



NDA ANNUAL REPORT (2020/21)

PORTFOLIO COMMITTEE

03 NOVEMBER 2021



PURPOSE

To present the Annual Report for the 2020/21 financial year, comprising of:

- Programme Performance Information (Part B); and
- Annual Financial Statements (AFS) for year ended March 31, 2021 (Part E).
- Audit outcomes for the 2020-21 financial year.

CONTEXTUAL ANALYSIS AND PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

- The Covid-19 pandemic had an immense impact on the work of the NDA which resulted in the NDA revising its APP in order to align to the new reality of lesser in person engagements as a result of lockdown restrictions
- The revision focused largely on reduction of targets and refinement of indicators to improve measurability and alignment to the Revised framework on planning
- The NDA introduced a Covid-19 flagship programme called the Volunteer Programme in order to combat the dire effects of Covid-19
- The NDA implemented the CARA Programme aimed at fighting the scourge of gender-based violence and femicide through funding of 312 CSOs to the value of R85, 6million.
- The NDA implemented a hybrid model focusing on virtual and face to face engagement in an effort to limit the effects of movement restrictions on rendering capacity building interventions
- The NDA collaborated with a range of stakeholders across the country to render integrated development interventions for the benefit of a number of communities and CSOs
- The researches undertaken in the year under review together with the resultant dialogues have contributed immensely towards debate on development policy
- The 2020-21 audit outcome of the NDA reflects an improvement on the 2019-20 audit outcome, relating to:
 - Performance information;
 - Detection of instances of non-compliance; and
 - No material instances of non-compliance with SCM legislation.
- Over the past 3 years, the NDA has achieved an UNQUALIFIED AUDIT OPINION WITH FINDINGS.
- The AG did not identify any material findings on the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information for Programme 2

NDA SUPPORTED CSOS



CAMPAIGN AGAINST GBV AND FEMICIDE



CONTEXTUAL ANALYSIS AND PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

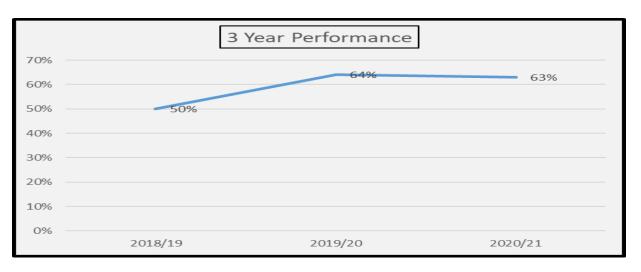
- The NDA implemented the Volunteer Programme as an emergency Covid-19 response programme over 9 months of the financial year, deploying 2049 volunteers across all provinces.
- The programme focused mainly on:
 - Covid-19 advocacy and ways to reduce transmission of the virus,
 - Distribution of food parcels to vulnerable community members,
 - Queue management support at SASSA offices in the administration of grant payments,
 - Support of elderly and disabled persons, and
 - Dissemination of Covid-19 information at hot spots as well as door-to-door within communities
- R32 million of the 2020-21 approved budget was reprioritised by the Board, to:
 - Fund PPE for volunteers
 - Pay volunteer stipends, and
 - CSO management fees for administration of the volunteers
- The volunteers reached and interacted with over 211 171 households, distributed 73 581 food parcels to vulnerable households and assisted 171 289 people to apply for the Social Relief of Distress grant and the Department of Agriculture Disaster Relief Fund for small scale farmers.
- R5,9 million worth of personal protective equipment (PPE) for staff and volunteers participating in the NDA funded volunteer programme
- Of the spend of R5,9 million on PPE, R1,5 million was spent on direct procurement from 23 cooperatives operating across the country, R5,2 million was procured from emerging micro enterprises, and R2,3 million from youth-owned businesses

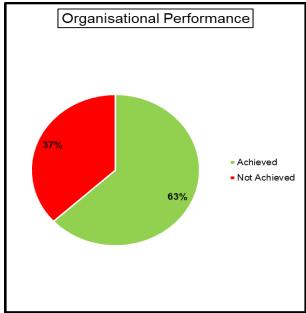
UPDATE ON NON-ACHIEVED DELIVERABLES

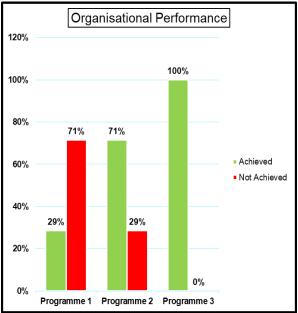
- The NDA undertook a process identifying and determining historical Irregular, Fruitless and Wasteful expenditure for condonement by National Treasury. National Treasury declined to condone the total value of R96,1million resulting in the indicator not being achieved. This indicator has since been retained in the 2021/22 financial year and management has initiated a process of removal of such expenditure by the Board.
- The NDA fell short of administering consequence management mainly due to lack of capacity in HR and Legal units. These units have since been fully capacitated with personnel in the 2021/22 financial year to fast track the implementation of consequence management. This indicator has been relegated to the Operational Plan
- The Turnaround Strategy envisaged for approval by the end of the financial year was not achieved. The
 indicator has been carried over to the 2021/22 financial year. A Service Provider has since been appointed to
 undertake the NDA turnaround process. To date, numerous consultations have been held, and these
 consultations will inform the development of the APP, SP and Brand strategy, amongst others. The outcomes
 of the Turnaround process will also provide inputs into the NDA Act amendment process led by DSD.
- The target of R100m on mobilisation of resources to fund CSOs development interventions was not achieved largely due to Covid -19 implications all sectors of the economy. The indicator was carried over to the 2021/22 financial year but the target was revised downward to R20m, mainly due to adverse economic conditions. To date a total of R17,5 million has already been raised in the first 2 quarters of the year.
- The NDA continues to support the CSOs with income generation in the 2021/22 financial year, although this indicator has been relegated to the operations. A significant number of CSOs have been assisted with linkages to business opportunities to the value of R4,5 million.

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

SUMMARY OF ORGANISATIONAL PERFORMANCE









KPI 01	Percentage (%) impleme	entation of Consequence	Management in re	lation to IFW cases			
Object of Change	A change in NDA staff towards compliance to Institutional Policies, PFMA and National Treasury regulations by NDA staff			Improved governance	ce and operational		
Targets	Annual target	80%					
Achievement	 (64%) – A total of 57 cases were identified and they were at various stages of implementation, including: Investigation; Disciplinary process; Debt Acknowledgement; Debt Recovery; and Debt Write-off. 						
Reason for deviation	The process of consequence management took longer than anticipated as it had to follow due process to avoid infringing individual's rights. The other contributing factor to the slow pace of implementation of consequence management was the lack of capacity in both Legal and HR Units.						
	Percentage (%) reduction of cumulative balance of IFW expenditure reported in the prior year annual Financial Statements						
KPI 02			e of IFW expendi	ture reported in the			
KPI 02 Object of Change		ncial Statements	e of IFW expending	ture reported in the Reduction in the IFW exp	penditure		
	prior year annual Finan Reduction in instances o	ncial Statements			penditure		
Object of Change	prior year annual Finan Reduction in instances of NDA Annual target The performance is at 0 the NDA submitted a control R96,1 million for condo	f IFW expenses in the	Impact nation of IFW by Nation expenditure, compary. The condonation	Reduction in the IFW expansional Treasury. On 11 Notices of R96,1 million	ovember 2020, and totalling a would have		



KPI 03	Percentage (%) co	mpliance to the NDA prefere	ntial procureme	ent p	olicy		
Object of Change	Historically disadva	ntaged communities c opportunity			Economically uplifting communities the were historically disadvantaged by		
Targets	Annual target	100%	Impact	und	cessing economic oppo der normal conditions the mpete		
Achievement	by the Board on 3 been compliance	100% compliance level has been achieved. NDA complied with the revised SCM Policy that was approved by the Board on 30 November 2020. The policy included the Preferential Procurement Policy. There has been compliance also with the previous and the 2017 PPPFA Regulations issued in terms of the PPPFA Act during all four quarters of the 2020/21 financial year.					
Reason for deviation	None						
KPI 04	Amended NDA Act	t					
Object of Change	_	I provisions within the NDA Act moving existing bottle-necks th nce of NDA work			Improved governance and operat		
Targets	Annual target	sition document on the NDA Accendment	t				
Achievement	Management developed the position document and presented it to the Board, but was not approved.						
Reason for deviation		that the position document sho ertaken in the 2021/22 financial	•	n ord	er to align it to the NDA	Turnaround	

KPI 5	Approved	NDA Turnaround Strategy					
Object of Change	alignment	with the NDA mandate and nt's policy direction	Impact	Affect the NDA programme agenda			
Targets	Annual target	NDA Turnaround Strategy approved		for the next five years			
Achievement		concept document for the Turnaround Strategy was developed, presented to the Board and vas approved.					
Reason for deviation	· ·	Delays on the finalisation of the concept document was due to extensive consultation which delayed the procurement of service provider to undertake the Turnaround Strategy.					
KPI 6	Approved	Employee Climate Survey fra	mework				
Object of Change	Increased	staff morale and productivity	Impact	A commonly desired organizational culture linked to a strategy to attra			
Targets	Annual target	Approved framework for Employee Climate Survey	·	and retain the employee to NDA / make NDA an employer of choice.			
Achievement	Employee Climate Survey Framework was developed, presented to EXCO and was approved.						
Reason for deviation	None						

KPI 7	Approved Brand Strategy					
Object of Change	To improve NDA client experience, highlighting competitive advantage through programmatic performance Annual	Impact	Enhance NDA's brand reputation within key stakeholders understand and appreciate			
Targets	target Draft Brand Strategy					
Achievement	The Draft Brand Strategy Docun EXCO but was not approved.	he Draft Brand Strategy Document was developed and presented to				
Reason for deviation	The draft Brand Strategy was referred back for alignment with the NDA Turnaround Strategy to be undertaken in the 2021/22 financial year.					

PROGRAM 2: CSO DEVELOPMENT

KPI 8	Rand value of resour	Rand value of resources raised to fund CSOs development interventions						
Object of Change	Institutional capacity to raise funds from alternative sources for grant funding of cominterventions managed by CSOs		/ Impact	Increased and sustainable funding generated from alternative sources				
Targets	Annual target	R100 million						
Achievement	R15 785 000							
Reason for deviation	The poor economic outlook affected the performance of the KPI. Potential donors reprioritized their resources towards the Covid-19 interventions.							
KPI 9	Number of strategic	partnerships established						
Object of Change		ble collaboration between ety, corporate and foreign ment of community	Impact	Established sustainable alternative resources of funds for grant funding, and having strong lobby group on policy affecting community development work				
Targets	Annual target	5		aneoung community development work				
Achievement	 5 partnerships achieved: •MoU between NDA and NYDA •MoU between NDA and SASSA •A contract between NDA and DSD (CARA) •SLA between NDA and GPDoSD •MoU with SANPARKS 							
Reason for deviation	None							



PROGRAM 2: CIVIL SOCIETY ORGANISATION DEVELOPMENT

KPI 10	Number of integrated dev	elopment initiatives c	oordinated				
Object of Change	NDA will coordinate activities to link CSOs with the private sector CSI units which will create an enabling environment for the private sector to invest in CSOs		Impact	The community development work supported by the NDA has a buy-in from all stakeholders hence increasing the chances of community projects achieving			
Targets	Annual target	9		the set goals.			
Achievement	9 integrated development initiatives were coordinated across provinces in areas such as sewing projects, food security and advocacy against GBV&F in communities.						
Reason for deviation	None						
KPI 11	Number of Work opportur	nities created as a res	ult of CSOs develo	opment interventions			
Object of Change	Economically disadvantaged community members access work opportunities created through NDA supported programmes.		Impact	Improvement of the livelihoods of beneficiaries through increased income in households of mainly unemployed youth			
Targets	Annual target	2000		and women.			
Achievement	2049 work opportunities were created through the NDA Covid-19 Volunteer Programme. The work opportunities were created equitably across the 9 province and with focus being placed on vulnerable and economically challenged communities. The programme was implemented through the CSOs supported through the NDA capacity building programme.						
Reason for deviation	Target was met and exceed programme.	led due to partnership v	vith other departme	nts on the implementation of the volunteer			

PROGRAM 2: CSO DEVELOPMENT

KPI 12	Value of increased	CSO income generated as	a result of NDA in	terventions			
Object of Change	CSOs with increased and sustainable operational capacity to generate meaningful revenue streams from their programme activities		Impact	Increased and sustainable revenue streams from CSOs programme activities			
Targets	Annual target	R24 000 000		as a result of NDA programme support			
Achievement	R3 270 171	R3 270 171					
Reason for deviation	The normal business activities of the CSOs were affected by Covid-19 lockdown restrictions						
KPI 13	Number of CSOs e	mpowered through on-line	and e-developme	nt interventions			
Object of Change	operational capacity	uired management and to effectively manage their s for community good	Impact	CSOs that have managed their programme operates effectively and in a sustainable way that has allowed			
Targets	Annual target	300		community to benefit socioeconomically.			
Achievement	1114						
Reason for deviation	The target was achieved and exceeded due to the readjustment of the risk levels in the last two quarters of the inancial year, which allowed the contact (face-to-face) training.						

PROGRAM 2: CSO DEVELOPMENT

KPI 14	Percentage (%) disbursement o	of funds for	grant funding
Object of Change		ive systems that grant funding		CSOs receive grant funding in a timely manner and in adherence to funding and relevant prescripts and
Targets	Annual target	95%		contractual obligations
Achievement	100%			
Reason for deviation	The target was	s surpassed by 5%	due to impr	oved budget utilization.

PROGRAM 3: RESEARCH

KPI 15	Number of research p	ublications that informe	ed development p	ractice on Government Priorities			
Object of Change	To generate empirical evidence for enhanced development policy		lu t	Contributed towards the implementation of dialogues. Strengthened social partnerships			
Targets	Annual target	3 Research reports	Impact	through the engagement with the research findings			
Achievement	 Behaviour change Portfolio Strategies Requirements for t Analysis of best prediction Creating capacities Creating Capacities 	Portfolio Strategies Requirements for transforming the civil society sector in South Africa Analysis of best practices in ECD centres in the Eastern Cape Province in the context of legislation and policy					
Reason for deviation	Two additional resear ECD policy implemen		Behaviour Change	Modification in the wake of COVID-19 and Analysis of			
KPI 16	Approved Research a	nd Evaluation agenda					
Object of Change	To set out a framework for research and evaluation work to be undertaken by the NDA periodically. The NDA has a defined framework that information for the NDA has a defined framework that information work to be undertaken.						
Targets	Annual target	approved Research and evaluation agenda		fulfilment of its secondary mandate.			
Achievement	undergoing all the proce	Research and Evaluation agenda approved by the Board. The research and evaluation agenda was approved after undergoing all the processes of development, quality assurance and approval. The agenda aims at supporting the government priority areas and also focuses on 4 areas relevant to the NDA mandate.					
Reason for deviation	None	None					

PROGRAM 3: RESEARCH

KPI 17	Number of evalu	uation reports that cont	tribute to devel	opmer	nt practice		
Object of Change	NDA Evidence Based Evaluation results that guide and programme design and implementation		Impact	resear	The NDA has a defined framework that informs research and evaluation work to be undertaken in		
Targets	Annual target	3 evaluation reports		Tulfilm	nent of its secondary mandate.		
Achievement	People with oECD implement	Reports were completed during this period. They covered the following operational areas: People with disability income generation projects supporting and; ECD implemented by the resource and training organisation (RTOs). NDA CSO RAE-Volunteer Programme Final Report					
Reason for deviation	None	None					
KPI 18	Number of exte	ernal dialogues to enga	ge on the NDA	resear	rch outputs		
Object of Change	To promote debates and dialogues on development policy, between stakeholders (public, civil society, private and academic sectors)				The dialogues and debates provide a platform for social partners to share the research outcomes and debate on development policy.		
Targets	Annual target						
Achievement	 Were in the follow Creating ca Food Securion Africa. South Africa The impact Experience challenges 	 5 policy dialogue sessions were held via virtual platforms with partner research institutions. The dialogues were in the following areas: Creating capabilities and building capacities for the civil society sector in South Africa Food Security & Nutrition Dialogue – the impact of COVID-19 on food and nutrition security in South Africa. South Africa's integrated approach to addressing poverty, inequality and exclusion. The impact of Covid-19 and lockdown on the ECD centers operations and teaching practices in KZN 					
Reason for deviation	None						

PROGRAM 3: RESEARCH

KPI 19	Number of times I	NDA research work is reference	ed	
Object of Change	Demonstrate credibility and relevance of evidence produced by NDA research outputs in the field of development		Impact	Increased use of evidence in policy formulation and review by policy makers
Targets	Annual target	5 NDA research work citations/referenced		
Achievement	 Moreno et al Current state participation in National Deve The Impact of Communities: Affairs (IJBEA income- general consultation in process. PLoS 'Religious live South Africa', 	and recommendations. NDA won the South African development lopment Agency. If Income-Generating Projects of The Holding Hands Case, publicating activities in South Africa. 20) A Review of the Results of Stand Curfew, Sumerianz Journal and Magongo, B., 2020. "South meaningful: Insights from a case Sone 15(1): e0228281. -streaming in response to coron Verbum et Ecclesia 41(1), a2120	rspectives of LGrk cited/reference tagenda: The room Stimulating the lished by the Intellished by the Intellished by the Intellished Street Responsible of Biotechnology Africa containment at study of the Study of	BTQ psychology from five different countries: ed Magongo, B. (2016). Enhancing civil society ble of civil society organisations. Parktown: The end Development of Entrepreneurial Activities in ternational Journal of Business and Economic Magongo, B. (2013). Civil society participation in see to the COVID-19 Pandemic Through State of ogy, Vol. 3, No. 5, pp. 26-37. NDA work ent response to COVID-19 pandemic: Making south African mental health policy consultation 019 pandemic and the subsequent lockdown in 0.4102/ve.v41i1.212
Reason for deviation		•	•	chanisms and HSRC report on Regulatory r both had 2 references each two NDA research

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2020-21 FINANCIAL POSITION - ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS	2021	2020	CHANGE year-on-year	% CHANGE	% of Total
Cash Receivables from exchange Receivables from non-exchange TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	125 563 363 1 616 977 139 495 127 319 835	51 624 407 1 861 451 449 574 53 935 432	73 938 956 (244 474) (310 079) 73 384 403	143% -13% -69% 61%	99% 1% 0% 100%
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	2021	2020	CHANGE year-on-year	% CHANGE	% of Total
Property, Plant & Equipment Intangible assets	6 896 161 3 538 403	5 400 712 3 881 176	1 495 449 (342 773)	28%	66% 34%
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	10 434 564	9 281 888	1 152 676	19%	100%
TOTAL ASSETS	137 754 399	63 217 320	74 537 079	118%	

- 1. Cash holdings of R125,6m increased by R73,9m on prior year, mainly due to the balance of CARA funds (50,7m) awaiting disbursement once contractual conditions are met, UIF covid-19 stipend funds (11,4m), and cash held for committed operational and grant expenditure (R59m);
- 2. Receivables from exchange of R1,6m comprise mainly rental deposits held by lessors, with the Head Office lease in Parktown making up largest portion at R1,2m;
- 3. Receivables from non-exchange of R139k is mainly made up of staff debtors;
- 4. Property, plant & equipment comprises Computer Equip (5m), Furniture (1.1m), Office equip (689k);
- 5. Intangible assets comprise Ndzalama system (CSO database & IMS R3,5m) and ERP system R22k

2020-21 FINANCIAL POSITION - LIABILITIES

CURRENT LIABILITIES	2021	2020	CHANGE year-on-year	% CHANGE	% of Total
Payables from exchange	9 852 568	6 575 121	3 277 447	50%	9%
Payables from non-exchange	6 051 507	299 926	5 751 581	1918%	6%
Provisions	5 916 873	5 890 711	26 162	0%	6%
Short-term employee benefits	10 467 686	10 506 358	(38 672)	0%	10%
Accrual for committed projects	7 165 180	9 498 532	(2 333 352)	-25%	7%
Unutilised third party funds	64 679 801	12 627 707	52 052 094	412%	62%
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	104 133 615	45 398 355	58 735 260	2355%	100%
NET ASSETS	33 620 784	17 818 965	15 801 819	89%	

- 1. Payables from exchange of R9,8m comprise Trade payables (8,4m), Operating lease liability (1,4m);
- 2. Payables from non-exchange of R6m comprise the UIF training programme covid-19 stipends accrual (5.8m), and staff creditors (140.6k);
- 3. Provisions comprise the Bonus provision (5,9m);
- 4. Short-term employee benefits of R10,5m comprise the Leave provision (9,6m), 13 cheque accrual (804k);
- 5. Accrual for committed projects of R7,2m is made up of Volunteer programme accruals (4.9m), and Grant funded project accruals (2.2m). Reduced budget for grant funding has resulted in lower accruals;
- 6. Unutilised third party funds of R64,7m comprise funds from CARA (51,9m), SASSA (R1.6m), Anglo American (Kolomela mine 552k), UIF (5m), Gauteng DSD (3,78m), DSD KZN (757k), DSD FS.

2020-21 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE	2021	2020	CHANGE year-on-year	% CHANGE
Revenue	277 463 504	240 865 070	36 598 434	15%
Less: Expenditure	262 369 708	245 516 726	16 852 982	7%
Mandate expenditure	172 085 801	131 718 079	40 367 722	30,6%
Administration expenditure	90 283 907	113 798 647	(23 514 740)	-20,7%
Surplus	15 093 796	(4 651 656)	19 745 452	32%

- 1. NDA's Total Revenue increased by R36,6m (15%), from R240,8m in 2020 to R277,5m in 2021. This is mainly due to CARA and other 3P funds recognised (R29,8m), and a R2,1 increase in interest income;
- 2. Total expenditure increased by R16,8m mainly due to the implementation of the CARA and Volunteer programmes;
- 3. Mandate expenditure increased by R40,3m, mainly due to the CARA programme and Volunteer Programme disbursements, offset by decreases in 3P funded capacity building (R16,1m) due to the suspension of the UIF training programme, and decreases in NDA funded capacity building (R6,9m), CSO Development costs (R5,6m), and Research studies (R1,3m) due to the Covid-19 budget reprioritization effected in June 2021;
- 4. Admin expenditure decreased by R23,5m mainly due to a reduction in travel & accommodation (R14,9m), General expenses (R8m), Audit fees (R1,7m), Operating leases of R925k, Consulting costs (R837k), IT communication (741k);
- 5. The NDA progressed from a net deficit position in 2020 of (R4,6m), to a net surplus position in 2021 of R15,1m.

2020-21 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE - REVENUE

NON-EXCHANGE REVENUE	2021	2020	CHANGE year-on-year	% CHANGE	% of Total
Transfer Revenue Other Grants - Third party funds	216 240 000 54 812 591	212 355 000 24 975 999	3 885 000 29 836 592	2% 119%	80%
NON-EXCHANGE REVENUE	271 052 591	237 330 999	33 721 592	121%	100%
EXCHANGE REVENUE	2021	2020	CHANGE year-on-year	% CHANGE	% of Total
Other income Finance income	3 417 375 2 993 538	2 694 179 839 892	723 196 2 153 646	27% 256%	53% 47%
TOTAL EXCHANGE REVENUE	6 410 913	3 534 071	2 876 842	283%	100%

- 1. NDA's 2020-21 transfer allocation was reduced by R8,3m from R224,5m to R216,2m;
- 2. Other grants of R54,8m represent third party funds recognized upon disbursement of funds according to contractual conditions, and has more than doubled on prior year revenue. These relate to CARA funds (R46m disbursed and recognised), Limpopo DSD (2,9m spent on capacity building), UIF training programme covid-19 stipend accrual (5.8m);
- 3. Other income relates to CARA management fees recognised (2,7m), Limpopo management fees (300k), R84.7k insurance recoveries, R49,7k project recoveries, and staff debtor recoveries of R220k;
- 4. Interest income of R2,9m represents a R2,1m increase on prior year interest earned, mainly due to higher cash holdings due to the CARA funds received from DSD.

2020-21 – MANDATE EXPENDITURE

MANDATE EXPENDITURE	2021	2020	CHANGE	% CHANGE	% of
			year-on-year		Total
Grant funding	4 476 739	10 087 647	(5 610 908)	-56%	3%
3P funded project disbursements	46 000 000	-	46 000 000	0%	27%
Volunteer programme	32 208 782	-	32 208 782	0%	19%
3P funded capacity building	8 812 591	24 918 479	(16 105 888)	-65%	5%
NDA funded capacity building	1 165 964	8 151 862	(6 985 898)	-86%	1%
CSO Development implement costs	3 052 250	8 738 567	(5 686 317)	-65%	2%
Research, monitoring, evaluation	1 291 403	2 650 504	(1 359 101)	-51%	1%
Mandate staff costs	75 078 072	77 171 020	(2 092 948)	-3%	44%
TOTAL MANDATE EXPENDITURE	172 085 801	131 718 079	40 367 722	31%	100%

- 1. Grant funding reduced by R5,6m due to covid-19 reprioritisation for the volunteer programme;
- 2. CARA programme was a new programme in the 2020-21 FY, with disbursements of R46m.
- 3. Volunteer programme new in the FY, with disbursements to CSOs and volunteers of R32m;
- 4. 3rd Party funded capacity building relates to DSD Limpopo funds and UIF covid-19 stipend accrual;
- 5. NDA funded Capacity building costs reduced by R6,9m due to covid-19 reprioritisation for volunteer programme. Low activity due to lockdown restrictions. R1,8m reduction in travel related costs, R4m reduction in venue hire, R1,1m reduction in training manuals & participant travel costs;
- 6. Mobilisation & formalisation costs reduced by R5,6m due to covid-19 reprioritisation for volunteer programme. Activity was restricted due to lockdown restrictions. R3m reduction in travel related costs, and R1,4m reduction in ministerial events due to lockdown restrictions;
- 7. Research costs reduced by R1,3m due to covid-19 reprioritisation for volunteer programme;
- 8. Mandate staff costs reduced by R2m due reprioritisation of key posts, and postponement in the filling of non-key positions.

2020-21 – ADMIN EXPENDITURE

ADMIN EXPENDITURE	2021	2020	CHANGE	% CHANGE	% of
			year-on-year		Total
Travel & accommodation	2 305 051	17 206 962	(14 901 911)	-87%	3%
Audit fees	2 780 376	4 498 981	(1 718 605)	-38%	3%
Board fees	891 145	684 436	206 709	30%	1%
Consulting & professional fees	3 104 408	3 942 107	(837 699)	-21%	3%
Depreciation and amortisation	2 395 882	2 904 309	(508 427)	-18%	3%
Operating leases	12 427 346	13 352 385	(925 039)	-7%	14%
IT communication costs	3 244 059	3 985 627	(741 568)	-19%	4%
Admin staff costs	54 447 812	50 454 853	3 992 959	8%	60%
General expenses	8 687 828	16 768 987	(8 081 159)	-48%	10%
TOTAL ADMIN EXPENDITURE	90 283 907	113 798 647	(23 514 740)	-21%	100%

- 1. Travel costs reduced by R14,9m due to lockdown restrictions and reprioritization of the budget;
- 2. Audit fees reduced by R1,7m, as the interim audit was delayed by the AG. The main 2020-21 audit concluded on 31 August 2021, and most of the large invoices were processed after year end;
- 3. Consulting fees decreased due to a R1,3 reduction in legal fees;
- 4. Operating lease costs decreased by R925k, mainly due to office closures GP, NC, WC provincial offices, Hazyview and Queenstown district offices;
- 5. IT communication costs reduced by R742k due to closure of certain offices;
- 6. Admin staff costs were R3,9m higher due to reprioritised compliance positions filled, as well processing of the 2018-19 bonus payment after it was approved by the Board;
- 7. General expenses decreased by R8m, due to a R1m reduction in travel management agency fees, R800k reduction in printing & stationery, R1,5m reduction in marketing & promotions, R1,2m reduction in office set-up costs, R700k reduction in workshops and conferences, R800k reduction in municipal charges, and a R500k reduction in catering and groceries.

2020-21 – COMMITMENTS

COMMITMENTS	2021
Open purchase orders	1 582 275
Contracted operational expenditure	9 215 834
TOTAL CONTRACTED OPERATIONAL EXPENDITURE	10 798 109
COMMITTED PROJECT FUNDS	7 605 383
READVERT OF DIGITISATION TENDER - BOARD	4 500 000
TOTAL DISCLOSED COMMITMENTS	22 903 492

1. The NDA submitted to National Treasury, a request for retention of surplus funds to the value of R22,9 m for the 2020-21 financial year, in order to provide for its contracted and approved operational commitments.

2020-21 - FRUITLESS & WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE

FRUITLESS & WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE	2021	2020	Change
OPENING BALANCE	1 230 856	1 048 580	
CONFIRMED IN THE CURRENT YEAR	6 664	182 276	(175 612)
LESS: RECOVERIES	(1 264)	-	(1 264)
CLOSING BALANCE	1 236 256	1 230 856	(176 876)

- 1. Interest on late payments R4,803;
- 2. Penalty on courier service cancelled late R597;
- 3. Fruitless and Wasteful expenditure decreased by R175k, year on year, due to increased monitoring and compliance activities in the Finance Department.

2020-21 – IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE

IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE	2021	2020	Change
OPENING BALANCE CONFIRMED IN THE CURRENT YEAR	145 938 150 29 471 760	106 732 730 39 205 420	(9 733 660)
CLOSING BALANCE	175 409 910	145 938 150	(9 733 660)

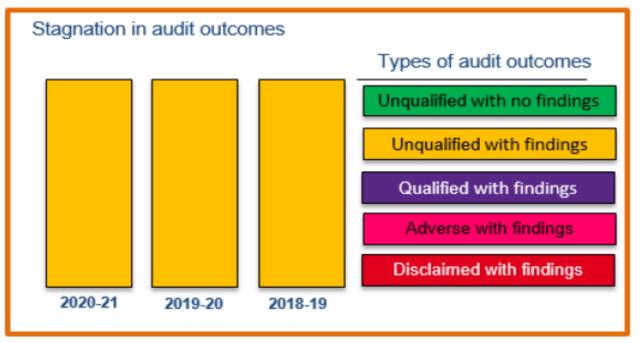
- 1. Irregular expenditure of R29,47 million was incurred in the 2020-21 FY, mainly due to:
 - a. Volunteer programme (VP) extension not in line with approved delegations R4,5m;
 - b. Grant funding to CSOs on the VP not in line with approved delegations R22,4m;
 - c. Approval of prior year tenders not in accordance with approved delegations (R1,2m);
 - d. Non-compliance with SCM regulations (R1,3m).
- 2. There has been a R9,7m decrease in irregular expenditure on prior year;
- 3. The material irregular expenditure incurred in the prior year, relates to the UIF Training Programme expenditure of R23,2 million, where the training service provider, Regenesys, was appointed without following a competitive bidding process. There has been subdued progress in the investigation of this irregular transaction.

2020-21 - FINANCIAL VIABILITY

FINANCIAL VIABILITY	2021	2020	CHANGE	% CHANGE
			year-on-year	
Accounts receivable	1 756 472	2 311 025	(554 553)	-24%
A deficit for the year was realised	No	Yes		
Amount of surplus (deficit)	15 093 796	(4 651 656)	19 745 452	-424%
A net current liability position realised	No	No		
Net current assets position	23 186 220	8 537 077	14 649 143	172%
A net liability position was realised	No	No		
Net asset position	33 620 784	17 818 965	15 801 819	89%
Year end bank balance in overdraft?	No	No		
Amount of year-end bank balance	125 563 363	51 624 407	73 938 956	143%
Net cashflows from operating				
activities were negative	No	Yes		
Amount of net cash in (out)	77 647 180	(2 616 353)	80 263 533	-3068%
Creditors	15 904 075	6 875 047	9 029 028	131%
Creditors as a % of bank balance	12,6%	13,3%		

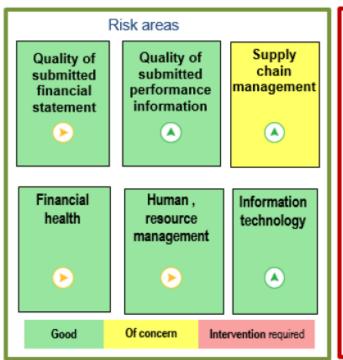
2020-21 AUDIT OUTCOMES

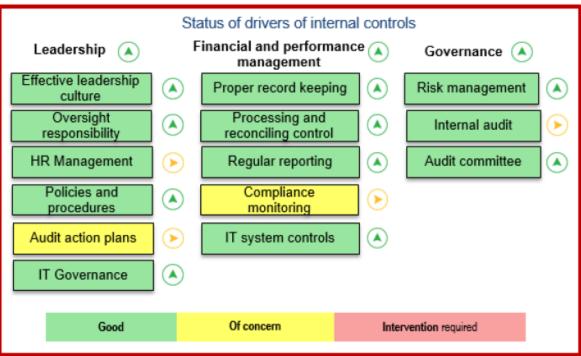
SUMMARY OF AUDIT OUTCOMES FOR THE PAST 3 YEARS



- 1. Over the past 3 years, the NDA has achieved an UNQUALIFIED AUDIT OPINION WITH FINDINGS. The 2020-21 audit outcome of the NDA reflects an improvement on the 2019-20 audit outcome, relating to performance information, detection of instances of non-compliance, and there were also no material instances of non-compliance with SCM legislation.
- 2. The AG did not identify any material findings on the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information for Programme 2 Civil Society Organisation Development, which is the main operational programme.
- 3. Effective and appropriate steps were also not taken to prevent irregular expenditure amounting to R29 471 760. The majority (92%) of the irregular expenditure was caused by payments on the Volunteer Programme, without the approval of the Board.

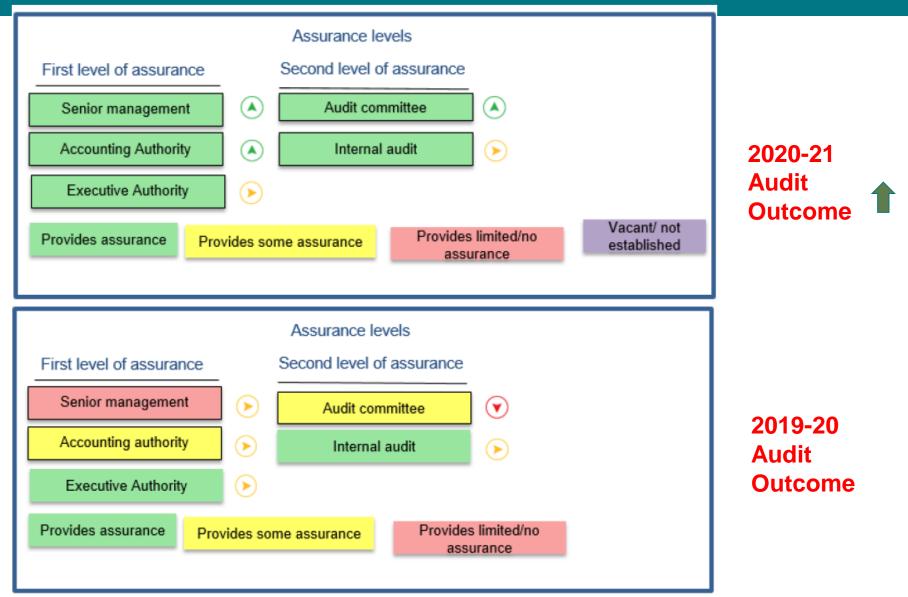
2020-21 STATUS OF RISK AREAS & INTERNAL CONTROL





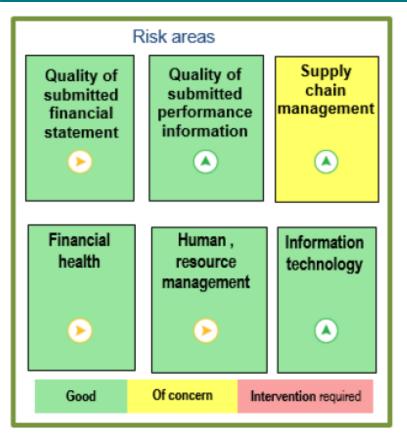
- 1. The assurance provided by the accounting authority should be improved to provide necessary oversight over the key drivers of internal control.
- 2. The key risk areas of non-compliance with the PFMA as well as supply chain management legislation requires attention.
- 3. Although management has controls in place to detect and report on irregular expenditure, there are still non-compliance findings related to non-compliance with the PFMA, and SCM legislation.
- 4. Management did not adequately review compliance with operational policies and applicable legislation to prevent irregular expenditure.
- 5. Senior management must ensure that the internal controls are implemented by all officials and that consequence management is swiftly taken against transgressors.

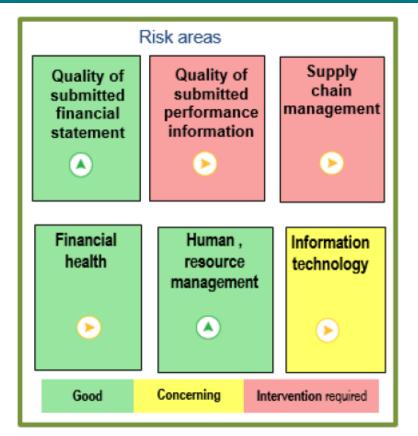
STATUS OF ASSURANCE LEVELS – COMPARISON REFLECTING IMPROVEMENT OVER THE PAST 2 YEARS



1. There has been an improvement in the assurance provided by the Accounting authority, Audit committee and a significant improvement in the oversight by senior management.

STATUS OF RISK AREAS – COMPARISON REFLECTING IMPROVEMENT OVER THE PAST 2 YEARS





2020-21 Audit Outcome

2019-20 Audit Outcome

- 1. There has been an improvement in the quality of submitted performance information, and in the management of, and internal controls implemented in the supply chain operations, and information technology areas.
- 2. The NDA moved from a Disclaimer opinion on performance information in the 2019-20 FY, to no material findings on performance information in the 2020-21 FY, reflecting an improvement in the collation and validation of performance information, ensuring reliability of reported information.

IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE

Compliance with legislation, is summarised in the 2020-21 auditor's report as follows:

- Leadership did not sufficiently monitor the implementation of action plans to prevent the incurrence of irregular expenditure.
- Management did not adequately review compliance with applicable legislation to prevent irregular expenditure.
- R29,47 million of irregular expenditure was disclosed in note 29 to the 2020-21 annual financial statements, mostly related to non-compliance with the Grant Funding Policy and the NDA Act, related to the Volunteer Programme.
- R39,18 million was disclosed in note 27 to the 2019-20 annual financial statements, mostly related to non-compliance with SCM legislation (competitive bidding processes, of which the UIF sub-contracting was the major contributor).
- R18,1 million was disclosed in note 28 to the 2018-19 annual financial statements, mostly related to non-compliance with SCM legislation (tenders and RFQ's, and mostly related to leases, internet services).
- Management has put in place controls to monitor compliance of scm processes with legislation, detect and prevent irregular expenditure, and has employed measures to cancel recurring non-compliant contracts and replace these through processes compliant with SCM legislation. This has largely been achieved through the appointment of a compliance officer in the SCM unit in November 2020, and re-training of SCM staff and bid committee members to ensure strict implementation of SCM compliance controls.
- Irregular expenditure disclosed in the financial statements must be investigated to determine whether any official is liable for losses incurred as a result of the irregular expenditure. Disciplinary steps must be taken against officials who caused or permitted the irregular expenditure, and losses incurred as a result must be recovered from the person liable.

FRAUD RISK FACTORS

The AG identified the following fraud risk factors that should be addressed to ensure that sufficient measures/controls are in place to prevent material misstatement due to fraud.

- The non-compliance with SCM legislation increases the risk of fraud in procurement.
- The allegations on misappropriation CSO funding increases the risk of fraud on disbursements made to the CSOs.

OVERALL MESSAGE

To improve the audit outcomes in the NDA, executives, senior management and the accounting authority should regularly assess and monitor key risk areas in the organisation, implement key internal controls to address those risks, and ensure there is independence and lack of conflict of interest between the various oversight structures. Additionally the Board delegations of authority and Board resolutions should be strictly applied. This will serve as the foundation for the following recommendations to improve the audit outcomes in the entity:

- 1. Improve on key controls to address the risk and fraud risk areas.
- 2. Monitor the implementation of audit action plans that are based on the audit findings and recommendations.
- 3. Prepare credible financial and performance reports regularly by ensuring that there are appropriate controls for transactions, maintaining proper records, validating information, and ensuring there is adequate management review of all information processed and reported in the NDA;
- 4. Officials should be held accountable for non-compliance with legislation resulting in irregular and fruitless and wasteful expenditure;
- Investigations into allegations of misappropriation of CSO funding should be initiated and concluded.
- 6. Ongoing review and monitoring of compliance with contracts, policies and legislation should be strictly implemented and reported on.

CONCLUSION

It is proposed that the Portfolio Committee notes the Annual Report for the 2020/21 financial year, comprising mainly of the:

- Programme Performance Information;
- Annual Financial Statements (AFS) for year ended March 31, 2020; and
- Audit outcomes for the 2020-21 financial year.

THANK YOU

