18,663 | 1,165 | |
| Management | 18,188 | 15,929 | 2,259 | 16,428 | 16,150 | 278 | |
| People Management Practices | 30,666 | 29,659 | 1,007 | 28,528 | 24,922 | 3,606 | |
| Chief Financial Officer | 40,055 | 39,391 | 664 | 46,266 | 38,930 | 7,336 | |
| Property Management | 22,398 | 22,396 | 2 | 23,509 | 23,282 | 227 | |
| Total | 135,693 | 127,928 | 7,765 | 134,559 | 121,947 | 12,612 | |







Deputy Director-General: Leadership and Management Practices Dr K Sedibe

4.2 PROGRAMME 2: LEADERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

Purpose:

The programme promotes sound Public Service leadership, human resource management, labour relations and labour practices.

Sub-programmes:

- Labour Relations Improvement
- Leadership and Human Resource Reviews.

Outcomes, outputs, output indicators, targets and actual achievements

Table 11: Outcomes, outputs, output indicators, targets and actual achievements for Programme 2

| | | | Programme 2: Le | eadership and Mana | gement Practices | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|---------------------------|
| Outcome | Output | Output Indicator | Audited Actual Performance | Audited Actual Performance | Planned Annual Target | Actual Achievement | Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement | Reasons for deviations |
| | | | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2022/23 | 2022/23 | 2022/23 | |
| Sound management and leadership practices in the public service | Grievances finalised | Percentage of all registered level 2-12 grievances concluded within 30 days of receipt of all relevant information | 76% | 83% | 85% | 86% (As at 31 March 2023, 518 grievances were registered for levels 2-12. Of the 518 cases, 423 (82%) were concluded of which 362 (86%) were concluded within 30 working days of receipt of all relevant information) | Target was marginally exceeded by 1% because of increased capacity through contract employees. | None |

| | | | Programme 2: Le | eadership and Mana | igement Practices | | | |
|---|--|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--|---|---------------------------|
| Outcome | Output | Output Indicator | Audited Actual Performance | Audited Actual Performance | Planned Annual Target | Actual Achievement | Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement | Reasons for deviations |
| | | | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2022/23 | 2022/23 | 2022/23 | |
| Sound management and leadership practices in the public service | | Percentage of all SMS grievances concluded within 45 days of receipt of all relevant information | 92% | 74% | 85% | 96% (As at 31 March 2023, 73 grievances were registered for members of the SMS, of which 49 (67%) were concluded, with 47 (96%) of those cases concluded within 45 days of receipt of relevant information) | The targeted was exceeded by 11%, although in absolute terms, the PSC concluded fewer cases than in 2022/2023 and the previous two financial years because of the complexity of some of the cases. | None |
| | Number of re- ports developed on leadership, human resource management practices, public sector reform and professionalisa- tion | Number of re- ports developed on leadership and human resource management practices, public sector reform and professionalisa- tion | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | None | None |
| | Report on the management of grievances and efficiency of the grievance procedure in the Public Service | Number of reports on grievance management and efficiency of the grievance procedure produced. | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | None | None |

| | | | | Programme 2: Le | eadership and Mana | gement Practices | | | |
|-----------------|---|--|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--|---|
| | Outcome | Output | Output Indicator | Audited Actual Performance | Audited Actual Performance | Planned Annual Target | Actual Achievement | Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement | Reasons for deviations |
| | | | | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2022/23 | 2022/23 | 2022/23 | |
| ma an pra | ound anagement d leadership actices in the blic service | | Percentage reduction in the number of employees lodging grievances in the Public Service over the MTEF period | New indicator | New indicator | 4% | Not Achieved | The APP target is outside the control of the PSC | The APP target has been discontinued from the 2023/24 financial year. However, the PSC will continue to engage and support departments so that grievances are properly handled. |
| | | Engagements on the implementation of PSC recommendations with targeted departments | Number of strategic engagements on the implementation of PSC recommendations with targeted departments | New indicator | New indicator | 10 | 10 | None | None |

The Sub-programme: Labour Relations Improvement contributes towards the improvement of sound labour relations in the Public Service by investigating referred grievances that could not be resolved within the departments and making recommendations, monitoring grievance management by departments, and providing advice to employees and departments.

The precondition for sound labour relations is the existence of an employment contract between the employer and the employee, based on the conditions of service that are associated with the job. Once the employer and employee agree to an employment contract that is compliant with legislative prescripts, both parties are expected to abide by the applicable conditions, failing which, the employer has the right to institute disciplinary processes and the employee has the right to lodge a complaint and/or grievance. Therefore, compliance by both parties with the conditions of the employment contract and all applicable prescripts is essential. This is easier said than done because the Public Service as the employer is represented by thousands of other employees who operate at various supervisory and management levels and all employees, inclusive of those who represent the employer, are not a homogenous species. Even worse is that employees who represent the employer at other levels also have their challenges, expectations and complaints/grievances, thus making the Public Service labour relations environment more complex and at times cumbersome. Another factor that is complicating the labour relations environment in the Public Service is the apparent or alleged erosion of the importance of collective bargaining processes. Among other things, in an attempt to deal with the issue of trying to manage the public service wage bill, government has been accused of relegating the importance of collective bargaining and also reneging on some provisions of collective agreements, as has been witnessed with the 2022 and 2023 negotiation processes. This environment has a major impact on the productivity of employees and the ability of government to deliver services to the public and also raises questions about the importance and role of social partners such as organised labour in the Public Service. The complexity of the Public Service labour relations environment and the underlying factors are a contributor to the existence of a large number of grievances that are lodged with departments, and the referral of some to the PSC, as well as the prevalence and poor management of disciplinary cases in the Public Service. This is the reason why the PSC has continued to play a critical role in investigating grievances that could not be resolved between departments and their employees and making recommendations. As illustrated in **Figure 1** below, during the 2022/2023 financial year, the PSC had **591** grievance cases registered on its database, which is a 6% increase when compared with the 2021/2022 statistics and 12.7% reduction in relation to the 2020/2021 figures.

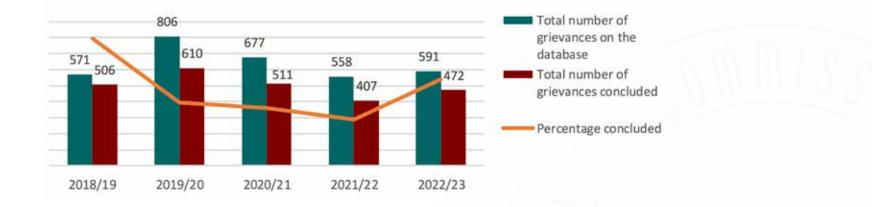


Figure 1: Trend analysis of grievances referred to the PSC between 2018/19 and 2022/23

Figure 2 below shows that the PSC managed to resolve 472 (80%) of the cases through investigations, informal mediation and engagements with aggrieved employees and employer representatives. This represents a 7% (percentage points) improvement when compared with the 73% grievances that were concluded during the 2021/2022 financial year.

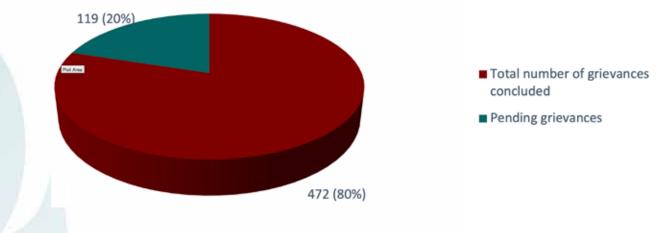


Figure 2: Number of grievances concluded and those that are pending

An increase in the number of grievances referred to the PSC during 2022/2023 is consistent with an increase in the number of grievances lodged with departments. According to the PSC's Grievance Management Factsheet for the period 01 April 2021 to 31 March 2022, a total of **8496** grievances were reported in both national and provincial departments, which is a **14.8%** increase from the total of **7399** grievances reported for the 2020/21 financial year. However, when compared to the **10216** grievances that were reported for the 2019/20 financial year, a decrease of **16.8%** was noted. The 14,8% increase is attributed to the relaxation of the COVID-19 lockdown measures and the subsequent return to office-work operations during the last quarter of the 2021/2022 financial year. Further analysis of the statistics provided by national and provincial departments revealed that of

the **3206** cases reported by national departments for the 2021/22 financial year, **1825 (56.9%)** grievances were resolved, and from the **5290** grievances reported by provincial departments, a total of **3110 (58.8%)** grievances were concluded, which shows an increase of **(39.1%)** when compared to **2236** grievances resolved during the 2020/21 financial year. As has been the cases from the previous financial years, most of the grievances lodged with departments related to unfair treatment.

The PSC convened a Roundtable on *Managing Intra- and Inter-Personal Relations* for a Harmonious and Conducive Workplace, with a view to deal with some of the underlying causes of grievances related to unfair treatment, and strained relations amongst employees, and between the employer and employees.





Roundtable on Managing Intra-and Inter-Personal Relations for a Harmonious and Conductive Workplace

The Roundtable was attended by human resource management practitioners, labour relations officers, health and wellness practitioners, middle and senior managers from various national departments, as well as representatives of organised labour and bargaining councils. Experts were invited to make presentations and to engage with stakeholders in line with the identified themes and the report of the Roundtable has been published through the PSC website.

As part of monitoring grievance management trends, the PSC has noted with concern that a high percentage of grievances are concluded outside the 30/45 days timeframe.

This raises concerns about the level of understanding and competencies of the designated officials on labour relations and the importance of adhering to timeframes as per the Grievance Rules. The non-compliance with the timeframes often results in the referral of grievances to the PSC.

In instances where the PSC has recommended action to be taken against employees who are not fulfilling their roles, feedback is often not provided on the steps taken against those who caused non-compliance, hence this is an area that should be addressed through engagements with the DPSA. These observations and concerns prompted the PSC to intensify its engagements with departments to deal with persistent challenges in some of the national and provincial departments and to encourage departments to use mediation as an alternative dispute resolution mechanism.

The PSC has also noted with concern that the findings and recommendations of its 2017 Report on the non-implementation of arbitration awards and Labour Court orders within the Public Service have not been implemented by the DPSA and most departments. The study found that the poor management and non-implementation of arbitration awards and Labour Court orders have financial and other adverse implications for the achievement of departmental strategic objectives, harm the welfare and well-being of employees and thus negatively impact sound labour relations and service delivery. Following a presentation of the findings and recommendations to the Labour Relations Forum in March 2023, the DPSA has made an undertaking to put mechanisms in place to implement the recommendations that emanated from this study.

The Sub-programme: Leadership and Human Resource Reviews contributes towards effective leadership and human resources management through research, advocacy, capacity building sessions and issuing of recommendations, directions and provision of advice. As such, during the reporting period, the PSC completed a research study into the Enablers and Inhibitors of Job Performance of Senior Managers in the Public Service. In addition, it developed the following draft reports for two multi-year projects -

- a) Public Administration Reform and Professionalisation of the Public Service in South Africa: A Public Service Commission Perspective, and
- b) The Impact of Remote and Hybrid Working Arrangements on Employee Productivity and Service Delivery to Influence Policy, HRM practices, Systems, Tools.

The completed study explored whether the performance and existing paradigm among Senior Management Service members are consistent with the demands of a developmental state, the ambitions of the National Development Plan and the aspirations of the Constitution. The findings suggested that all Senior Management Service members who participated in the study have a clear understanding of the conduct, decorum, professionalism and the essential values befitting of an ideal public servant, quality service delivery and optimal performance. However, the fulfilment of the capability that already exists to shift performance from satisfactory to optimal is hindered by several inhibitors, inclusive of, amongst others, a toxic organisational culture, appointment and/or deployment of incompetent persons into key positions, lack of support from some superiors, continuous restructuring/ reorganisation of departments, low staff morale and lack of passion for work assigned, and budget cuts. In addition, the study identified several performance enablers for SMS members, including prompt and constructive support and feedback from competent supervisors/managers, teamwork/collaboration between colleagues and departmental units, recognition by peers and superiors, and exposure to training and development opportunities. In addition to the distribution of the report through the PSC website, the findings and recommendations of the study were disseminated to national and provincial services through a Webinar that was held in March 2023.

As part of disseminating critical information and building capacity amongst practitioners and managers, the PSC held engagements with national departments on how to deal with unlawful instructions and to deliberate on the role of Human Resource Management (HRM) practitioners in promoting sound HRM practices and ensuring compliance with prescripts. In addition, the sessions enabled the

PSC and departments to reflect on emerging trends in the areas of HRM after the Covid-19 pandemic. Similar sessions were convened for provincial departments in Gauteng, Northern Cape and Limpopo, and the programme will be rolled out in other provinces during the 2023/2024 financial year.

Strategic engagements on the implementation and non-implementation of the PSC's recommendations were held with national and provincial departments as well as stakeholders such as the Gauteng and North-West Provincial Legislatures and the Governance State Capacity and Institutional Development (GSCID) Cluster. The purpose of these sessions was to strengthen relations with stakeholders, create awareness of the recommendations made by the PSC, secure buy-in to facilitate the implementation of key recommendations and inform the review and/or development of Public Service policies and strategies, particularly in the leadership and human resource management space. The PSC will intensify its advocacy engagements to facilitate the implementation of recommendations that have the potential to address persistent challenges and to contribute towards the realisation of government's objective of building an effective, capable and developmental state.

Whilst the PSC accounts to Parliament, it also engages with the relevant Portfolio Committees as part of supporting Parliament to fulfil its mandate of holding the Executive accountable and advocating for the implementation of its recommendations. To this end, during the year under review, four research reports that were completed during the 2021/2022 financial year were tabled in Parliament, namely, Ethics in Recruitment and Selection in the Public Service; Effectiveness of Continuous Employee Development in the Public Service; the Monitoring Report on the National Macro Organisation of Government; as well as the Assessment of the Effectiveness of the Land Restitution Commission. The first three reports were presented to the Portfolio Committee on Public Service and Administration as well as Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation and the fourth one was referred to the relevant Portfolio Committee for further deliberations.

Another PSC priority project during the reporting period focused on discipline management, which is an essential component of human resource management and labour relations management. This was informed by repeated concerns regarding the ineffective use of government resources through the payment of salaries to suspended employees and litigation costs associated with prolonged disciplinary processes and also repeated questions by the Portfolio Committee on what the PSC can do to ensure effective discipline management in the Public Service. In response, the PSC developed an internal discussion document to deal with the most problematic aspects of discipline management that require

urgent and specific interventions, namely: the management of precautionary suspensions; the use of legal representation; discipline management sanctions; and the management of appeals and implementation of sanctions. This served as the basis for the PSC's presentation and proposals at the Roundtable on Discipline Management in the Public Service, which was held in February 2023. The Roundtable was attended by many critical stakeholders, inclusive of national and provincial departments, organised labour, the Deputy Minister for Public Service and Administration, the Solicitor General, the Chief State Law Advisor and the Judge President of the Labour Courts. It is hoped that the recommendations of the Roundtable will contribute towards the review of the disciplinary code and relevant guides in this area.

Other additional deliverables by the Branch include the following:

- A paper on the prevalence of ghost workers in the Public Service and how to prevent this phenomenon was developed together with the DG's office.
- The PSC Rules on Referral of Grievances of Employees, 2016, were reviewed and will be Gazetted during the 2023/2024 financial year.
- Advice was provided on the management of performance evaluations for Heads of Departments at the national and provincial levels.

Table 12: Sub-programme expenditure

Linking performance with budgets

- A presentation was made to the Department of Agriculture, Rural Development and Land Reform on the Recruitment and Selection Toolkit.
- As part of reviewing internal standards and operating procedures, a Draft Research Manual was developed to guide PSC employees and commissioners on the protocols to follow in order to utilise the raw data and information flowing from the published and unpublished PSC Research Reports.

While it is noted that some targets were marginally exceeded and additional work that did not form part of the APP was done, overall, the programme achieved 83% of the set APP targets. The one target that could not be achieved was found to be outside of the control of the organisation.

Strategy to overcome areas of under-performance

The PSC took a decision during the mid-term of the reporting period that the target on the 4% reduction in the number of employees lodging grievance in the Public Service over the MTEF period will be discontinued during the 2023/24 financial year. The PSC realised that it does not have control over the achievement of this target.

| | 2022/2023 | | | 2021/2022 | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Sub- Programme Name | Final Appropriation | Actual Expenditure | (Over)/Under Expenditure | | nal priation | Actual Expenditure | (Over)/Under Expenditure |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'(| 000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Labour Relations Improvement | 14,916 | 14,271 | 645 | | 16,056 | 16,042 | 14 |
| Leadership and Human Resource Reviews | 9,965 | 9,319 | 646 | | 9,537 | 9,527 | 10 |
| Programme Manager: LMP | 26,672 | 25,044 | 1,628 | | 24,180 | 24,159 | 21 |
| Total | 51,553 | 48,634 | 2,919 | - | 49,773 | 49,728 | 45 |



Deputy Director-General: Monitoring and Evaluation Ms I Mathenjwa

4.3 PROGRAMME 3: MONITORING AND EVALUATION

Purpose:

The programme is responsible for establishing a high standard of service delivery, monitoring and good governance in the Public Service.

Sub-programmes:

- Governance Monitoring
- Service Delivery and Compliance Evaluations

Outcomes, outputs, output indicators, targets and actual achievements

| Table 13: Outcomes, output | s. output indicators. | targets and actual | achievements for Programme 3 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | |

| | | | Programm | e 3: Monitoring and | Evaluation | | | |
|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------|
| Outcome | Output | Output Indicator | Audited Actual Performance | Audited Actual Performance | Planned Annual Target | Actual Achievement | Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement | Reasons for deviations |
| | | | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2022/23 | 2022/23 | 2022/23 | |
| An improved service delivery culture in the Public Service | Reports on changed public administration practices | Number of reports on changed public administration practices | 25 qualitative evaluation reports | 2 quantitative evaluation reports | 2 | 2 | None | None |
| | Assessments on service delivery conducted | Number of reports on service delivery inspections approved | 8 | 9 | 10 | 10 | None | None |
| | | Number of Citizens Forums conducted | New indicator | New indicator | 9 | 9 | None | None |

| | | | Programm | ne 3: Monitoring and | Evaluation | | | |
|--|---|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------|
| Outcome | Output | Output Indicator | Audited Actual Performance | Audited Actual Performance | Planned Annual Target | Actual Achievement | Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement | Reasons for deviations |
| | | | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2022/23 | 2022/23 | 2022/23 | |
| An improved service delivery culture in the Public Service | | Number of studies on the effectiveness of government support for service delivery | New indicator | New indicator | 2 | 2 | None | None |
| | Approved Section 196 (4) (e) Report produced | Number of approved Section 196 (4) (e) report produced | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | None | None |
| | CVP engagements held | Number of CVP promotional engagements held | 26 | 21 | 20 | 20 | None | None |
| A well- coordinated and functioning M&E System for the PSC | Reports on the performance of departments (Data warehouse) | Number of reports on the performance of departments produced | New indicator | New indicator | 4 | 4 | None | None |

The **Sub Programme: Governance Monitoring** focuses on the establishment of sound and good governance in the Public Service. Good governance converges around principles such as accountability, participation, responsiveness to the needs of the people, transparency and the rule of law. Section 195 of the South African Constitution has clearly packaged the principles governing public administration and how good governance ought to look. To give effect to this work, the sub-programme has delved into the evaluations of the constitutional values and principles. During the year under review, further work was done in evaluating the application of the development-orientation principle of public administration in the context of social welfare services at both national and provincial departments. The findings of the research show that the programme structure is different at national and provincial offices with the former pegging all social welfare programmes at programme 4 and the latter at programme 2. The national office encompasses all

their social welfare programmes under programme 4 and the province has three sub-programmes, namely, older persons, persons living with disability and HIV/ AIDS. In-depth interviews were held with programme managers at provincial level and regional managers for Johannesburg, Sedibeng and Tshwane. The social welfare service in Gauteng caters for the vulnerable groups and includes the provision of awareness campaigns, psycho-social support as well as addressing issues of poverty. The research study found that although development is mentioned in the strategic documents, the practice is centrered more around achievements of outputs and reporting is on accessibility of services. A shift in reporting needs to consider the factoring of development oriented services, which is much broader and should include constitutional obligations. The Section 196(4)(e) Report covers the period 2021/22 and consolidates the work conducted by the PSC. This period saw the term of most Commissioners coming to an end, and the appointment of the new Deputy Chairperson of the PSC. The PSC undertook significant work, including the induction and strategic engagements with the Executive, service delivery inspections and interactions with various stakeholders on public administration issues affecting the Public Service.

Data in the Data Warehouse was aligned with that of the Integrated Grievance and Complaints Management System (IGCMS). However due to the instability of the IGCMS, the accuracy of the data was compromised.

Products generated from the Data Warehouse include Departmental Profiles, providing a snapshot of departmental performance against the Constitutional Values and Principles (CVPs), and are used by the Commission to engage with departments. Reports on the vacancy rates and misconduct cases in the public service are also generated.

In the vacancy rates report, some of the reasons proffered for not filling vacancies within the prescribed time were, inter alia, the realignment of the organisational structure; shifting mandates and amendments to functions and post criteria; as well as the lack of suitable candidates for Senior Management Service (SMS) posts, which resulted in re-advertisements. The economic downturn of the country has further resulted in budget cuts by the National Treasury, which also impacted on the filling of vacancies.

In the cumulative misconduct cases reported by national departments for the period 2017/18 to 2020/21, it was revealed that the *"Contravention of act/policy/prescripts"* was the most common misconduct type followed by *"Unauthorised absence"*. The contravention of act/policy/prescripts covers, amongst others, the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA), Treasury Regulations, the Financial Disclosure Framework (FDF), departmental procedures and policies relating to overtime, human resources, leave, the Performance Management Development System (PMDS), and asset management.

During the financial year under review, engagements were held with the Ministers of Basic Education, Home Affairs, Defence, Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment. The purpose of the engagements was to provide feedback on the PSC's assessment of the performance in their portfolios, highlight areas of urgent attention and build working rapport.



The Sub Programme: Service Delivery and Compliance Evaluations conducts inspections of service delivery sites annually. The purpose of these inspections is to evaluate service delivery from the perspective of citizens, observe conditions and processes, and identify service delivery challenges that can be addressed immediately (referred to as on-spot recommendations).

For the 2022/23 financial year, inspections were conducted at all the South African Police Station (SAPS) Forensic Science Laboratories (FSLs). Given the extent of the forensic science backlogs during 2021/22, the impact of the backlogs on the Criminal Justice System (CJS) and society at large, and the prominence in media reports of these soaring number of backlogs, the PSC decided to conduct inspections at all the FSLs across the country, namely, those based in Eastern Cape (Gqeberha), Kwazulu-Natal (Amanzimtoti), Gauteng (Arcadia and Silverton), and the Western Cape (Plattekloof). The inspections found the following and

recommendations were made to address these findings:

- The accommodation and infrastructure of the FSLs are not fit for purpose in all the laboratories. The limited space at the FSLs results in insufficient working stations for the analysis and storage of exhibits, in particular for the Ballistics and Chemistry sections. This negatively impacts the speedy retrieval of exhibits for court, or any other purpose where exhibits need to be consulted. Furthermore, FSL members struggle daily with the IT system, for example, with the intake administrative system, which negatively affects the turnaround time.
- Procurement challenges were mainly due to the limited financial delegations of laboratory members and the processes for contracting service providers.

- There is limited capacity and a high turnover at the FSLs, mainly due to promotions and lack of a Retention Strategy. FSL members are highly sought after for their experience working in the laboratories.
- The nature of the positions at the FSLs is highly specialised yet not recognised within the Occupation Dispensation System (OSD). The challenge being experienced at the FSLs is the promotion of ward officers to captain posts outside the FSLs due to the limited career pathing opportunities.

Further to this, provincial-specific inspections were conducted, focussing on Traffic Centres (Free State), Health Care (Gauteng, Eastern Cape, Northern Cape, North West and Mpumalanga), Social Development Services (KwaZulu-Natal), Magistrates Courts (Western Cape) and Social Workers' Service Centres (Limpopo).



PSC Unannounced Inspections



During this financial year, the PSC embarked on a citizens-focused and community outreach programme and successfully conducted nine Citizens Forums across all provinces. The PSC Citizens Forum (CF) is a distinctly South African method of engaging citizens and focuses on the delivery of a particular programme at a given point. It involves the government working with citizens to propose practical measures to improve service delivery. Under the leadership of the Provincial Commissioners, CFs were conducted in the following communities:

- a) Setlagole Village in the North West (22 June 2022)
- b) Pretoria in Gauteng (13 September 2022)
- c) Klein Mier in the Northern Cape (22 September 2022)
- d) Bloemfontein in the Free State (29 November 2022)
- e) Mandeni in KwaZulu-Natal (17 February 2023)
- f) Mapela in Limpopo (3 March 2023)
- g) Tulbagh in the Western Cape (8 March 2023)
- h) Nokaneng in Mpumalanga (24 March 2023)
- i) Nqwathi Administration Area in Mthata in the Eastern Cape (30 March 2023)

As one of the key objectives of the CFs is to bring government services closer to where the citizens live, departments such as, amongst others, (a) Home Affairs to process queries on services such as ID and birth certificate applications, (b) the South African Social Security Agency (SASSA) to handle matters related to all social grants, (c) Employment and Labour to deal with issues related to job opportunities and (d) Health to provide health services, participated in this programme. The PSC reached and facilitated access to services for an estimated 10 000 community members through the CFs during the period under review.

The PSC further conducted assessment studies on the effectiveness of government support for service delivery, focused on a) functional accommodation and Information and Communications Technology (ICT). Over the years, departments have been complaining about inefficiencies in the provision of functional accommodation and ICT from the National Department of Public Works and Infrastructure as well as the State Information Technology Agency (SITA), respectively. The said inefficiencies impact negatively on the realisation of government's service delivery objectives. The purpose of these assessment studies was to propose measures to ensure effective and efficient performance/service delivery within the Public Service. This culminated in the PSC successfully hosting two Roundtables on the functional

accommodaton and ICT support services during November 2022.

The Roundtables deliberated on the challenges experienced by the different key stakeholders in the identified environments, the negative impact of these challenges on service delivery and areas where interventions were implemented to address the said challenges. These sessions served as crucial platforms for sharing knowledge and lessons and facilitated opportunities for collaboration amongst stakeholders. National line function departments such as Home Affairs, Justice and Constitutional Development, and South African Police Service were selected as case studies for both Roundtables. The Department of Water and Sanitation was selected for the Roundtable on Functional Accommodation, and Minerals and Energy for the Roundtable on ICT. Amongst the key findings made were the following:

- For both functional accommodation and ICT, financial planning and management including budgets and procurement matters, and leadership challenges have been central to the difficulties in the service delivery environment. For instance, devolving funding from the DPWI and SITA to departments has not achieved the intended outcome of fostering the timeous and adequate provision of functional accommodation and ICT, such that the allocated budgets are often not spent as planned. In the case of functional accommodation, the non-spending of funds resulted in buildings not being maintained leading to dilapidated infrastructure. Similarly, funding to modernise ICT and operations in government is always insufficient due to departments not recognising ICT as a critical enabler of effective and efficient service delivery, thus entrenching the culture of ongoing utilisation of archaic models and systems.
- Procurement processes in both functional accommodation and ICT have also been found to be protracted and cumbersome, which results in delays in the appointment of consultants and contractors. This is further exacerbated by poor lease planning and management, leading to poor specifications that do not address line departments' needs, such that departments are locked in month-to-month lease arrangements and paying rentals that exceed the market baseline.
- The functional accommodation space is also highly concentrated, with the highest government spend benefitting the top ten landlords, who thus hold excessive market power, commonly known as the 'Property Mafia'.
- The high turnover in executive leadership, as well as weaknesses in corporate governance at DPWI and SITA in particular, and line departments, adversely impacts vision and business continuity, thus affecting the ability to

implement long-term solutions for improvement in service delivery.

• The ageing and under-maintained fleet of functional accommodation and ICT assets have also been identified as major causes of the deteriorating conditions in buildings, with associated health and safety issues as well as intermittent ICT connectivity leading to disruption of key services.

Strategy to overcome areas of under performance

All targets outlined in the APP were delivered.

Linking performance with budgets

Table 14: Sub-programme expenditure

Several proposals, which are subject to further discussion and refinement by the focused line departments, were made during the Roundtables to address the identified issues. Thereafter, the Roundtable reports will be shared with the Executive Authorities of the custodian and line departments for ongoing monitoring to ensure improvement and the implementation of solutions in the provision of both functional accommodation and ICT.

| | | 2022/23 | | 2021/2022 | | | |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Sub- Programme Name | Final Appropriation | Actual Expenditure | (Over)/Under Expenditure | Final Appropriation | Actual Expenditure | (Over)/Under Expenditure | |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | |
| Governance Monitoring | 9,376 | 9,052 | 324 | 9,255 | 9,024 | 231 | |
| Service Delivery and Compliance Evaluations | 10,659 | 10,039 | 620 | 9,478 | 9,471 | 7 | |
| Programme Manager: M&E | 27,186 | 26,137 | 1,049 | 25,534 | 23,173 | 2,361 | |
| Total | 47,221 | 45,228 | 1,993 | 44,267 | 41,668 | 2,599 | |







Citizens' Forum across all nine provinces





Citizens' Forum across all nine provinces



Deputy Director-General: Integrity and Anti-Corruption Mr M Malatsi

4.4 PROGRAMME 4: INTEGRITY AND ANTI-CORRUPTION

Purpose:

The programme is responsible for undertaking public administration investigations, promotVing a high standard of professional ethical conduct amongst public servants and contributing to the prevention and combating of corruption.

Sub-programmes:

- Public Administration Investigations
- Professional Ethics

Table 15: Outcomes, outputs, output indicators, targets and actual achievements for Programme 4

| | | | | Programme | e 4: Integrity and Ant | i-Corruption | | | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---|--|---------------------------|
| Outcom | e O | Dutput | Output Indicator | Audited Actual Performance | Audited Actual Performance | Planned Annual Target | Actual Achievement | Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement | Reasons for deviations |
| | | | | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2022/23 | 2022/23 | 2022/23 | |
| Sound managemen and leadersh practices in public servic | ip investig he finalise | istration gations | Percentage of investigations finalised within 90 working days upon receipt of a valid complaint | 94% | 93% | 75% | 90% As at 31 March 2023, 430 complaints were registered on the database of which 293 (68%) complaints, were finalised. From the 293 finalised complaints, 263 (90%) were finalised within 90 working days upon receipt of all relevant information. | Strict monitoring and control measures (file inspections and constant follow ups) | None |

| | | | Audited Actual | Audited Actual | Planned Annual | Actual | Deviation from planned | |
|---------|---|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|---|---------------------------|
| Outcome | Output | Output Indicator | Performance | Performance | Target | Achievement | target to Actual Achievement | Reasons for deviations |
| | | | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2022/23 | 2022/23 | 2022/23 | |
| | | Number of own accord investigation reports as contemplated in section 194 (4) (f) (i),(iii) and (iv) of the Constitution, 1996 finalised | New indicator | New indicator | 2 | 3 | Over-achievement by 1 own accord investigation. Due to matters of public interest, the PSC conducted an additional own accord investigation in addition to the targeted two "own accord Investigations". | None |
| | Oversight reports on the implementation of the ethics framework | Number of oversight reports on the implementation of the ethics framework | New indicator | New indicator | 3 | 3 | None | None |
| | Promotion of professional ethics | Number of articles on the promotion of professional ethics produced | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | None | None |
| | | Number of engagements on professional ethics | New indicator | New indicator | 3 | 3 | None | None |

The **Sub-programme:** Public Administration Investigations undertakes investigations into personnel and public administration practices. Complaints regarding alleged unethical conduct and irregularities are investigated by the PSC, and reports containing findings with regard to compliance to norms and standards and recommended corrective action are issued to Executive Authorities. These reports do not only provide valuable information to Parliament and Provincial Legislatures in performing their oversight responsibilities, but also serve as vehicles through which best practice is promoted in the Public Service.

In order to ensure consistency and a uniform approach by all investigating officers, Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for the handling of complaints lodged with the PSC have been developed during the previous reporting period. In an effort to meet the planned annual targets relating to the number of finalised public administration investigations, the SOPs are reviewed and amended on a continuous basis to accommodate changing demands and revised processes. In addition, an Accountability Framework was developed and implemented with the aim of, amongst others, improving the efficiency and effectiveness of the handling of complaints, thereby expediting the finalisation of complaints received and investigated by the PSC.

In adherence to its constitutional mandate, the PSC continued to actively pursue the promotion of good governance and the promotion of professional ethical conduct of public servants by conducting investigations into personnel and public administration practices. Mechanisms at the disposal of complainants, for example members of the public, public servants and whistle-blowers) wishing to lodge complaints with the PSC, include completing Annexure A of the PSC Rules on Conducting Investigations, submission through letters and emails to the PSC, and contacting the NACH Call Centre telephonically or verbally in person (i.e. walkins). In addition, and with due regard to the Memoranda of Understanding entered into with institutions such as the Public Protector and Auditor-General, matters are also referred to the PSC by such institutions. Furthermore, per its constitutional mandate, the PSC also conducts personnel and public administration investigations of its own accord.

As at 31 March 2023, there were 430 complaints on the database, of which 293 (68%) were finalised and the remaining 137 cases (31%) were in progress. From the 293 finalised complaints, 263 (90%) were finalised within 90 working days upon receipt of all relevant information.

During the reporting period, the complexity of investigations intensified whilst the capacity of investigating officers was negatively impacted by having to defend challenged reports or provide evidence during disciplinary hearings, as well as prepare for audit processes. However, due to the dedication and effective and efficient performance of duty by the investigating officers, the PSC exceeded its performance targets. A year-on-year comparative analysis of the achievement of the annual performance targets in respect of the finalisation of investigations is as follows:



Figure 3: Comparative analysis of the achievement of annual targets

Figure 4 below reflects that the total number of complaints handled in the 2022/2023 financial year (430) is 5% higher as compared to those handled in the 2021/2022 financial year (410). Out of the 430 complaints handled in the 2022/2023 financial year, the PSC finalised 293 (68%) cases and the remaining 137 (31%) cases were pending as at 31 March 2023. From the 293 finalised cases, a total of 263 (90%) were finalised within 90 working days upon receipt of all relevant information. The steady increase in the number of complaints finalised during the previous five years is ascribed to effective investigation protocols followed, dedicated investigating officers and the fact that the annual APP targets have been revised. The APP for the 2022/23 financial year was subsequently strengthened to ensure complaints are finalised within a shorter period (90 working days) to improve service delivery.



Furthermore, 231 of the 430 complaints reported in the 2022/23 financial year are related to personnel practices (i.e. functions and activities executed to provide a service to employees such as recruitment, selection, appointment, transfer and other career management objectives aimed at enhancing the well-being and effectiveness of public servants), whilst the remaining 199 complaints relate to Public Administration Practices (i.e. functions and activities executed to provide effective and efficient services such as financial management, Supply Chain Management (SCM) processes and service delivery).

Emanating from investigations into the regularity of appointments, and in instances where allegations were found to be substantiated, the PSC made recommendations to Executive Authorities to facilitate the institution of disciplinary action and / or to approach the courts to rectify such irregular appointments. As a result, a number of applications have been made to the courts to set aside irregular appointments and investigating officers of the PSC have been requested to testify in disciplinary hearings.

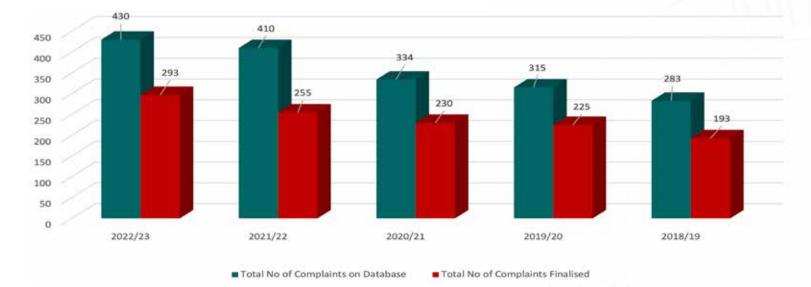


Figure 4: Number of complaints handled in 2022/23 relating to Personnel and Public Administration Practices

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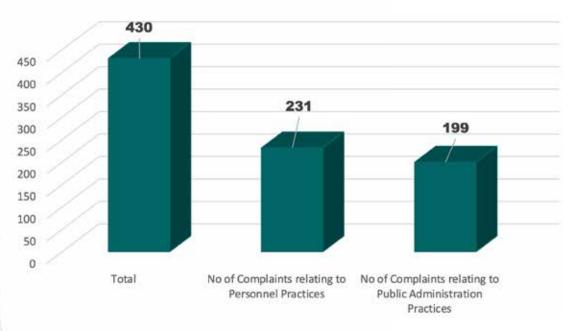


Figure 5: Number of complaints handled in 2022/23 relating to Personnel and Public Administration Practices, respectively

Resulting from investigations finalised and recommendations issued by the PSC, during the 2022/23 financial year:

- the PSC was involved in a number of disciplinary and legal proceedings at departments as witnesses;
- a number of service delivery related matters were resolved, including assisting complainants receive Unemployment Insurance Fund pay-outs;
- the importance of adhering to the Public Service's regulatory framework when executing administrative duties was emphasized;
- · employees were made aware that unethical conduct has implications; and
- efficiency and effectiveness of service delivery, as well as a high standard of professional ethics in the Public Service, was improved through consequence management.

Furthermore, during the 2022/23 financial year, the PSC conducted a comprehensive review into the handling of complaints, and tabled a report with Parliament.

The **Sub-programme: Professional Ethics** is responsible for the monitoring of the ethics frameworks and management of integrity systems including the conducting of research on the effectiveness of ethics as part of promoting ethics in the Public Service.

The PSC has continued to monitor the implementation of the Financial Disclosure Framework and manage the anti-corruption system designed to promote and strengthen integrity in the Public Service. This entails the management of conflicts of interest through financial disclosures by senior manages. At the end of 2021/22 financial year, the Public Service had **9755** SMS members who were expected to disclose their financial interests to their respective HoDs and EAs. A total of **9630** (**98.7%**) out of the **9755** SMS members complied with the requirement to disclose their financial interest by the due date of 30 April 2022 to their respective HoDs and EAs. The total number of financial disclosure forms that the PSC received as at the due date of 31 May 2022 was **9337**. A comparison of the overall submissions by the national and provincial departments indicated a consistent lack of compliance to achieving a 100% submission rate over the past five financial years. The submission rate over the past five (**5**) financial years is illustrated in **Table 16** and

Figure 6 below:

Table 16: Trends analysis of submission of financial disclosure forms

| Financial Year | No. of Senior Management Services Members | No. of financial disclosure forms received by PSC as at the due date of 31 May | No. of financial disclosure forms not received by the PSC as at the due date of 31 May | Percentage of forms received by the PSC as at the due date of 31 May |
|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| 2021/2022 | 9755 | 9337 | 418 | 96% |
| 2020/2021 | 9899 | 9690 | 209 | 98% |
| 2019/2020 | 10032 | 9792 | 240 | 98% |
| 2018/2019 | 10135 | 9834 | 301 | 97% |
| 2017/2018 | 10242 | 9713 | 529 | 95% |

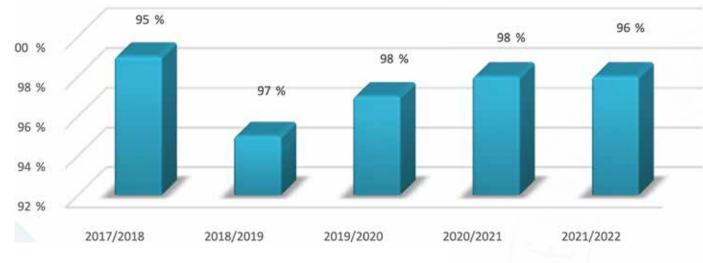


Figure 6: Trends analysis on submission of financial disclosure forms

The **Figure** above shows that for the 2021/2022 reporting period, the PSC recorded **96%** submission rate by the due date. A marginal decrease of **2** percentage point compared to **98%** that was recorded during 2019/2020 and 2020/2021 financial years as compared to the increase recorded between 2017/2018 and 2020/2021 reporting periods. The decline in 2021/22 was as a result of EAs and HoDs not releasing the forms to the PSC, despite the fact that the relevant SMS members had disclosed their financial interests on time.

A process of sending text messages through the Short Message System (SMS) was introduced to improve compliance levels to 100% submission rate.

Verification of the financial disclosure forms revealed SMS members who failed to disclose their interests in private and public companies. This is in contravention of Regulation 19 of the Public Service Regulations (PSR). The extent of non-disclosure of directorships in companies is shown in Table 17 below.

| | Non-Disclosure Of Directorships / Companies | | | | Number of SMS | Number of SMS Members | Percentage of SMS Members |
|--|---|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | DGS / HODS | DEPUTY DIRECTORS- GENERAL | CHIEF DIRECTORS | DIRECTORS | Members Who Are Repeat Offenders | Who Did Not Disclose Directorships In Companies in 2021/2022 | Who Did Not Disclose Directorships in Companies in 2021/2022 |
| National Departments including National Government Components | 4 | 24 | 70 | 256 | 0 | 354 | 6.1% |
| Eastern Cape | 1 | 0 | 7 | 31 | 0 | 39 | 6.4% |
| Free State | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 6 | 10.5% |
| Gauteng | 2 | 6 | 13 | 37 | 11 | 58 | 27% |
| KwaZulu-Natal | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 13 | 2.1% |
| Limpopo | 1 | 1 | 5 | 10 | 0 | 17 | 3.9% |
| Mpumalanga | 1 | 0 | 4 | 8 | 0 | 13 | 4.5% |
| Northern Cape | 1 | 0 | 3 | 13 | 0 | 17 | 7.5% |
| North West | 0 | 0 | 5 | 26 | 15 | 31 | 9.5% |
| Western Cape | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 9.7% |
| OVERALL TOTAL FOR PROVINCES | 7 | 7 | 41 | 145 | 27 | 200 | 5.0% |
| GRAND TOTAL | 11 | 31 | 111 | 391 | 27 | 554 | 5.6% |

Table 17: The extent of non-disclosure of directorship in companies in respect of the 2021/2022 financial year

During the period under review, a total of **554** SMS members (**354** from national departments including national government components and **200** from provincial departments) did not disclose their directorships or interest in companies. This is in contravention of Regulation 19 of the PSR. Among these were four (**4**) Directors-General (DGs) in national departments and seven (**7**) HoDs in provincial departments.

There were twenty-seven (27) SMS members identified as repeat offenders in provincial departments, as they did not disclose their directorships in companies for more than one year in succession. These SMS members were found in Gauteng (11), North West (15) and Western Cape (1). The PSC is of the view that harsher disciplinary action must be taken against these SMS members, in order to deter them from continuing to ignore their obligation to comply fully with the applicable prescripts.

| | Ca | ases of Potential | Conflicts of Inter | est | Cases of SMS Members with potential | Percentage of SMS Members with potential conflicts of interest identified in 2021/2022 Financial Year | |
|---|-----------|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|---|--|
| | DGs/ HoDs | DEPUTY DIRECTORS- GENERAL | CHIEF DIRECTORS | DIRECTORS | conflicts of interest identified in 2021/2022 financial year | | |
| National Departments including National Government Components | 14 | 49 | 143 | 650 | 846 | 15% | |
| Eastern Cape | 0 | 2 | 6 | 22 | 30 | 5 | |
| Free State | 1 | 0 | 5 | 31 | 37 | 6% | |
| Gauteng | 9 | 18 | 45 | 141 | 213 | 28% | |
| KwaZulu-Natal | 0 | 0 | 1 | 12 | 13 | 2% | |
| Limpopo | 3 | 4 | 26 | 63 | 96 | 22% | |
| Mpumalanga | 2 | 0 | 6 | 19 | 27 | 9% | |
| Northern Cape | 0 | 4 | 2 | 32 | 38 | 17% | |
| North West | 5 | 2 | 17 | 82 | 106 | 33% | |
| Western Cape | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0.8 | |
| OVERALL TOTAL FOR PROVINCES | 20 | 30 | 108 | 405 | 563 | 14% | |
| GRAND TOTAL | 34 | 79 | 251 | 1 055 | 1 409 | 14% | |

Table 18. Number of cases of potential conflicts of interest identified

The above table shows that 1409 (14%) SMS members were involved in activities that could be construed as posing potential conflicts of interest. Eight hundred and forty-six (846) of these SMS members are from the national departments including national government components and 563 are from provincial departments. Out of the 1409 SMS members, 34 are HoD, 14 are Directors-General and twenty (20) are heads of provincial departments in the Free State (1), Gauteng (9), Limpopo (3), Mpumalanga (2) and North West (5).

Complaints lodged with the PSC through the NACH during the 2022/2023 financial year

The PSC has been assigned by Cabinet to house the National Anti-Corruption Hotline (NACH). The NACH provides members of the public with an opportunity to blow the whistle on corruption anonymously. When employees feel safe to report misconduct, it is usually indicative of a strong ethical culture, while the remaining silent indicates a weak ethical culture. The PSC encourages a safe reporting culture through the use of the following mechanisms:

- Telephonically with the NACH Call Centre at 0800 701 701.
- Walk-in at any of the National or Provincial Offices of the PSC the physical addresses are available on the PSC's website at www.psc.gov.za.
- Via the PSC's website (www.psc.gov.za) the contact details of the National Office / Provincial Offices are also available on the PSC's website.

An effective whistleblowing system creates a culture of trust. Being able to raise concerns confidently or anonymously, and seeing that their concerns are attended to, results in employees building confidence that their concerns and discomfort will be addressed. In this respect, whistle-blowers should provide information that is definite, complete and consistent to prove the allegations. The following is the guideline on how the information could be reported to the NACH:

- Who committed the wrongdoing (Department, person, organization, description, etc.)?
- What exactly did the individual or entity do?
- Where did the alleged activity take place (address)?
- When did the alleged activity take place?
- The extent of the involvement of the individuals and how were the individuals able to perform the alleged activity?
- Do you know why the person committed the wrongdoing?
- Witnesses, if any, who can verify the allegations?

In the 2022/2023 financial year, a total of **2118** complaints were lodged with the NACH. Of the **2118** complaints lodged, **1940** complaints were lodged through the Call Centre and **153** complaints were lodged through email, **1** through fax, **7** through post, **3** through website and **14** through walk-ins. The breakdown of these complaints is shown in **Table 18** below. The bulk of these complaints (**1341**) relate to social grant fraud involving social relief of distress grant, pension, disability and child support grant fraud committed by members of the public. The financial implication in the occurrences of social grant fraud is that the actual beneficiary who qualified to receive the grant suffers. Therefore, SASSA must strengthen its internal controls in the management of social grants.

| | | | First Quarter (415) | | Seco | Second Quarter (324) | | Third Quarter (611) | | Fourth Quarter (768) | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|--------|----------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|----------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| No. | Provinces | Apr-22 | May-22 | Jun-22 | Jul-22 | Aug-22 | Sep-22 | Oct-22 | Nov-22 | Dec-22 | Jan-23 | Feb-23 | Mar-23 | TOTAL |
| 1 | Eastern Cape | 1 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 22 |
| 2 | Free State | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 10 |
| 3 | Gauteng | 9 | 13 | 9 | 5 | 6 | 18 | 11 | 12 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 101 |
| 4 | KZN | 1 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 27 |
| 5 | Limpopo | 1 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 24 |
| 6 | Mpumalanga | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 21 |
| 7 | North West | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 22 |
| 8 | Northern Cape | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| 9 | Western Cape | 5 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 23 |
| 10 | Public Entity | 62 | 96 | 53 | 25 | 33 | 62 | 105 | 143 | 157 | 201 | 179 | 249 | 1365 |
| 11 | National Departments | 33 | 53 | 31 | 20 | 48 | 75 | 52 | 43 | 36 | 27 | 37 | 43 | 498 |
| 12 | Grand TOTAL | 125 | 179 | 111 | 60 | 95 | 169 | 191 | 212 | 208 | 238 | 228 | 302 | 2118 |

Table 19: Complaints reported through the NACH during the 2022/2023 financial year

The NACH provides for the reporting of complaints by anonymous whistleblowers and identified whistle-blowers. Of the whistle-blowers who have reported complaints through the NACH during the 2022/2023 financial year, 1573 (74%) out of 2118 whistle-blowers provided their contact details while 545 (26%) preferred to remain anonymous. There has been a notable change in the reporting trends as more whistle-blowers are now opting to provide their details compared to the previous financial years where the majority of whistle-blowers chose to remain anonymous. This may be due to increased awareness of legislation relating to the protection of whistle-blowers such as the Protected Disclosures Act, 2000, thus instilling confidence in the process and outcomes of blowing the whistle. In South Africa the Protected Disclosures Act of 2000 makes provision for procedures in terms of which employees in both the public and private sector who disclose information of unlawful or corrupt conduct by their employers or fellow employees, are protected from occupational detriment. The purpose of the Act is to encourage honest employees to raise their concerns and report wrongdoing within the workplace without fear.

Complaints reported through the NACH from 01 September 2004 to 31 March 2023

The NACH received the lowest number (602) of cases during its inception financial year, 2004/05 compared with the rest of the period up to 31 March 2023. This represents 2.6% of the total number of cases received for the period 01 September 2004 to 31 March 2023, and was the lowest as the NACH was only implemented in the middle of the year.

There was a threefold increase in the number of cases reported thorugh the NACH in the period from 2004/05 to 2008/09, with cases rising from 602 to **1857 (8%)**.

The next period, 2008/09 to 2012/13 saw a drop in the number of cases from 1857 to **1063 (4.5%)**. This prompted a massive marketing drive (through radio, television, newspapers, billboards, pamphlets, buses and taxis at a cost of R5 million) of the NACH during March 2013 and March 2014, resulting in a sharp increase to **2160 (10%)** cases reported by the 2013/14 financial year. There was a slight drop in the number of cases in the years 2014/15 **(1612)** and 2015/16 **(1547)**, followed by an increase to **1856 (8%)** in 2016/17 due to continued marketing.

As from 01 April 2017, the NACH changed from 24-hours, outsourced operations to being managed in-house from 08h00 to 16h30. Consequently, a decrease in the number of cases was reported for the 2017/18 financial year, at only **886 (4%)** cases. Nevertheless, the next two financial years, 2018/19 and 2019/20 recorded

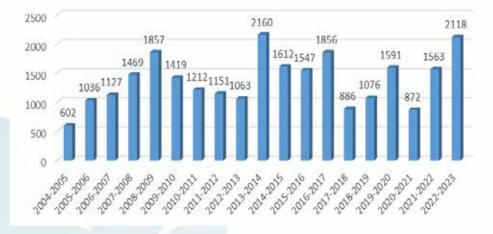
increased numbers at 1076 (5%) and 1591 (7%) respectively.



Commemoration of the 2022 International Anti-Corruption Day

In March 2020, the country was hit by the Corona Virus of 2019 (Covid-19) and the national lockdown. This adversely affected the operations of the NACH and, as a result the number of cases dropped significantly to **872 (4%)** by the 2020/21 financial year.

Media reports on State Capture Commission's investigation on alleged corruption as well as the Special Investigation Unit investigation into the procurement of Personal Protection Equipment (PPEs) had a positive effect on the reporting of cases through the NACH in 2021/22, as the number increased to **1563 (6%)**. A further increase to **2118 (7%)** by the end of 2022/23 was observed, mainly attributed to complaints relating to social relief of distress grant.



Complaints lodged with the NACH from 01 September 2004 to 31 March 2023

Complaints lodged with the NACH from 01 September 2004 to 31 March 2023



Figure 7: Complaints received since the inception of the NACH in September 2004 to 31 March 2023

Research projects and engagements on professional ethics undertaken during the financial year 2022/23

The PSC concluded a three-year research project that commenced in 2019/20, focusing on "the assessment of the extent of leadership commitment by Heads of Departments and Executive Authorities in promoting ethics within the public service". It engaged ten (10) departments as part of providing feedback. A seminar was also hosted in April 2022, focusing on the outcome of the 'Judicial Commission of Inquiry into Allegations of State Capture, Corruption and Fraud in the Public Sector including Organs of State.'

The PSC conducted four (4) engagements on professional ethics, as part of promoting the ethics frameworks within the public service. In December 2022 the PSC hosted a two-day conference during the International Anti-Corruption Commemoration Day (IACD), under the theme, "The Cost of Failure of Governance and Ethics in the Public Service: Response to the Judicial Commission of Inquiry into Allegations of State Capture, Corruption and Fraud in the Public Sector including Organs of State." A report was developed and shared with the relevant stakeholder like the Anti-Corruption Task Team.

Strategy to overcome areas of under performance

All targets outlined in the APP were delivered and exceeded

Table 20: Linking performance with budgets

| | | 2022/23 | | 2021/2022 | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | Final Appropriation | Actual Expenditure | (Over)/Under Expenditure | Final Appropriation | Actual Expenditure | (Over)/Under Expenditure | |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | |
| Public Administration Investigation | 12,113 | 11,178 | 935 | 11,672 | 9,517 | 2,155 | |
| Professional Ethics | 22,321 | 20,474 | 1,847 | 21,563 | 20,404 | 1,159 | |
| Programme Manager: IAC | 26,640 | 25,485 | 1,155 | 24,437 | 22,507 | 1,930 | |
| Total | 61,074 | 57,136 | 3,938 | 57,672 | 52,428 | 5,244 | |

5. TRANSFER OF PAYMENTS

5.1 TRANSFER PAYMENTS TO PUBLIC ENTITIES

There were no transfer payments to public entities.

5.2 TRANSFER PAYMENTS TO ORGANISATIONS OTHER THAN PUBLIC ENTITIES

There were no transfer payments to other organisations other than public entities.

6. CONDITIONAL GRANTS

6.1 CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND EARMARKED FUNDS PAID

There were no conditional grants and earmarked funds paid.

6.2 CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND EARMARKED FUNDS RECEIVED

There were no conditional grants and earmarked funds received.

7. DONOR FUNDS

No donor funding was received by the PSC during the period under review.

8. CAPITAL INVESTMENT

8.1 CAPITAL INVESTMENT, MAINTENANCE AND ASSET MANAGEMENT PLAN

During the reporting period, no infrastructure projects were done, and there were no plans to close down or downgrade any of the current facilities. There were no day-to-day and major maintenance projects undertaken or maintenance backlog experienced.

All official assets of the PSC were captured in the Asset Register in accordance with the minimum requirements as set by National Treasury and the two bi-annual assets verification conducted.





Chief Justice Raymond Zondo and Professor Fikeni during the signing of the Anti-Corruption Pledge

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION VOTE NO.12 ANNUAL REPORT 2022/23

PART C: GOVERNANCE

PART C: GOVERNANCE

1. INTRODUCTION

In terms of the provisions of the PFMA, the PSC developed and implemented effective, efficient and transparent systems of financial and risk management and internal control and maintains a system of internal audit under the control and direction of an Audit Committee, complying with and operating in accordance with relevant regulations.

The governance structures that are central to the functionality of the PSC are the following: Plenary, Executive Committee, Specialist Teams, IT Strategic Committee, Audit Committee, Executive Management Committee, Ethics and Risk Management Committee, Information Technology Steering Committee, Budget Committee and supply chain structures such as the Bid Evaluation Committee and Bid Adjudication Committee. In addition, there is a supplementary structure, the Management Committee, established to facilitate operational performance reporting, information sharing and coordination between management and staff.

2. RISK MANAGEMENT

The PSC has a Risk Management Framework that includes a Risk Management Policy and Strategy, Risk Appetite Statement and Risk Management Implementation Plan, which were reviewed during the financial year. The risk management process is aligned to the strategic planning process of the PSC. The PSC held its Strategic Planning Session in September 2022 and identified strategic risks. The Strategic Risk Register was maintained and presented to the PSC Plenary meetings and the Audit Committee on a quarterly basis.

The Ethics and Risk Management Committee was chaired by the Deputy Director-General: Integrity and Anti-Corruption, and oversees the execution of the Risk Management Implementation Plan. All the critical issues that arise from the Committee meetings are escalated and brought to the attention of the Accounting Officer on a regular basis. Each of the Branches in the Office has a Risk Coordinator to reflect joint ownership of risk management responsibilities. The Risk Coordinators are responsible for ensuring that the Risk Registers are discussed at Branch meetings, risk-mitigating strategies/plans to manage and keep risks at an acceptable level are developed, new and emerging risks are identified and reflected in the risk registers. The Audit Committee advises the PSC on risk management and independently monitors the effectiveness of the system of risk management. The PSC provides the Audit Committee with regular reports on the status of risk management.

3. FRAUD AND CORRUPTION

The Ethics and Risk Management Committee oversees the institutionalising of ethics and integrity within the PSC. Two (2) senior managers were designated as ethics officers, in compliance with Chapter 2 of the PSR, 2016. The PSC focuses strongly on ethics and fraud awareness, and is committed to a zero-tolerance approach to fraud and corruption. It has an approved Ethics Management and Fraud Prevention Plan that includes Whistle-Blowing Guidelines. The Guidelines are intended to encourage and provide employees with a mechanism to raise concerns about fraud and corruption within the PSC rather than overlooking such problems or "blowing the whistle" outside. The Guidelines provide steps for reporting within the PSC (e.g. DG and EA), to the NACH and Audit Committee. In addition, a Whistle-Blowing Log is maintained to keep a record of cases of fraud and corruption the various access mechanisms. The Ethics and Risk Management and Fraud Prevention Plan.

4. MINIMISING CONFLICT OF INTEREST

Senior Management Service

As at 30 April 2022, there were 46 SMS members on the staff establishment of the OPSC, and all submitted their financial disclosure forms by the due date. Therefore, the OPSC had a 100% compliance rate. The Executive Authority signed off the report on the scrutiny of financial disclosures of SMS members on 23 August 2022.

Implementation of MPSA Directive in respect of other designated employees

The OPSC has 30 employees classified as "other designated employees", appointed at Salary Levels 9 and 10, and all submitted their financial disclosure forms by the due date. This translates to a 100% compliance rate. The Accounting Officer signed off the report on the scrutiny of financial disclosures of other designated employees on 14 September 2022.

The Gifts Register was scrutinised for actual or potential conflicts of interest and all

employees in the OPSC are required to request permission from the EA or DG (as delegated authority) before they receive or accept any gift to the cumulative value of R350 per year.

All employees are supposed to apply for permission to perform other remunerative work outside the Public Service when they contemplate doing so. As at 31 March 2023, sixteen (16) employees had permission to perform remunerative work outside the Public Service.

Members of different committees responsible for SCM had to declare and sign a declaration of interests form during their committee meetings. They also undertook to adhere to the requirements of the code of conduct for bid adjudication committees. SCM Practitioners were issued with a Code of Conduct for SCM Practitioners and are required to sign the Code of Conduct Form for SCM Practitioners.

5. CODE OF CONDUCT

The Code of Conduct for the Public Service is a guiding document for the good conduct of employees in the OPSC. During the period under review, workshops on the Code of Conduct were facilitated, and employees, through the signing of an agreement, confirmed that they have appraised themselves of the content of the Code.

The OPSC complies with the Code in that it enforces the Code of Conduct. The Disciplinary Code and Procedures for the Public Service applY to instances of non-compliance or a breach of the Code of Conduct.

6. HEALTH SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

The PSC has a Committee that is responsible for Occupational, Health and Safety (OHS) issues and there is an approved OHS Policy in place. The PSC believes that a safe and hazard free working environment is one of the most important factors in promoting the commitment and unquestionable performance of employees.

7. PORTFOLIO COMMITTEES

There were no issues on the PSC's performance or functioning that were raised by any Portfolio Committee during the 2022/23 financial year. During the 2022 Budgeting Review and Recommendation Report process, the Portfolio Committee on Public Service and Administration made recommendations in respect of the PSC. These recommendations were adopted by the National Assembly and became House Resolutions that required the PSC to respond to:

Table 1: Portfolio Committee Resolutions

| PARLIAMENT RESOLUTIONS / RECOMMENDATIONS | COMMENT |
|--|--|
| The Public Service Commission should speed up | The Public Service Commission Act of 1997 is to be repealed and replaced by a new Act with the following amendments: |
| the finalisation of the legislative reform project, which seeks to allow the institution to be supported by the Secretariat independent of the Executive | • The PSC is to establish a secretariat to replace the Office of the Public Service Commission (OPSC). This is to ensure that the PSC executes its mandate fully as an independent and impartial constitutional entity. |
| in order to strengthen the Commission, especially when the Commission has acquired back the status | • The OPSC should be removed as a government department in terms of the Public Service Act of 1994, and moved through a function shift to the PSC as a PSC Secretariat established in terms of the Public Service Commission Act. |
| of a fully-fledged budget vote. | • Reinforce the PSC mandate in terms of local government and public entities in line with section 196(2) of the Constitution. |
| | • The PSC needs to fast-track the establishment of the PSC Secretariat. The PSC staff are employees of the PSC. A request can be made, through the MPSA, that a proclamation is issued by the President to establish the OPSC as the Secretariat to the Public Service Commission. |
| | • The sixth draft of the PSC Bill was finalised and the process of gazetting the Bill should be fast-tracked once Cabinet has made a decision. |
| | The PSC Bill will be immediately presented and discussed with other stakeholders such as the Minister of Local Government and Traditional Affairs and the South African Local Government Association. |
| | As a parallel process, the function shift of the OPSC to the PSC as its secretariat may be implemented once a proclamation is signed by the President and published. |
| | Milestones achieved to date: |
| | • Business Case for the PSC Bill was finalised in 2020. The various drafts of the PSC Bill underwent a thorough consultation process with various stakeholders and internal staff. Inputs received from stakeholders were built into the sixth draft of the PSC Bill, 2022. |
| | • The sixth draft PSC Bill was finalised and supported by the Chief State Law Advisor in March 2022. |
| | • The Socio-Economic Impact Assessment (SEIAS) of the PSC Bill was drafted and supported by the DPME in May 2022. |
| | The Cabinet Memorandum and Explanatory Memorandum, the PSC Bill, and SEIAS was submitted to the MPSA for support and submission to Cabinet and Cabinet Cluster in August 2022. |
| | The Bill was presented to FOSAD during November 2022. FOSAD supported it and recommended that SALGA should also be engaged on the Bill. |
| | The Bill was presented and approved by the Cabinet Committee on 16 May 2023 for publication for purposes of public comment. |

| PARLIAMENT RESOLUTIONS / RECOMMENDATIONS | COMMENT | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| The PSC should consult with the Speakers of the Provincial Legislatures on a continuous basis to | The Public Service Commission, through the Chairperson, has engaged with the following Legislatures regarding the appointment of Commissioners or the renewal of terms of Commissioners: | | | | | |
| discuss the work of the PSC and the fast-tracking of appointments of Commissioners within a required | North-West Provincial Legislature (Renewal of the term) | | | | | |
| timeframe per section 3(2) of the Public Service | Western Cape Provincial Legislature (Renewal of the term) | | | | | |
| Commission Act, 1997. | Mpumalanga Provincial Legislature (Advertising of post) | | | | | |
| | The Chairperson attended meetings with the Speaker as well as the Premier of Mpumalanga on different occasions during October and November 2022 to request that the vacant post be filled as soon as possible. | | | | | |
| | There are currently three vacant posts for Commissioners: | | | | | |
| | North West Province (Recruitment and selection underway) | | | | | |
| | Mpumalanga (Recruitment and selection underway) | | | | | |
| | National (Recruitment and selection underway) | | | | | |
| The PSC should review its organisational structure | The process to review the PSC organisational structure is underway. | | | | | |
| with the intention of strengthening capacity in the provincial offices in order to cover a wide spectrum | In the meantime, the capacity of the provincial offices has been increased by means of the appointment of two Interns per provincial office (except Mpumalanga where one Intern was appointed). | | | | | |
| of provincial departments as well as make an impact on the citizens in the provinces. | Additional capacity to the establishment will also be sourced by means of creating four Assistant Director posts per provincial office, as an interim measure. | | | | | |
| The PSC should, through its service delivery inspections, expand its reach of monitoring | • The PSC conducted unannounced inspections at facilities of the Department of Home Affairs (DHA) following numerous reports of long queues and inadequate service delivery. | | | | | |
| government facilities in all sectors in the semi-rural and rural provinces. There are various government departments' facilities that require extensive | • The inspections were conducted at 57 DHA facilities across the nine provinces, with specific attention focused on rural, semi-rural, and urban aeas, as well as the prevalence of similar challenges. This approach was useful as it provided the most representative picture of the daily operations and practices at the service delivery site on that day. | | | | | |
| monitoring in order to deliver effective and quality services to the citizens. | • The inspections entailed making observations of the operations and obtaining evidence on the extent to which services were accessible and modernised. This method enabled the PSC to have a first-hand account of the nature of service delivery and customer experience at each site. | | | | | |
| | • The PSC recently completed inspections in the SAPS Forensic Science Laboratories (FSLs) focused on the effectiveness and efficiency of the FSLs in dealing with the backlogs to improve service delivery relating to the Criminal Justice System. | | | | | |
| | • Citizens Forums (CFs) is a process that involves government at all levels, working with citizens to identify service delivery challenges and propose practical measures to unlock blockages towards improved service delivery. Nine Citizens Forums were conducted across the country, with one in each province. | | | | | |

Over the years, the PSC has played a key role in enabling Parliament to exercise its political oversight role over. In this regard the PSC provided evidence-based research findings and recommendations, thereby assisting the Parliamentary Portfolio Committees to hold the Executive accountable. During the 2022/23 financial year, the PSC interacted and briefed Parliament and Provincial Legislatures Committees on 67 occasions (13 times in the National Parliament and 54 times in Provincial Legislatures).

8. SCOPA RESOLUTIONS

There were no issues raised by the SCOPA.

9. PRIOR MODIFICATIONS TO AUDIT REPORTS

There were no prior modifications to the audit report for the period under review.

10. INTERNAL CONTROL UNIT

The PSC has effective and efficient systems of financial, risk management and internal controls, as required in terms of section 38 of the PFMA. However due to budgetary constraints, the PSC does not have an internal control unit, and as a result the internal audit function has been outsourced to Lunika (consulting company) during the 2022/23 financial year.

11. INTERNAL AUDIT AND AUDIT COMMITTEES

As required by the PFMA (1999) and the Treasury Regulations (TR) (2005), the PSC has established an Internal Audit function, which is outsourced, and the Audit Committee. The Internal Audit and Audit Committee functions are implemented in line with the approved Internal Audit and Audit Committee Charters, respectively. The Charters, which are reviewed annually, spell out the roles and responsibilities of the respective structures in ensuring that the PSC maintains effective, efficient and transparent systems of financial, risk management, and internal control. During 2022/23, the PSC Audit Committee comprised of four (4) independent members, appointed in terms of the PSC Audit Committee Charter. The members' details and attendance of meetings are reflected in Table 2 below. The two (2) members of the Audit Committee whose term of office that was to end, had their terms extended for a period of 9 and 6 months respectively.

Table 2: Audit Committee Members & Meeting Attendance

| Name | Qualifications | Internal/External | Contract Start Date | Contract Evolution Date | Meetings Attended | | | | Total | |
|---------------|--|-------------------|---|---|-------------------|---|---|---|-------|--|
| Name | Quanneations | internai/Externai | Contract Start Date | Contract Expiry Date | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | IOtal | |
| Mr L Mere | B Com (Acc); MBA | External | Initially started 25 March 2022 | Initially ended 10 Nov 2022 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4/4 | |
| | | | Extended to continue from 11 Nov 2022 | Extended to end by 31 Aug 2023 | | | | | | |
| Ms LM Mtshali | LLB, Dip: Corporate Law | External | Initially started 01 Feb 2020 Extended to continue from 01-Feb-2023 | Initially ended 31 Jan 2023 Extended to end by 31-Jul-23 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4/4 | |
| Mr A Latchu | BSc (IT), HSc, MSc, Dip, MCSE, MCSD, MCDBA, MCSA | External | 01-Mar-2022 | 28-Feb-25 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4/4 | |
| Ms TD Ndlovu | B Com (Acc), Hons in BAC, | External | 01-Mar-2022 | 28-Feb-25 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4/4 | |

12. AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

As Chairperson of the Audit Committee, it is my pleasure to present our report for the financial year ended 31 March 2023.

Audit Committee Responsibility

The Audit Committee Report has been compiled in accordance with Section 38(1) (a) (ii) of the PFMA and Treasury Regulations 3.1.13. The Audit Committee confirms that it has adopted appropriate formal Terms of Reference in its Audit Committee Charter, has regulated its affairs in compliance with this Charter and discharged all its responsibilities as contained therein, except that we have not reviewed changes in accounting policies and practices.

Internal Audit

The purpose of the Internal Audit of the PSC is to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of governance, risk management and control processes and structures within the PSC. This has provided the PSC, the Accounting Officer and senior management with assurance that assisted in fulfilling their duties to the organisation and its stakeholders.

The Internal Audit performed a number of audits, and the AC has reviewed their work, which was based on the risk assessments conducted in the PSC. The weaknesses and deficiencies that were brought to the attention of the Accounting Officer and senior management were supported with remedial and corrective actions with set timelines and action owners. The work of the Internal Auditors and its reports are first tabled to senior management, followed by the Director-General and finally to the Audit Committee. The PSC has shown commitment to continuously address all the internal control weaknesses once these were brought to the attention of the Accounting Officer and senior management. An Audit Tracking Schedule had been introduced to track management action to address both internal and external audit findings and these have helped the PSC to strengthen its mechanisms to address internal control deficiencies and strengthen internal controls within the PSC.

During the 2022/23 financial year, the internal auditors completed the following activities and reviews and was approved by the Audit Committee:

- OPSC Internal Audit Plan 2022/23 Financial Year
- Financial Controls Review
- 2021/22 Annual Financial Statements
- SCM Review

- Quarterly Audit of Predetermined Objectives (AOPI) Reviews (Q3 & Q4 of 2021/22 Financial Year and Quarterly Performance Reports for the 2022/23 Financial Year)
- 2023/24 Annual Performance Plan Review
- Information Technology Review (General Control Review)
- Information Technology Review (Assessment of the IGCMS and NACH)
- People management (Human Resources) review
- Operational Review: Integrity & Anti-Corruption
- Review of Internal Audit & Audit Committee Charters
- Internal Audit Quarterly Progress Report

The following Ad-hoc reviews were performed:

- African Assocation of Public Service Commissions (AAPSCom) Annual Financial Statements Review
- Overpayment Review

From the reviews conducted by Internal Audit, four (4) reports required improvements. These related to the two (2) Audit of Predetermined Objectives review, the financial control review and the Operational Review relating to Leadership & Management Practices. The Supply Chain Management review was a satisfactory outcome. In addition, the Information Technology reviews was rated as unsatisfactory due to a number of key control breakdowns within the general control environment and is being prioritised as a matter of urgency by the PSC management. The findings identified by both the Internal and External audits are being tracked in the Audit Tracking Schedule to ensure that these findings are addressed. Except for the results of the Information Technology audit, there were no major areas of concern that were identified based on the work performed by the internal auditors. The system of internal control and the concomitant control environment within the PSC was reasonably effective as the various reports of the AGSA and Internal Audit will attest.

In Year Management and Monthly / Quarterly Report

During the period under review, the PSC has been reporting monthly and quarterly to the National Treasury as required by the PFMA. Furthermore, the Audit Committee has been reviewing the financial statements and performance on a quarterly basis.

Evaluation of Financial Statements

We have reviewed the Annual Financial Statements prepared by the PSC, which the internal auditors reviewed firstly before these were tabled with the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee would like to acknowledge the dedication and hard work performed by the PSC, the Accounting Officer, senior management and employees. Furthermore, the Audit Committee wishes to express its appreciation to the Accounting Officer, management of the Office, the AGSA and the Internal Auditors (Lunika) for their co-operation, dedication and for the information they have provided to enable us to compile this report.

CHAIRPERSON OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

13. B-BBEE COMPLIANCE PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

The following table has been completed in accordance with the compliance to the B-BBEE requirements of the B-BBEE Act of 2013 and as determined by the Department of Trade and Industry.

Table 3: B-BBEE Compliance

| Has the PSC applied any relevant Code of Good Practice (B-BBEE Certificate Levels 1 – 8) with regards to the following: | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Criteria | Response Yes / No | Discussion | | | | | | | |
| Determining qualification criteria for the issuing of licences, concessions or other authorisations in respect of economic activity in terms of any law? | No | This is not applicable to the PSC | | | | | | | |
| Developing and implementing a preferential procurement policy? | No | The PSC implements the preferential procurement policy developed by the National Treasury | | | | | | | |
| Determining qualification criteria for the sale of state-owned enterprises? | No | This is not applicable to the PSC | | | | | | | |
| Developing criteria for entering into partnerships with the private sector? | No | This is not applicable to the PSC | | | | | | | |
| Determining criteria for the awarding of incentives, grants and investment schemes in support of Broad Based Black Economic Empowerment? | No | This is not applicable to the PSC | | | | | | | |



PART D: HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT



Chief Director:People Management Practices Ms AD Michael

PART D: HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

1. INTRODUCTION

The Human Resource Management function plays an important role in contributing to the achievement of the strategic objectives and the mandate of the PSC. In view of that, efforts are made to ensure that the HR functions, particularly Recruitment and Selection, Performance Management, Employee Health and Wellness and Training and Development of employees are implemented.

2. OVERVIEW OF HUMAN RESOURCES

Provide commentary on the following:

- The status of human resources in the department.
- Human resource priorities for the year under review and the impact of these
- .Workforce planning and key strategies to attract and recruit a skilled and capable workforce.
- Employee performance management.
- Employee wellness programmes.
- Highlight achievements and challenges faced by the department, as well as future human resource plans/goals.

2.1 STATUS OF HUMAN RESOURCES IN THE OPSC

The number of posts on the establishment of the OPSC increased from 251 in the 2021/2022 reporting year (of which 10 were employees employed additional to the establishment) to 337 in the 2022/2023 reporting year (of which 44 were employees employed additional to the establishment), with 311 of these posts filled.

For the year under review, critical SMS posts were filled, and the target of 50% women in the SMS in the Office was achieved. The vacancy rate was 10.2%.

As at 31 March 2023, the OPSC had a total of 44 employees employed additional

to the establishment, included in the total number of 311 employees. The OPSC vacancy rate of 10% for the 2021/2022 financial year decreased to 7.7% in the 2022/2023 financial year. The vacancy rate on salary levels 1 to 12 decreased from 9% in the 2021/2022 reporting period to 8.6% in the 2022/2023 reporting period, whilst the vacancy rate on SMS level decreased from 14% in the 2021/2022 reporting period to 9.5% in the 2022/2023 reporting period.

2.2 HUMAN RESOURCES PRIORITIES FOR THE YEAR UNDER REVIEW AND THE IMPACT OF THESE

The OPSC has in the past experienced an increased staff turnover resulting in an exodus of five (5) Deputy Directors in the last financial year who left the Office due to promotions to other Public Service departments, retirement and resignations. The Office is aiming to fill the vacant posts within the required time of 12 months by ensuring effective management of vacancies and retention of critical skills. The Retention Policy is under review to address retention of critical skills. The OPSC prioritises the employment of women and people with disabilities (PWDs) at the SMS levels. As at 31 March 2023, the OPSC had 44.4% representation of women at SMS level and 1.95% representation of PWDs.

During the period under review 25 bursaries we allocated to employees at the under-graduate and post-graduate levels, covering public administration, human resources management, risk management and the legal field.

2.3 WORKFORCE PLANNING AND KEY STRATEGIES TO ATTRACT AND RECRUIT A SKILLED AND CAPABLE WORKFORCE

The following key strategies will be put in place:

- a) To ensure that the post establishment of the OPSC is corresponding with the functions that must be performed in support of the PSC.
- b) To ensure that suitably trained personnel for higher level posts are available when needed particularly targeting MMS members for advancement to SMS levels.
- c) To ensure that gender imbalances are addressed.
- d) To ensure that employment of people with disabilities is increased.
- e) To ensure that a culture of good performance is promoted in the OPSC.
- f) To ensure that the wellness of employees in the workplace and their personal life is improved.
- g) To ensure that competent employees with scarce or critical skills are recruited and retained.
- h) To maintain a vacancy rate of below 10%.
- i) To ensure that women consist of at least 50% of staff employed at SMS level.
- j) To ensure that adequate funds are allocated for training and development.



Womens Day Celebration, Kgosi Mampuru Correctional Centre

2.4 EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT

The OPSC has approved policies in respect of employees on salary levels 2-12 and SMS members. The policies have been reviewed to incorporate the revised Moderation Committee for employees at the Provincial Offices in order to ensure consistency. Employee performance management includes activities which ensure that the strategic and operational objectives of the PSC are consistently being met in effective and efficient manner. All employees are required to submit a performance agreement on 30 April of each year.

The Moderation Committee in respect of SMS members recommended that 29 out of 38 eligible SMS members be awarded Pay Progression. The Moderation Committee for employees on salary levels 2 to 12 recommended that 150 out of 191 employees be awarded Pay Progression for the 2021/2022 financial year.

2.5 EMPLOYEE WELLNESS PROGRAMMES

The PSC is committed to promoting a work-life balance and to create a conducive work environment for its employees to enhance productivity. During the year under review the annual individual usage of the core counselling and advisory services rate of 13.9% was above the sector rate of 8.9%. During the period under review the most commonly utilised service was professional counselling wherein the majority of referrals to ICAS were of an informal or voluntary in nature, as most employees contacted the service provider directly. One Trauma counselling was held for all employees in one of the Provincial Offices.



PSC Men's Wellness, Kgosi Mampuru Correctional Centre

All the individuals who used counselling and advisory services during the period under review made contact with ICAS through the OPSC dedicated toll free line and call-back. Professional counselling was provided telephonically and face to face. Furthermore, most employees at the National and Provincial offices attended Emotional Impact Sessions, Team Building and Emotional Impact for Work Stressors for investigators.

The following Promotional activities and engagements were undertaken by ICAS during the reporting period:

- a) Poster on health topics.
- b) Webinar on Conflict Management.
- c) Trauma Debriefing Session.
- d) Women's Health and Mental Health.
- e) Men's Health and Mental Health
- f) Sexually Transmitted Infections.
- g) Promotion of Condom use.
- h) Mental Health.

2.6 HUMAN RESOURCES CHALLENGES FACED BY THE OPSC, AS WELL AS FUTURE HUMAN RESOURCES PLANS / GOALS

The ability to recruit suitable and highly quality talent into the OPSC yields positive results in the achievement of the HR objectives which contributes to the delivery of the mandate of the OPSC. The inability to retain people with critical skills led to the exit of several SMS members in the past and has a negative effect on the organisational performance. The OPSC has also experienced constraints in recruiting people with disabilities particularly at SMS level. The Directorate: People Management Practices in conjunction with managers need to respond to the challenges of recruiting the required skills, keeping employees gainfully employed, ensuring a productive and healthy workforce intent on delivering on the mandate of the PSC. The finalisation of disciplinary cases within the prescribed timeframes, filling of vacant posts, and the underutilisation of the EHW programme by employees, remain challenges which the OPSC is addressing.

3. HUMAN RESOURCES OVERSIGHT STATISTICS

3.1 PERSONNEL RELATED EXPENDITURE

Note should be taken that the number of employees as at 31 March 2023, i.e. 337 in table 3.2.1 will differ from the number of employees utilised to determine the average cost per employee as stated in table 3.1.2 below.

Table 3.1.1 Personnel expenditure by programme for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Programme | Total expenditure (R'000) | Personnel expenditure (R'000) | Training expenditure (R'000) | Professional and special services expenditure (R'000) | Personnel expenditure as a % of total expenditure | Average personnel cost per employee (R'000) |
|-------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Programme 1 | 127 994 | 70 432 | 1 201 | - | 55 | 577 |
| Programme 2 | 48 634 | 45 063 | - | - | 93 | 653 |
| Programme 3 | 45 228 | 40 436 | - | - | 89 | 632 |
| Programme 4 | 57 136 | 50 811 | - | - | 89 | 620 |
| TOTAL | 278 992 | 206 742 | 1 201 | - | 74 | 613 |

Table 3.1.2 Personnel costs by salary band for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Salary band | Personnel expenditure (R'000) | % of total personnel expenditure | Number of employees | Average personnel cost per employee (R'000) |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Lower skilled (Levels 1-2) | 2 699 | 1.31% | 19 | 142 |
| Skilled (Levels 3-5) | 9 538 | 4.61% | 33 | 289 |
| Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8) | 27 252 | 13.18% | 74 | 368 |
| Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12) | 88 437 | 42.78% | 113 | 783 |
| Senior and top management (Levels 13-16) | 75 992 | 36.76% | 63 | 52 |
| Contract (Levels 1-2) | 202 | 0.10% | 2 | 101 |
| Contract (Levels 3-5) | 417 | 0.20% | 5 | 83 |
| Contract (Levels 6-8) | 358 | 0.17% | 2 | 179 |
| Contract (Levels 9-12) | 497 | 0.24% | 10 | 50 |
| Contract (Levels 13-16) | 192 | 0.09% | 3 | 64 |
| Periodical remuneration | - | - | - | - |
| Abnormal appointment | - | - | | - |
| TOTAL | 1 158 | 0.56% | 28 | 41 |

Table 3.1.3 Salaries, overtime, home owners allowance and medical aid by programme for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| | Sala | iries | Overtime | | Home Owners A | llowance (HOA) | Medical aid | | |
|-------------|----------------|--|----------------|--|----------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---|--|
| Programme | Amount (R'000) | Salaries as a % of personnel costs | Amount (R'000) | Overtime as a % of personnel costs | Amount (R'000) | HOA as a % of personnel costs | Amount (R'000) | Medical aid as a % of personnel costs | |
| Programme 1 | 59 910 | 28.98% | 369 | 0.18% | 1 497 | 0.72% | 2 305 | 1.11% | |
| Programme 2 | 39 741 | 19.22% | - | 0.00% | 374 | 0.18% | 831 | 0.40% | |
| Programme 3 | 35 482 | 17.16% | - | 0.00% | 452 | 0.22% | 975 | 0.47% | |
| Programme 4 | 43 907 | 21.24% | - | 0.00% | 1 011 | 0.49% | 1 419 | 0.69% | |
| TOTAL | 179 040 | 86.60% | 369 | 0.18% | 3 334 | 1.61% | 5 530 | 2.67% | |

Table 3.1.4 Salaries, overtime, home owners allowance and medical aid by salary band for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| | Sala | aries | Over | time | Home Owners A | llowance (HOA) | Medic | al aid |
|--|-------------------|--|-------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Salary band | Amount (R'000) | Salaries as a % of personnel costs | Amount (R'000) | Overtime as a % of personnel costs | Amount (R'000) | HOA as a % of personnel costs | Amount (R'000) | Medical aid as a % of personnel costs |
| Lower skilled (Levels 1-2) | 2 020 | 0.98% | - | 0.00% | 181 | 0.09% | 278 | 0.13% |
| Skilled (Levels 3-5) | 7 053 | 3.41% | 327 | 0.16% | 536 | 0.26% | 837 | 0.40% |
| Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8) | 21 552 | 10.42% | 20 | 0.01% | 1 137 | 0.55% | 2 095 | 1.01% |
| Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12) | 77 176 | 37.33% | 22 | 0.01% | 837 | 0.40% | 1 798 | 0.87% |
| Senior management (Levels 13-16) | 66 650 | 32.24% | - | 0.00% | 643 | 0.31% | 522 | 0.25% |
| Contract (Levels 1-2) | 202 | 0.10% | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% |
| Contract (Levels 3-5) | 417 | 0.20% | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% |
| Contract (Levels 6-8) | 358 | 0.17% | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% |
| Contract (Levels 9-12) | 497 | 0.24% | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% |
| Contract (Levels 13-16) | 1 957 | 0.95% | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% |
| Periodical remuneration | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Abnormal appointment | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Contract (Other) | 1 158 | 0.56% | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% |
| TOTAL | 179 040 | 86.60% | 369 | 0.18% | 3 334 | 1.61% | 5 530 | 2.67% |

3.2 EMPLOYMENT AND VACANCIES

Table 3.2.1 Employment and vacancies by programme as on 31 March 2023

| Programme | Number of posts on approved establishment | Number of posts filled | Vacancy rate % | Number of employees additional to the establishment |
|-------------|--|------------------------|----------------|---|
| Programme 1 | 122 | 109 | 10.6 | 9 |
| Programme 2 | 69 | 64 | 7.2 | 12 |
| Programme 3 | 64 | 60 | 6.2 | 14 |
| Programme 4 | 82 | 78 | 4.8 | 9 |
| TOTAL | 337 | 311 | 7.7 | 44 |

Table 3.2.2 Employment and vacancies by salary band as at 31 March 2023

| Salary band | Number of posts on approved establishment | Number of posts filled | Vacancy rate % | Number of employees additional to the establishment |
|--|---|------------------------|----------------|---|
| Lower skilled (Levels 1-2) | 17 | 16 | 5.8 | 0 |
| Skilled (Levels 3-5) | 36 | 35 | 2.7 | 0 |
| Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8) | 65 | 62 | 4.6 | 0 |
| Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12) | 112 | 97 | 13.3 | 0 |
| Senior management (Levels 13-16) | 63 | 57 | 9.5 | 0 |
| Other, Permanent | 26 | 26 | 0 | 26 |
| Contract (Levels 3-5), Permanent | 4 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Contract (Levels 6-8), Permanent | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Contract (Levels 9-12), Permanent | 10 | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| Contract (Levels 13), Permanent | 3 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| TOTAL | 337 | 311 | 7.7 | 44 |

Table 3.2.3 Employment and vacancies by critical occupation as at 31 March 2023

| Critical occupation | Number of posts on approved establishment | Number of posts filled | Vacancy rate % | Number of employees additional to the establishment |
|---|---|------------------------|----------------|---|
| Administrative related | 5 | 4 | 20 | 1 |
| Cleaner | 17 | 16 | 5.8 | 0 |
| Receptionist | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Communication and information related | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Finance and economics related | 1 | 0 | 100 | 0 |
| Financial and related professionals | 6 | 5 | 16.6 | 0 |
| Financial clerks | 6 | 6 | 0 | 2 |
| HoD | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Human resources & organisation development relate | d 78 | 70 | 10.2 | 1 |
| Human resources clerks | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Human resources related | 38 | 34 | 10.5 | 10 |
| Information technology | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Other communication related | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Library related personnel | 1 | 0 | 100 | 0 |
| Driver | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Logistical support personnel | 3 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
| Material recording and transport clerks | 13 | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| Messengers | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Other administrative and related clerks | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Other administrative policy and related officers | 7 | 6 | 14.2 | 0 |
| Other information technology personnel | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Others occupations | 26 | 26 | 0 | 26 |
| Secretaries | 41 | 39 | 4.8 | 0 |
| Security officers | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Senior managers | 65 | 59 | 26.6 | 3 |
| TOTAL | 337 | 311 | 7.7 | 44 |

3.3 FILLING OF SMS POSTS

The tables in this section provide information on employment and vacancies as it related to members of the SMS by salary level. It also provides information on advertising and filling of SMS posts, reasons for not complying with prescribed timeframes and disciplinary steps taken

Table 3.3.1 SMS posts information as at 31 March 2023

| SMS level | Total number of funded SMS posts | Total number of SMS posts filled | % of SMS posts filled | Total number of SMS posts vacant | % of SMS posts vacant |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| DG | 1 | 1 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| Salary Level 16 | 2 | 2 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| Salary Level 15 | 15 | 12 | 20 | 3 | 20 |
| Salary Level 14 | 9 | 9 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| Salary Level 13 | 36 | 33 | 8.3 | 3 | 8.3 |
| TOTAL | 63 | 57 | 9.5 | 6 | 9.5 |

Table 3.3.2 SMS posts information as at 30 September 2022

| SMS level | Total number of funded SMS posts | Total number of SMS posts filled | % of SMS posts filled | Total number of SMS posts vacant | % of SMS posts vacant |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| DG | 1 | 1 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| Salary Level 16 | 2 | 2 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| Salary Level 15 | 15 | 12 | 80 | 3 | 20 |
| Salary Level 14 | 9 | 7 | 77.7 | 2 | 5.5 |
| Salary Level 13 | 36 | 34 | 94.4 | 2 | 5.5 |
| TOTAL | 63 | 56 | 88.8 | 7 | 11.1 |



Table 3.3.3 Advertising and filling of SMS posts for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| | Advertising | Filling of posts | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|
| SMS level | Number of vacancies per level advertised in 6 months of becoming vacant | Number of vacancies per level filled in 6 months of becoming vacant | Number of vacancies per level not filled in 6 months but filled in 12 months | | |
| DG/HoD | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Salary Level 16, but not HoD | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Salary Level 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Salary Level 14 | 1 | 0 | 2 | | |
| Salary Level 13 | 2 | 0 | 0 | | |
| TOTAL | 3 | 0 | 2 | | |

Table 3.3.4 – Reasons for not having complied with the filling of funded vacant SMS posts – advertised within 6 months and filled within 12 months' after becoming vacant for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

Reasons for vacancies not advertised within six months

The post of Chief Director: Professional Ethics has been evaluated, approval for the JE results and filled 12 months after being vacant.

Reasons for vacancies not filled within twelve months

On 2022 the web-enabled Evaluation Job Evaluation system was authorised to be utilised as a temporary measure for a period of six (6) months to evaluate jobs that were not evaluated in 60 calandar months.

Table 3.3.5 Disciplinary steps taken for not complying with the prescribed timeframes for filling of SMS posts within 12 months for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

Reasons for vacancies not advertised within six months

None, as the reasons for the delays were not within the control of employees.

Reasons for vacancies not filled within twelve months

None, as the reasons for the delays were not within the control of employees.

3.4 JOB EVALUATION

Within a nationally determined framework, EAs may evaluate or re-evaluate any job in their organisation. In terms of the Regulations, all vacancies on salary levels 9 and higher must be evaluated before they are filled. The following table summarises the number of jobs that were evaluated during the year under review. The table also provides statistics on the number of posts that were upgraded or downgraded.

| Table 3.4.1 Job evaluation by salary band for the period 1 A | April 2022 to 31 March 2023 |
|--|-----------------------------|
|--|-----------------------------|

| | Number of posts | Number of posts | | Posts u | Posts upgraded | | Posts downgraded | |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|---------|-------------------------|--------|-------------------------|--|
| Salary band | on approved establishment | Number of jobs evaluated | evaluated by | Number | % of posts evaluated | Number | % of posts evaluated | |
| Lower skilled (Levels 1-2) | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Skilled (Levels 3-5) | 36 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8) | 65 | 7 | 10.7 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | |
| Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12) | 112 | 31 | 27.6 | 0 | 1 | 19 | 61.2 | |
| SMS Band A | 36 | 9 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| SMS Band B | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| SMS Band C | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| SMS Band D | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| TOTAL | 293 | 47 | 16 | 0 | 3 | 19 | 40.4 | |

The following table provides a summary of the number of employees whose positions were upgraded due to their post being upgraded. The number of employees might differ from the number of posts upgraded since not all employees are automatically absorbed into the new posts and some of the posts upgraded could also be vacant.

Table 3.4.2 Profile of employees whose positions were upgraded due to their posts being upgraded for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Gender | African | Asian | Coloured | White | Total |
|-----------------------------|---------|-------|----------|-------|-------|
| Female | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Male | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Employees with disabilities | | | 00 | | 0 |

The following table summarises the number of cases where remuneration bands exceeded the grade determined by job evaluation. Reasons for the deviation are provided in each case.

Table 3.4.3 - Employees with salary levels higher than those determined by job evaluation by occupation for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Occupation | Number of employees | Job evaluation level | Remuneration level | Reason for deviation | | | |
|--|--|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| None | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Total number of employees whose salaries exc | Total number of employees whose salaries exceeded the level determined by job evaluation | | | | | | |
| Percentage of total employed | 0 | | | | | | |

The following table summarises the beneficiaries of the above in terms of race, gender and disability.

Table 3.4.4 – Profile of employees who have salary levels higher than those determined by job evaluation for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Gender | African | Asian | Coloured | White | Total |
|-----------------------------|---------|-------|----------|-------|-------|
| Female | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Male | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Employees with disabilities | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

0

Total number of employees whose remuneration exceeded the grade determined by job evaluation

3.5 EMPLOYMENT CHANGES

This section provides information on changes in employment during the financial period. Turnover rates provide an indication of trends in the employment profile of the department. The following tables provide a summary of turnover rates by salary band and critical occupation.

| Table 0.5.1 Appual turney or rates by | | hand far the | nariad 1 A | mul 0000 to 01 | Marah 0000 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| Table 3.5.1 Annual turnover rates b | y salary | / band for the | репоа г А | prii 2022 to 31 i | March 2023 |

| Salary band | Number of employees atSalary bandbeginning of period - April2022 | | Terminations and transfers out of the PSC | Turnover rate % |
|--|--|----|--|-----------------|
| Lower skilled (Levels 1-2) | 13 | 7 | 1 | 7.7 |
| Skilled (Levels 3-5) | 30 | 1 | 1 | 3.3 |
| Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8) | 62 | 7 | 2 | 3.2 |
| Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12) | 98 | 5 | 5 | 5.10 |
| SMS Band A | 32 | 2 | 2 | 6.3 |
| SMS Band B | 7 | 1 | 1 | 14.3 |
| SMS Band C | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| SMS Band D | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other Permanent | 0 | 28 | 0 | 0 |
| Other Permanent | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Contract (Levels 1-2) Permanent | 2 | 0 | 2 | 100 |
| Contract (Levels 3-5) Permanent | 1 | 4 | 2 | 200 |
| Contract (Levels 6-8) Permanent | 1 | 1 | 1 | 100 |
| Contract (Levels 9-12) Permanent | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| Contract Band A Permanent | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Contract Band C Permanent | 6 | 3 | 1 | 16.7 |
| Contract Band D Permanent | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 258 | 71 | 21 | 8.10 |

Table 3.5.2 - Annual turnover rates by critical occupation for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Critical occupation | Number of employees at beginning of period – April 2022 | Appointments and transfers into the PSC | Terminations and transfers out of the PSC | Turnover rate % |
|----------------------------|---|--|---|-----------------|
| Lower skilled | 13 | 7 | 1 | 7.7 |
| Skilled | 30 | 1 | 1 | 3.3 |
| Highly skilled production | 62 | 7 | 2 | 3.2 |
| Highly skilled supervision | 98 | 5 | 5 | 5.10 |
| SMS | 44 | 4 | 3 | 6.8 |
| Contracts | 11 | 47 | 9 | 81.8 |
| TOTAL | 258 | 71 | 21 | 8.1 |

The table below identifies the major reasons why staff left the organisation.

Table 3.5.3 Reasons why staff left the PSC for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Termination type | Number | % of total resignations |
|---|--------|-------------------------|
| Death | 1 | 4.1 |
| Resignation | 6 | 25 |
| Expiry of contract | 8 | 33.3 |
| Dismissal – operational changes | 0 | 0 |
| Dismissal – misconduct | 1 | 4.1 |
| Dismissal – inefficiency | 0 | 0 |
| Discharged | 0 | 0 |
| Retirement | 5 | 20.8 |
| Transfer to other Departments | 3 | 12.5 |
| Other | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 24 | |
| Total number of employees who left as a % of total employment | | 9.3 |

Table 3.5.4 Promotions by critical occupation for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Occupation | Employees as at 1 April 2022 | Promotions to another salary level | Salary level promotions as a % of employees by occupation | Progressions to another notch within a salary level | Notch progression as a % of employees by occupation |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Lower skilled | 13 | 1 | 7.6 | 11 | 84.6 |
| Skilled | 30 | 3 | 10 | 24 | 80 |
| Highly skilled production | 62 | 2 | 3.2 | 42 | 67.7 |
| Highly skilled supervision | 98 | 7 | 7.1 | 62 | 63.2 |
| Senior management | 44 | 4 | 9 | 26 | 20.4 |
| Contracts | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 258 | 17 | 6.5 | 165 | 63.9 |

Table 3.5.5 Promotions by salary band for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Salary band | Employees as at 1 April 2022 | Promotions to another salary level | Salary bands promotions as a % of employees by salary level | Progressions to another notch within a salary level | Notch progression as a % of employees by salary bands |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Lower skilled (Levels 1-2) | 13 | 1 | 7.6 | 11 | 84.6 |
| Skilled (Levels 3-5) | 30 | 3 | 10 | 24 | 80 |
| Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8) | 62 | 2 | 3.2 | 42 | 67.7 |
| Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12) | 98 | 7 | 7.1 | 62 | 63.2 |
| Senior management (Levels 13-16) | 44 | 4 | 9 | 26 | 20.4 |
| Contracts | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 258 | 17 | 6.5 | 165 | 63.9 |

3.6 EMPLOYMENT EQUITY

Table 3.6.1 Total number of employees (including employees with disabilities) in each of the following occupational categories as at 31 March 2023

| Occurrentianel esterant | Male | | | Female | | | | Total | |
|---|---------|----------|--------|--------|---------|----------|--------|-------|-------|
| Occupational category | African | Coloured | Indian | White | African | Coloured | Indian | White | IUtai |
| Legislators, senior officials and managers (Levels 13 - 16) | 26 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 19 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 57 |
| Professionals (Levels 9 - 12) | 44 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 52 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 107 |
| Technicians and associate professionals (Levels 6 – 8) | 17 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 43 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 63 |
| Clerks (Levels 3 – 5) | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 39 |
| Elementary occupations (Levels 1 – 2) | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 |
| TOTAL | 116 | 6 | 1 | 7 | 164 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 309 |
| Employees with disabilities | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 |

Table 3.6.2 Total number of employees (including employees with disabilities) in each of the following occupational bands as at 31 March 2023

| Occurrentianed haved | | Ma | ale | | Female | | | | Total |
|--|---------|----------|--------|-------|---------|----------|--------|-------|-------|
| Occupational band | African | Coloured | Indian | White | African | Coloured | Indian | White | Iotai |
| Top management (Levels 15 – 16) | 5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| Senior management (Levels 13 - 14) | 23 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 13 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 45 |
| Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid-management (Levels 9 – 12) | 44 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 52 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 107 |
| Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foreman and superintendents (Levels 6 – 8) | 17 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 43 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 63 |
| Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making (Levels 3 – 5) | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 39 |
| Unskilled and defined decision making (Levels 1 - 2) | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 |
| TOTAL | 116 | 6 | 1 | 7 | 164 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 309 |
| Employees with disabilities | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 |

Table 3.6.3 Recruitment for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Occurrentiamed bound | | Ma | ale | | | Fen | nale | | Total |
|---|---------|----------|--------|-------|---------|----------|--------|-------|-------|
| Occupational band | African | Coloured | Indian | White | African | Coloured | Indian | White | |
| Top management | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Senior management | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid-management | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
| Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foreman and superintendents | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 7 |
| Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Unskilled and defined decision making | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| Contracts | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 47 |
| TOTAL | 32 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 36 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 71 |
| Employees with disabilities | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

Table 3.6.4 Promotions for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Occurrentianed hand | | Ma | ale | | Female | | | | Total |
|---|---------|----------|--------|-------|---------|----------|--------|-------|-------|
| Occupational band | African | Coloured | Indian | White | African | Coloured | Indian | White | iotai |
| Top management | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Senior management | 10 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 11 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 29 |
| Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid-management | 31 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 38 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 74 |
| Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foreman and superintendents | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 34 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 44 |
| Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 28 |
| Unskilled and defined decision making | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| Contracts | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| TOTAL | 77 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 121 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 214 |
| Employees with disabilities | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

Table 3.6.5 - Terminations for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Occurrentianed bound | | Ма | le | | | Fen | nale | | Tetal |
|---|---------|----------|--------|-------|---------|----------|--------|-------|-------|
| Occupational band | African | Coloured | Indian | White | African | Coloured | Indian | White | Total |
| Top management | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Senior management | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid-management | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foreman and superintendents | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Unskilled and defined decision making | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Contracts | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| TOTAL | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 21 |
| Employees with disabilities | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

Table 3.6.6 Disciplinary action for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| | Ma | le | | Female | | | | Tetel |
|---------|----------|--------|-------|---------|----------|--------|-------|-------|
| African | Coloured | Indian | White | African | Coloured | Indian | White | Total |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

Table 3.6.7 Skills development for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| | | Male | | | Female | | | | Total |
|---|---------|----------|--------|-------|---------|----------|--------|-------|-------|
| Occupational category | African | Coloured | Indian | White | African | Coloured | Indian | White | Total |
| Senior officials and managers (Level 13-16) | 15 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 26 |
| Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and middle management (Level 9-12) | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 |
| Skilled technical, junior management and supervisors (Level 6-8) | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 63 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 86 |
| Semi-skilled workers (Level 3-5) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| Elementary occupations (Level 1-2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | C |
| TOTAL | 48 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 84 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 139 |
| Employees with disabilities | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | C |

3.7 SIGNING OF PERFORMANCE AGREEMENTS BY SMS MEMBERS

All members of the SMS must conclude and sign performance agreements within specific timeframes. Information regarding the signing of performance agreements by SMS members, the reasons for not complying within the prescribed timeframes and disciplinary steps taken is presented here.

Table 3.7.1 – Signing of performance agreements by SMS members as at 31 May 2022

| SMS level | Total number of funded SMS posts | Total number of SMS members | Total number of signed performance agreements | Signed performance agreements as % of total number of SMS members |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|
| DG | 1 | 1 | 1 | 100 |
| Salary Level 16, but not HoD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Salary Level 15 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 100 |
| Salary Level 14 | 9 | 7 | 7 | 77.7 |
| Salary Level 13 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 91 |
| TOTAL | 49 | 46 | 45 | 89 |

Table 3.7.2 Reasons for not having concluded performance agreements for all SMS members as at 31 May 2022

Reasons
One (1) SMS member could not sign the performance agreement as he was on approved prolonged leave with effect from 1 April 2022.

Table 3.7.3 – Disciplinary steps taken against SMS members for not having concluded performance agreements at 31 May 2022

| | Reasons | |
|------|---------|--|
| None | | |

3.8 **PERFORMANCE REWARDS**

To encourage good performance, the organisation has granted the following performance rewards during the year under review. The information is presented in terms of (race, gender and disability), salary band and critical occupation.

| Table 3 8 1 – Per | formance rewards by race | aender and disability | \prime for the period 1 A | pril 2022 to 31 March 2023 |
|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | ionnance rewards by race | , yenuel anu uisability | | prii 2022 to 51 March 2025 |

| | | Beneficiary profile | | | Cost | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---|--|
| Race and gender | Number of beneficiaries | Number of employees | % of total within group | Cost (R'000) | Average cost per employee (R'000) | |
| African | | | | | | |
| Male | 1 | 117 | 0.90 | 5.65 | 5 652 | |
| Female | 0 | 156 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Asian | | | | | | |
| Male | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Female | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Coloured | | | | | | |
| Male | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Female | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| White | | | | | | |
| Male | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Female | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Employees with a disability | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| TOTAL | 1 | 307 | 0.30 | 5.65 | 5 652 | |

Table 3.8.2 – Performance rewards by salary band for personnel below SMS for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| | | Beneficiary profile | | C | Total cost as a | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| Salary band | Number of beneficiaries | Number of employees | % of total within salary bands | Total cost (R'000) | Average cost per employee (R'000) | % of the total personnel expenditure |
| Lower skilled (Level 1-2) | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Skilled (Level 3-5) | 1 | 31 | 3.20 | 5.65 | 5 652 | 0.04 |
| Highly skilled production (Level 6-8) | 0 | 65 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Highly skilled supervision (Level 9-12) | 0 | 99 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Contracts | 0 | 37 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 1 | 248 | 0.40 | 5.65 | 5 652 | 0.37 |

Table 3.8.3 – Performance rewards by critical occupation for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| | | Beneficiary profile | Cost | | |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Critical occupation | Number of beneficiaries | Number of employees | % of total within occupation | Total cost (R'000) | Average cost per employee (R'000) |
| Senior management (Levels 13-16) | 0 | 59 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and middle management (Levels 9-12) | 0 | 99 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, (Levels 6-8) | 0 | 65 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making (Levels 3-5) | 1 | 31 | 3.20 | 5.65 | 5 652 |
| Unskilled and defined decision making (Levels 1-2) | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Contracts | 0 | 37 | 0 | 0 | |
| TOTAL | 1 | 307 | 3.20 | 5.65 | 5 652 |

| | Beneficiary profile | | | Co | Total cost as a % of | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Salary band | Number of beneficiaries | Number of employees | % of total within salary bands | Total cost (R'000) | Average cost per employee | the total personnel expenditure |
| Band A (Level 13) | 0 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41 572.80 |
| Band B (Level 14) | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 684.90 |
| Band C (Level 15) | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 766.48 |
| Band D (Level 16) | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 511.40 |
| TOTAL | 0 | 59 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 77 535.58 |

3.9 FOREIGN WORKERS

The tables below summarise the employment of foreign nationals in the organisation in terms of salary band and by major occupation.

| Table 2.0.1 Eardian workers | hu oolomu hu | and for the noria | d 1 April 2022 +a | 21 March 2022 |
|-------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Table 3.9.1 – Foreign workers | DV Salarv Da | and for the perio | 1 ADNI 2022 (C |) ST Warth 2023 |

| Solory bond | 1 April 2022 | | 31 Mare | ch 2023 | Change | |
|--|--------------|------------|---------|------------|--------|----------|
| Salary band | Number | % of total | Number | % of total | Number | % change |
| Lower skilled (Levels 1-2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Skilled (Levels 3-5) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Senior management (Levels 13-16) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Contract (Level 9-12) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Contract (Level 13-16) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 3.9.2 – Foreign workers by major occupation for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| | | 2022 | 31 Marc | ch 2023 | Change | | |
|-------------------|--------|------------|---------|------------|--------|----------|--|
| Major occupation | Number | % of total | Number | % of total | Number | % change | |
| Senior Management | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| TOTAL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

3.10 LEAVE UTILISATION

The PSC identified the need for careful monitoring of sick leave within the Public Service. The following tables provide an indication of the use of sick leave and disability leave. In both cases, the estimated cost of the leave is also provided.

Table 3.10.1 – Sick leave for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022

| Salary band | Total days | % days with medical certification | Number of employees using sick leave | % of total employees using sick leave | Average days per employee | Estimated cost (R'000) |
|--|---------------|---|--|---|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Lower skilled (Levels 1-2) | 125 | 90.40 | 15 | 6 | 8 | 71 |
| Skilled (Levels 3-5) | 246 | 75.60 | 27 | 10.90 | 9 | 245 |
| Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8) | 619 | 76.40 | 58 | 23.40 | 11 | 929 |
| Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12) | 848 | 79.10 | 92 | 37.10 | 9 | 2 748 |
| Senior management (Levels 13-16) | 458 | 83.40 | 45 | 18.10 | 10 | 2 203 |
| Contract (Levels 1-2) | 8 | 62.50 | 2 | 0.80 | 4 | 4 |
| Contract (Levels 3-5) | 5 | 100 | 1 | 0.40 | 5 | 5 |
| Contract (Levels 6-8) | 3 | 33.30 | 1 | 0.40 | 3 | 4 |
| Contract (Levels 9-12) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Contract (Levels 13-16) | 5 | 100 | 1 | 0.40 | 5 | 30 |
| Contract Other | 10 | 40 | 6 | 2.40 | 2 | 5 |
| TOTAL | 2 327 | 79.30 | 248 | 100 | 9 | 6 243 |

Table 3.10.2 – Disability leave (temporary and permanent) for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022

| Salary band | Total days | % days with medical certification | Number of employees using disability leave | % of total employees using disability leave | Average days per employee | Estimated cost (R'000) |
|--|---------------|---|--|---|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Contract (Levels 1 – 2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lower skilled (Levels 1-2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Skilled (Levels 3-5) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12) | 20 | 100 | 1 | 50 | 20 | 73 |
| Senior management (Levels 13-16) | 74 | 100 | 1 | 50 | 74 | 343 |
| TOTAL | 94 | 100 | 2 | 100 | 47 | 416 |

The table below summarises the utilisation of annual leave. The wage agreement concluded with trade unions in the PSCBC in 2000 requires management of annual leave to prevent high levels of accrued leave being paid at the time of termination of service.

Table 3.10.3 – Annual leave for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022

| Salary band | Total days taken | Number of employees using annual leave | Average per employee |
|---|------------------|--|----------------------|
| Lower skilled (Level 1-2) | 327 | 16 | 20 |
| Skilled (Level 3-5) | 753 | 32 | 24 |
| Highly skilled production (Level 6-8) | 1 800 | 67 | 27 |
| Highly skilled supervision (Level 9-12) | 2 670 | 110 | 24 |
| Senior management (Level 13-16) | 1 195 | 49 | 24 |
| Contract (Levels 1-2) | 22 | 2 | 11 |
| Contract (Levels 3-5) | 12 | 2 | 6 |
| Contract (Levels 6-8) | 7 | 1 | 7 |
| Contract (Levels 9-12) | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Contract (Levels 13-16) | 112 | 10 | 11 |
| Contract Other | 74 | 20 | 4 |
| TOTAL | 6 973 | 310 | 22 |

Table 3.10.4 – Capped leave for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022

| Salary band | Total days of capped leave taken | Number of employees using capped leave | Average number of days taken per employee | Average capped leave per employee as at 31 December 2022 |
|---|----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Lower skilled (Level 1-2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Skilled (Levels 3-5) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| Highly skilled production (Level 6-8) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 |
| Highly skilled supervision (Level 9-12) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 |
| Senior management (Level 13-16) | 3 | 1 | 3 | 43 |
| TOTAL | 3 | 1 | 3 | 37 |

The following table summarises payments made to employees as a result of leave that was not taken.

Table 3.10.5 – Leave pay-outs for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Reason | Total amount (R'000) | Number of employees | Average per employee (R'000) |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| Annual – Discounting: Unused Vacation Credits (Work Days) | 33 | 1 | 33 |
| Annual – Discounting with Resignation (Word Days) | 536 | 9 | 59 556 |
| Annual – Gratuity: Death/Retirement/Medical Retirement (Work Days) | 292 | 5 | 58 400 |
| Capped – Gratuity: Death/Retirement/Medical Retirement (Work Days) | 265 | 3 | 88 333 |
| TOTAL | 1 126 | 18 | 206 322 |

3.11 HIV/AIDS AND HEALTH PROMOTION PROGRAMMES

Table 3.11.1 – Steps taken to reduce the risk of occupational exposure

| Units/categories of employees identified to be at high risk of contracting HIV and related diseases | Key steps taken to reduce the risk |
|---|--|
| None | To educate all employee and create awareness on HIV/AIDS, Sexually Transmitted Infections as well as TB through articles as part of prevention and awareness initiative. |
| | n) Distribution of Male Condoms: 400 and Female Condoms: 200 to ensure effective Management of the HIV/AIDS, STI & TB in the Office of the Public Service Commission. |
| | During Men's Wellness session, the importance of medical circumcision and its benefits was reflected and the different kinds of STI's and treatment. |
| | p) Female and Male Reproductive Health Awareness. |
| | q) Promotion of behaviour change Drug Awareness Week was commemorated. |
| | r) Men's wellness on Prostate Cancer Awareness. |
| | s) Women's Health Awareness. |

Table 3.11.2 – Details of Health Promotion and HIV/AIDS Programmes (tick the applicable boxes and provide required information)

| Question | Yes | No | Details, if yes |
|---|-----|----|---|
| Has the department designated a member of the SMS to implement the provisions contained in Part 3 Regulation 55 (2) (c) of Chapter 4 of the PSR, 2016? If so, provide her/his name and position | V | | Post is still vacant. |
| Does the department have a dedicated unit or has it designated specific staff members to promote the health and well-being of your employees? If so, indicate the number of employees who are involved in this task and the annual budget that is available for this purpose | V | | The Sub-Directorate: People Development, Labour Relations and Special Projects, has two (2) specific employees to promote the health and wellbeing of employees. The annual budget for promoting health and wellbeing of employees is R316 000. |

| Question | Yes | No | | Details, | if yes | |
|--|-----|----|---|--|---|--|
| Has the department introduced an Employee Assistance or Health Promotion Programme for your employees? If so, indicate the key elements/services of this Programme | V | | there's a need. b) To enhance workplace c) Enhancing implement d) Promotion of employ e) Provide Capacity Bu problems in the work f) Provide a reasonable to all employees and affecting the employ g) Prevent unnecessary | Provide employee professional counselling and trauma debriefing there's a need. To enhance workplace health education and productivity. Enhancing implementation of work life balance. Promotion of employee wellness programmes. Provide Capacity Building to management and employees on ber problems in the workplace. Provide a reasonable, confidential and professional counselling se to all employees and their immediate families within the context of affecting the employee I order to enhance and sustain the quality Prevent unnecessary absenteeism and presentism caused by soo physical and psychological factors. | | |
| Has the department established (a) committee(s) as contemplated in Part VI E.5 (e) of Chapter 1 of the PSR, 2016? If so, please provide the names of the members of the committee and the stakeholder(s) that they represent | | V | SHERQ MANAGEMENT HR designated Senior M Ms Z Chauke Ms N Ntomane Mr S Mpangeva Mr N Liwani Mr A Chauke Ms N Sambo Ms M Slier Ms K Matsio Mr MA Seekaro Mr S Mnguni Ms J Raphokwane Mr J Matobela Ms P Sehahabane Mr E Selolo Mr J Joubert Ms MM Mahuma Ms OC Msimanga | COMMITTEE MI | EMBERS D: PMP Gauteng Provincial Office FS Provincial Office KZN Provincial Office EC Provincial Office Limpopo Provincial Office Mpumalanga Provincial Office WC Provincial Office NC Provincial Office NC Provincial Office D: PAI Security Officer ASD: Network Operations PSA Representative ASD: Facilities Management DD: PD, LR&SP SHRP: SP | |

| Question | Yes | No | Details, if yes |
|---|--------------|----|--|
| Has the department reviewed its employment policies and practices to ensure that these do not unfairly discriminate against employees on the basis of their HIV status? If so, list the employment policies/practices so reviewed | V | | HIV/AIDS and TB Management policy a) Ensure implementation of Behavioural Change Models and HIV/AIDS knowledge programmes to mitigate the risk of HIV/AIDS as preventative initiatives. |
| Has the department introduced measures to protect HIV-positive employees or those perceived to be HIV-positive from discrimination? If so, list the key | √ | | a) Employees living with HIV shall have the same rights and obligations as all employees and will be protected against any form of discrimination. |
| elements of these measures | | | Existing HR policies shall be adjusted in a manner that renders them non- discriminatory against employees living with HIV. |
| | | | c) Confidentiality regarding the HIV status of any employee shall be maintained at all times. |
| | | | d) Care and support of the affected and infected employees. |
| Does the department encourage its employees to undergo Voluntary Counselling and Testing (VCT)? If so, list the results that you have achieved | \checkmark | | Voluntary Counselling and Testing for all employees could not be organised as wellness days were not coordinated. |
| Has the department developed measures/indicators to monitor and evaluate the impact of its health promotion programme? If so, list these measures/ indicators | V | | The OPSC utilise the following measures to evaluate the implementation of the employee health and wellness programme and the impact. |
| | | | a) Employee Wellness Programme Quarterly Report |
| | | | b) Integrated Employee Health and Wellness Reporting tool (Quarterly & Annual report) |
| | | | c) Employee Health and Wellness Systems Monitoring Tool. |

3.12 LABOUR RELATIONS

Table 3.12.1 – Collective agreements for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

Total number of collective agreements None

The following table summarises the outcome of disciplinary hearings conducted within the organisation for the year under review.

Table 3.12.2 - Misconduct and disciplinary hearings finalised for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Outcomes of disciplinary hearings | Number | % of total |
|-----------------------------------|--------|------------|
| Correctional counselling | 0 | 0 |
| Verbal warning | 0 | 0 |
| Written warning | 0 | 0 |
| Final written warning | 0 | 0 |
| Suspended without pay | 0 | 0 |
| Fine | 0 | 0 |
| Demotion | 0 | 0 |
| Dismissal | 1 | 100 |
| Not guilty | 0 | 0 |
| Case withdrawn | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 1 | 100 |

Table 3.12.3 - Types of misconduct addressed at disciplinary hearings for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Type of misconduct | Number | % of total | |
|--|--------|------------|--|
| Failure to comply with the policy | 0 | 0 | |
| Nepotism, misrepresentation and bringing the OPSC into disrepute by breaching Chapter 2 of the PSR | 0 | 0 | |
| Absent from Work without Reason or Permission | 1 | 100 | |
| Insubordination and insolent behaviour | 0 | 0 | |
| Failure to carry out assigned tasks | 0 | 0 | |
| TOTAL | 1 | 100 | |

Table 3.12.4 - Grievances lodged for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Grievances | Number | % of total | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|------------|--|
| Number of grievances resolved | 5 | 100 | |
| Number of grievances not resolved | 0 | 0 | |
| Total number of grievances lodged | 5 | 100 | |

Table 3.12.5 - Disputes lodged with Councils for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Disputes | Number | % of total | |
|-------------------------------------|--------|------------|--|
| Number of disputes upheld | 0 | 0 | |
| Number of disputes still in process | 1 | 100 | |
| Total number of disputes lodged | 1 | 100 | |

Table 3.12.6 - Strike actions for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Total number of persons working days lost | 0 |
|--|---|
| Total costs (R'000) of working days lost | 0 |
| Amount (R'000) recovered as a result of no work no pay | 0 |

Table 3.12.7 - Precautionary suspensions for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Number of people suspended | 1 |
|--|--------|
| Number of people whose suspension exceeded 30 days | 1 |
| Average number of days suspended | 46 |
| Cost (R'000) of suspensions | 37 232 |

3.13 SKILLS DEVELOPMENT

This section highlights the efforts of the organisation with regard to skills development.

Table 3.13.1 - Training needs identified for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| | | Number of | Train | Training needs identified at start of reporting period | | | |
|--|--------|-----------|---------------|--|-------------------------|-------|--|
| Occupational category | Gender | | Learner-ships | Skills programmes & other short courses | Other forms of training | Total | |
| Senior management (Levels 13-16) | Female | 21 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 24 | |
| | Male | 22 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 25 | |
| Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and | Female | 57 | 0 | 43 | 0 | 43 | |
| middle management (Levels 9-12) | Male | 49 | 0 | 46 | 0 | 46 | |
| Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foreman and superintendent | Female | 45 | 0 | 45 | 0 | 45 | |
| (Levels 6-8) | Male | 18 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 13 | |
| Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making | Female | 20 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 20 | |
| (Levels 3-5) | Male | 13 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 13 | |
| Unskilled and defined decision making (Levels 1-2) | Female | 10 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 10 | |
| | Male | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | |
| Sub Total | Female | 153 | 0 | 142 | 0 | 142 | |
| | Male | 105 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 100 | |
| TOTAL | | 258 | 0 | 242 | 0 | 242 | |

Table 3.13.2 - Training provided for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| | | Number of | Training provided within the reporting period | | | | |
|--|--------|---------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------|-------|--|
| Occupational category | Gender | employees as at 1 April 2022 | Learner-ships | Skills programmes & other short courses | Other forms of training | Total | |
| Senior management (Levels 13-16) | Female | 21 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 10 | |
| | Male | 22 | 0 | 19 | 4 | 23 | |
| Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and | Female | 57 | 0 | 10 | 3 | 13 | |
| middle management (Levels 9-12) | Male | 49 | 0 | 10 | 4 | 14 | |

| | | Number of | | raining provided with | in the reporting perio | d |
|--|--------|---------------------------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|-------|
| Occupational category | Gender | employees as at 1 April 2022 | Learner-ships | Skills programmes & other short courses | Other forms of training | Total |
| Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior | Female | 45 | 0 | 66 | 14 | 80 |
| management, supervisors, foreman and superintendent (Levels 6-8) | Male | 18 | 0 | 22 | 4 | 26 |
| Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making | Female | 20 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 6 |
| (Levels 3-5) | Male | 13 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Unskilled and defined decision making (Levels 1-2) | Female | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Male | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sub Total | Female | 153 | 0 | 88 | 21 | 109 |
| | Male | 105 | 0 | 53 | 14 | 67 |
| TOTAL | | 258 | 0 | 141 | 35 | 176 |

3.14 INJURY ON DUTY

 Table 3.14.1 - Injury on duty for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Nature of injury on duty | Number | % of total | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------|------------|-----|-----|
| Required basic medical attention only | 2 | 1.1 | | 100 |
| Temporary Total Disablement | 0 | 1 ~ | x / | 0 |
| Permanent Disablement | 0 | / ~ . | ~/ | 0 |
| Fatal | 0 | | 1 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 2 | ~~~ | 6 | 100 |

3.15 UTILISATION OF CONSULTANTS

The following tables relate to information on the utilisation of consultants in the organisation. In terms of the PSR "consultant" means a natural or juristic person or a partnership who or which provides in terms of a specific contract on an *ad hoc* basis any of the following professional services to a department against remuneration received from any source:

- a) The rendering of expert advice,
- b) The drafting of proposals for the execution of specific tasks, and
- c) The execution of a specific task which is of a technical or intellectual nature, but excludes an employee of a department.

Table 3.15.1 - Report on consultant appointments using appropriated funds for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Project title | Total number of consultants that worked on the project | Duration (work days) | Contract value in Rand |
|--|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Assessment of government support for service delivery focusing on Information and Communication Technology (ICT). | 3 | 30 | R750 000 |
| An Assessment of the effectiveness of Government Support for service delivery with a focus on office accomendation and property management Services. | 4 | 37 | R793 770.10 |
| An impact assessment on the work of the PSC. | 12 | 35 | R1 497 554.11 |
| Total number of projects | Total individual Consultants | Total Duration (work days) | Total Contract value in Rand |
| | 19 | 102 | R3 041 324.21 |

Table 3.15.2 - Analysis of consultant appointments using appropriated funds, in terms of Historically Disadvantaged Individuals (HDIs) for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Project title | Percentage ownership by HDI groups | Percentage management by HDI groups | Number of consultants from HDI groups that worked on the project |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Assessment of government support for service delivery focusing on Information and Communication Technology (ICT). | State owned | State owned | 2 |
| An Assessment of the effectiveness of Government Support for service delivery with a focus on office accomendation and property management Services. | State owned | State owned | 2 |
| An impact assessment on the work of the PSC. | State owned | State owned | 10 |

Table 3.15.3 - Report on consultant appointments using donor funds for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Project title | Total number of consultants that worked on the project | Duration (work days) | Donor and contract value in Rand |
|----------------|---|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Not Applicable | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Total number of projects | Total individual consultants | Total duration (work days) | Total contract value in Rand |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Not Applicable | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 3.15.4 – Analysis of consultant appointments using donor funds, in terms of HDIs for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Project title | Percentage ownership by HDI groups | Percentage management by HDI groups | Number of consultants from HDI groups that worked on the project |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Not Applicable | 0 | 0 | 0 |

3.16 SEVERANCE PACKAGES

Table 3.16.1 – Granting of employee initiated severance packages for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

| Salary band | Number of applications received | Number of applications referred to the MPSA | Number of applications supported by MPSA | Number of packages approved by the PSC |
|--|---------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Lower skilled (Levels 1-2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Skilled (Levels 3-5) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Senior management (Levels 13-16) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

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PART E: PFMA COMPLIANCE REPORT



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PART E: PFMA COMPLIANCE

1. IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL, UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE AND MATERIAL LOSSES

1.1 IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE

e) Reconciliation of Irregular Expenditure

Table 1: Reconciliation of Irregular Expenditure

| Description | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|--|---------|---------|
| Description | R'000 | R'000 |
| Opening balance | 1,218 | 2,534 |
| Add: Irregular expenditure confirmed | 71 | 772 |
| Less: Irregular expenditure condoned | (892) | (2,088) |
| Less: Irregular expenditure not condoned and removed | (326) | - |
| Irregular expenditure recoverable | - | - |
| Irregular expenditure not recovered and written off | - | - |
| Closing balance | 71 | 1,218 |

Reconciling notes

Table 2: Reconciliation notes

| Description | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Description | R'000 | R'000 |
| Irregular expenditure that was under assessment in 2022/23 | - | - |
| Irregular expenditure that relates to *prior year and identified in 2018/19 | - | 1,218 |
| Irregular expenditure for current year | 71 | - |
| Total | 71 | 1,218 |

*R326 was incurred during 2019/20 financial year and R892 during 2018/19 financial year.

f) Details of current and previous year irregular expenditure (under assessment, determination and investigation)

Table 3: Details of current and previous year irregular expenditure (underassessment, determination and investigation)

| Description | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Description | R'000 | R'000 |
| Irregular expenditure under assessment | - | - |
| Irregular expenditure under determination | 71 | - |
| Irregular expenditure under investigation | - | - |
| Total | 71 | - |

g) Details of current and previous year irregular expenditure condoned

Table 4: Details of current and previous year irregular expenditure condoned

| Description | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------|
| | R'000 | R'000 |
| Irregular expenditure condoned | 892 | 2,088 |
| Total | 892 | 2,088 |

h) Details of current and previous year irregular expenditure removed - (not condoned)

Table 5: Details of current and previous year irregular expenditure removed: (not condoned)

| Description | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|--|---------|---------|
| Description | R'000 | R'000 |
| Irregular expenditure NOT condoned and recovered | 326 | - |
| Total | 326 | - |

i) Details of current and previous year irregular expenditure recovered

Table 6: Details of current and previous year irregular expenditurerecovered

| Description | 2022/23 R'000 | 2021/22 R'000 |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Irregular expenditure recovered | - | - |
| Total | - | - |

j) Details of current and previous year irregular expenditure written off (irrecoverable)

Table 7: Details of current and previous year irregular expenditure writtenoff (irrecoverable)

| Description | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Description | R'000 | R'000 |
| Irregular expenditure written off | - | - |
| Total | - | - |

Additional disclosure relating to Inter-Institutional Arrangements

 betails of non-compliance cases where an institution is involved in an inter-institutional arrangement (where such institution is not responsible for the non-compliance)

Table 8: Details of non-compliance cases where an institution is involved in an inter-institutional arrangement (where such institution is not responsible for the non-compliance)

Description No cases Total

I) Details of non-compliance cases where an institution is involved in an inter-institutional arrangement (where such institution is responsible for the non-compliance)

Table 9: Details of non-compliance cases where an institution is involved in an inter-institutional arrangement (where such institution is responsible for the non-compliance)

| Description | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|-------------|---------|---------|
| Description | R'000 | R'000 |
| No cases | - | - |
| Total | - | - |

m) Details of current and previous year disciplinary or criminal steps taken as a result of irregular expenditure

Table 10: Details of current and previous year disciplinary or criminal steps taken as a result of irregular expenditure

Disciplinary steps taken

Warning letters were issued to the relevant officials with regards to the irregular expenditure amounting to R2.0 million that was condoned during 2021/22 financial year.

Warning letters were issued to the relevant officials with regards to the irregular expenditure amounting to R1.2 million which was not condoned by National Treasury and later condoned and removed by the Accounting Officer in line with paragraphs 44(b) and 55 of the Irregular Expenditure Framework.

1.2 FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE

a) There was no fruitless and wasteful expenditure incurred during the period under review.

1.3 UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE

b) There was no unauthorised expenditure incurred during the period under review.

1.4 ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE RELATING TO MATERIAL LOSSES IN TERMS OF PFMA SECTION 40(3)(B)(I) &(III))

a) Details of current and previous year material losses through criminal conduct

 Table 11: Details of current and previous year material losses through criminal conduct

| Motovial language through eviptical approximate | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Material losses through criminal conduct | R'000 | R'000 |
| Theft | 37 | 16 |
| Other material losses | 40 | 31 |
| Recovered | - | (6) |
| Less: Not recovered and written off | (3) | (11) |
| Total | 74 | 30 |

b) Details of other material losses

Table 12: Details of other material losses

| Nature of other material losses | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Nature of other material losses | R'000 | R'000 |
| Damaged assets | 40 | 31 |
| Total | 40 | 31 |

c) Other material losses recovered

Table 13: Details of other material losses

| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|------------------|---------|---------|
| Nature of losses | R'000 | R'000 |
| Damaged assets | - | (6) |
| Total | - | (6) |

d) Other material losses written off

Table 14: Other material losses written off

| Nature of losses | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|------------------|---------|---------|
| | R'000 | R'000 |
| Laptop | - | (11) |
| Car damage | (3) | - |
| Total | (3) | (11) |

2. LATE AND/OR NON-PAYMENT OF SUPPLIERS

Table 15: Late and /or non-payment of suppliers

| Description | Number of invoices | Consolidated Value |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | R'000 | R'000 |
| Valid invoices received | 3 709 | 87, 565 |
| Invoices paid within 30 days or agreed period | 3 766 | 91,257 |
| Invoices paid after 30 days or agreed period | - | - |
| Invoices older than 30 days or agreed period (unpaid and without dispute) | - | - |
| Invoices older than 30 days or agreed period (unpaid and in dispute) | 1 | 79 |

3. SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

3.1 PROCUREMENT BY OTHER MEANS

Table 16: Procurement by other means

| Project description | Project description Name of supplier | | Contract number | Value of contract R'000 |
|--|---|-----------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| Subscription to digital newspapers and magazines | Newspaper Direct (PressReader) | Deviation | OR-130038 | R'480 |
| Utilisation of the Deeds Registration System | Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development | Deviation | OR-013066 | R'247 |
| Training to Commissioners and top management (3 hours) | LeadAfrika Consulting | Deviation | OR-013068 | R'30 |
| Training to Commissioners and top management | ACCORD | Deviation | OR-013075 | R'41 |
| Training | Institute of Directors of South Africa (IODSA) | Deviation | OR-013113 | R'55 |
| Impact Assessment of the work of the PSC | Human Sciences Research Council (HSRC) | Deviation | OR-013109 | R'1 498 |
| Catering | Department of Correctional Services | Deviation | OR-013229 | R'34 |
| Catering | UNISA Enterprise | Deviation | OR-013171 | R'99 |
| Assessment of Effectiveness of Government Support for service delivery focusing on Office Accommodation | Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) | Deviation | OR-013297 | R'794 |
| Assessement of Effectiveness of Government Support for service delivery focusing on Information Communication Technology (ICT) | Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) | Deviation | OR-013289 | R'750 |
| Procurement of venue | Travel with Flair | Deviation | OR-013182 | R'68 |
| Subscription for 18 licenses to Sabinet Online | Sabinet Online | Deviation | OR-013220 | R'162 |
| Subscription for 18 licenses to LexisNexis | LexisNexis | Deviation | OR-013222 | R'258 |
| Procurement of venue | Bolivia Lodge | Deviation | OR-013258 | R'167 |
| Transportation for citizens for the KZN Citizens Forum (pre- engagement meeting) | Gasolo and Masina | Deviation | OR-013261 | R'54 |
| Transportation for KZN Citizens Forum | Gasolo and Masina | Deviation | OR-013305 | R'48 |
| Catering | UNISA Enterprise | Deviation | OR-013309 | R'87 |
| Transportation for citizens for the Mpumalanga Citizens Forum | TTG Transport and Projects | Deviation | OR-013343 | R'16 |
| Transportation for citizens for the Eastern Cape Citizens Forum | Qamulisi Trading | Deviation | 2962/2022-23 | R'51 |
| Total | | | | R'4 939 |

3.2 CONTRACT VARIATIONS AND EXPANSIONS

Table 17: Contract variations and expansions

| Project description | Name of supplier | Contract modification type (Expansion or Variation) | Contract number | Original contract value | Value of previous contract expansion/s or variation/s (if applicable) | Value of current contract expansion or variation |
|--|--------------------------|--|-----------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Extension of the contract term wit Boxfusion for a further 3 months | h Boxfusion | Variation | OR-012972 | R'331 | R'0 | R'270 |
| Additional logo on inspection jackets | Calvinate Investments | Expansion | OR-013164 | R'128 | R'0 | R'14 |
| Extension of contract term Rendering of Employee Health an Wellness services until 31 Decemb 2023 | | Variation | OR-013337 | R'822 | R'0 | R'443 |
| Total | | | • | R'1 281 | R'0 | R'727 |



PART F: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

PART F: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. AUDITOR GENERAL REPORT

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL TO PARLIAMENT ON VOTE 12: OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

- 1.) I have audited the financial statements of the Office of the Public Service Commission set out on pages **140** to **197**, which comprise the appropriation statement, Office of the Public Service Commission statement of financial position as at 31 March 2023, Office of the Public Service Commission statement of financial performance, statement of changes in net assets, and cash flow statement for the year then ended, as well as notes to the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.
- 2.) In my opinion, the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the PSC as at 31 March 2023 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Modified Cash Standard (MCS) as prescribed by the National Treasury and the requirements of the Public Finance Management Act 1 of 1999 (PFMA).

Basis for opinion

- 3.) I conducted my audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the responsibilities of the auditor-general for the audit of the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements section of my report.
- 4.) I am independent of the department in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International code of ethics for professional accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA code) as well as other ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit in South Africa. I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA code.

5.) I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other matter

6.) I draw attention to the matter below. My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Unaudited supplementary schedules

7.) The supplementary information set out in pages **198** to **204** does not form part of the financial statements and is presented as additional information. I have not audited these schedules and accordingly, I do not express an opinion on them.

National Treasury Instruction No. 4 of 2022/2023: PFMA Compliance and Reporting

- On 23 December 2022 National Treasury issued Instruction Note no.4: 8.) PFMA Compliance and Reporting Framework of 2022-23 in terms of section 76(1) (b), (e) and (f), 2(e) and 4(a) and (c) of the PFMA, which came into effect on 3 January 2023. The PFMA Compliance and Reporting Framework also addresses the disclosure of unauthorised expenditure, irregular expenditure and fruitless and wasteful expenditure. Among the effects of this framework is that irregular and fruitless and wasteful expenditure incurred in previous financial years and not addressed is no longer disclosed in the disclosure notes of the annual financial statements, only the current year and prior year figures are disclosed in note 22 to the financial statements. The movements in respect of irregular expenditure and fruitless and wasteful expenditure are no longer disclosed in the notes to the annual financial statements of the OPSC. The disclosure of these movements (e.g. condoned, recoverable, removed, written off, under assessment, under determination and under investigation) are now required to be included as part of other information in the annual report of the auditees.
- 9.) I do not express an opinion on the disclosure of irregular expenditure and fruitless and wasteful expenditure in the annual report.

Responsibilities of the accounting officer for the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements

- 10.) The accounting officer is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements in accordance with the MCS and the requirements of the PFMA and for such internal control as the accounting officer determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 11.) In preparing the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements, the accounting officer is responsible for assessing the department's ability to continue as a going concern; disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the appropriate governance structure either intends to liquidate the department or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Responsibilities of the auditor-general for the audit of the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements

- 12.) My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements.
- 13.) A further description of my responsibilities for the audit of the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements is included in the annexure to this auditor's report.

Report on the annual performance report

14.) In accordance with the Public Audit Act 25 of 2004 (PAA) and the general notice issued in terms thereof, I must audit and report on the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information against predetermined

objectives for the selected material performance indicators presented in the annual performance report. The accounting officer is responsible for the preparation of the annual performance report.

- 15.) I selected the following material performance indicators related to programme 4: integrity and anti-corruption presented in the annual performance report for the year ended 31 March 2023. I selected those indicators that measure the department's performance on its primary mandated functions and that are of significant national, community or public interest.
 - Percentage of investigations finalised within 90 working days upon receipt of a valid compliant
 - Number of own accord investigation reports as contemplated in section 1.94 (4)(f)(i), (iii) and (iv) of the Constitution 1996 finalised
 - Number of oversight reports on the implementation of ethics framework
 - Number of articles on the promotion of professional ethic produced
 - Number of engagements on professional ethics
- 16.) I evaluated the reported performance information for the selected material performance indicators against the criteria developed from the performance management and reporting framework, as defined in the general notice. When an annual performance report is prepared using these criteria, it provides useful and reliable information and insights to users on the department's planning and delivery on its mandate and objectives.
- 17.) I performed procedures to test whether:
 - the indicators used for planning and reporting on performance can be linked directly to the department's mandate and the achievement of its planned objectives
 - the indicators are well defined and verifiable to ensure that they are easy to understand and apply consistently and that I can confirm the methods and processes to be used for measuring achievements
 - the targets linked directly to the achievement of the indicators and are specific, time bound and measurable to ensure that it is easy to understand what should be delivered and by when, the required level of performance as well as how performance will be evaluated

- the indicators and targets reported on in the annual performance report are the same as what was committed to in the approved initial or revised planning documents
- the reported performance information is presented in the annual performance report in the prescribed manner
- there is adequate supporting evidence for the achievements reported and for the reasons provided for any over- or underachievement of targets.
- 18.) I performed the procedures for the purpose of reporting material findings only.
- 19.) I did not identify any material findings on the reported performance information for the reported performance information for the selected material performance indicators.

Other matter

20.) I draw attention to the matters below.

Achievement of planned targets

21.) The annual performance report includes information on reported achievements against planned targets and provides explanations for overand under achievements. This information should be considered in the context of the material findings on the reported performance information.

Material misstatements

22.) I did not include any material findings in this report.

Report on compliance with legislation

- 23.) In accordance with the PAA and the general notice issued in terms thereof, I must audit and report on compliance with applicable legislation relating to financial matters, financial management and other related matters. The accounting officer is responsible for the department's compliance with legislation.
- 24.) I performed procedures to test compliance with selected requirements in key legislation in accordance with the findings engagement methodology of the Auditor-General of South Africa (AGSA). This engagement is not an

assurance engagement. Accordingly, I do not express an assurance opinion or conclusion.

- 25.) Through an established AGSA process, I selected requirements in key legislation for compliance testing that are relevant to the financial and performance management of the Office of the public service commission, clear to allow consistent measurement and evaluation, while also sufficiently detailed and readily available to report in an understandable manner. The selected legislative requirements are included in the annexure to this auditor's report.
- 26.) I did not identify any material non-compliance with the selected legislative requirements.

Other information in the annual report

- 27.) The accounting officer is responsible for the other information included in the annual report, which includes the accounting officers' report and the audit committee's report. The other information referred to does not include the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements, the auditor's report and those selected material indicators in the scoped-in programme presented in the annual performance report that have been specifically reported on in this auditor's report.
- 28.) My opinion on the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements, the report on the audit of the annual performance report and the report on compliance with legislation do not cover the other information included in the annual report and I do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion on it.
- 29.) My responsibility is to read this other information and, in doing so, consider whether it is materially inconsistent with the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements and the selected material indicators in the scoped-in programme presented in the annual performance report, or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Internal control deficiencies

30.) I considered internal control relevant to my audit of the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements, annual performance report and

compliance with applicable legislation; however, my objective was not to express any form of assurance on it.

31.) I did not identify any significant deficiencies in internal control.

A whiter General

Auditor-General

Pretoria 31 July 2023



Auditing to build public confidence

2. ANNEXURE TO THE AUDITOR'S REPORT

The annexure includes the following:

- the auditor-general's responsibility for the audit
- the selected legislative requirements for compliance testing.

AUDITOR-GENERAL'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE AUDIT

Professional judgement and professional scepticism

As part of an audit in accordance with the ISAs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout my audit of the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements and the procedures performed on reported performance information for selected material performance indicators and on the department's compliance with selected requirements in key legislation.

Financial statements

In addition to my responsibility for the audit of the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements as described in this auditor's report, I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements, whether due to fraud or error; design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks; and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the department's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements. I also conclude, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists relating to events or conditions that

may cast significant doubt on the ability of the department to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements about the material uncertainty or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion on the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements. My conclusions are based on the information available to me at the date of this auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause a department to cease operating as a going concern

 evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements, including the disclosures, and determine whether the Office of the Public Service Commission financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Communication with those charged with governance

I communicate with the accounting officer regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide the accounting officer with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence and, where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.



Compliance with legislation – selected legislative requirements

The selected legislative requirements are as follows:

| Legislation | Sections or regulations |
|--|--|
| Public Finance Management Act 1 of 1999 (PFMA) | Section 1 (Definition of irregular expenditure); Sections 38(1)(a)(iv); 38(1)(b); 38(1)(c)(i)-(ii); Sections 38(1)(d); 38(1)(h)(iii); 39(1)(a); 39(2)(a); Sections 40(1)(a) and (b); 40(1)(c)(i); Sections 43(4); 44; 45(b); 51(1)(a)(iv); 57(b) |
| Treasury regulations | $\begin{array}{l} {\rm TR}\;4.1.1;\;4.1.3;\;5.1.1;\;5.2.1;\;5.2.3(a);\;5.2.3(d);\;{\rm TR}\;5.3.1;\;6.3.1(a)\ -\ (d);\;6.4.1(b);\;7.2.1;\\ {\rm TR}\;8.1.1;\;8.2.1;\;8.2.2;\;8.2.3;\;8.4.1;\;9.1.1;\;9.1.4;\\ {\rm TR}\;10.1.1(a);\;10.1.2;\;11.4.1;\;11.4.2;\;11.5.1;\\ {\rm TR}\;12.5.1;\;{\rm TR}\;15.10.1.2(c);\\ {\rm TR}\;16A3.2\;(fairness);\;16A3.2(a);\;16A6.1;\\ {\rm TR}\;16A6.2(a)\;and\;(b);\;16A6.3(a)\ -\ (c);\;16A6.3(e);\\ {\rm TR}\;16A6.4;\;16A6.5;\;16A6.6;\;16A7.1;\;16A.7.3;\\ {\rm TR}\;16A7.6;\;16A.7.7;\;16A8.3;\;16A8.4;\\ {\rm TR}\;16A9.1(d);\;16A9.1(e);\;16A9.1(f);\;16A9.2(a)(ii);\\ {\rm TR}\;17.1.1;\;18.2;\;19.8.4\end{array}$ |
| Construction Industry Development Board Act 38 of 2000 (CIDB) | Section 18(1) |
| CIDB regulations | Regulations 17; 25(7A) |
| Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act 5 of 2000 (PPPFA) | Sections 1(i); 2.1(a),(b) and (f) |
| Preferential Procurement regulations (PPR), 2011 | Regulations 4.1; 4.3; 5.5; 6.1; 6.5; 7.1; Regulations 9.1; 9.5; 11.2; 11.5 |
| Preferential Procurement regulations (PPR), 2017 | Regulations 4.1; 4.2; 5.1; 5.3; 5.6; 5.7; Regulations 6.1; 6.2; 6.3; 6.5; 6.6; 6.8; Regulations 7.1; 7.2; 7.3; 7.5; 7.6; 7.8; Regulations 8.2; 8.5; 9.1; 10.1; 10.2; 11.1; 11.2 |
| Prevention and Combating of Corrupt Activities Act 12 of 2004 (PRECCA) | Section 34(1) |
| Public Service regulations (PSR), 2016 | Regulations 18(1); 18(2); 25(1)(e)(i) and (iii) |
| State Information Technology Agency Act 88 of 1998 (SITA) | Section 7(3) |
| NT SCM Instruction Note 05 of 2009/10 | Par 3.3 |
| NT SCM Instruction Note 04 of 2015/16 | Par 3.4 |
| NT SCM Instruction Note 03 of 2016/17 | Par 8.1; 8.2; 8.3; 8.5 |

| Legislation | Sections or regulations |
|---|---|
| NT SCM Instruction Note 4A of 2016/17 | Par 6 |
| NT SCM Instruction Note 07 of 2017/18 | Par 4.3 |
| NT SCM Instruction note 03 of 2019/20 [Annexure A - FIPDM] | Par 5.5.1(vi); 5.5.1(x) |
| NT SCM Instruction Note 08 of 2019/20 | Par 3.1.1; 3.6; 3.7.2; 3.7.6(i) - (iii) |
| NT SCM Instruction Note 03 of 2020/21 | Par 3.6; 3.7; 5.1(i); 6.1; 6.3 |
| NT SCM Instruction Note 05 of 2020/21 | Par 3.2; 3.7; 4.3; 4.6; 4.8; 4.9; 5.3 |
| Erratum NT SCM Instruction Note 05 of 2020/21 | Par 1; 2 |
| Second Amendment to NT SCM Instruction Note 05 of 2020/21 | Par 1 |
| NT Instruction Note 11 of 2020/21 | Par 3.1; 3.4(b); 3.9 |
| NT SCM Instruction Note 02 of 2021/22 | Par 3.2.1; 3.2.4(a); 3.3.1; 4.1 |
| SCM Practice Note 8 of 2007/08 | Par 3.3.1; 3.3.3; 3.4.1; 3.5 |
| SCM Practice Note 7 of 2009/10 | Par 4.1.2 |



3. ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Chief Financial Officer Mr Zweli Momeka

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APPROPRIATION STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

| | | 2022/23 | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|--|
| Voted funds and Direct charges | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | |
| Programme | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 ADMINISTRATION | 142 316 | - | (6 623) | 135 693 | 127 928 | 7 765 | 94,3% | 134 559 | 121 947 | |
| 2 LEADERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT PRACTICES | 49 852 | - | 1 701 | 51 553 | 48 634 | 2 919 | 94,3% | 49 773 | 49 728 | |
| 3 MONITORING AND EVALUATION | 44 970 | - | 2 251 | 47 221 | 45 228 | 1 993 | 95,8% | 44 267 | 41 668 | |
| 4 INTEGRITY AND ANTI-CORRUPTION | 58 403 | - | 2 671 | 61 074 | 57 136 | 3 938 | 93,6% | 57 672 | 52 428 | |
| Programme sub total | 295 541 | - | - | 295 541 | 278 926 | 16 615 | 94,4% | 286 271 | 265 771 | |
| TOTAL | 295 541 | - | - | 295 541 | 278 926 | 16 615 | 94,4% | 286 271 | 265 771 | |
| Reconciliation with Statement of Financial Performa | nce | | | | | | | | | |
| Add: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Departmental receipts | | | | 362 | | | 0 | 398 | | |
| Actual amounts per Statement of Financial Perfo | ormance (Total Reve | nue) | | 295 903 | | | (1 : 2) | 286 669 | - | |
| Add: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aid assistance | | | | | 11 | | | | 130 | |
| Prior year unauthorised expenditure approved | d without funding | | | | | | | | | |
| Actual amounts per Statement of Financial Perfo | | | | | 278 937 | | | | 265 901 | |

APPROPRIATION STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 2021/22 | | |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|--|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | |
| Current payments | 293 492 | - | (1 377) | 292 115 | 275 752 | 16 363 | 94,4% | 280 949 | 260 444 | |
| Compensation of employees | 223 834 | - | (912) | 222 922 | 206 742 | 16 180 | 92,7% | 216 505 | 204 753 | |
| Salaries and wages | 199 730 | (1 641) | (912) | 197 177 | 182 743 | 14 434 | 92,7% | 191 263 | 180 830 | |
| Social contributions | 24 104 | 1 641 | - | 25 745 | 23 999 | 1 746 | 93,2% | 25 242 | 23 923 | |
| Goods and services | 69 658 | - | (465) | 69 193 | 69 009 | 184 | 99,7% | 64 444 | 55 691 | |
| Administrative fees | 105 | 30 | 4 | 139 | 139 | - | 99,9% | 222 | 173 | |
| Advertising | 392 | (12) | 26 | 406 | 406 | - | 100,0% | 257 | 189 | |
| Minor assets | 1 157 | 14 | (976) | 195 | 194 | 1 | 99,3% | 251 | 219 | |
| Audit costs: External | 3 882 | 326 | - | 4 208 | 4 208 | - | 100,0% | 5 566 | 5 090 | |
| Bursaries: Employees | 1 037 | - | (568) | 469 | 469 | - | 100,0% | 797 | 797 | |
| Catering: Departmental activities | 351 | 412 | 638 | 1 401 | 1 400 | 1 | 100,0% | 321 | 180 | |
| Communication (G&S) | 4 005 | (530) | (94) | 3 381 | 3 360 | 21 | 99,4% | 4 886 | 3 615 | |
| Computer services | 11 062 | 1 276 | (910) | 11 428 | 11 426 | 2 | 100,0% | 8 891 | 8 643 | |
| Consultants: Business and advisory services | 4 185 | (423) | (1 052) | 2 710 | 2 643 | 67 | 97,5% | 3 706 | 2 369 | |
| Legal services | 3 608 | (870) | (1 672) | 1 066 | 1 066 | - | 100,0% | 3 443 | 3 442 | |
| Contractors | 390 | (341) | 233 | 282 | 282 | - | 100,0% | 103 | 102 | |
| Fleet services (including government motor transport) | 569 | (202) | 156 | 523 | 525 | (2) | 100,3% | 598 | 334 | |
| Inventory: Medical supplies | 105 | 19 | - | 124 | 124 | - | 100,1% | - | - | |
| Consumable supplies | 1 383 | (26) | 56 | 1 413 | 1 416 | (3) | 100,2% | 1 668 | 1 016 | |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies | 3 378 | (1 459) | 253 | 2 172 | 2 085 | 87 | 96,0% | 2 928 | 1 496 | |
| Operating leases | 22 322 | (33) | (1 845) | 20 444 | 20 443 | 1 | 100,0% | 21 284 | 21 312 | |
| Property payments | 4 989 | (76) | (380) | 4 533 | 4 530 | 3 | 99,9% | 4 730 | 4 166 | |
| Travel and subsistence | 3 552 | 1 599 | 4 541 | 9 692 | 9 691 | 1 | 100,0% | 2 296 | 1 470 | |
| Training and development | 1 171 | 29 | - | 1 200 | 1 201 | (1) | 100,0% | 1 724 | 374 | |
| Operating payments | 767 | (58) | 101 | 810 | 808 | 2 | 99,8% | 773 | 704 | |

APPROPRIATION STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 2021/22 | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Venues and facilities | 1 186 | 252 | 557 | 1 995 | 1 993 | 2 | 99,9% | - | - |
| Rental and hiring | 62 | 73 | 467 | 602 | 602 | - | 100,0% | - | - |
| Transfers and subsidies | 611 | - | 912 | 1 523 | 1 158 | 365 | 76,0% | 1 933 | 1 933 |
| Foreign governments and international organisations | 90 | - | - | 90 | - | 90 | 0,0% | 30 | 30 |
| Households | 521 | - | 912 | 1 433 | 1 158 | 275 | 80,8% | 1 903 | 1 903 |
| Social benefits | 521 | - | 912 | 1 433 | 1 158 | 275 | 80,8% | 1 903 | 1 903 |
| Payments for capital assets | 1 438 | - | 465 | 1 903 | 1 902 | 1 | 99,9% | 3 389 | 3 383 |
| Machinery and equipment | 1 438 | - | 465 | 1 903 | 1 902 | 1 | 99,9% | 3 389 | 3 383 |
| Other machinery and equipment | 1 438 | - | 465 | 1 903 | 1 902 | 1 | 99,9% | 3 389 | 3 383 |
| Payment for financial assets | - | - | - | - | 115 | (115) | 0,0% | - | 11 |
| | 295 541 | - | - | 295 541 | 278 926 | 16 615 | 94,4% | 286 271 | 265 771 |

Programme 1: ADMINISTRATION

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 2021/22 | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|--------------------------------|--|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure R'000 | |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | | |
| Sub programme | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION | 22 931 | - | 1 455 | 24 386 | 20 552 | 3 834 | 84,3% | 19 828 | 18 663 | |
| 2 MANAGEMENT | 19 949 | (23) | (1 738) | 18 188 | 15 929 | 2 259 | 87,6% | 16 428 | 16 150 | |
| 3 CORPORATE SERVICES | 29 474 | 1 788 | (596) | 30 666 | 29 659 | 1 007 | 96,7% | 28 528 | 24 922 | |
| 4 PROPERTY MANAGEMENT | 25 376 | (22) | (2 956) | 22 398 | 22 396 | 2 | 100,0% | 23 509 | 23 282 | |
| 5 CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER | 44 586 | (1 743) | (2 788) | 40 055 | 39 391 | 664 | 98,3% | 46 266 | 38 930 | |
| | 142 316 | - | (6 623) | 135 693 | 127 928 | 7 765 | 94,3% | 134 559 | 121 947 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| conomic classification | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current payments | 140 593 | - | (7 686) | 132 907 | 125 391 | 7 516 | 94,3% | 130 514 | 117 897 | |
| Compensation of employees | 78 385 | - | (621) | 77 764 | 70 431 | 7 333 | 90,6% | 71 346 | 67 43 | |
| Salaries and wages | 68 950 | (222) | (621) | 68 107 | 61 776 | 6 331 | 90,7% | 62 845 | 59 302 | |
| Social contributions | 9 435 | 222 | - | 9 657 | 8 656 | 1 001 | 89,6% | 8 501 | 8 13 | |
| Goods and services | 62 208 | - | (7 065) | 55 143 | 54 960 | 183 | 99,7% | 59 168 | 50 45 | |
| Administrative fees | 105 | 26 | - | 131 | 131 | - | 100,2% | 222 | 17: | |
| Advertising | 379 | (39) | - | 340 | 340 | - | 100,0% | 202 | 13 | |
| Minor assets | 1 157 | 11 | (976) | 192 | 190 | 2 | 99,0% | 250 | 218 | |
| Audit costs: External | 3 882 | 326 | - | 4 208 | 4 208 | - | 100,0% | 5 566 | 5 090 | |
| Bursaries: Employees | 1 037 | - | (568) | 469 | 469 | - | 100,0% | 797 | 79 | |
| Catering: Departmental activities | 259 | 303 | 1 | 563 | 564 | (1) | 100,2% | 279 | 14 | |
| Communication (G&S) | 2 415 | (277) | (212) | 1 926 | 1 914 | 12 | 99,4% | 3 363 | 2 100 | |
| Computer services | 11 062 | 1 276 | (910) | 11 428 | 11 426 | 2 | 100,0% | 8 891 | 8 643 | |
| Consultants: Business and advisory services | 3 839 | (458) | (1 079) | 2 302 | 2 235 | 67 | 97,1% | 3 449 | 2 11 | |
| Legal services | 3 608 | (870) | (1 672) | 1 066 | 1 066 | - | 100,0% | 3 443 | 3 44 | |
| Contractors | 384 | (360) | - | 24 | 24 | - | 100,8% | 72 | 7 | |

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 202 | 1/22 |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Fleet services (including government motor transport) | 373 | (298) | - | 75 | 75 | - | 99,8% | 320 | 5 |
| Inventory: Medical supplies | 105 | 19 | - | 124 | 124 | - | 100,1% | - | |
| Consumable supplies | 1 222 | (37) | (10) | 1 175 | 1 173 | 2 | 99,9% | 1 573 | 92 |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies | 2 315 | (1 124) | (52) | 1 139 | 1 054 | 85 | 92,5% | 2 207 | 79 |
| Operating leases | 21 711 | - | (2 024) | 19 687 | 19 686 | 1 | 100,0% | 20 785 | 20 78 |
| Property payments | 4 316 | (95) | (1 005) | 3 216 | 3 213 | 3 | 99,9% | 3 990 | 3 43 |
| Travel and subsistence | 1 542 | 1 135 | 1 442 | 4 119 | 4 108 | 11 | 99,7% | 1 389 | 59 |
| Training and development | 1 171 | 29 | - | 1 200 | 1 201 | (1) | 100,0% | 1 724 | 37 |
| Operating payments | 725 | (85) | - | 640 | 639 | 1 | 99,8% | 646 | 57 |
| Venues and facilities | 589 | 519 | - | 1 108 | 1 108 | - | 100,0% | | |
| Rental and hiring | 12 | (1) | - | 11 | 11 | | 101,3% | - | 0 |
| Transfers and subsidies | 496 | - | 621 | 1 117 | 753 | 364 | 67,4% | 865 | 86 |
| Foreign governments and international organisations | 90 | - | - | 90 | - | 90 | 0,0% | 30 | 3 |
| Households | 406 | - | 621 | 1 027 | 753 | 274 | 73,3% | 835 | 83 |
| Social benefits | 406 | - | 621 | 1 027 | 753 | 274 | 73,3% | 835 | 83 |
| Payments for capital assets | 1 227 | - | 442 | 1 669 | 1 669 | <u> </u> | 100,0% | 3 180 | 3 17 |
| Machinery and equipment | 1 227 | - | 442 | 1 669 | 1 669 | ~ /- | 100,0% | 3 180 | 3 17 |
| Other machinery and equipment | 1 227 | - | 442 | 1 669 | 1 669 | × / • | 100,0% | 3 180 | 3 17 |
| Payment for financial assets | - | - | - | - | 115 | (115) | 0,0% | - | 1 |
| | 142 316 | - | (6 623) | 135 693 | 127 928 | 7 765 | 94,3% | 134 559 | 121 94 |

Subprogramme: 1.1: PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 202 ⁻ | 1/22 |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|----------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------|---|------------------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Appropriation | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final appropriation | Final Appropriation | Actual Expenditure |
| Economic classification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Current payments | 22 931 | - | 1 327 | 24 258 | 20 425 | 3 833 | 84,2% | 19 257 | 18 093 |
| Compensation of employees | 21 250 | - | (128) | 21 122 | 17 290 | 3 832 | 81,9% | 17 771 | 17 253 |
| Salaries and wages | 18 713 | 361 | (128) | 18 946 | 15 699 | 3 247 | 82,9% | 16 074 | 15 678 |
| Social contributions | 2 537 | (361) | - | 2 176 | 1 591 | 585 | 73,1% | 1 697 | 1 575 |
| Goods and services | 1 681 | - | 1 455 | 3 136 | 3 136 | - | 100,0% | 1 486 | 840 |
| Catering: Departmental activities | 64 | 18 | 1 | 83 | 84 | (1) | 100,9% | 114 | 87 |
| Communication (G&S) | 379 | (128) | 4 | 255 | 251 | 4 | 98,5% | 359 | 252 |
| Consultants: Business and advisory services | 100 | (100) | - | - | - | - | 0,0% | - | |
| Consumable supplies | 2 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 5 | - | 105,0% | - | |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office | | | | | | | | | |
| supplies | 61 | (44) | - | 17 | 17 | - | 99,0% | 31 | 24 |
| Travel and subsistence | 854 | 311 | 1 449 | 2 614 | 2 616 | (2) | 100,1% | 906 | 401 |
| Operating payments | 3 | 3 | - | 6 | 6 | - | 103,0% | 76 | 76 |
| Venues and facilities | 218 | (62) | - | 156 | 156 | - | 99,9% | - | |
| Transfers and subsidies | - | - | 128 | 128 | 127 | 1 | 99,3% | 571 | 570 |
| Households | - | - | 128 | 128 | 127 | 1 | 99,3% | 571 | 570 |
| Social benefits | - | - | 128 | 128 | 127 | 1 | 99,3% | 571 | 570 |
| Payments for capital assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0,0% | - | - |
| Payment for financial assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0,0% | - | |
| Total | 22 931 | 0 | 1 455 | 24 386 | 20 552 | 3 834 | 84,3% | 19 828 | 18 663 |

Subprogramme: 1.2: MANAGEMENT

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 202 | 21/22 | |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|--|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | |
| Economic classification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 | |
| Current payments | 19 605 | (23) | (1 745) | 17 837 | 15 667 | 2 170 | 87,8% | 16 239 | 15 961 | |
| Compensation of employees | 14 725 | - | - | 14 725 | 12 559 | 2 166 | 85,3% | 11 719 | 11 713 | |
| Salaries and wages | 13 427 | (284) | - | 13 143 | 11 157 | 1 986 | 84,9% | 10 301 | 10 297 | |
| Social contributions | 1 298 | 284 | - | 1 582 | 1 402 | 180 | 88,6% | 1 418 | 1 416 | |
| Goods and services | 4 880 | (23) | (1 745) | 3 112 | 3 109 | 3 | 99,9% | 4 520 | 4 248 | |
| Administrative fees | 60 | 10 | - | 70 | 70 | - | 99,8% | - | - | |
| Advertising | 25 | (12) | - | 13 | 13 | - | 99,4% | 51 | 51 | |
| Catering: Departmental activities | 16 | 185 | - | 201 | 201 | - | 100,1% | 37 | 27 | |
| Communication (G&S) | 271 | 1 | (42) | 230 | 228 | 2 | 99,1% | 322 | 245 | |
| Consultants: Business and advisory services | 236 | (210) | - | 26 | 26 | - | 99,1% | 352 | 353 | |
| Legal services | 3 608 | (870) | (1 672) | 1 066 | 1 066 | - | 100,0% | 3 443 | 3 442 | |
| Consumable supplies | - | 6 | - | 6 | 8 | (2) | 125,6% | 3 | 3 | |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies | 93 | 3 | (24) | 72 | 71 | 1 | 98,7% | 85 | 41 | |
| Travel and subsistence | 245 | 353 | (7) | 591 | 589 | 2 | 99,6% | 214 | 73 | |
| Training and development | 41 | - | - | 41 | 41 | | 100,4% | - | - | |
| Operating payments | 1 | 13 | - | 14 | 14 | | 102,4% | 13 | 13 | |
| Venues and facilities | 284 | 498 | - | 782 | 782 | ~~ /- | 99,9% | - | - | |
| Transfers and subsidies | 327 | - | - | 327 | 237 | 90 | 72,5% | 167 | 167 | |
| Foreign governments and international organisations | 90 | - | - | 90 | | 90 | 0,0% | 30 | 30 | |
| Households | 237 | - | - | 237 | 237 | J | 100,1% | 137 | 137 | |
| Social benefits | 237 | - | - | 237 | 237 | - | 100,1% | 137 | 137 | |
| Payments for capital assets | 17 | - | 7 | 24 | 24 | | 101,7% | 22 | 22 | |
| Machinery and equipment | 17 | - | 7 | 24 | 24 | - | 101,7% | 22 | 22 | |
| Other machinery and equipment | 17 | - | 7 | 24 | 24 | - | 101,7% | 22 | 22 | |
| Payment for financial assets | - | - | - | - | \ C- | ~ . | 0,0% | - | - | |
| Total | 19 949 | (23) | (1 738) | 18 188 | 15 929 | 2 259 | 87,6% | 16 428 | 16 150 | |

Subprogramme: 1.3: CORPORATE SERVICES

| | | | | 2022/ | 23 | | | | 2021/22 |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| Economic classification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Current payments | 29 305 | 1 788 | (1 075) | 30 018 | 29 285 | 733 | 97,6% | 28 504 | 24 898 |
| Compensation of employees | 24 225 | - | (479) | 23 746 | 23 025 | 721 | 97,0% | 23 439 | 22 306 |
| Salaries and wages | 20 889 | (154) | (479) | 20 256 | 19 612 | 644 | 96,8% | 20 213 | 19 231 |
| Social contributions | 3 336 | 154 | - | 3 490 | 3 413 | 77 | 97,8% | 3 226 | 3 075 |
| Goods and services | 5 080 | 1 788 | (596) | 6 272 | 6 259 | 13 | 99,8% | 5 065 | 2 592 |
| Administrative fees | - | - | - | - | (-) | - | 0,0% | 1 | |
| Advertising | 348 | (21) | - | 327 | 327 | - | 100,0% | 66 | |
| Bursaries: Employees | 1 037 | - | (568) | 469 | 469 | - | 100,0% | 797 | 797 |
| Catering: Departmental activities | 172 | 92 | - | 264 | 265 | (1) | 100,2% | 126 | 29 |
| Communication (G&S) | 90 | 650 | - | 740 | 737 | 3 | 99,6% | 128 | 125 |
| Computer services | - | 420 | - | 420 | 420 | - | 100,1% | - | |
| Consultants: Business and advisory services | 386 | (85) | - | 301 | 301 | - | 99,8% | 364 | 215 |
| Fleet services (including government motor transport) | - | 12 | - | 12 | 13 | (1) | 106,2% | - | |
| Inventory: Medical supplies | 105 | 19 | - | 124 | 124 | - | 100,1% | - | |
| Consumable supplies | 414 | 283 | - | 697 | 697 | - | 100,0% | 496 | 56 |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies | 685 | 81 | (28) | 738 | 734 | 4 | 99,4% | 669 | 630 |
| Property payments | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0,0% | 271 | - |
| Travel and subsistence | 246 | 287 | - | 533 | 527 | 6 | 98,9% | 86 | 55 |
| Training and development | 1 130 | 29 | - | 1 159 | 1 159 | - | 100,0% | 1 724 | 374 |
| Operating payments | 380 | (73) | - | 307 | 306 | 1 | 99,8% | 337 | 311 |
| Venues and facilities | 87 | 83 | - | 170 | 170 | - | 100,1% | - | - |
| Rental and hiring | - | 11 | - | 11 | 11 | - | 101,3% | - | - |

| | | | | 2022/ | 23 | | | 2021/22 | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|--|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | |
| Economic classification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 | |
| Transfers and subsidies | 169 | - | 479 | 648 | 374 | 274 | 57,7% | 24 | 24 | |
| Households | 169 | - | 479 | 648 | 374 | 274 | 57,7% | 24 | 24 | |
| Social benefits | 169 | - | 479 | 648 | 374 | 274 | 57,7% | 24 | 24 | |
| Payments for capital assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0,0% | - | - | |
| Payment for financial assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0,0% | - | - | |
| Total | 29 474 | 1 788 | (596) | 30 666 | 29 659 | 1 007 | 96,7% | 28 528 | 24 922 | |

Subprogramme: 1.4: PROPERTY MANAGEMENT

| | | | | | 2022/ | 23 | | | | 2021/22 |
|------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| Economic class | ification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Current payments | | 25 376 | (22) | (2 956) | 22 398 | 22 396 | 2 | 100,0% | 23 509 | 23 282 |
| Goods and services | | 25 376 | (22) | (2 956) | 22 398 | 22 396 | 2 | 100,0% | 23 509 | 23 282 |
| Operating leases | | 21 427 | - | (1 978) | 19 449 | 19 449 | - | 100,0% | 20 515 | 20 515 |
| Property payments | | 3 949 | (22) | (978) | 2 949 | 2 948 | 1 | 100,0% | 2 994 | 2 767 |
| Transfers and subsidies | | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0,0% | - | _ |
| Payments for capital assets | | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0,0% | - | _ |
| Payment for financial assets | | | | | - | | - | 0,0% | - | |
| Total | | 25 376 | (22) | (2 956) | 22 398 | 22 396 | 2 | 100,0% | 23 509 | 23 282 |

Subprogramme: 1.5: CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 2021/22 | |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| Economic classification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Current paymentS | 43 376 | (1 743) | (3 237) | 38 396 | 37 618 | 778 | 98,0% | 43 005 | 35 663 |
| Compensation of employees | 18 185 | - | (14) | 18 171 | 17 557 | 614 | 96,6% | 18 417 | 16 167 |
| Salaries and wages | 15 921 | (145) | (14) | 15 762 | 15 308 | 454 | 97,1% | 16 257 | 14 096 |
| Social contributions | 2 264 | 145 | - | 2 409 | 2 250 | 159 | 93,4% | 2 160 | 2 071 |
| Goods and services | 25 191 | (1 743) | (3 223) | 20 225 | 20 060 | 165 | 99,2% | 24 588 | 19 496 |
| Administrative fees | 45 | 16 | - | 61 | 61 | - | 100,5% | 221 | 173 |
| Advertising | 6 | (6) | - | - | - | - | 0,0% | 85 | 84 |
| Minor assets | 1 157 | 11 | (976) | 192 | 190 | 2 | 98,8% | 250 | 218 |
| Audit costs: External | 3 882 | 326 | - | 4 208 | 4 208 | | 100,0% | 5 566 | 5 090 |
| Catering: Departmental activities | 7 | 8 | - | 15 | 15 | | 98,1% | 2 | 2 |
| Communication (G&S) | 1 675 | (800) | (174) | 701 | 698 | 3 | 99,6% | 2 554 | 1 478 |
| Computer services | 11 062 | 856 | (910) | 11 008 | 11 006 | 2 | 100,0% | 8 891 | 8 643 |
| Consultants: Business and advisory services | 3 117 | (63) | (1 079) | 1 975 | 1 909 | 66 | 96,7% | 2 733 | 1 545 |
| Contractors | 384 | (360) | - | 24 | 24 | S. N. F | 99,1% | 72 | 72 |
| Fleet services (including government motor transport) | 373 | (310) | - | 63 | 62 | 1 | 98,6% | 320 | 56 |
| Consumable supplies | 806 | (328) | (11) | 467 | 464 | 3 | 99,3% | 1 074 | 867 |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies | 1 476 | (1 164) | - | 312 | 232 | 80 | 74,5% | 1 422 | 97 |
| Operating leases | 284 | - | (46) | 238 | 238 | · . | 100,0% | 270 | 265 |
| Property payments | 367 | (73) | (27) | 267 | 266 | 1 | 99,5% | 725 | 665 |
| Travel and subsistence | 197 | 184 | - | 381 | 377 | 4 | 98,8% | 183 | 63 |
| Operating payments | 341 | (28) | - | 313 | 312 | 1 | 99,6% | 220 | 178 |
| Rental and hiring | 12 | (12) | - | - | - | 2 \ . | 0,0% | - | |

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 2021/22 | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| Economic classification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Transfers and subsidies | - | - | 14 | 14 | 14 | - | 101,9% | 103 | 103 |
| Households | - | - | 14 | 14 | 14 | - | 101,9% | 103 | 103 |
| Social benefits | - | - | 14 | 14 | 14 | - | 101,9% | 103 | 103 |
| Payments for capital assets | 1 210 | - | 435 | 1 645 | 1 644 | 1 | 100,0% | 3 158 | 3 153 |
| Machinery and equipment | 1 210 | - | 435 | 1 645 | 1 644 | 1 | 100,0% | 3 158 | 3 153 |
| Other machinery and equipment | 1 210 | - | 435 | 1 645 | 1 644 | 1 | 100,0% | 3 158 | 3 153 |
| Payment for financial assets | - | - | - | - | 115 | (115) | 0,0% | - | 11 |
| Total | 44 586 | (1 743) | (2 788) | 40 055 | 39 391 | 664 | 98,3% | 46 266 | 38 930 |

Programme 2: LEADERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 2021/22 | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|--|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 | |
| Sub programme | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 LABOUR RELATIONS IMPROVEMENT | 14 851 | (5) | 70 | 14 916 | 14 271 | 645 | 95,7% | 16 056 | 16 042 | |
| 2 LEADERSHIP AND HUMAN RESOURCE REVIEWS | 9 938 | (13) | 40 | 9 965 | 9 319 | 646 | 93,5% | 9 537 | 9 527 | |
| ³ PROGRAMME MANAGEMENT: LEADERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT PRACTICES | 25 063 | 18 | 1 591 | 26 672 | 25 044 | 1 628 | 93,9% | 24 180 | 24 159 | |
| | 49 852 | - | 1 701 | 51 553 | 48 634 | 2 919 | 94,3% | 49 773 | 49 728 | |
| Economic classification | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current payments | 49 759 | - | 1 721 | 51 480 | 48 562 | 2 918 | 94,3% | 49 509 | 49 465 | |
| Compensation of employees | 47 982 | - | (1) | 47 981 | 45 063 | 2 918 | 93,9% | 48 363 | 48 345 | |
| Salaries and wages | 42 968 | (208) | (1) | 42 759 | 40 115 | 2 644 | 93,8% | 43 305 | 43 291 | |
| Social contributions | 5 014 | 208 | - | 5 222 | 4 949 | 273 | 94,8% | 5 058 | 5 054 | |
| Goods and services | 1 777 | - | 1 722 | 3 499 | 3 499 | / < - | 100,0% | 1 146 | 1 120 | |
| Administrative fees | - | - | 4 | 4 | 4 | 6 X. | 99,4% | - | - | |
| Advertising | - | 26 | - | 26 | 26 | <u> </u> | 99,4% | - | - | |
| Minor assets | - | 3 | - | 3 | 3 | × 7- | 108,5% | - | - | |
| Catering: Departmental activities | 10 | 49 | 252 | 311 | 310 | 1 | 99,7% | 13 | 11 | |
| Communication (G&S) | 455 | (118) | 52 | 389 | 388 | 1 | 99,6% | 470 | 466 | |
| Consultants: Business and advisory services | - | 27 | - | 27 | 27 | - 1/2 | 98,8% | - | - | |
| Contractors | - | 1 | 110 | 111 | 111 | 8./ - | 100,2% | - | - | |
| Fleet services (including government motor transport) | 13 | 34 | 86 | 133 | 133 | - | 100,0% | 8 | 9 | |
| Consumable supplies | 25 | (7) | 16 | 34 | 33 | 1 | 96,8% | 15 | 14 | |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies | 395 | (137) | 63 | 321 | 321 | 2 \ · | 100,0% | 172 | 164 | |
| Operating leases | 191 | - | 64 | 255 | 255 | | 100,1% | 186 | 186 | |

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 202 | 1/22 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Property payments | 87 | (6) | 27 | 108 | 109 | (1) | 100,7% | 143 | 143 |
| Travel and subsistence | 444 | 64 | 604 | 1 112 | 1 115 | (3) | 100,2% | 129 | 117 |
| Operating payments | 7 | (1) | 21 | 27 | 28 | (1) | 103,4% | 10 | 10 |
| Venues and facilities | 150 | 15 | 185 | 350 | 349 | 1 | 99,8% | - | - |
| Rental and hiring | - | 50 | 238 | 288 | 287 | 1 | 99,8% | - | - |
| Transfers and subsidies | 18 | - | 1 | 19 | 19 | - | 98,3% | 201 | 201 |
| Households | 18 | - | 1 | 19 | 19 | - | 98,3% | 201 | 201 |
| Social benefits | 18 | - | 1 | 19 | 19 | - | 98,3% | 201 | 201 |
| Payments for capital assets | 75 | - | (21) | 54 | 53 | 1 | 98,8% | 63 | 62 |
| Buildings and other fixed structures | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Machinery and equipment | 75 | - | (21) | 54 | 53 | 1 | 98,8% | 63 | 62 |
| Other machinery and equipment | 75 | - | (21) | 54 | 53 | 1 | 98,8% | 63 | 62 |
| Payment for financial assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 49 852 | - | 1 701 | 51 553 | 48 634 | 2 919 | 94,3% | 49 773 | 49 728 |

Subprogramme: 2.1: LABOUR RELATIONS IMPROVEMENT

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 202 | 1/22 |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| Economic classification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Current payments | 14 847 | (5) | 70 | 14 912 | 14 267 | 645 | 95,7% | 15 974 | 15 960 |
| Compensation of employees | 14 554 | - | - | 14 554 | 13 912 | 642 | 95,6% | 15 820 | 15 810 |
| Salaries and wages | 13 158 | (208) | - | 12 950 | 12 416 | 534 | 95,9% | 14 362 | 14 355 |
| Social contributions | 1 396 | 208 | - | 1 604 | 1 496 | 108 | 93,3% | 1 458 | 1 455 |
| Goods and services | 293 | (5) | 70 | 358 | 355 | 3 | 99,2% | 154 | 150 |
| Advertising | - | 13 | - | 13 | 13 | - | 99,4% | - | |
| Catering: Departmental activities | - | 22 | 58 | 80 | 79 | 1 | 99,0% | - | |
| Communication (G&S) | 130 | (56) | - | 74 | 74 | - | 100,2% | 134 | 132 |
| Consultants: Business and advisory services | - | 18 | - | 18 | 18 | - | 98,8% | - | |
| Consumable supplies | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 97,5% | | |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies | 131 | (48) | 8 | 91 | 90 | 1 | 98,9% | 20 | 18 |
| Travel and subsistence | 32 | 46 | 3 | 81 | 80 | 1 | 98,9% | - | 1.0 |
| Transfers and subsidies | 4 | - | - | 4 | 4 | 1 | 107,6% | 82 | 82 |
| Households | 4 | - | - | 4 | 4 | / S | 107,6% | 82 | 82 |
| Social benefits | 4 | - | - | 4 | 4 | 0.1 | 107,6% | 82 | 82 |
| Payments for capital assets | - | - | - | - | / - | · · · · | - | - | - |
| Payment for financial assets | | | | - | / ~ | /· | - | - | |
| Total | 14 851 | (5) | 70 | 14 916 | 14 271 | 645 | 95,7% | 16 056 | 16 042 |

Subprogramme: 2.2: LEADERSHIP AND HUMAN RESOURCE REVIEWS

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 202 | 1/22 |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| Economic classification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Current payments | 9 938 | (13) | 40 | 9 965 | 9 319 | 646 | 93,5% | 9 537 | 9 527 |
| Compensation of employees | 9 692 | - | - | 9 692 | 9 046 | 646 | 93,3% | 9 435 | 9 431 |
| Salaries and wages | 8 638 | 47 | - | 8 685 | 8 070 | 615 | 92,9% | 8 413 | 8 409 |
| Social contributions | 1 054 | (47) | - | 1 007 | 976 | 31 | 96,9% | 1 022 | 1 022 |
| Goods and services | 246 | (13) | 40 | 273 | 273 | - | 100,0% | 102 | 96 |
| Administrative fees | - | - | 4 | 4 | 4 | - | 99,4% | - | - |
| Advertising | - | 13 | - | 13 | 13 | - | 99,4% | - | - |
| Catering: Departmental activities | - | 3 | - | 3 | 3 | - | 98,6% | 2 | 2 |
| Communication (G&S) | 108 | (61) | 1 | 48 | 47 | 1 | 98,7% | 85 | 84 |
| Consultants: Business and advisory services | - | 9 | - | 9 | 9 | - | 98,8% | - | - |
| Consumable supplies | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies | 94 | (65) | 3 | 32 | 32 | - | 99,1% | 11 | 9 |
| Travel and subsistence | 44 | 23 | 32 | 99 | 100 | (1) | 101,0% | 4 | 1 |
| Venues and facilities | - | 65 | - | 65 | 65 | - | 100,0% | - | |
| Transfers and subsidies | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Payments for capital assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Payment for financial assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 9 938 | (13) | 40 | 9 965 | 9 319 | 646 | 93,5% | 9 537 | 9 527 |

Subprogramme: 2.3: PROGRAMME MANAGEMENT: LEADERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 202 | 1/22 |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| Economic classification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Current payments | 24 974 | 18 | 1 611 | 26 603 | 24 976 | 1 627 | 93,9% | 23 998 | 23 978 |
| Compensation of employees | 23 736 | - | (1) | 23 735 | 22 106 | 1 629 | 93,1% | 23 108 | 23 104 |
| Salaries and wages | 21 172 | (47) | (1) | 21 124 | 19 629 | 1 495 | 92,9% | 20 530 | 20 527 |
| Social contributions | 2 564 | 47 | - | 2 611 | 2 477 | 134 | 94,9% | 2 578 | 2 577 |
| Goods and services | 1 238 | 18 | 1 612 | 2 868 | 2 871 | (3) | 100,1% | 890 | 874 |
| Minor assets | - | 3 | - | 3 | 3 | - | 108,5% | - | |
| Catering: Departmental activities | 10 | 24 | 194 | 228 | 228 | - | 100,0% | 11 | 9 |
| Communication (G&S) | 217 | (1) | 51 | 267 | 266 | 1 | 99,6% | 251 | 250 |
| Contractors | - | 1 | 110 | 111 | 111 | - | 100,2% | - | - |
| Fleet services (including government motor transport) | 13 | 34 | 86 | 133 | 133 | - | 100,0% | 8 | 9 |
| Consumable supplies | 25 | (7) | 15 | 33 | 32 | 1 | 96,3% | 15 | 14 |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies | 170 | (24) | 52 | 198 | 199 | (1) | 100,6% | 141 | 137 |
| Operating leases | 191 | - | 64 | 255 | 255 | 1 | 100,1% | 186 | 186 |
| Property payments | 87 | (6) | 27 | 108 | 109 | (1) | 100,7% | 143 | 143 |
| Travel and subsistence | 368 | (5) | 569 | 932 | 935 | (3) | 100,3% | 125 | 116 |
| Operating payments | 7 | (1) | 21 | 27 | 28 | (1) | 103,4% | 10 | 10 |
| Venues and facilities | 150 | (50) | 185 | 285 | 284 | 1 | 99,8% | - | - |
| Rental and hiring | - | 50 | 238 | 288 | 287 | 1 | 99,8% | - | - |
| Transfers and subsidies | 14 | - | 1 | 15 | 14 | 1 | 95,8% | 119 | 119 |
| Households | 14 | - | 1 | 15 | 14 | 1 | 95,8% | 119 | 119 |
| Social benefits | 14 | - | 1 | 15 | 14 | 1 | 95,8% | 119 | 119 |
| Payments for capital assets | 75 | - | (21) | 54 | 53 | 1 | 98,8% | 63 | 62 |
| Machinery and equipment | 75 | - | (21) | 54 | 53 | 1 | 98,8% | 63 | 62 |
| Other machinery and equipment | 75 | - | (21) | 54 | 53 | 1 | 98,8% | 63 | 62 |
| Total | 25 063 | 18 | 1 591 | 26 672 | 25 044 | 1 628 | 93,9% | 24 180 | 24 159 |

Programme 3: MONITORING AND EVALUATION

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 202 | 1/22 |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Sub programme | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 GOVERNANCE MONITORING | 9 271 | 57 | 48 | 9 376 | 9 052 | 324 | 96,5% | 9 255 | 9 024 |
| 2 SERVICE DELIVERY AND COMPLIANCE EVALUATIONS | 9 974 | 218 | 467 | 10 659 | 10 039 | 620 | 94,2% | 9 478 | 9 471 |
| 3 PROGRAMME MANAGEMENT: MONITORING AND EVALUATION | 25 725 | (275) | 1 736 | 27 186 | 26 137 | 1 049 | 96,1% | 25 534 | 23 173 |
| | 44 970 | - | 2 251 | 47 221 | 45 228 | 1 993 | 95,8% | 44 267 | 41 668 |
| Economic classification | | | | | | | | | |
| Current payments | 44 809 | - | 2 018 | 46 827 | 44 834 | 1 993 | 95,7% | 43 703 | 41 104 |
| Compensation of employees | 42 657 | - | (228) | 42 429 | 40 436 | 1 993 | 95,3% | 41 821 | 39 238 |
| Salaries and wages | 38 701 | (600) | (228) | 37 873 | 35 935 | 1 938 | 94,9% | 37 418 | 34 874 |
| Social contributions | 3 956 | 600 | - | 4 556 | 4 502 | 54 | 98,8% | 4 403 | 4 364 |
| Goods and services | 2 152 | - | 2 246 | 4 398 | 4 398 | - | 100,0% | 1 882 | 1 866 |
| Administrative fees | - | 3 | - | 3 | 3 | - | 102,0% | - | - |
| Advertising | - | - | 26 | 26 | 26 | - | 100,0% | 40 | 40 |
| Catering: Departmental activities | 74 | 24 | 182 | 280 | 280 | - | 100,0% | 17 | 16 |
| Communication (G&S) | 411 | (25) | 66 | 452 | 445 | 7 | 98,4% | 489 | 488 |
| Consultants: Business and advisory services | 99 | 8 | - | 107 | 107 | - | 100,3% | 218 | 218 |
| Contractors | - | 13 | 21 | 34 | 34 | - | 100,4% | 21 | 21 |
| Fleet services (including government motor transport) | 151 | 24 | 55 | 230 | 231 | (1) | 100,4% | 194 | 194 |
| Consumable supplies | 78 | 5 | - | 83 | 86 | (3) | 103,4% | 7 | 5 |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies | 248 | (136) | 73 | 185 | 183 | 2 | 99,0% | 168 | 164 |
| Operating leases | 130 | (11) | - | 119 | 119 | - | 100,0% | 131 | 131 |
| Property payments | 84 | 12 | 220 | 316 | 316 | - | 100,1% | 46 | 44 |

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 202 | 1/22 |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Travel and subsistence | 701 | 126 | 1 155 | 1 982 | 1 988 | (6) | 100,3% | 451 | 446 |
| Operating payments | 26 | 7 | - | 33 | 33 | - | 99,1% | 100 | 99 |
| Venues and facilities | 100 | (50) | 372 | 422 | 421 | 1 | 99,8% | - | - |
| Rental and hiring | 50 | - | 76 | 126 | 126 | - | 99,9% | - | - |
| Transfers and subsidies | 97 | - | 228 | 325 | 325 | - | 100,0% | 491 | 491 |
| Households | 97 | - | 228 | 325 | 325 | - | 100,0% | 491 | 491 |
| Social benefits | 97 | - | 228 | 325 | 325 | - | 100,0% | 491 | 491 |
| Payments for capital assets | 64 | - | 5 | 69 | 69 | - | 99,7% | 73 | 73 |
| Machinery and equipment | 64 | - | 5 | 69 | 69 | - | 99,7% | 73 | 73 |
| Other machinery and equipment | 64 | - | 5 | 69 | 69 | - | 99,7% | 73 | 73 |
| Payment for financial assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | - |
| | 44 970 | - | 2 251 | 47 221 | 45 228 | 1 993 | 95,8% | 44 267 | 41 668 |

Subprogramme: 3.1: GOVERNANCE MONITORING

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 202 | 1/22 |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| Economic classification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Current payments | 9 271 | 57 | (25) | 9 303 | 8 979 | 324 | 96,5% | 8 796 | 8 565 |
| Compensation of employees | 9 024 | 63 | (70) | 9 017 | 8 690 | 327 | 96,4% | 8 473 | 8 243 |
| Salaries and wages | 8 222 | (127) | (70) | 8 025 | 7 738 | 287 | 96,4% | 7 575 | 7 346 |
| Social contributions | 802 | 190 | - | 992 | 952 | 40 | 96,0% | 898 | 897 |
| Goods and services | 247 | (6) | 45 | 286 | 289 | (3) | 101,1% | 323 | 322 |
| Advertising | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0,0% | 14 | 14 |
| Catering: Departmental activities | - | 4 | - | 4 | 5 | (1) | 122,3% | 4 | 4 |
| Communication (G&S) | 70 | 2 | - | 72 | 65 | 7 | 90,5% | 86 | 86 |
| Consultants: Business and advisory services | 9 | - | - | 9 | 9 | - | 98,8% | - | |
| Fleet services (including government motor transport) | - | 2 | - | 2 | 2 | - | 112,0% | - | |
| Consumable supplies | 1 | (1) | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies | 36 | (7) | 4 | 33 | 33 | - | 99,0% | 16 | 15 |
| Travel and subsistence | 131 | (7) | 41 | 165 | 174 | (9) | 105,5% | 203 | 203 |
| Operating payments | - | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | 105,0% | - | |
| Transfers and subsidies | - | - | 73 | 73 | 73 | - | 99,6% | 459 | 459 |
| Households | - | - | 73 | 73 | 73 | - | 99,6% | 459 | 459 |
| Social benefits | - | - | 73 | 73 | 73 | - | 99,6% | 459 | 459 |
| Payments for capital assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Payment for financial assets | | | | - | | - | - | - | |
| Total | 9 271 | 57 | 48 | 9 376 | 9 052 | 324 | 96,5% | 9 255 | 9 024 |

Subprogramme: 3.2: SERVICE DELIVERY AND COMPLIANCE EVALUATIONS

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 202 | 1/22 |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| Economic classification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Current payments | 9 974 | 218 | 312 | 10 504 | 9 884 | 620 | 94,1% | 9 446 | 9 439 |
| Compensation of employees | 9 589 | 197 | (158) | 9 628 | 9 010 | 618 | 93,6% | 9 145 | 9 140 |
| Salaries and wages | 8 765 | 68 | (158) | 8 675 | 8 066 | 609 | 93,0% | 8 258 | 8 257 |
| Social contributions | 824 | 129 | - | 953 | 944 | 9 | 99,1% | 887 | 883 |
| Goods and services | 385 | 21 | 470 | 876 | 874 | 2 | 99,8% | 301 | 299 |
| Administrative fees | - | 3 | - | 3 | 3 | - | 87,0% | - | - |
| Advertising | - | - | 26 | 26 | 26 | - | 100,0% | - | - |
| Catering: Departmental activities | - | 2 | - | 2 | 2 | - | 77,7% | 3 | 2 |
| Communication (G&S) | 65 | (17) | - | 48 | 47 | 1 | 98,7% | 68 | 68 |
| Consultants: Business and advisory services | 90 | - | - | 90 | 90 | - | 100,0% | 150 | 150 |
| Contractors | - | 4 | - | 4 | 4 | - | 103,5% | 100 F | 1.0. |
| Consumable supplies | - | 2 | - | 2 | 3 | (1) | 130,3% | 1 | 1 |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies | 59 | (28) | - | 31 | 31 | 1. | 100,5% | 46 | 46 |
| Travel and subsistence | 159 | 67 | 212 | 438 | 437 | 1 | 99,8% | 9 | 9 |
| Operating payments | 12 | (12) | - | - | 9 | 0.1 | | 24 | 23 |
| Venues and facilities | - | - | 232 | 232 | 232 | × \)- | 99,8% | - | - |
| Transfers and subsidies | - | - | 155 | 155 | 155 | | 100,0% | 32 | 32 |
| Households | - | - | 155 | 155 | 155 | S. / - | 100,0% | 32 | 32 |
| Social benefits | - | - | 155 | 155 | 155 | - / - | 100,0% | 32 | 32 |
| Payments for capital assets | - | - | - | - | | - / - | - | - | - |
| Payment for financial assets | - | - | - | - | | | - | - | - |
| Total | 9 974 | 218 | 467 | 10 659 | 10 039 | 620 | 94,2% | 9 478 | 9 471 |

Subprogramme: 3.3: PROGRAMME MANAGEMENT: MONITORING AND EVALUATION

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 202 | 1/22 |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| Economic classification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Current payments | 25 564 | (275) | 1 731 | 27 020 | 25 971 | 1 049 | 96,1% | 25 461 | 23 100 |
| Compensation of employees | 24 044 | (260) | - | 23 784 | 22 736 | 1 048 | 95,6% | 24 203 | 21 855 |
| Salaries and wages | 21 714 | (541) | - | 21 173 | 20 131 | 1 042 | 95,1% | 21 585 | 19 271 |
| Social contributions | 2 330 | 281 | - | 2 611 | 2 606 | 5 | 99,8% | 2 618 | 2 584 |
| Goods and services | 1 520 | (15) | 1 731 | 3 236 | 3 234 | 2 | 100,0% | 1 258 | 1 245 |
| Advertising | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0,0% | 26 | 26 |
| Catering: Departmental activities | 74 | 18 | 182 | 274 | 273 | 1 | 99,8% | 10 | 10 |
| Communication (G&S) | 276 | (10) | 66 | 332 | 332 | - | 100,0% | 335 | 334 |
| Consultants: Business and advisory services | - | 8 | - | 8 | 8 | - | 105,5% | 68 | 68 |
| Contractors | - | 9 | 21 | 30 | 30 | - | 100,0% | 21 | 21 |
| Fleet services (including government motor transport) | 151 | 22 | 55 | 228 | 229 | (1) | 100,3% | 194 | 194 |
| Consumable supplies | 77 | 4 | - | 81 | 83 | (2) | 102,8% | 6 | 4 |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies | 153 | (101) | 69 | 121 | 119 | 2 | 98,7% | 106 | 103 |
| Operating leases | 130 | (11) | - | 119 | 119 | - | 100,0% | 131 | 131 |
| Property payments | 84 | 12 | 220 | 316 | 316 | - | 100,1% | 46 | 44 |
| Travel and subsistence | 411 | 66 | 902 | 1 379 | 1 376 | 3 | 99,8% | 239 | 234 |
| Operating payments | 14 | 18 | - | 32 | 32 | - | 98,9% | 76 | 76 |
| Venues and facilities | 100 | (50) | 140 | 190 | 190 | - | 99,9% | - | - |
| Rental and hiring | 50 | - | 76 | 126 | 126 | - | 99,9% | - | - |

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 202 | 2021/22 | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|--|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | |
| Economic classification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 | |
| Transfers and subsidies | 97 | - | - | 97 | 97 | - | 100,3% | - | - | |
| Households | 97 | - | - | 97 | 97 | - | 100,3% | - | - | |
| Social benefits | 97 | - | - | 97 | 97 | - | 100,3% | - | - | |
| Payments for capital assets | 64 | - | 5 | 69 | 69 | - | 99,7% | 73 | 73 | |
| Machinery and equipment | 64 | - | 5 | 69 | 69 | - | 99,7% | 73 | 73 | |
| Other machinery and equipment | 64 | - | 5 | 69 | 69 | - | 99,7% | 73 | 73 | |
| Payment for financial assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0,0% | - | - | |
| Total | 25 725 | (275) | 1 736 | 27 186 | 26 137 | 1 049 | 96,1% | 25 534 | 23 173 | |

Programme 4: INTEGRITY AND ANTI-CORRUPTION

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 202 | 21/22 |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Sub programme | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION INVESTIGATIONS | 12 450 | (416) | 79 | 12 113 | 11 178 | 935 | 92,3% | 11 672 | 9 517 |
| 2 PROFESSIONAL ETHICS | 21 833 | 362 | 126 | 22 321 | 20 474 | 1 847 | 91,7% | 21 563 | 20 404 |
| ³ PROGRAMME MANAGEMENT: INTEGRITY AND ANTI-CORRUPTION | 24 120 | 54 | 2 466 | 26 640 | 25 485 | 1 155 | 95,7% | 24 437 | 22 507 |
| | 58 403 | - | 2 671 | 61 074 | 57 136 | 3 938 | 93,6% | 57 672 | 52 428 |
| Economic classification | | | | | | | | | |
| Current payments | 58 331 | - | 2 570 | 60 901 | 56 964 | 3 937 | 93,5% | 57 223 | 51 978 |
| Compensation of employees | 54 810 | - | (62) | 54 748 | 50 811 | 3 937 | 92,8% | 54 975 | 49 731 |
| Salaries and wages | 49 111 | (611) | (62) | 48 438 | 44 918 | 3 520 | 92,7% | 47 695 | 43 363 |
| Social contributions | 5 699 | 611 | - | 6 310 | 5 894 | 416 | 93,4% | 7 280 | 6 368 |
| Goods and services | 3 521 | - | 2 632 | 6 153 | 6 153 | - | 100,0% | 2 248 | 2 247 |
| Administrative fees | - | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | 57,5% | - | |
| Advertising | 13 | 1 | - | 14 | 14 | - | 100,6% | 15 | 14 |
| Minor assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0,0% | 1 | 1 |
| Catering: Departmental activities | 8 | 36 | 203 | 247 | 246 | 1 | 99,7% | 12 | 8 |
| Communication (G&S) | 724 | (110) | - | 614 | 613 | 1 | 99,9% | 564 | 561 |
| Consultants: Business and advisory services | 247 | - | 27 | 274 | 274 | - | 99,8% | 39 | 38 |
| Contractors | 6 | 5 | 102 | 113 | 113 | - | 99,6% | 10 | 9 |
| Fleet services (including government motor transport) | 32 | 38 | 15 | 85 | 86 | (1) | 101,2% | 76 | 75 |
| Consumable supplies | 58 | 13 | 50 | 121 | 124 | (3) | 102,2% | 73 | 71 |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies | 420 | (62) | 169 | 527 | 527 | - | 100,0% | 381 | 376 |
| Operating leases | 290 | (22) | 115 | 383 | 383 | - | 99,9% | 182 | 215 |
| Property payments | 502 | 13 | 378 | 893 | 892 | 1 | 99,8% | 551 | 547 |

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 202 | 1/22 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Travel and subsistence | 865 | 274 | 1 340 | 2 479 | 2 480 | (1) | 100,0% | 327 | 315 |
| Operating payments | 9 | 21 | 80 | 110 | 109 | 1 | 99,0% | 17 | 17 |
| Venues and facilities | 347 | (232) | - | 115 | 115 | - | 100,0% | - | - |
| Rental and hiring | - | 24 | 153 | 177 | 177 | - | 100,3% | - | - |
| Transfers and subsidies | - | - | 62 | 62 | 61 | 1 | 98,6% | 376 | 377 |
| Households | - | - | 62 | 62 | 61 | 1 | 98,6% | 376 | 377 |
| Social benefits | - | - | 62 | 62 | 61 | 1 | 98,6% | 376 | 377 |
| Payments for capital assets | 72 | - | 39 | 111 | 111 | - | 99,8% | 73 | 73 |
| Buildings and other fixed structures | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0,0% | - | - |
| Machinery and equipment | 72 | - | 39 | 111 | 111 | - | 99,8% | 73 | 73 |
| Other machinery and equipment | 72 | - | 39 | 111 | 111 | - | 99,8% | 73 | 73 |
| Payment for financial assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0,0% | - I - | 1.0. |
| | 58 403 | - | 2 671 | 61 074 | 57 136 | 3 938 | 93,6% | 57 672 | 52 428 |

Subprogramme: 4.1: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION INVESTIGATIONS

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 202 | 1/22 |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| Economic classification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Current payments | 12 450 | (416) | 79 | 12 113 | 11 178 | 935 | 92,3% | 11 671 | 9 515 |
| Compensation of employees | 12 073 | (514) | 0 | 11 559 | 10 623 | 936 | 91,9% | 11 539 | 9 383 |
| Salaries and wages | 11 218 | (912) | 0 | 10 306 | 9 373 | 933 | 90,9% | 8 919 | 7 633 |
| Social contributions | 855 | 398 | 0 | 1 253 | 1 250 | 3 | 99,8% | 2 620 | 1 750 |
| Goods and services | 377 | 98 | 79 | 554 | 555 | (1) | 100,2% | 132 | 132 |
| Catering: Departmental activities | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 97,5% | 1 | 1 |
| Communication (G&S) | 81 | (15) | 0 | 66 | 66 | 0 | 99,5% | 73 | 73 |
| Consumable supplies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | (1) | 0,0% | 1 | 1 |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies | 62 | 16 | 0 | 78 | 78 | (0) | 100,4% | 48 | 49 |
| Travel and subsistence | 234 | 94 | 79 | 407 | 407 | (0) | 100,1% | 9 | 8 |
| Transfers and subsidies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0,0% | 1 | 2 |
| Payments for capital assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0,0% | 0 | 0 |
| Payment for financial assets | | | | 0 | | 0 | 0,0% | 0 | - |
| Total | 12 450 | (416) | 79 | 12 113 | 11 178 | 935 | 92,3% | 11 672 | 9 517 |

Subprogramme: 4.2: PROFESSIONAL ETHICS

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 2021/22 | |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| Economic classification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Current payments | 21 833 | 362 | 30 | 22 225 | 20 378 | 1 847 | 91,7% | 21 453 | 20 294 |
| Compensation of employees | 21 013 | 449 | (62) | 21 400 | 19 555 | 1 845 | 91,4% | 21 071 | 19 919 |
| Salaries and wages | 18 732 | 231 | (62) | 18 901 | 17 299 | 1 602 | 91,5% | 18 801 | 17 673 |
| Social contributions | 2 281 | 218 | 0 | 2 499 | 2 256 | 243 | 90,3% | 2 270 | 2 246 |
| Goods and services | 820 | (87) | 92 | 825 | 823 | 2 | 99,7% | 382 | 375 |
| Advertising | 13 | 1 | 0 | 14 | 14 | (0) | 100,6% | 15 | 14 |
| Catering: Departmental activities | 0 | 13 | 0 | 13 | 12 | 1 | 92,5% | 0 | 0 |
| Communication (G&S) | 341 | (128) | 0 | 213 | 212 | 1 | 99,6% | 136 | 135 |
| Consultants: Business and advisory services | 247 | 0 | 27 | 274 | 274 | 0 | 99,8% | 30 | 30 |
| Consumable supplies | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | (0) | 145,3% | 0 | 0 |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies | 159 | (41) | 0 | 118 | 117 | 1 | 99,5% | 184 | 182 |
| Travel and subsistence | 60 | 45 | 0 | 105 | 106 | (1) | 100,8% | 17 | 14 |
| Operating payments | 0 | 10 | 65 | 75 | 74 | 1 | 99,3% | 0 | 0 |
| Rental and hiring | 0 | 12 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 0 | 99,7% | 0 | 0 |
| Transfers and subsidies | 0 | 0 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 0 | 100,0% | 110 | 110 |
| Households | 0 | 0 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 0 | 100,0% | 110 | 110 |
| Social benefits | 0 | 0 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 0 | 100,0% | 110 | 110 |
| Payments for capital assets | 0 | 0 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 0 | 100,0% | 0 | 0 |
| Machinery and equipment | 0 | 0 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 0 | 100,0% | 0 | 0 |
| Other machinery and equipment | 0 | 0 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 0 | 100,0% | 0 | 0 |
| Payment for financial assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0,0% | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 21 833 | 362 | 126 | 22 321 | 20 474 | 1 847 | 91,7% | 21 563 | 20 404 |

Subprogramme: 4.3: PROGRAMME MANAGEMENT: INTEGRITY AND ANTI-CORRUPTION

| | | | | 2022/23 | | | | 202 | 1/22 |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure |
| Economic classification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Current paymentS | 24 048 | 54 | 2 461 | 26 563 | 25 409 | 1 154 | 95,7% | 24 099 | 22 169 |
| Compensation of employees | 21 724 | 65 | 0 | 21 789 | 20 634 | 1 155 | 94,7% | 22 365 | 20 429 |
| Salaries and wages | 19 161 | 70 | 0 | 19 231 | 18 246 | 985 | 94,9% | 19 975 | 18 057 |
| Social contributions | 2 563 | (5) | 0 | 2 558 | 2 388 | 170 | 93,4% | 2 390 | 2 372 |
| Goods and services | 2 324 | (11) | 2 461 | 4 774 | 4 775 | (1) | 100,0% | 1 734 | 1 740 |
| Administrative fees | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 57,5% | 0 | - |
| Minor assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0,0% | 1 | 1 |
| Catering: Departmental activities | 8 | 20 | 203 | 231 | 231 | (0) | 100,1% | 11 | 7 |
| Communication (G&S) | 302 | 33 | 0 | 335 | 336 | (1) | 100,2% | 355 | 353 |
| Consultants: Business and advisory services | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0,0% | 9 | 8 |
| Contractors | 6 | 5 | 102 | 113 | 113 | 0 | 99,6% | 10 | 9 |
| Fleet services (including government motor transport) | 32 | 38 | 15 | 85 | 86 | (1) | 101,2% | 76 | 75 |
| Consumable supplies | 58 | 12 | 50 | 120 | 122 | (2) | 101,3% | 72 | 70 |
| Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies | 199 | (37) | 169 | 331 | 331 | (0) | 100,1% | 149 | 145 |
| Operating leases | 290 | (22) | 115 | 383 | 383 | 0 | 99,9% | 182 | 215 |
| Property payments | 502 | 13 | 378 | 893 | 892 | 1 | 99,8% | 551 | 547 |
| Travel and subsistence | 571 | 135 | 1 261 | 1 967 | 1 966 | 1 | 100,0% | 301 | 293 |
| Operating payments | 9 | 11 | 15 | 35 | 34 | 1 | 98,4% | 17 | 17 |
| Venues and facilities | 347 | (232) | 0 | 115 | 115 | (0) | 100,0% | 0 | - |
| Rental and hiring | 0 | 12 | 153 | 165 | 166 | (1) | 100,3% | 0 | - |
| Transfers and subsidies | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 85,9% | 265 | 265 |
| Households | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 85,9% | 265 | 265 |
| Social benefits | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 85,9% | 265 | 265 |

| | | 2022/23 | | | | | | 202 | 2021/22 | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|--|
| | Adjusted Budget | Shifting of Funds | Virement | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Expenditure as % of final budget | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | |
| Economic classification | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 | |
| Payments for capital assets | 72 | 0 | (1) | 71 | 71 | 0 | 99,7% | 73 | 73 | |
| Machinery and equipment | 72 | 0 | (1) | 71 | 71 | 0 | 99,7% | 73 | 73 | |
| Other machinery and equipment | 72 | 0 | (1) | 71 | 71 | 0 | 99,7% | 73 | 73 | |
| Payment for financial assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0,0% | 0 | - | |
| Total | 24 120 | 54 | 2 466 | 26 640 | 25 485 | 1 155 | 95,7% | 24 437 | 22 507 | |

NOTES TO THE APPROPRIATION STATEMENT AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

1 Detail of transfers and subsidies as per Appropriation Act (after Virement):

Detail of these transactions can be viewed in the note on Transfers and subsidies and Annexure 1 (A-H) to the Annual Financial Statements.

2 Detail of specifically and exclusively appropriated amounts voted (after Virement):

Detail of these transactions can be viewed in note 1 (Annual Appropriation) to the Annual Financial Statements.

3 Detail on payments for financial assets

Detail of these transactions per programme can be viewed in the note to Payments for financial assets to the Annual Financial Statements.

4 Explanations of material variances from Amounts Voted (after virement):

| 4,1 | Per programme: | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Variance as a % of Final Budget |
|-----|--|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % |
| | Programme 1: Administration | 135 693 | 127 928 | 7 765 | 5,7% |
| | The variance on Compensation of Employees was due to vacant posts for both employees and Commiss Employee Pension Fund(GEPF) invoices on employees who are on early retirements. | ion posts. Transfers and | Subsidies underspendir | ng was due to the de | layed Government |
| | Programme 2: Leadership Management Practices | 51 553 | 48 634 | 2 919 | 5,7% |
| | The variance on Compensation of Employees was due to vacant posts. | | | | |
| | Programme 3: Monitoring and Evaluation | 47 221 | 45 228 | 1 993 | 4,2% |
| | The variance on Compensation of Employees was due to vacant posts. | | | | |

NOTES TO THE APPROPRIATION STATEMENT AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

| Programme 4 : Intergrity and Anti-Corruption | 61 074 | 57 136 | 3 93 | 8 6,4% |
|--|--------------|-----------------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| The variance on Compensation of Employees was due to vacant posts. | | | | |
| 4,2 Per economic classification: | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance | Variance as a % of Final Budget |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % |

| Current expenditure | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|--------|-------|
| Compensation of employees | 222 922 | 206 742 | 16 180 | 7,3% |
| Goods and services | 69 193 | 69 009 | 184 | 0,3% |
| Transfers and subsidies | | | | |
| Foreign governments and international organisations | 90 | - | 90 | - |
| Households | 1 433 | 1 158 | 275 | 19,2% |
| Payments for capital assets | | | | |
| Machinery and equipment | 1 903 | 1 902 | 1 | 0,1% |
| Payments for financial assets | - | 115 | (115) | |

The variance on Compensation of Employees was due to vacant posts for both employees and Commission posts. Transfers and Subsidies underspending was due to the delayed Government Employee Pension Fund(GEPF) invoices on employees who are on early retirements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

| | | 2022/23 | 2021/22 | |
|--------------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Note | R'000 | R'000 | |
| REVENUE | | | | Payments |
| Annual appropriation | 1 | 295 541 | 286 271 | |
| Departmental revenue | 2 | 362 | 398 | |
| Aid assistance | 3 | - | - | TOTAL EX |
| TOTAL REVENUE | | 295 903 | 286 669 | SURPLUS |
| EXPENDITURE | | | | Reconcili |
| Current expenditure | | | | (Deficit) f |
| Compensation of employees | 4 | 206 742 | 204 753 | Voted Fun |
| Goods and services | | 69 | 55 | Annual a |
| | 5 | 009 | 691 | Departme |
| Aid assistance | | | | Receipts |
| | 3 | 11 | 6 | |
| Total current expenditure | | 275 762 | 260 450 | Aid assista |
| Transfers and subsidies | | | | SURPLUS |
| Transfers and subsidies | 7 | 1 158 | 1 933 | |
| Total transfers and subsidies | | 1 158 | 1 933 | |
| | | | | |
| Expenditure for capital assets | _ | | | |
| Tangible assets | 8 | 1 902 | 3 507 | |
| Total expenditure for capital | | | | |
| assets | | 1 902 | 3 507 | |
| | | | | |

| | | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|--|------|--------------|--------------|
| | Note | R'000 | R'000 |
| Payments for financial assets | 6 | 115 | 11 |
| | 0 | 110 | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURE | | 278 937 | 265 901 |
| SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR | | 16 966 | 20 768 |
| Son Los (DEnon) Fon The TEAN | | 10 900 | 20700 |
| Reconciliation of Net Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year | | | |
| | | 16 | 20 |
| Voted Funds | | 615 | 500 |
| Annual appropriation | | 16 615 | 20 500 |
| Departmental revenue and NRF | | | |
| Receipts | 18 | 362 | 398 |
| Aid assistance | 4 | (11) | (130) |
| SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR | | 16 966 | 20 768 |

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

| | | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|------|--------------|--------------|
| | Note | R'000 | R'000 |
| ASSETS | | | |
| Current Assets | | 17 278 | 20 818 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 9 | 15 405 | 19 912 |
| Prepayments and advances | 10 | 1 236 | 756 |
| Receivables | 11 | 637 | 150 |
| Non-Current Assets | | 83 | 463 |
| Receivables | 11 | 83 | 463 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 17 361 | 21 281 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | 16 693 | 20 691 |
| Voted funds to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund | 12 | 16 615 | 20 500 |
| Departmental revenue and NRF Receipts to be surrendered to the | | | |

| | | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|--------------------------|------|---------|---------|
| | Note | R'000 | R'000 |
| Represented by: | | | |
| Capitalisation reserve | | - | - |
| Recoverable revenue | | 668 | 590 |
| Retained funds | | - | - |
| Revaluation reserves | | - | - |
| Unauthorised expenditure | | - | - |
| | _ | | |
| TOTAL | | 668 | 590 |

| Current Liabilities | | 16 693 | 20 691 |
|---|----|--------|--------|
| Voted funds to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund | 12 | 16 615 | 20 500 |
| Departmental revenue and NRF Receipts to be surrendered to the | | | |
| Revenue Fund | 13 | 7 | 53 |
| Payables | 14 | 71 | 127 |
| Aid assistance unutilised | 3 | - | 11 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | _ | 16 693 | 20 691 |
| NET ASSETS | | 668 | 590 |

| NET ASSETS | | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|-----------------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|
| | Note | R'000 | R'000 |
| Recoverable revenue | | | |
| Opening balance | | 590 | 578 |
| Transfers | | 78 | 12 |
| Irrecoverable amounts written off | 6 | 115 | (11) |
| Debts revised | | - | - |
| Debts recovered (included in | | | |
| departmental receipts) | | (206) | (207) |
| Debts raised | | 169 | 230 |
| Closing balance | | 668 | 590 |
| | | | |
| TOTAL | | 668 | 590 |
| | | | |

CASH FLOW STATEMENT AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

| | | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|--|------|--------------|--------------|
| | Note | R'000 | R'000 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING Activities | | | |
| Receipts | | 295 894 | 286 632 |
| Annual appropriated funds received | 1 | 295 541 | 286 271 |
| Departmental revenue received | 2 | 339 | 344 |
| Interest received | 2 | 14 | 17 |
| Net (increase)/ decrease in working capital | | (1 023) | (1 939) |
| Surrendered to Revenue Fund | | (20 908) | (13 525) |
| Current payments | | (275 762) | (260 450) |
| Payments for financial assets | 6 | (115) | (11) |
| Transfers and subsidies paid | 7 | (1 158) | (1 933) |
| Net cash flow available from | | | |
| operating activities | 15 | (3 072) | 8 774 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING Activities | | | |
| Distribution/dividend received | | - | - |
| Payments for capital assets | 8 | (1 902) | (3 507) |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | | 9 | 37 |
| (Increase)/decrease in non-current receivables | | 380 | - |
| Net cash flows from investing activities | | (1 513) | (3 470) |

| | Note | 2022/23 R'000 | 2021/22 R'000 |
|--|------|------------------|------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING Activities | | | |
| Increase/ (decrease) in net assets | _ | 78 | 12 |
| Net cash flows from financing activities | - | 78 | 12 |
| Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | (4 507) | 5 316 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | _ | 19 912 | 14 596 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | _ | 15 405 | 19 912 |

PART A: ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the following policies, which have been applied consistently in all material aspects, unless otherwise indicated. Management has concluded that the financial statements present fairly the department's primary and secondary information.

The historical cost convention has been used, except where otherwise indicated. Management has used assessments and estimates in preparing the Annual/annual financial statements. These are based on the best information available at the time of preparation.

Where appropriate and meaningful, additional information has been disclosed to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements and to comply with the statutory requirements of the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA), Act 1 of 1999 (as amended by Act 29 of 1999), and the Treasury Regulations issued in terms of the PFMA and the annual Division of Revenue Act.

| 1 | Basis of preparation The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Modified Cash Standard (MCS). | | | | | |
| 2 | Going concern | | | | | |
| The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern | | | | | | |
| 3 Presentation currency | | | | | | |
| | Amounts have been presented in the currency of the South African Rand (R) which is also the functional currency of the department. | | | | | |
| 4 | Rounding | | | | | |
| | Unless otherwise stated, all financial figures have been rounded to the nearest one thousand Rand (R'000). | | | | | |
| 5 | Foreign currency translation | | | | | |
| | Cash flows arising from foreign currency transactions are translated into South African Rands using the spot exchange rates prevailing at the date of payment / receipt. | | | | | |
| 6 | Comparative information | | | | | |

6.1 **Prior period comparative information**

Prior period comparative information has been presented in the current year's financial statements. Where necessary figures included in the prior period financial statements have been reclassified to ensure that the format in which the information is presented is consistent with the format of the current year's financial statements.

6.2 Current year comparison with budget

A comparison between the approved, final budget and actual amounts for each programme and economic classification is included in the appropriation statement.

7 Revenue

7.1 Appropriated funds

Appropriated funds comprises of departmental allocations as well as direct charges against the revenue fund (i.e. statutory appropriation). Appropriated funds are recognised in the statement of financial performance on the date the appropriation becomes effective. Adjustments made in terms of the adjustments budget process are recognised in the statement of financial performance on the date the adjustments become effective. Appropriated funds are measured at the amounts receivable. The net amount of any appropriated funds due to / from the relevant revenue fund at the reporting date is recognised as a payable / receivable in the statement of financial position.

7.2 Departmental revenue

Departmental revenue is recognised in the statement of financial performance when received and is subsequently paid into the National Revenue Fund, unless stated otherwise. Departmental revenue is measured at the cash amount received In-kind donations received are recorded in the notes to the financial statements on the date of receipt and are measured at fair value. Any amount owing to the National Revenue Fund at the reporting date is recognised as a payable in the statement of financial position.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

| 7.3 | Accrued departmental revenue | 8.4.1 | Operating leases |
|-------|---|-------|---|
| | Accruals in respect of departmental revenue (excluding tax revenue) are recorded in the notes to the financial statements when:it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated | | Operating lease payments made during the reporting period are recognised as current expenditure in the statement of financial performance on the date of payment. The operating lease commitments are recorded in the notes to the financial statements. |
| | with the transaction will flow to the department; and | 8.4.2 | Finance leases |
| | the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. | | |
| | The accrued revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration receivable. Accrued tax revenue (and related interest and / penalties) is measured at amounts receivable from collecting agents. | | Finance lease payments made during the reporting period are recognised as capital expenditure in the statement of financial performance on the date of payment. The finance lease commitments are recorded in the notes to the financial statements and are not apportioned between the capital and |
| | Write-offs are made according to the department's debt write-off policy. | | interest portions. |
| 8 | Expenditure | | Finance lease assets acquired at the end of the lease term are recorded and |
| 8.1 | Compensation of employees | | measured at the lower of: |
| 8.1.1 | Salaries and Wages | | cost, being the fair value of the asset; or |
| | Salaries and wages are recognised in the statement of financial performance on the date of payment. | | • the sum of the minimum lease payments made, including any payments made to acquire ownership at the end of the lease term, excluding interest. |
| | Social Contributions | 9 | Aid Assistance |
| | Social contributions made by the department in respect of current employees are recognised in the statement of financial performance on the date of payment. Social contributions made by the department in respect of ex-employees are classified as transfers to households in the statement of financial performance on the date of payment. | 9.1 | Aid assistance received Aid assistance received in cash is recognised in the statement of financial performance when received. In-kind aid assistance is recorded in the notes to the financial statements on the date of receipt and is measured at fair value. CARA Funds are recognised when receivable and measured at the amounts receivable. Aid assistance not spent for the intended purpose and |
| 8.2 | Other expenditure | | any unutilised funds from aid assistance that are required to be refunded to the donor are recognised as a payable in the statement of financial position. |
| | Other expenditure (such as goods and services, transfers and subsidies and payments for capital assets) is recognised in the statement of financial performance on the date of payment. The expense is classified as a capital expense if the total consideration paid is more than the capitalisation threshold. Donations made in kind are recorded in the notes to the financial statements on the date of transfer and are measured at cost or fair value. | 9.2 | Aid assistance paid Aid assistance paid is recognised in the statement of financial performance on the date of payment. Aid assistance payments made prior to the receipt of funds are recognised as a receivable in the statement of financial position. Cash and cash equivalents |
| 8.3 | Accruals and payables not recognised Accruals and payables not recognised are recorded in the notes to the financial statements at cost at the reporting date. | | Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost in the statement of financial position. Bank overdrafts are shown separately on the face of the statement of financial position as a current liability. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held, |
| 8.4 | Leases | | other short-term highly liquid investments and bank overdrafts. |

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

| 11 | Prepayments and advances Prepayments and advances are recognised in the statement of financial position when the department receives or disburses the cash. Prepayments and advances are initially and subsequently measured at cost. Loans and receivables | | Where the cost of movable capital assets cannot be determined accurately, the movable capital assets are measured at fair value and where fair value cannot be determined; the movable assets are measured at R1. All assets acquired prior to 1 April 2002 (or a later date as approved by the OAG) are recorded at R1. Movable capital assets are subsequently carried at cost and are not subject to depreciation or impairment. |
|------|--|------|---|
| | Loans and receivables are recognised in the statement of financial position at cost plus accrued interest, where interest is charged, less amounts already settled or written-off. Write-offs are made according to the department's write-off policy. | 15.3 | Subsequent expenditure that is of a capital nature forms part of the cost of the existing asset when ready for use. |
| 13 | Financial assets A financial asset is recognised initially at its cost plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial. At the reporting date, a department shall measure its financial assets at cost, less amounts already settled or written-off, except for recognised loans and receivables, which are measured at cost plus accrued interest, where interest is charged, less amounts already settled or written-off. | | Intangible assets are initially recorded in the notes to the financial statements at cost. Intangible assets acquired through a non-exchange transaction are measured at fair value as at the date of acquisition. Internally generated intangible assets are recorded in the notes to the financial statements when the department commences the development phase of the project. |
| 14 | Payables Payables recognised in the statement of financial position are recognised at cost. | | Where the cost of intangible assets cannot be determined reliably, the intangible capital assets are measured at fair value and where fair value cannot be determined; the intangible assets are measured at R1. All assets acquired prior to 1 April 2002 (or a later date as approved by the OAG) may |
| 15 | Capital Assets | | be recorded at R1. |
| 15.1 | Immovable assets reflected in the asset register of the department are recorded in the notes to the financial statements at cost or fair value where the cost cannot be determined reliably. Immovable assets acquired in a non- | | Intangible assets are subsequently carried at cost and are not subject to depreciation or impairment. Subsequent expenditure of a capital nature forms part of the cost of the existing asset when ready for use. |
| | exchange transaction are recorded at fair value at the date of acquisition. Immovable assets are subsequently carried in the asset register at cost | | Provisions and Contingents |
| | and are not currently subject to depreciation or impairment. Subsequent expenditure of a capital nature forms part of the cost of the existing asset when ready for use. Additional information on immovable assets not reflected in the assets register is provided in the notes to financial statements. | 16.1 | Provisions |
| | | | Provisions are recorded in the notes to the financial statements when there is a present legal or constructive obligation to forfeit economic benefits as |
| 15.2 | Movable capital assets Movable capital assets are initially recorded in the notes to the financial statements at cost. Movable capital assets acquired through a non- exchange transaction is measured at fair value as at the date of acquisition. | | a result of events in the past and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. The provision is measured as the best estimate of the funds required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. |

| 16.2 | Contingent liabilities | 18 | Fruitless and wasteful expenditure |
|------|---|----|---|
| | Contingent liabilities are recorded in the notes to the financial statements when there is a possible obligation that arises from past events, and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not within the control of the department or when there is a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured reliably. | | Fruitless and wasteful expenditure receivables are recognised in the statement of financial position when recoverable. The receivable is measured at the amount that is expected to be recovered and is de-recognised when settled or subsequently written-off as irrecoverable. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is recorded in the notes to the financial statements when and at amounts confirmed, and comprises of . |
| 16.3 | Contingent assets Contingent assets are recorded in the notes to the financial statements when a possible asset arises from past events, and whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not within the control of the department. | | fruitless and wasteful expenditure that was under assessment in the previous financial year; fruitless and wasteful expenditure relating to previous financial year and identified in the current year; and fruitless and wasteful expenditure incurred in the current year. |
| 16.4 | Capital commitments Capital commitments are recorded at cost in the notes to the financial statements. | 19 | Irregular expenditure Losses emanating from irregular expenditure are recognised as a receivable |
| 17 | Unauthorised expenditure Unauthorised expenditure is measured at the amount of the confirmed unauthorised expenditure. Unauthorised expenditure is recognised in the statement of financial position until such time as the expenditure is either: approved by Parliament with funding and the related funds are received; or approved by Parliament without funding and is written off against the appropriation in the statement of financial performance; or transferred to receivables for recovery. | | in the statement of financial position when recoverable. The receivable is measured at the amount that is expected to be recovered and is derecognised when settled or subsequently written-off as irrecoverable. Irregular expenditure is recorded in the notes to the financial statements when and at amounts confirmed and comprises of: irregular expenditure that was under assessment in the previous financial year; irregular expenditure relating to previous financial year and identified in the current year; and irregular expenditure incurred in the current year |
| | Unauthorised expenditure recorded in the notes to the financial statements comprise of unauthorised expenditure that was under assessment in the previous financial year; unauthorised expenditure relating to previous financial year and identified in the current year; and Unauthorised incurred in the current year. | | |

| 20 | Changes in accounting policies, accounting estimates and errors | | 25 | Inventories |
|----|--|----|------------|--|
| | Changes in accounting policies have been effected by management and are applied retrospectively in accordance with MCS requirements, except to the extent that it is impracticable to determine the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change in policy. In such instances the department must restate the opening balances of assets, liabilities and net assets for the earliest period for which retrospective restatement is practicable. Changes in accounting estimates are applied prospectively in accordance with MCS requirements. | | | At the date of acquisition, inventories are recognised at cost in the statement of financial performance. Where inventories are acquired as part of a non-exchange transaction, the inventories are measured at fair value as at the date of acquisition. Inventories are subsequently measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value or where intended for distribution (or consumed in the production of goods for distribution) at no or a nominal charge, the lower of cost and current replacement value. The cost of inventories is assigned by using the weighted average cost basis. |
| | Correction of errors is applied retrospectively in the period in which the error has occurred in accordance with MCS requirements, except to the extent that it is impracticable to determine the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the error. In such cases the department must restate the opening balances of assets, liabilities and net assets for the earliest period for which retrospective restatement is practicable. | 26 | 26 | Employee benefits The value of each major class of employee benefit obligation (accruals, payables not recognised and provisions) is disclosed in the Employee benefits note. |
| 21 | Events after the reporting dateEvents after the reporting date that are classified as adjusting events have been accounted for in the financial statements. The events after the reporting date that are classified as non-adjusting events after the reporting date have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. | | cos The | Accruals and payables not recognised for employee benefits are measured at cost or fair value at the reporting date. The provision for employee benefits is measured as the best estimate of the funds required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. |
| 22 | Departures from the MCS requirements Management has concluded that the financial statements present fairly the department's primary and secondary information and complied with the Standards | | | |
| 23 | Recoverable revenue Amounts are recognised as recoverable revenue when a payment made in a previous financial year becomes recoverable from a debtor in the current financial year and transferred to the National Revenue Fund when recovered or are transferred to the statement of financial performance when written-off. | | | |
| 24 | Related party transactions | | | |
| | Related party transactions within the Minister's portfolio are recorded in the notes to the financial statements when the transaction is not at arm's length. The number of individuals and the full compensation of key management personnel is recorded in the notes to the financial statements. | | | |

PART B: EXPLANATORY NOTES

1. Annual Appropriation

1.1 Annual Appropriation

Included are funds appropriated in terms of 2022 Appropriation Act.

| | | 2022/23 | | 2021/22 |
|------------------------|---|--|---|---|
| Final Appropriation | Actual Funds Received | Funds not requested/ not received | Final Appropriation | Appropriation received |
| R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| 135,693 | 135,693 | - | 134,559 | 134,559 |
| 51,553 | 51,553 | - | 49,773 | 49,773 |
| 47,221 | 47,221 | - | 44,267 | 44,267 |
| 61,074 | 61,074 | - | 57,672 | 57,672 |
| 295,541 | 295,541 | - | 286,271 | 286,271 |
| | Appropriation R'000 135,693 51,553 47,221 61,074 | Appropriation Received R'000 R'000 135,693 135,693 51,553 51,553 47,221 47,221 61,074 61,074 | Final Appropriation Actual Funds Received Funds not requested/ not received R'000 R'000 R'000 135,693 135,693 - 51,553 51,553 - 47,221 47,221 - 61,074 61,074 - | Final Appropriation Actual Funds Received Funds not requested/ not received Final Appropriation R'000 R'000 R'000 R'000 135,693 135,693 - 134,559 51,553 51,553 - 49,773 47,221 47,221 - 44,267 61,074 61,074 - 57,672 |

| R'000R'0002.Departmental RevenueSales of goods and services other than capital assets2.1117Interest, dividends and rent on land2.21417Sales of capital assets2.3937Transactions in financial assets and liabilities2.42222227Transfer receivedDepartmental revenue collected3623982.1Sales of goods and services other than capital assets3623982.1Sales of goods and services other than capital assets3623982.1Sales of goods and services other than capital assets5265Sales of goods and services other than capital assets5265Sales of scrap, waste and other used current goodsTOTAL117117117117114171171181417117119141711711111417117111114171171111141711711111417117111114171171111141711711111417117111114171171111141711711111417117111114171171111141711711111417117 <t< th=""><th></th><th>Note</th><th>2022/23</th><th>2021/22</th></t<> | | Note | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|---|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| Sales of goods and services other than capital assets2.1117117Interest, dividends and rent on land2.21417Sales of capital assets2.3937Transactions in financial assets and liabilities2.4222227Transfer receivedDepartmental revenue collected3623982.1Sales of goods and services other than capital assets3623982.1Sales of goods and services other than capital assets3623982.1Sales of goods and services other than capital assets3623982.1Sales of goods and services other than capital assets5265Sales of goods and services produced by the department117117Sales of scrap, waste and other used current goodsTOTAL1171171172.2Interest, dividends and rent on land and buildings Interest1417TOTAL141714172.3Sales of capital assets937 | | | R'000 | R'000 |
| Interest, dividends and rent on land2.21417Sales of capital assets2.3937Transactions in financial assets and liabilities2.4222227Transfer receivedDepartmental revenue collected3623982.1Sales of goods and services other than capital assetsSales of goods and services other than capital assetsSales of goods and services produced by the117department52Sales of goods and services produced by the526552Sales of scrap, waste and other used current goods-TOTAL1171171172.2Interest, dividends and rent on land and buildingsInterest1417417107AL1410710714107107107< | 2. Departmental Revenue | | | |
| Sales of capital assets2.3937Transactions in financial assets and liabilities2.4222227Transfer receivedDepartmental revenue collected3623982.1Sales of goods and services other than capital assets3623982.1Sales of goods and services other than capital assets3623982.1Sales of goods and services other than capital assets117117Sales of goods and services produced by the department526552Sales by market establishment526552Sales of scrap, waste and other used current goodsTOTAL1171171171172.2Interest, dividends and rent on land and buildings1417Interest14171417C.3Sales of capital assets937 | Sales of goods and services other than capital assets | 2.1 | 117 | 117 |
| Transactions in financial assets and liabilities2.4222227Transfer receivedDepartmental revenue collected3623982.1Sales of goods and services other than capital assetsSales of goods and services produced by the117117department5265Sales by market establishment5265Other sales6552Sales of scrap, waste and other used current goodsTOTAL1171172.2Interest, dividends and rent on land and buildings1417Interest1417CAL11417Sales of capital assets937 | Interest, dividends and rent on land | 2.2 | 14 | 17 |
| Transfer receivedDepartmental revenue collected3623982.1Sales of goods and services other than capital assetsSales of goods and services produced by the117117department5265Sales by market establishment5265Other sales6552Sales of scrap, waste and other used current goodsTOTAL1171172.2Interest, dividends and rent on land and buildings1417Interest1417TOTAL14937 | Sales of capital assets | 2.3 | 9 | 37 |
| Departmental revenue collected3623982.1Sales of goods and services other than capital assetsSales of goods and services produced by the department117117Sales by market establishment5265Other sales6552Sales of scrap, waste and other used current goodsTOTAL1171171172.2Interest, dividends and rent on land and buildings1417Interest14171417C.3Sales of capital assets937 | Transactions in financial assets and liabilities | 2.4 | 222 | 227 |
| 2.1Sales of goods and services other than capital assetsSales of goods and services produced by the department117117Sales by market establishment5265Other sales6552Sales of scrap, waste and other used current goodsTOTAL1171172.2Interest, dividends and rent on land and buildings1417Interest1417C.3Sales of capital assets937 | Transfer received | | - | - |
| Sales of goods and services produced by the department117117Sales by market establishment5265Other sales6552Sales of scrap, waste and other used current goodsTOTAL1171172.2Interest, dividends and rent on land and buildings1417Interest1417TOTAL1417Sales of capital assets937 | Departmental revenue collected | | 362 | 398 |
| Sales of goods and services produced by the department117117Sales by market establishment5265Other sales6552Sales of scrap, waste and other used current goodsTOTAL1171172.2Interest, dividends and rent on land and buildings1417Interest1417TOTAL1417Sales of capital assets937 | | | | |
| department5265Sales by market establishment5265Other sales6552Sales of scrap, waste and other used current goodsTOTAL1171172.2Interest, dividends and rent on land and buildingsInterest1417TOTAL14172.3Sales of capital assetsTangible assets937 | 2.1 Sales of goods and services other than ca | pital ass | ets | |
| Sales by market establishment6552Other sales6552Sales of scrap, waste and other used current goodsTOTAL1171172.2Interest, dividends and rent on land and buildingsInterest1417TOTAL14172.3Sales of capital assetsTangible assets937 | | | 117 | 117 |
| Sales of scrap, waste and other used current goods - - TOTAL 117 117 2.2 Interest, dividends and rent on land and buildings - Interest 14 17 TOTAL 14 17 2.3 Sales of capital assets 9 37 | Sales by market establishment | | 52 | 65 |
| TOTAL1171172.2Interest, dividends and rent on land and buildingsInterest14TOTAL142.3Sales of capital assetsTangible assets9 | Other sales | | 65 | 52 |
| TOTAL1171172.2Interest, dividends and rent on land and buildingsInterest14TOTAL142.3Sales of capital assetsTangible assets9 | Sales of scrap, waste and other used current goods | | [| |
| 2.2 Interest, dividends and rent on land and buildings Interest 14 TOTAL 14 2.3 Sales of capital assets Tangible assets 9 37 | | | | 117 |
| Interest1417TOTAL14172.3Sales of capital assets9Tangible assets937 | TOTAL | | | 117 |
| TOTAL14172.3Sales of capital assetsTangible assets937 | 2.2 Interest, dividends and rent on land and b | uildings | | |
| 2.3Sales of capital assetsTangible assets937 | Interest | | 14 | 17 |
| Tangible assets 9 37 | TOTAL | | 14 | 17 |
| Tangible assets 9 37 | | - | | |
| Tangible assets 9 37 | 2.3 Sales of capital assets | | | |
| Machinery and equipment | | | 9 | 37 |
| Machinery and equipment 9 37 | Machinery and equipment | | 9 | 37 |

2.4 Transactions in financial assets and liabilities Receivables 207 193 Other Receipts including Recoverable Revenue 29 20 TOTAL 227 222 3. Aid assistance Opening balance 11 141 Prior period error -As restated 11 141 Transferred from statement of financial performance (11) (130) **Closing balance** 11 -

Note

2022/23

R'000

2021/22

R'000

*The PSC Received R3.750 Million Through The Criminal Assets Recovery Account (CARA) Funding From The Department Of Justice And Constitutional Development On 14 June 2018 To Implement National Anti-Corruption Forum (NACF) Activities.100% of the grant had been spent as at 31 March 2023

3.1 Analysis of balance by source

| CARA | - | 11 |
|---------------------------|---|----|
| TOTAL | - | 11 |
| 3.2 Analysis of balance | | |
| Aid assistance unutilised | - | 11 |
| TOTAL | - | 11 |

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| Note | 2022/23 | 2021/22 | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| | R'000 | R'000 | | |
| 3.3 Aid assistance expenditure per economic classif | fication | | | |
| Current | 11 | 6 | | |
| Capital | - | 124 | | |
| TOTAL | 11 | 130 | | |
| 4. Compensation of Employees | | | | |
| 4.1 Salaries and Wages | | | | |
| Basic salary | 142,243 | 138,724 | | |
| Performance award | 125 | 1,131 | | |
| Service Based | 200 4 | | | |
| Compensative/circumstantial | 992 | 1,114 | | |
| Other non-pensionable allowances | 39,183 | 39,461 | | |
| TOTAL | 182,743 | 180,830 | | |
| 4.2 Social contributions | | | | |
| Employer contributions | | | | |
| Pension | 18,429 | 18,538 | | |
| Medical | 5,530 | 5,355 | | |
| UIF | 2 | 2 | | |
| Bargaining council | 38 | 28 | | |
| TOTAL | 23,999 | 23,923 | | |
| TOTAL COMPENSATION OF EMPLOYEES | 206,742 | 204,753 | | |
| Average number of employees | 280 | 271 | | |

| | Note | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|--|------|--------------|--------------|
| | | R'000 | R'000 |
| 5. Goods and services | | | |
| Administrative fees | | 139 | 173 |
| Advertising | | 406 | 189 |
| Assets less than R5,000 | 5.1 | 194 | 219 |
| Bursaries (employees) | | 469 | 797 |
| Catering | | 1,400 | 180 |
| Communication | | 3,360 | 3,615 |
| Computer services | 5.2 | 11,426 | 8,643 |
| Consultants, contractors and agency/outsourced | | 0.040 | |
| services | | 2,643 | 2,369 |
| Legal services | | 1,066 | 3,442 |
| Contractors | | 282 | 102 |
| Audit cost – external | 5.3 | 4,207 | 5,090 |
| Fleet services | | 525 | 334 |
| Inventory | 5.4 | 124 | - |
| Consumables | 5.5 | 3.501 | 2,512 |
| Operating leases | | 20,443 | 21,312 |
| Property payments | 5.6 | 4,530 | 4,166 |
| Rental and hiring | | 602 | - |
| Travel and subsistence | 5.7 | 9,691 | 1,470 |
| Venues and facilities | | 1,993 | - |
| Training and staff development | | 1,200 | 374 |
| Other operating expenditure | 5.8 | 808 | 704 |
| TOTAL | | 69,009 | 55,691 |
| | | | |

| | Note 202 | 22/23 | 2021/22 | | Note | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|--|----------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---|------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | R'000 | R'000 | | | R'000 | R'000 |
| 5.1 Minor assets Tangible assets Machinery and equipment | | 194 | 219 | 5.5 Consumables Consumable supplies Uniform and clothing | | 1,416 301 | 1,016 173 |
| TOTAL | | 194 | 219 | Household supplies | | 457 | 296 |
| 5.2 Computer services SITA computer services External computer service providers | | 6,272 5,154 | 4,679 | Building material and supplies Communication accessories IT consumables | | 437 257 - 183 | 290 27 40 143 |
| TOTAL | | 1,426 | 3,964 8,643 | Other consumables | | 218 | 337 |
| | | | | Stationery, printing and office supplies | | 2,085 | 1,496 |
| 5.3 Audit cost - external | | | | TOTAL | | 3,501 | 2,512 |
| Regulatory audits Computer audits TOTAL | | 4,207 <u>-</u> 4,207 | 4,656 434 5,090 | 5.6 Property payments Municipal services Property maintenance & repairs | | 2,933 | 2,765 138 |
| 5.4 Inventory Medical supplies | | 124 | - | Other TOTAL | _ | - 1,597 4,530 | 1,263 4,166 |
| TOTAL | | 124 | - | 5.7 Travel and subsistence Local Foreign TOTAL | _ | 9,475 216 9,691 | 1,470 - 1,470 |
| | | | | IUIAL | | 9,091 | 1,470 |

| No | ote 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|--|----------------------|---------|
| | R'000 | R'000 |
| 5.8 Other operating expenditure | | |
| Professional bodies, membership and subscription fees | - | 17 |
| Resettlement costs | - | 112 |
| Other | 808 | 575 |
| TOTAL | 808 | 704 |
| 5.9 Remuneration of Audit committee members (Business and advisory services) | (Included in Consult | ants: |
| Five(5) Audit Committee members | 205 | 93 |
| TOTAL | 205 | 93 |
| 6. Payment for financial assets | | |
| Material losses through criminal conduct | | |
| Theft 6 | .1 16 | 11 |
| Other Material losses written off | 99 | |
| TOTAL | 115 | 11 |
| 6.1 Details of theft | | |
| Nature of theft | | |
| Computer equipment | 16 | 11 |
| TOTAL | 16 | 11 |

| | Note | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|----------|--------------|---------|
| | | R'000 | R'000 |
| .2. Other material losses written-off | | | |
| No show Accommodation | | 83 | - |
| Windshiled damage | | 3 | - |
| Damaged laptop | | 13 | - |
| TOTAL | | <u> </u> | - |
| '. Transfers and subsidies | | | |
| Foreign governments and international organisations | Annex 1A | - | 30 |
| Households | Annex 1B | 1,158 | 1,903 |
| TOTAL | | 1,158 | 1,933 |
| Expenditure for Capital Assets Tangible assets Buildings and other fixed structures | | | 1.0 0 |
| Machinery and equipment | 26 | 1,902 | 3,507 |
| Intangible assets | | | |
| Software | | - | - |
| | | 1,902 | 3,507 |
| TOTAL | | | |

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| 8.1 Analysis of funds utilised to acq | uire capital asset | ts – 2022/23 | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| | Voted | Aid | TOTAL |
| | Funds | assistance | |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Tangible assets | - | - | - |
| Machinery and equipment | 1,902 | - | 1,902 |
| | | | |
| Intangible assets | - | - | - |
| Software | - | - | - |
| TOTAL | 1,902 | - | 1,902 |
| | | 0004/00 | |
| 8.2 Analysis of funds utilised to acq | uire capital asset Voted | | тоты |
| | Funds | Aid assistance | TOTAL |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Tangible assets | | | |
| Machinery and equipment | 3,383 | 124 | 3,507 |
| Intangible assets | | | |
| Software | | - | - |
| TOTAL | 3,383 | 124 | 3,507 |
| | | | |
| | Note | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
| | | R'000 | R'000 |
| 8.3 Finance lease expenditure inclu | ded in Expenditur | e for capital assets | 5 |
| Tangible assets | | | |
| Machinery and equipment | | 576 | 557 |
| TOTAL | - | 576 | 557 |
| | | | 501 |

| | Note | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|--|-------|--------------|--------------|
| | | R'000 | R'000 |
| 9. Cash and cash equivalents | | | |
| Consolidated Paymaster General Account | | 15,305 | 19,862 |
| Cash on hand | | 100 | 50 |
| TOTAL | _ | 15,405 | 19,912 |
| 10. Prepayments and Advances | | | |
| Advances paid (Not expensed) | 10.1 | 1,236 | 756 |
| TOTAL | _ | 1,236 | 756 |
| Analysis of Total Prepayments and adva | inces | | |
| Current Prepayments and advances | | 1,236 | 756 |
| Non-current Prepayments and advances | | - | |
| TOTAL | _ | 1,236 | 756 |

10.1 Advances paid (Not expensed)

| | Note | Balance as at 1 April 2022 | Less: Amount expensed in current year | Add or Less: Other | Add: Current Year advances | Balance as at 31 March 2023 |
|----------------------|------|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | 10 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| National departments | | 756 | (909) | - | 1,389 | 1,236 |
| TOTAL | | 756 | (909) | - | 1,389 | 1,236 |
| | Note | Balance as at 1 April 2021 | Less: Amount expensed in current year | Add or Less: Other | Add: Current Year advances | Balance as at 31 March 2022 |
| | 10 | | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| National departments | | 177 | (345) | - | 924 | 756 |
| TOTAL | | 177 | (345) | - | 924 | 756 |

11. Receivables

| | | | 2022/23 | | | 2021/22 | |
|-------------------------|------|--------------|-------------|-------|---------|--------------|-------|
| | Note | Current | Non-current | Total | Current | Non-current | Total |
| | | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'00 |
| Claims recoverable | 11.1 | 64 | - | 64 | 129 | - | 129 |
| Recoverable expenditure | 11.2 | 66 | - | 66 | 1 | - | 1 |
| Staff debt | 11.3 | 507 | 83 | 590 | 20 | 463 | 483 |
| Other receivables | | - | - | 1000 | - | - | - |
| TOTAL | | 637 | 83 | 720 | 150 | 463 | 613 |

| No | te 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 140 | R'000 | R'000 |
| | H 000 | H 000 |
| 11.1 Claims Recoverable | | |
| National departments | - | 129 |
| Foreign governments | 36 | - |
| Private enterprises | 28 | - |
| TOTAL | 64 | 129 |
| | | |
| 11.2 Recoverable expenditure (disallowance account) | unts) | |
| Telephone Control Acc: CL | - | 1 |
| Sal: Disallowance Account: CA | 66 | - |
| TOTAL | 66 | 1 |
| | | |
| 11.3 Staff debts | | |
| Salary | 94 | 61 |
| Bursary | 482 | 404 |
| Other | 14 | 18 |
| TOTAL | 590 | 483 |
| 12. Voted funds to be surrendered to the Revenue | Fund | |
| Opening balance | 20,500 | 12,624 |
| Transfer from Statement of Financial Performance | 20,000 | 12,021 |
| (as restated) | 16,615 | 20,500 |
| Voted funds not requested/not received | - | - |
| Paid during the year | (20,500) | (12,624) |
| CLOSING BALANCE | 16,615 | 20,500 |
| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

| | Note | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|--|------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | R'000 | R'000 |
| 13. Departmental revenue to be surrendered | to the Rev | venue Fund | |
| Opening balance | | 53 | 556 |
| Transfer from Statement of Financial Performance | | 362 | 398 |
| Paid during the year | | (408) | (901) |
| CLOSING BALANCE | _ | 7 | 53 |
| 14. Payables – Current | | | |
| Clearing accounts | 14.1 | 71 | 127 |
| TOTAL | _ | 71 | 127 |
| 14.1. Clearing accounts | | | |
| SAL: Income Tax: CL | | 69 | 127 |
| SAL: Pension Fund:CL | | 1 | - |
| SAL: GEHS refund control acc:CL | | 1 | - |
| TOTAL | | 71 | 127 |

| Note | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|----------|--------------|
| | R'000 | R'000 |
| 15. Net Cash Flow Available from operating activitie | es | |
| Net surplus as per Statement of Financial Performance | 16,966 | 20,768 |
| Add back non cash/cash movements not deemed operating activities | (20,038) | (11,994) |
| (Increase)/Decrease in receivables | (487) | (135) |
| Decrease in prepayments and advances | (480) | (579) |
| Increase in payables – current | (56) | (1,225) |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | (9) | (37) |
| Expenditure on capital assets 8.1 | 1,902 | 3,507 |
| Surrenders to Revenue Fund | (20,908) | (13,525) |
| Net cash flow generated by operating activities | (3,072) | 8,774 |

16. Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents for Cash flow Purposes

| | 19.912 |
|--------|--------|
| - | - |
| 100 | 50 |
| 15,305 | 19,862 |
| | 100 |

17. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Contingent liabilities

| Claims against the department | Annex | | |
|-------------------------------|-------|-----|-----|
| 5 | 2 | 350 | 500 |
| Intergovernmental payables | | - | 12 |
| TOTAL | | 350 | 512 |

| Note | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | R'000 | R'000 |
| 18. Capital Commitments | | |
| Machinery and Equipment | 858 | 382 |
| TOTAL COMMITMENTS | 858 | 382 |

Included in the Capital Commitments amount are for the once-off orders.

Finance leases are excluded as it is disclosed in the Lease commitments note.

| | | | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|----------|--------------|--------------|
| 19. Accruals and Paya | bles not recogni | sed | | |
| 19.1 Accruals | | | | |
| Listed by economic classification | 30 Days | 30+ Days | Total | Total |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Goods and services | 7,440 | \\. | 7,440 | 1,284 |
| Transfers and Subsidies | - / - 4 | | - | - |
| Capital Assets | 97 | | 97 | 53 |
| TOTAL | 7,537 | / · | 7,537 | 1,337 |
| | | | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
| Listed by programme level | | Note | R'000 | R'000 |
| Programme 1: Administration | | | 5,675 | 1,088 |
| Programme2:Leadership and | Management Pra | ctices | 452 | 50 |
| Programme 3: Monitoring and | Evaluation | | 606 | 85 |
| Programme 4: Integrity and A | nti-Corruption | | 804 | 114 |
| TOTAL | | | 7,537 | 1,337 |

| 19.2 PayablesListed by economic classification30 Days 30 Days30+ Days ClassificationTotalTotalR'000R'000R'000R'000R'000R'000Goods and services1,318-1,318115Transfers and SubsidiesCapital Assets50-5041 | economic ation d services and Subsidies | Lis cla Goo Tra Cap | |
|---|--|---------------------------------|--|
| ClassificationR'000R'000R'000Goods and services1,318-1,318115Transfers and SubsidiesCapital Assets50-5041 | d services and Subsidies | cla Goo Tra Cap | |
| Goods and services1,318-1,318115Transfers and SubsidiesCapital Assets50-5041 | and Subsidies | Tra Cap | |
| Transfers and SubsidiesCapital Assets50-5041 | and Subsidies | Tra Cap | |
| Capital Assets 50 - 50 41 | | Cap | |
| | sets | - | |
| | _ | TOT | |
| TOTAL 1,368 - 1,368 156 | | | |
| 2022/23 2021/22 | | | |
| Listed by programme level Note R'000 R'000 | programme level | Lis | |
| Programme 1: Administration 732 144 | | | |
| Programme2: Leadership and Management Practices 4 4 | ne2: Leadership and M | Pro | |
| Programme 3: Monitoring and Evaluation 304 6 | ne 3: Monitoring and I | Pro | |
| Programme 4: Integrity and Anti-Corruption 328 2 | ne 4: Integrity and Ant | Pro | |
| TOTAL 1,368 156 | | TO | |
| 20. Employee benefits | Employee benefits | 20. | |
| Leave entitlement 9,107 10,372 | | | |
| Service bonus (Thirteenth cheque) 5,210 4,738 | onus (Thirteenth cheq | Ser | |
| Performance awards | nce awards | Per | |
| Capped leave commitments 4,035 4,304 | ave commitments | Cap | |
| Other (Long service awards) 62 189 | ng service awards) | Oth | |
| TOTAL 18,414 19,603 | | TO | |

*Included in the Leave entitlement is negative leave credit days of (83.99) amounting to the value of (R212,447.11).

*Included in Other(long Service Award) is the estimated value of approximately R62 000 for 3 officials that will receive 20, 30 & 40 years' long-term service rewards, in the 2023/24 financial year

21. Lease commitments

21.1 Operating leases expenditure

| | | Buildings and other fixed | Machinery and | |
|--|--------------|---------------------------------|------------------|--------------|
| 2022/23 | Land | structures | equipment | Total |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Not later than 1 year | - | 9,699 | 692 | 10,391 |
| Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years | - | 5,104 | 617 | 5,721 |
| Later than 5 years | - | - | - | - |
| Total lease commitments | - | 14,803 | 1,309 | 16,112 |
| | | | | |
| 2021/22 | | | | |
| Not later than 1 year | - | 17,879 | 95 | 17,974 |
| Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years | - | 10,481 | 48 | 10,529 |
| Later than 5 years | | - | - | - |
| Total lease commitments | - | 28,360 | 143 | 28,503 |

Office Accommodation Leases:

The total amount of lease commitments for buildings includes the National Office and nine (9) Provincial Offices. Lease contracts of the six (6) buildings range from three years to five years with escalation applicable on anniversary. The lease renewal option is only applicable upon request or included as an option in the contract. The lease contract for two (2) buildings have been extended due to delays in procurement process. Other two (2) leases have expired and alternative office accommodation is required hence only two (2) months commitment has been recognised.

Vehicles Leases:

Three (3) new vehicles have been leased for a period of three (3) years. One contract is expiring at the end of September 2023. A total of six (6) leases have expired however the office is still utilising the vehicles hence only two (2) months commitment has been recognised.

21.2 Finance lease expenditure

| 2022/23 | Land R'000 | Buildings and other fixed structures R'000 | Machinery and equipment R'000 | Total R'000 |
|---|---------------|--|--|----------------|
| Not later than 1 year | - | - | 313 | 313 |
| Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years | - | - | - | - |
| Total lease commitments | - | - | 313 | 313 |
| 2021/22 | | | | |
| Not later than 1 year | - | - | 561 | 561 |
| Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years | - | - | 313 | 313 |
| Total lease commitments | - | - | 874 | 874 |

Leasing of photocopy equipment is according to the Transversal Contract RT3-2018 for a period of 36 months. A total of 22 Machines were leased for a three year period with different escalation rates and no renewal options applicable.

| | Note | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|----------|---|--------------|--------------|
| | | R'000 | R'000 |
| 22. | Unauthorised, Irregular and Fruitless expenditure | | |
| Irregula | ar expenditure | 71 | - |

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23. Related Party Transactions

The PSC has related party relationship with the following Departments and Public sector entities that fall under the portfolio of the Minister for Public Service and Administration:

- Department of Public Service and Administration
- National School of Government
- Centre for Public Service Innovation
- Government Employees Medical Scheme

Although the Public Service Commission's budget for the 2022/23 financial year was appropriated directly from the National Revenue Fund under Vote 12, it was introduced in Parliament by the Minister of Public Service and Administration (MPSA). As a result the Public Service Commission is regarded as a related party to all other Institutions that fall under the MPSA.

24. Key management personnel

| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| | R'000 | R'000 |
| Political Office Bearers * | 17,417 | 17,800 |
| Officials: | | |
| Level 15 to 16 | 7,450 | 6,537 |
| Level 14 | 11,516 | 13,190 |
| Family members of Key management personnel | - | - |
| TOTAL | 36,383 | 37,527 |

Chairperson (1), Deputy Chairperson (1) and Commissioners are appointed in terms of the Section 196 of the Constituition of the Republic of South-Africa, 1996 and therefore they are not Political Office bearers.

25. Provisions

Government Employees Pension Fund Liability (GEPF)

TOTAL

| 25.1 Reconciliation of movement | in provisions – 2022 | 2/23 | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| | Provision 1 Provision 2 | | Total Provisions |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Opening balance | - | - | - |
| Increase in provision | - | - | - |
| Settlement in provision | - | - | - |
| Closing balance | - | - | - |

25.2 Reconciliation of movement in provisions – 2021/22

| | Provision 1 | Provision 2 | Total Provisions |
|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Opening balance | 885 | - | 885 |
| Increase in provision | - | - | - |
| Settlement in provision | (885) | - | (885) |
| Closing balance | - | - | - |
| | | | |

26.1 Movable Tangible Capital Assets

MOVEMENT IN MOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

| | Opening balance | Value Adjustments | Additions | Disposals | Closing Balance |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT | | | | | |
| Computer equipment | 17,236 | - | 539 | 239 | 17,536 |
| Furniture and office equipment | 11,172 | - | 738 | 459 | 11,451 |
| Other machinery and equipment | 5,406 | - | 49 | 26 | 5,429 |
| | | | | | |
| TOTAL MOVABLE TANGIBLE ASSETS | 33,814 | - | 1,326 | 724 | 34,416 |

Movable Tangible Capital Assets under investigation

| | Number | Value |
|-------------------------|--------|-------|
| | | R'000 |
| Machinery and equipment | 12 | 101 |
| | | |

*Included in the above total of movable tangible capital assets as per the asset register,

four (4) stolen assets under LCC and ten (8) unverified assets are all under investigtion.

26.1 Movement for 2021/22

MOVEMENT IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

| | Opening balance R'000 | Prior period error R'000 | Additions R'000 | Disposals R'000 | Closing Balance R'000 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| | R 000 | R'000 | R 000 | R 000 | R 000 |
| MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT | | 1 | | | |
| Computer equipment | 15,116 | i anti | 2,441 | 321 | 17,236 |
| Furniture and office equipment | 10,824 | | 473 | 125 | 11,172 |
| Other machinery and equipment | 5,417 | - | 35 | 46 | 5,406 |
| | L | 1021 | | 1 | |
| TOTAL MOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS | 31,357 | - | 2,949 | 492 | 33,814 |

26.2 Minor assets

MOVEMENT IN MINOR ASSETS PER THE ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

| | Intangible assets | | Machinery and equipment | Biological assets | Total |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Opening balance | - | · 1 | 7,327 | - | 7,328 |
| Additions | - | | 194 | - | 194 |
| Disposals | | | (262) | - | (262) |
| TOTAL MINOR ASSETS | | · 1 | 7,259 | - | 7,260 |
| | Intangible assets | | Machinery and equipment | Biological assets | Total |

| Number of R1 minor assets | - | - | 5 | - | 5 |
|--------------------------------|---|---|-------|---|-------|
| Number of minor assets at cost | - | 1 | 4,779 | - | 4,780 |
| TOTAL NUMBER OF MINOR ASSETS | - | 1 | 4,784 | - | 4,785 |

Minor assets

MOVEMENT IN MINOR ASSETS PER THE ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

| | Intangible assets | Heritage assets | Machinery and equipment | Biological assets | Total |
|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Opening balance | - | 1 | 7,241 | - | 7,242 |
| Prior period error | - | - | - | - | - |
| Additions | - | - | 219 | - | 219 |
| Disposals | - | - | 133 | - | 133 |
| TOTAL | - | 1 | 7,327 | - | 7,328 |

| | Intangible | Heritage | Machinery and | Biological | |
|---|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|---------|
| | assets | assets | equipment | assets | Total |
| Number of R1 minor assets | - | - | 5 | - | 5 |
| Number of minor assets at cost | - | 1 | 4,925 | - | 4,926 |
| TOTAL | - | 1 | 4,930 | - | 4,931 |
| 26.3 Movable assets written off | | | | | |
| MOVABLE ASSETS WRITTEN OFF FOR THE YEAR ENDED AS AT 31 MARCH 2023 | | | | | |
| | Intangible assets | Heritage assets | Machinery and equipment | Biological assets | Total |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Assets written off | - | _ | 115 | _ | 115 |
| TOTAL MOVABLE ASSETS WRITTEN OFF | | - | 115 | | 115 |
| | | | 115 | | 115 |
| MOVABLE ASSETS WRITTEN OFF FOR THE YEAR ENDED AS AT 31 MARCH 2022 | | | | | |
| | Intangible | Heritage | Machinery and | Biological | |
| | assets | assets | equipment | assets | Total |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Assets written off | - | - 7.1 | 11 | _ | 11 |
| TOTAL MOVABLE ASSETS WRITTEN OFF | - | 10 | 11 | - | 11 |
| | | 1 | / | | |
| 27. Intangible Capital Assets | | | | | |
| MOVEMENT IN INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 | 3 | | | | |
| | Opening | Value | | | Closing |

| balance | adjustment | Additions | Disposals | Balance |
|--------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| | | | | |
| 3,957 | | - | - | 3,957 |
| 3,957 | 1 - · · | - | - | 3,957 |
| | R'000 3,957 | balance adjustment R'000 R'000 3,957 - | balanceadjustmentAdditionsR'000R'000R'0003,957 | balanceadjustmentAdditionsDisposalsR'000R'000R'000R'0003,957 |

27.1 Movement for 2021/22

MOVEMENT IN INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

| | Opening balance R'000 | error | Additions R'000 | Disposals R'000 | Closing balance R'000 |
|----------|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| Software | 3,957 | - | - | - | 3,957 |
| TOTAL | 3,957 | - | - | - | 3,957 |

28. Immovable Tangible Capital Assets

MOVEMENT IN IMMOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

| | Opening balance | Value adjustments | Additions | Disposals | Closing Balance |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| BUILDINGS AND OTHER FIXED STRUCTURES | | | | | |
| Other fixed structures | 4,158 | - | - | - | 4,158 |
| TOTAL IMMOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS | 4,158 | - | - | - | 4,158 |

28.1 Movement for 2022/23

MOVEMENT IN IMMOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

| Opening balance | Prior period error | Additions | Disposals | Closing Balance |
|--------------------|---------------------------|---|---|---|
| R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| | | | | |
| 4,158 | - | - | - | 4,158 |
| 4,158 | - | - | - | 4,158 |
| | balance R'000 4,158 | balance error R'000 R'000 4,158 - | balance error R'000 R'000 4,158 - | balance error R'000 R'000 R'000 4,158 - - - |

Movement for 2021/22

MOVEMENT IN IMMOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

| | Opening balance | Prior period error | Additions | Disposals | Closing Balance |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| | | | | | |
| BUILDINGS AND OTHER FIXED STRUCTURES | | | | | |
| Other fixed structures | 4,158 | - | - | - | 4,158 |
| TOTAL IMMOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS | 4,158 | - | - | - | 4,158 |

29. BROAD BASED BLACK ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT PERFORMANCE

Information on compliance with the B-BBEE Act is included in the annual report under the section titled B-BBEE Compliance Performance Information.

30. COVID 19 Response Expenditure

| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|--------------------------------|-----------|---------|
| | R'000 | R'000 |
| AI | nnexure 6 | |
| Goods and services | 188 | 422 |
| Expenditure for capital Assets | · · | |
| TOTAL | 188 | 422 |

The expenditure incurred included both National and Provincial Offices. It was done in order to ensure that health and safety of Commissioners and staff is prioritized in view of the pandemic.

ANNEXURE 1A

STATEMENT OF TRANSFERS TO FOREIGN GOVERNMENT AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATIONS

| | | TRANSFER | ALLOCATION | | | EXPENI | DITURE | 2021/ | /22 |
|--|--------------------|------------|-------------|--------------------|----|--------------------|---|--------------|--------------------|
| FOREIGN GOVERNMENT/ | Adjusted Budget | Roll Overs | Adjustments | Total Available | ÷ | Actual Transfer | % of Available Funds Transferred | Final Budget | Actual Transfer |
| INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATION | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Transfers | | | | | | | | | |
| Association of African Public Services | | | | | | | | | |
| Commissions (AAPSComs) | 90 | - | - | | 90 | - | 0% | 30 | 30 |
| | | | | | | | | 30 | 30 |

ANNEXURE 1B

STATEMENT OF TRANSFERS TO HOUSEHOLDS

| | | TRANSFE | R ALLOCATION | | EXPEND | DITURE | 2021 | /22 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|--------------|--------------------|
| | Adjusted Budget | Roll Overs | Adjust-ments | Total Available | Actual Transfer | % of Available funds Transferred | Final Budget | Actual Transfer |
| HOUSEHOLDS | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | % | R'000 | R'000 |
| Transfers | | | | | | | | |
| Retirement and Resignations benefits | 521 | | - 912 | 1,433 | 1,158 | 81% | 1,903 | 1,903 |
| TOTAL | 521 | | - 912 | 1,433 | 1,158 | | 1,903 | 1,903 |

ANNEXURE 1C

STATEMENT OF AID ASSISTANCE RECEIVED

| NAME OF DONOR | PURPOSE | OPENING BALANCE | REVENUE | EXPENDI- TURE | PAID BACK ON/BY 31 MARCH | CLOSING BALANCE |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| | | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Received in cash | | - | | | | |
| Criminal Assets Recovery Account (CARA) | National Anti-Corruption Forum (NACF) | 11 | - | 11 | - | - |
| TOTAL | | 11 | - | 11 | - | - |



ANNEXURE 1D

STATEMENT OF GIFTS, DONATIONS AND SPONSORSHIPS MADE

| NATURE OF GIFT, DONATION OR SPONSORSHIP | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|---------|---------|
| (Group major categories but list material items including name of organisation) | R'000 | R'000 |
| | | |
| Made in kind | | |
| Computer equipment (3 Laptops, 2 CPU and 3 Monitor) | 631 | |
| Office furniture and equipment (1 Air Conditioner and 2 Camera, 5 Chairs, 1 Projector, 4 recorder, 4 routers, 2shredder, 2 presentation unit and 3 vaccum cleaners) | | |
| The following were the recipients of the above items: | | |
| Khotsong Communication, Lusaka and Clothing, Mpilisweni S | | |
| School, Go green, FS E-waste, Tshwane Business Academy, Masevhe E-Waste, Kids up Nursery school and silverton. Kiddies day and famza Pietermaritzburg | | |
| Made in kind | | |
| Computer equipment (7 CPU, 9 Laptops and 1 Printers) | | |
| Office furniture and equipment (14 Chair and 1 Table) | | |
| Other machinery and equipment (1 Projector) | - | 310 |
| | | |
| The following were the recipients of the above items: | | |
| Batsha ba kopane Organization, Tswelelang Service Club, Nonkudla JP School, Etyeni Circuit 1530 and Neolet Foundation | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| TOTAL | 631 | 31 |

STATEMENT OF CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

| | Opening Balance 01 April 2022 | Liabilities incurred during the year | Liabilities paid/ cancelled/ reduced during the year | Liabilities recover-able (Provide details hereunder) | Closing Balance 31 March 2023 |
|--|----------------------------------|--|---|---|----------------------------------|
| NATURE OF LIABILITY | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Application for review of the Public Service Commission Report on the Department of Transport: Eastern Cape ProvinceHigh Court Case No: 3703/2019(Grahamstown) | 500 | _ | (500) | - | - |
| Applicant vs speake r of national assembly, chairperson of National council of provinces and PSC | - | 50 | - | - | 50 |
| Applicant vs MEC for Health and 6 others. PSC is cited as the third respondent therefore from a claim of R12 million. for damages against all the respondents the PSC may have to pay an estimated 1.7 million. However the contingent liability will depend on how the court apportions the liability. No invoice received yet. Case no 500/21. | - | 200 | _ | 0.00 | 200 |
| 4. Case number 1931/23 high court Western Cape, applicant VS PSC and 3 others | - | 100 | | 8 D III | 100 |

TOTAL

500 350 (500) - 350

CLAIMS RECOVERABLE

| GOVERNMENT ENTITY | Confirmed balance outstanding | | Unconfirmed balance outstanding | | тот | AL |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| GOVERNMENT ENTITY | 31/03/2023 | 31/03/2022 | 31/03/2023 | 31/03/2022 | 31/03/2023 | 31/03/2022 |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| DEPARTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Gauteng Department of Education | - | - | - | 112 | - | 112 |
| Department of Employment and Labour | - | 17 | - | - | - | 17 |
| OTHER PRIVATE ENTITIES | | | | | | |
| Travel With Flair | - | - | 28 | - | 28 | - |
| TOTAL | | 17 | 28 | 112 | 28 | 129 |

ANNEXURE 4

INTER-ENTITY ADVANCE PAID

| | | Confirmed balance outstanding | | Unconfirmed balance outstanding | | TOTAL | |
|---|------------|----------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|------------|--|
| ENTITY | 31/03/2023 | 31/03/2022 | 31/03/2023 | 31/03/2022 | 31/03/2023 | 31/03/2022 | |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | |
| DEPARTMENTS | | | | | | | |
| National School of Government | - | | - 62 | 4 756 | 624 | 756 | |
| Government Communications and Information Systems | 612 | | - | | 612 | - | |
| TOTAL | 612 | | - 62 | 4 756 | 1,236 | 756 | |

INTER-GOVERNMENT PAYABLES

| | | Confirmed balance outstanding | | Unconfirmed balance outstanding | | TOTAL | |
|------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|------------|--|
| ENTITY | 31/03/2023 | 31/03/2022 | 31/03/2023 | 31/03/2022 | 31/03/2023 | 31/03/2022 | |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | |
| DEPARTMENTS | | | | | | | |
| Departmenmt of Tourism | | | - | 12 | - | 12 | |
| TOTAL | - | | - | 12 | - | 12 | |



COVID 19 RESPONSE EXPENDITURE

Per Quarter and in Total

| Expenditure per economic classification | Subtotal Q1 R'000 | Subtotal Q2 R'000 | Subtotal Q3 R'000 | Subtotal Q4 R'000 | 2022/23 TOTAL R'000 | 2021/22 TOTAL R'000 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Compensation of employees | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Goods services | 55 | 44 | 22 | 67 | 188 | 422 |
| Please list all the applicable SCOA level 4 items: | | | | | | |
| Consult: Business & Advisory Services | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Minor Assets | - | - | - | - | - | 18 |
| Consumables Supplies | 37 | 4 | - | 7 | 48 | 100 |
| Training and Development | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Property Payments | 18 | 40 | 22 | 60 | 140 | 304 |
| Expenditure for capital assets | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Please list all the applicable SCOA level 4 items: | | | | | | |
| Machinery and Equipment | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| TOTAL COVID 19 RESPONSE EXPENDITURE | 55 | 44 | 22 | 67 | 188 | 422 |

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PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION VOTE NO.12 ANNUAL REPORT 2022/23

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