

## Foreword by the Minister



The mandate of the Sector Education and Training Authorities is derived, in the main from the Skills Development Act 97 of 1998 as amended, which amongst others, directs SETAs to develop Sector Skills Plan (SSPs). In their Sector Skills Plans, SETAs must reflect and incorporate government priorities, especially those that address our priority developmental goals, that of tackling the triple challenges of poverty, unemployment and inequalities. The SSPs are intended to ensure that skills are not a constraint to the economic development of our country.

The mandate of the SETAs must be understood within our vision of the post-school education and training system of having an integrated, coordinated and articulated PSET system for improved economic participation and the social development of youth and adults. Critical to this vision is our challenge of addressing the plight of the youth that are Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET), which is standing at over 3.4 million in the fourth quarter of 2022.

The White Paper for Post-School Education and Training (WPPSET) envisages the post-school education and training system as an important institutional mechanism that must be responsive to the needs of society. Critical to this, is our transformational and developmental imperatives which include amongst others: class, gender, race, geography and youth, which must be reflected at all materials times in our SETA interventions. The Ministry of Higher Education, Science and Innovation is among the leading ministries for the 2019–2024 Medium Term Strategic Framework (MTSF) Priority 3: Education, Skills and Health, and the following medium-term outcomes have been identified:

- An integrated and coordinated PSET system
- Expanded access to PSET opportunities
- Improved success and efficiency of the PSET system
- Improved quality of PSET provisioning
- A responsive PSET system

The President launched the Economic Reconstruction and Recovery Plan (ERRP) in October 2020 pointing out to skills development, science and innovation as enablers in driving South Africa's economic reconstruction and recovery, but also key in sustaining it. In support of this initiative, the Department working with social partners at the National Economic Development and Labour Council (NEDLAC) & the National Skills Authority, in the main developed the Skills

Strategy to support the government's efforts to mitigate the impact of COVID-19 global health pandemic and the initiatives towards economic and social recovery.

The Economic Reconstruction and Recovery Plan Skills Strategy (ERRP SS) aims to support the Economic Reconstruction and Recovery Plan (ERRP), ensuring that it is not compromised by skills shortages. It is born out of the urgency for a well-coordinated strategy of skills development to support both the management of the COVID-19 global health pandemic and economic and social recovery. President Ramaphosa captured our determination to reset the South African economy when he said: "We are determined not merely to return our economy to where it was before the coronavirus, but to forge a new economy in a new global reality." As stated in the ERRP, South Africa is now on the threshold of an important opportunity to imaginatively, and with a unity of purpose, reshape its economic landscape.

The ERRP SS is located within the broader skills planning arsenal of the Post-School Education and Training (PSET) system, which promotes the use of labour market intelligence (including future work scenarios) to inform PSET provisioning. The Department of Higher Education and Training has identified skills needs in the form of the List of Occupations in High Demand, the Priority Skills List and the Critical Skills List (which it prepared on behalf of the Department of Home Affairs). The SETAs will continue to play a critical role in the implementation of the Skills Strategy to support Economic Reconstruction and Recovery Plan.

The National Skills Development Plan (NSDP) 2030 remains at the centre in directing how the skills development levy will be disbursed up to 31 March 2030. For this reason, the Sector Education and Training Authorities (SETAs) have been re-established until 2030, in alignment with the National Development Plan to ensure that the SETAs focus on skills required for our socio-economic development. For the financial year, we aim at expanding the participation of young people in skills development programs as well as workplace-based learning opportunities. We have surpassed the State of the Nation Address (SoNA) 10 000 Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) target placements in 2022 leading to setting a target for 2023 of 20,000 TVET placements.

For the 2023/24 financial year, the entire SETA system has set itself the following targets, as part of expanding post-school opportunities:

- 107 000 workplace-based learning (WBL) opportunities;
- 148 000 learners registered in skills development programs;
- 22 000 learners entering artisanal programs;

- 20 500 learners passing artisanal trades;
- 31 300 learners completing learnerships; and
- 5 200 learners completing internships.

The SETA will enter into the Service Level Agreement with the Director-General of the Department and commit that 25% of all targets to be achieved on a quarterly basis, with 100% achievement in the last quarter of the financial year.

The SETA Annual Performance Plan (APP) provides a clear commitment to the delivery of our skills development priorities and targets for implementation during the 2023/24 financial year.

Signatur

Dr BE Nzimande, MP

Executive Authority of Higher Education, Science and Innovation

### **Accounting Authority Statement**

The Fibre Processing and Manufacturing Sector Education and Training Authority (FP&M SETA) Board takes pleasure in submitting to the Department of Higher Education and Training (DHET) the Annual Performance Plan for the FP&M SETA for the financial year 1<sup>st</sup> April 2023 to 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024.

The Revised Framework for Strategic Plans and Annual Performance Plans issued by the Department of Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation has been used as the basis for the preparation of this APP. In line with these requirements, FP&M SETA has developed a Materiality Framework.

In preparing this APP, we have taken into account the socio-economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, the impact of the KZN floods, the 2021 July unrests in Gauteng and KZN and the current Ukraine-Russia war. South Africa's economy contracted by 1.5% on a quarter-on-quarter seasonally adjusted basis in the third quarter of 2021. More South Africans are unemployed than at any other time in the country's history. Many of the unemployed youth include unemployed graduates who cannot secure employment or work experience in this current climate. Clearly, the significant reduction in the budget will compromise the SETA's ability to implement its full skills development mandate in 2023/24.

This Annual Performance Plan was guided by the Strategic Plan, which is informed by the Sector Skills Plan, which also reflects the Government's long-term plans, the MTSF. At the beginning of the Annual Performance Plan, the Accounting Authority sets out clear priorities that have guided the development of this plan. The Accounting Authority takes overall responsibility for developing the performance targets for the present budget year of the FP&M SETA.

The SETA has been instrumental in addressing national priorities such as artisan development, work-integrated-learning and work experience for HET and TVET graduates. The SETA will also continue to support SMMEs and other skills development providers, including public training institutions (TVETs & CETs). The role of skills has been identified as key in unlocking the potential of the local manufacturing sector, as well as advances brought about by the Fourth Industrial Revolution (4IR). The FP&M SETA will need to focus on skills development interventions to unlock world-class manufacturing potential through future and emerging skills. The Accounting Authority uses this opportunity to endorse the Annual Performance Plan and is committed to supporting its implementation.

Signature:

Advocate Michéile Odayan: Chairperson: FP&M SETA Board

# **Accounting Officer's Statement**

Since inception in 2011, the FP&M SETA has experienced exceptional growth as an organization and has managed to cement its reputation in the FP&M sector as a credible partner in skills development. At a national level, FP&M SETA demonstrated support to the National Skills Development Plan (NSDP) through the alignment of its sector skills priorities with national priorities. It is our mandate to ensure that we build a robust and fully integrated post-school education and training system for the FP&M sector that reflects innovation that is informed by research, and that encourages continued upward growth for all of our industrial sub-sectors.

The Covid-19 pandemic, destruction caused by the KZN floods, and the July 2021 insurrection is a disruptor of industries, jobs (unemployment/retrenchments), occupations, the nature of work, future employment, and skills acquisition. Faced with sub-sectors that are in economic decline – we need to promote skills that sustain jobs in declining industries. Youth and women are vulnerable groups in the population. The social and economic impact of Covid-19 has forced most organizations to operate according to a "new normal" and to embrace technology and operate remotely/electronically.

I am delighted to point out that in our own strategies, particularly in our sector skills plans, we do place emphasis on interventions to allow a large number of young people to access opportunities in the medium – term (we have funded interventions such as skills programmes, learnerships, bursaries, WIL, work experience and internships) to ensure that post-training the unemployed youth are able to be absorbed into growth sectors of our economy in order to boost job creation. To support the Economic Reconstruction and Recovery Plan our other skills strategy focuses on the need to support the skills required for innovation and entrepreneurship in ways that enable entry level entrepreneurial activities.

Skills development interventions such as Work-Integrated –Learning for TVET & HET graduates, Work Experience & internships, learnerships, bursary programmes that are occupationally-directed, improve the prospects of our youth to meaningfully participate in our economy.

Similarly, we are called upon to develop interventions to support the re-skilling of workers so as to prevent further job losses in support of an inclusive economic growth. The FP&M SETA fully supports the TERS (Temporary Employer-Employee Relief Programme) to upskill retrenched workers with new skills that will make them employable in the future.

Partnerships have become a key vehicle in assisting the FP&M SETA to achieve its mandate and surpass its skills targets.

### **Overall Performance**

It is pleasing to report that the overall FP&M SETA performance is on an increasingly upward trajectory since its establishment in 2011. The FP&M SETA achieved another clean unqualified audit report for the 2021/22 financial year from the Auditor-General of South Africa – its sixth clean audit opinion in the last 8 years.

# **SETA Performance on Learning Programme Implementation**

Clearly, the FP&M SETA has improved its capability to manage a higher level of both mandatory and discretionary grant disbursements and has produced a solid foundation for continued improvement of future skills development.

Skills development remains a critical enabler in all facets of our society, now we know what the benefits of skills development are, especially learnerships and artisan development, as our own Impact Study, conducted in 2021, found that an average of 69% of learners in both learning programmes found employment post training.

Sector skills planning provides a sound analysis of industrial sectors and articulated sector strategies that addresses current and future scarce and critical skills and occupations in demand within the sector. We are committed in our efforts to broaden participation in skills development in the sector and promoting sector development and sustainability. Strategic planning sessions between the FP&M SETA Board and Management, utilising research results, enhanced the understanding of the skills needs within industrial sub-sectors as well as improved skills development implementation and operational strategies.

The SETA's performance demonstrates the FP&M sector's positive contribution to the overarching Government programmes. The FP&M SETA has efficient governance structures in place to ensure good corporate governance, the implementation of relevant policies and procedures, and sound financial management. The FP&M SETA Management is fully committed to the implementation of this Annual Performance Plan as endorsed by the FP&M SETA Board.

Signature:

Dr Felleng Yende

**Chief Executive Officer: FP&M SETA** 

# Official Sign-off

It is hereby certified that this Annual Performance Plan:

- \* Was developed by the Management of the Fibre Processing and Manufacturing Sector Education and Training Authority (FP&M SETA) under the guidance of the Department of Higher Education and Training (DHET)
- \* Takes into account all the relevant policies, legislation and other mandates for which the FP&M SETA is responsible
- Accurately reflects the Impact, Outcomes and Outputs, which the FP&M SETA will endeavour to achieve, given the resources made available in the budget for 1st April 2023 to 31st March 2024

Seipati (Ms)  General Manager: Projects and Quality Assurance	Signature
Mr Poovendren Kistasamy Naicker (Mr)  General Manager: Planning, Reporting & Research	Raicker Signature
Avinash Gangoo (Mr)  Chief Financial Officer	Signature

# **Table of Contents**

NO	NO SUB-TITLE		PAGE NO.
Foreword by the Minister  Accounting Authority Statement		Foreword by the Minister	2 – 4
		Accounting Authority Statement	5
		Accounting Officer Statement	6-7
		Official Sign-Off	8

	Part A: Our Mandate		11
	1.	Updates to the Relevant Legislative and Policy Mandates	11
2. Updates to Institutional Policies and Strategies 11 – 16		11 – 16	
-	3.	Updates to Relevant Court Rulings	16

		Part B: Our Strategic Focus	17
•	4.	Updated Situation Analysis	17 – 33
	4.1	External Environment Analysis	33 – 37
	4.2	Internal Environment Analysis	37 – 41

	Part C: Measuring Our Performance	42
5.	Institutional Programme Performance Information	42
	Programme / Sub-Programme - Purpose	42 – 56

	Part C: Measuring Our Performance	42
	Outcomes, Outputs, Performance Indicators and Targets	57 – 61
	Explanation of Planned Performance over the Medium Term	57 – 61
	Output Indicators, Annual and Quarterly Targets	57 – 61
6.	Programme Resource Considerations	62
	Budget Allocation	62 – 80
	Project Administration per programme	77
	Types of Programmes – Occupations in High Demand – to be support	77 – 78
	FP&M SETA Economic Recovery & Reconstruction Skills Plan	78 - 80
	Skills for the Bio-Technology Industry & Environment	80
7.	Key Risks	81
8.	Partnerships	82 – 85
9.	Overview of 2022/23 to 2025/26 Budget and MTEF Estimates	85 – 90

	Part D: Technical Indicator Description (TID)	91
	Technical Indicator Descriptions	91 – 141
Annexure A	Acronyms	141 – 143

### **Part A: Our Mandate**

### 1. UPDATES TO THE RELEVANT LEGISLATIVE AND POLICY MANDATES

- Government Gazette No. 42589, Vol.649, published on 22<sup>nd</sup> July 2019, the Honourable Minister of Higher Education and Training, re-established the Fibre Processing & Manufacturing Sector Education and Training Authority, within a new SETA Landscape from 01<sup>st</sup> April 2020 to 31<sup>st</sup> March 2030.
- Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act No.85 of 1993) Risk Assessment Compliance, together with a written policy concerning the protection of the health and safety of its employees from Covid-19
- Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act No.57 of 2002) Covid-19 Direction on Health and Safety in the Workplace has determined that it is necessary to adopt and implement occupational health and safety measures to (reduce and eliminate) the escalation of Covid-19 infections in workplaces.

#### 2. UPDATES TO INSTITUTIONAL POLICIES AND STRATEGIES

### 2.1. Sectoral Masterplans

FP & M related sectors as described below forms an integral part of the Sectoral Masterplans developed by the government, with about half a dozen in full or partial implementation by DTIc and other government departments.

### 2.1.1. Retail-Clothing and Textile Masterplan

The following provides a summarized overview of the sector.

- Clothing & Textile sectors generally considered as fragmented
- 3 Industry Associations for Clothing:
  - AMSA Apparel Manufacturers of SA
  - ATASA Apparel and Textiles Assoiation of South Africa
  - SAAA- South African Apparel Manufacturers Association
- For textiles there are a few as well:
  - Texfed Textile Federation
  - Hometex Hometextile Association

- Cotton SA
- Cape Wools
- Mohair SA
- Labour Unions: SACTWU SA Clothing & Textile Workers Union

### (i) Strategic Interventions to scale up jobs and growth

- Market growth both domestic and international
- Value chain localisation
- Competitiveness advancement
- Value chain transformation
- Skills and technology advancement
- Funding support through the IDC.

Support for competitiveness through the IDC-administered Clothing and Textiles Competitiveness Improvement Programme (CTCIP) and associated Production Incentive (PI).

Local procurement of products through the designation of the industry for purposes of public procurement.

Cluster development.

Economic growth in a sector or economy can be ascribed to either increased employment or more effective work by those employed.

- Labour productivity can be increased through:
- More efficient and technologically advanced machinery and equipment
- Improved physical and institutional infrastructures, improved health, and skills of workers`
- Generation of new technology

### 2.1.2. Leather and Footwear Masterplan

### (i) Strategic inputs and pillars of the sector

- Development of strategy for capacity development in SA footwear component and accessories industry.
- Development of strategy for stabilization and growth of General Leather Goods, Handbags, Belts and Luggage industry. (IPSF)
- Development of non-leather footwear strategy.

- SACU leather and leather product value chain development. SACU L&LP Value Chain Round Table on 19th March 2021.
- Taxidermy & game skin industry development strategy. (IPSF)
- 4th Industrial Revolution readiness and maturity assessment for the South African Leather, Leather Products and Footwear Industry. (IPSF)
- Establishment of Training Academy and development of tertiary technology education. (DHET / CHE / SATN / FP&M-SETA / DUT-VUT)
- Revision of specific duty on footwear. (SAFLIA / DTIC / ITAC)
- Resource Efficiency & Cleaner Production (RECP) leather, leather goods and footwear industry. (NCPC)
- Counterfeit enforcement. (DTIC / CIPC)
- Combating illicit trade. (IAWG-SARS).
- Supplementary Study on Industrial Footwear Retail. (SAFLIA)
- AfCFTA market development. (DTIC/ SAFLEC / SAOEC)
- Strengthening localization PPPFA Designation M&E.

### (ii) Strategic Interventions to scale up jobs and growth

- Reclaiming domestic jobs: 300000 jobs lost due to imports
- Developing niche opportunities in industrial and home textiles
- Growing South African high-fashion & fast-fashion segments
- Reducing import leakages due to customs fraud: significant job potential
- Scaling-up integrated support measures to revitalize sector
- Partnering with retailers to source locally including request to global retailers
- Accessing regional market opportunities: AfCFTA
- Creating sector focused SEZ and industrial parks
- Explore all possible trade measures to mitigate high levels of imports
- Attract new investment to scale-up competitiveness package

### 2.1.3. Furniture Masterplan

The protection of the industry and the retention of existing capacity in the immediate term and the sustainable growth of the industry with increased local supply

### (i) Focus areas and Pillars

- Support demand for locally manufactured furniture and for greater supply chain consistency
- Grow small and medium-sized manufacturers into larger and more stable companies through an innovative partnership between Retailers,
   Manufacturers and Government.
- Trade interventions
- Address raw material shortages
- Improve the skill supply to the Furniture industry

### (ii) Strategic Interventions to scale up jobs and growth

- Furniture Challenge Fund R200m per annum from the dtic & IDC Furniture Localisation
- Commitment to reduce imports, increase exports and transformation Bravo Grp 51% Black Owned, Bravo Furniture Design Academy
- SAFI Trust Fund and PG Bison already contributed R20m
- SAFI commits R435k to finalise the FIMP Implementation plan
- FP & M Seta committed R1.4m skills development for 2022/23
- FX Group announced its support towards the expansion of board manufacturing

## 2.1.4. Forestry Masterplan

- The Commercial Forestry Sector Masterplan was approved by Cabinet in November 2020 for implementation.
- The Governance Structures of the Masterplan are now fully operational, viz. the Executive Oversight Committee (Chaired by Deputy Minister), Operational Manco (chaired by Deputy Director General) and Focus Area Task Teams (Chaired by Nominated/ Volunteer Officials, Internal and External).
- Operational plans were developed with quarterly milestones and implementation for Year 1 commenced on 01 April 2021

- There are some achievements on areas of impact of the Masterplan i.e. Employment creation and investment. The report is based on the first year of implementation
- The Commercial Forestry Masterplan has 6 Focus Areas:
  - Focus Area 1: Expansion of the primary resources, Maintenance and Protection
  - Focus Area 2: Transformation of the sector
  - Focus Area 3: Processing and value addition
  - Focus Area 4: Illegal timber and related criminal activities
  - Focus Area 5: Research Development and Innovation, Human Resource and Skills Development
  - Focus Area 6: Key inhibitors
- Key proposals and projects:
  - Investment R24.96bn investment
  - Employment 100,000 jobs linked to investment plans
  - Measures to open up new investment and job opportunities Supports effective re-skilling programmes
  - Inclusivity linked to Forest Sector Charter undertakings transformation and expansion
  - Competitiveness improvement in terms of timber yield, recovery rates, research and development

### 2.1.5. Publishing Masterplan (2022)

- Creative Industries Masterplan Still to be approved by Cabinet in early 2022
- The Publishing Sub-sector has prioritized the following programmes: Domestic market development, IP rights management, protection and development, Improved access to finance and investment, Export development, Product development and innovation, Transformation and SMME development training of emerging publishers to increase regional and ethnic diversity.
- Key Action Programme 6 and 7: Product development and innovation and Transformation and SMME development training of emerging publishers to increase regional and ethnic diversity has important skills development implications for the sector:
  - Develop more people with traditional professional publishing expertise
  - Develop more publishers with digital expertise
  - Develop the skills of SMME publishers to be able to compete locally, in the rest of Africa and in the wider world.
  - Increase the diversity of publishing workplaces.
  - Develop innovation in publishing.
  - Grants for book writers in education, academic institutions, fiction writers, children's book writers and non-fiction writers
  - Funding of writing training for aspiring writers through universities and institutional training programmes or funding of participation in private writing courses for non-fiction, academic, fiction and children's writers.

### 2.2. FP&M SETA Skills Strategy for Economic Restructuring and Recovery Plan (ERRP)

To restore our economy and the FP&M sector we need to focus on the extra ordinary measures we must take to restore our economy and industrial sectors to inclusive growth. The economic and social disruption caused by the Covid-19 pandemic is devastating. Poverty and inequality have deepened. The pandemic has decimated jobs and placed millions of livelihoods at risk. Our economy has contracted sharply, businesses have closed and jobs have been lost.

This plan directly responds to the immediate economic impact of COVID-19 by driving job creation and SMME development. Interventions to be undertaken to provide the skills for the implementation of FP&M SETA Economic Restructuring and Recovery Plan will be:

- SMME Development
- Incubation Entrepreneurship/ Business Coaching & Mentoring for township and rural development
- Employability Addressing Occupations in High Demand in FP&M industrial sectors

The policies listed below are instrumental in the FP&M SETA achieving its mandate and outputs:

Mandatory Grant Policy, Discretionary Grant Policy, Human Resource Policies, Finance Policies, Risk and Governance Frameworks

### 3. UPDATES TO RELEVANT COURT RULINGS

Circular 1 of 2017 (OQA & OQM) issued by the QCTO on 15<sup>th</sup> December 2017 relates to the transitional arrangements for the quality assurance of historically registered qualifications. QCTO notes that certain registered qualifications have an expiry date of 31 March 2018 or 30 June 2018. Most of these qualifications will be replaced by occupational qualifications registered on the Occupational Qualifications Sub-Framework (OQSF). The aim of the circular is to communicate to providers and stakeholders the process of dealing with historically registered qualifications.

# Part B: Our Strategic Focus

# 4. UPDATED SITUATION ANALYSIS

The FP&M SETA consists of the following broad sub-sectors:

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	Sector	Nature of operations		
	Clothing	Manufacture of products such as men's, ladies and children's wear, underwear, sportswear, outer-wear and millinery items such as hats and caps.		
	Footwear	Manufacture of footwear (from leather or other products).		
	Forestry	Cultivation, development and management of forests and the processing of lumber into timber for use in, e.g. construction or as components in paper, wood products including saw-milling and furniture.		
	Furniture	The manufacture of furniture from wood or other materials such as steel, concrete, cane or plastic. Also includes upholstery and furnishing of ships.		
	General Goods	Manufacture of general goods and handbags (including luggage/travel goods, belts and saddlery items) from leather or other products.		
	Leather	Tanning and dressing of leather (processing of a variety of hides and skins).		
	Packaging	Manufacture of paper and paperboard (also includes corrugated boards); containers of paper and paperboard; and manufacturing of metal containers such as cans and tins.		
	Printing	Printing of newspapers and magazines, books, labels and other related materials. Graphic design, manufacture and display of signs, advertising displays and other graphic media products.		
	Publishing	Publishing of books, company brochures, musical books and many other publications and the publishing of recorded media and other publishing activities.		
	Print Media	The publishing of newspapers, journals and periodicals.		
	Pulp and Paper	Production of pulp for use in paper mills, for the manufacturing of a diverse range of papers (including paperboard), business paper, tissue paper, dissolving pulp and paper used in the printing of books, newspapers and magazines and the recycling of paper.		
	Textiles	Manufacture of textile products through various processes, for example the spinning of yarn from natural or man-made fibres, the weaving/knitting of fabrics from spun yarn, the dyeing and printing of fabrics, the manufacture of textile floor coverings (carpets), the manufacture of flock and felt products and the manufacture of industrial (performance) textiles.		
	Wood Products	Manufacture of panels and boards, builder's carpentry and joinery, pallets and bulk bins, other articles of wood, cork, straw and plaiting materials, including woodcarving and woodturning.		

Table 1: FP&M Sub-sectors

The 2021 FP&M SETA database shows that there are 28 805 employers spread across the 13 FP&M sub-sectors. Small employers (25 987) make up 90% of the employers in the sector. The sub-sector that accounts for the least number of employers in the FP&M sector is the General Goods sub-sector at only 298 employers, while the Clothing sub-sector has the largest share with 6 209 employers. Organisations paying levies represent approximately 12% (3 538) of the total employers in the sector.

The FP&M sector employs approximately 306208 people. This is 20% of the approximately 1.162 million people employed in the manufacturing sector and 4.39% of those employed in South Africa (10.015 million). The FP&M sector experienced a constant decline in employment as a proportion of total employment between 2010 and 2019, dropping from a peak of 3.1% of total employment in 2010 to 3.99% at the end of 2020 and picked up in 2021 to 4.39%. There are more males in the sector (67%) as compared to females (33%).

The intention behind clustering the FP&M SETA industries under a single SETA was clearly to improve the value chain linkages between the industries. The value chain approach will be of particular benefit to the FP&M sector when design expertise is partnered with these industries to enhance their economic performance. There is a drive towards lean manufacturing, just-in-time delivery, and quick response structures and the skills needed to align companies to demand of these structures. There is a need created for these specific skill sets in most of the 13 sub-sectors.

South Africa identified the manufacturing sector as one the key sectors to focus on as it moves towards embracing the 4IR. The impact of the 4IR on the manufacturing sector is said to be significant. Apart from technological changes, there is increasing pressure on manufacturing industries and governments to meet sustainable development goals (SDGs). There is also a need to fight climate change by reducing fossil fuel and fossil fuel-derived chemical products, manufacturing and consumption. These movements are driving industry growth. The rising anti-plastic consumer sentiment is driving demand for sustainable wood fibre, pulp, paper and packaging, whether as container board for agricultural produce, bags for agricultural commodities or feed products or packaging to guarantee that food remains safer and fresher for longer. The move to produce more sustainable buildings and housing is driving growth in wood construction and the production of engineered wood, wood boards and panels and structural wood products. In the case of the general goods subsector, while the industry is being affected by economic pressures, the sub-sector continues to innovate to take advantage of the anti-plastic trend. More recently, there has been a trend of consumer demand for recyclable products and for manufacturers to produce in a responsible, sustainable fashion. This has led to innovations in the packaging industry, thus placing emphasis on the demand to change with legislation, technological changes and environmental impact awareness. Therefore, creating opportunities requiring innovation across the FP&M sector especially in the packaging sector.

The excellent recovery and recycling rate of metal containers place the subsector to benefit from the move to reduce plastic usage. For the pulp and paper subsector, whilst the subsector is affected by droughts and wildfires, there are many opportunities presented by new technologies and innovation including eco-friendly and lightweight consumer packaging and recyclable paper. This would create new needs within the industry and would impact on the training focus for certain positions. The environmental issues also raise the need for ethical training and education as well as sustainability training and education.

South Africa's Green Economy Accord was launched in 2011 and will have a major impact on the skills required by FP&M sectors. There is a need to quantify and qualify the Green Skills needs within the sector.

FPMSETA respondents reported new roles and responsibilities for the majority of their employees. The necessity of being able to work and interact remotely due to the pandemic has increased the need for computer, technical and communication skills, particularly given that the sector has historically depended on face-to-face contact; Covid-19 has also impacted in terms of lost training time; skills are needed to manage the impact on the sector of the Fourth Industrial Revolution; there is a need for digital literacy skills, good judgement and decision-making skills, emotional resilience, creativity, cognitive flexibility, software development and programming skills; and employers mention the need to embrace technology and upskill workers in order to minimise job losses (De Villiers, 2022). All of this impacted what the hard to fill vacancies and skills gaps are in the FP&M sector. This implies that it is not only a requirement for employers to increasingly invest in new technology but also a requirement for employers to employ individuals able to operate and maintain new technology.

In the FP&M sector where the issue of big data and other technologies have become the norm, the sector is faced with skills gaps as well as new and emerging occupations. Some of the new and emerging occupations listed by industry stakeholders include 4IR enabled product development specialists; cross-functional digital sales and marketing specialists; forest and environmental auditing specialists; sample technologist; computerised patternmakers; prototype development; auto spreaders and auto cutters; and mechanical operators, amongst others. Stakeholders in the FP&M SETA Focus Group stated that future skills considerations for the FP&M SETA include desktop publishers for pre-press, robotic furniture making, multi-functional furniture making as well as furniture design with the use of programmes like CAD and Sketch up, amongst others (FP&M SETA Focus Group, 2021). Employers in the sector either need to source people with these skills in the labour market at a premium, import the skills or implement skills development initiatives. Addressing the needs of the sector through increasing the supply of people in new and emerging occupations ensures that the sector is sustainable, that it contributes to economic growth and that it remains competitive.

One of the biggest challenges with regard to skills gaps is the impact of the 4IR and the increased utilisation of latest technologies in the sector. Often new machinery requires technicians to be retrained in countries like Germany or Sweden where such machines are produced. That means technology related expertise is a major skills gap. Employers are reporting poaching of trained people within the local industry. Moreover, where local expertise exists for servicing or repair of machinery, often this is limited to major cities and towns leaving the small towns where industry is located not having qualified technicians capable of working on the new machines.

There are some occupations that are hard to fill across multiple subsectors within the FP&M sector. For manufacturing companies in the clothing, textiles, pulp and paper, printing and packaging industries, these are generally mid-to-high level, technical occupations such as Clothing Pattern Maker, Sewing Machine Mechanic, Industrial Machinery Engineer, Computer to Plate Operator, Industrial Mechanician, Technologists and Technicians (FP&M SETA interviews, 2021).

All FP&M SETA subsectors report that there are investments in new technology and training new staff to use such technology, it is therefore a key critical skills driver for the sector. Similarly, managers are required to lead the subsector in new business directions, to achieve the industrial restructuring required. Managers are therefore also an important focus for skills gaps development. Many sub-sectors are competing in a global arena currently, and improved labour productivity is becoming an increasing priority. This too is a major skills gap driver (FP&M SETA interviews, 2021).

With the relaxation of the lockdown, many previously closed businesses are re-opening and allowing employees to return to work. Given their change in operation since the start of the lockdown in March 2020, they might find that the previous skills shortages of their businesses are not currently in short supply. In addition, there could be new skills in demand thereby creating new skills shortages such as skills in cybersecurity, telecommunications, software and hardware technological maintenance, amongst others. For example, due to the exponential rise in demand for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), there is a need for more employees that are able to manufacture PPE such as machinists, cutters, seamstresses, amongst others.

At the same time, there are elementary occupations in some subsectors that are also hard to fill. In clothing, for example, patternmakers, cutters and machinists are difficult to source. The existing pool of pattern makers is aged, and an insufficient number of young people are attracted into the occupation. Industries in the print media and publishing subsectors experience difficulties in filling high-level, professional occupations including multimedia journalism, digital publishing, digital printer and multimedia design.

Reasons cited for these difficulties include an aging workforce, manufacturing occupations perceived as less lucrative than retail occupations, less attractive salaries, rapidly changing industry trends creating further productivity pressures, technological advancement requiring constant skills upgrading, the need for multi-level, flexible skills and underprepared graduates. Both public and private universities and colleges supply education and training in FP&M sector.

Supply-side challenges for employers are varied. There is a concern regarding the lack of funding for training, although the demand for training is overwhelming. This is because many businesses have incurred losses in productivity and income due to a slow recovery in the economy. Another challenge is the difficulty of programme completion for programmes requiring workplace exposure, especially when businesses in the sector shutdown. Remote learning initiatives (e-learning) will need to be increasingly considered and strengthened.

The key Sector Priority Occupations and Interventions (SPOI - 2021) across all sub-sectors are sewing machinist, operations manager (production), uphol-sterer, printer's mechanic, textile mechanician, clothing pattern maker, fitter and turner, forestry operations supervisor, digital artist, safety, health, environment and quality (SHE&Q) practitioner.

## (i) Key Stakeholder Needs and Priorities

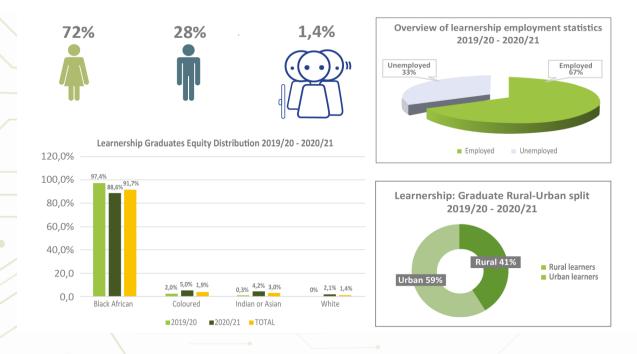
Clothing, Textiles, Footwear, Leather & General Goods  Printing, Packaging, Print Media and Publishing	<ul> <li>Skills initiatives to assist companies/SMMEs to recover - Economic Recovery &amp; Reconstruction of the CTFL sub-sectors due to Covid-19 impact and unrests/looting of July 2021. Implement projects aligned to employability, innovation, entrepreneurship and 4IR (including future &amp; emerging skills).</li> <li>Support to help the industry meet the objectives of the R-CTFL Masterplan-Domestic Market Growth "Made in SA", Value Chain Localisation - Scaling up Jobs.</li> <li>Registration of Occupational Qualifications with QCTO &amp; SAQA. Develop online/e-learning platforms.</li> <li>Address the disability mandate within the sub-sectors.</li> <li>Continued support of Temporary Employer/Employee Relief Scheme (TERS) for companies facing distress.</li> <li>Develop Industry Growth Strategy and Masterplan for Printing, Packaging and Signage industry.</li> <li>Registration of Occupational Qualifications/Trades with QCTO, NAMB &amp; SAQA. Develop online/e-learning platforms.</li> <li>Environment Sustainability due to Impact of Waste Management.</li> <li>Product development and innovation and SMME development – training of emerging publishers to increase regional and ethnic diversity.</li> </ul>
Forestry, Pulp & Paper, Furniture & Wood Products	<ul> <li>Implementation of Forestry Masterplan. Conduct Skills Audit. Develop online/e-learning platforms.</li> <li>Qualifications Development</li> <li>Waste Management and Environment Sustainability.</li> <li>Implement projects aligned to employability, innovation, entrepreneurship and 4IR (including future &amp; emerging skills and specifically support for ICT Skills).</li> </ul>

## (ii) Transformational Imperatives and Equity

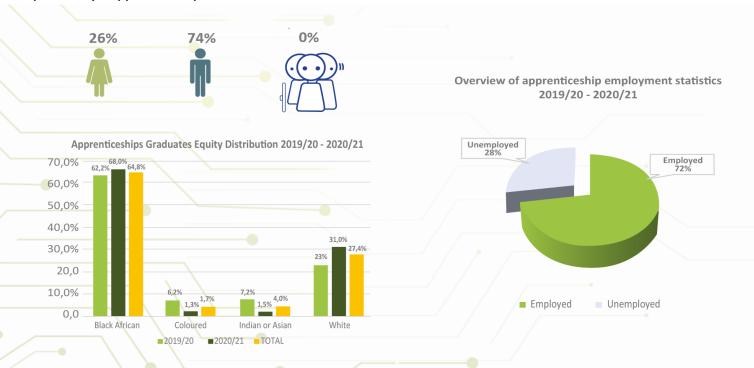
Based on the baseline impact study on skills interventions implemented by the FP&M SETA in 2021, the SETA has largely ensured increased access to training and skills development opportunities to achieve the fundamental transformation of inequities linked to class, race, gender, age and disability in our society.

- The profile of learners demonstrates a fair balance between people from rural and urban areas.
- There are high levels of female representation in learning programmes, apart from the apprenticeship programmes (63% across programmes).
- Blacks, in general, have had expanded access to learning opportunities (86% across programmes).

- The learning programmes provided opportunities to young people, less than 35 years of age (75% across programmes).
- People with disabilities also had access to learning opportunities (2%). This remains a low proportion. This needs to be increased to around 4-5%.
- FP&M SETA output indicators and targets are aligned to address the above.
- Impact Study Learnerships



### • Impact Study - Apprenticeship



## (iii) The Effect of a Decline in Government Revenue collection on SETAs Income

During the 2020/21 fiscal year, national government revenue contracted sharply by 24.6% to R240 billion in the first quarter of fiscal 2020/21 compared with the same quarter a year earlier. The revenue underperformance was largely attributed to restricted economic activity aimed at curbing the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic.

The payroll taxes decreased from an originally budgeted amount of R19.4 billion to revised amount of R11.3 billion during the 2020/21 Fiscal Year. Important to note is the drastic negative percentage change in payroll taxes affected the revenue for the various SETAs. The actual payroll taxes at the end of the 2020/21 fiscal year amounted to R12.3 billion. This translated to a shortfall of R7.1 billion relative to the originally budgeted amount of R19.4 billion. Important to note is that during economic crises such as pandemics, economic recession etc., the fiscus can be forced to reprioritise spending or adopt other budgeting frameworks such as zero –based budgeting which could have unintended consequences for entities such as SETAs. Furthermore, when an economy sheds a significant number of jobs, it will also have a ripple effect in terms of eroding the revenue base for the skills levy.

### (iv) South African Economic Reconstruction and Recovery Plan

The South African Economic Reconstruction and Recovery Plan has three phases: Engage and Preserve - which includes a comprehensive health response to save lives and curb the spread of the pandemic; Recovery and Reform - which includes interventions to restore the economy while controlling the health risks; and lastly, Reconstruct and Transform - which entails building a sustainable, resilient and inclusive economy. In terms of the Plan, the following priority interventions will be made:

- Aggressive infrastructure investment
- Employment orientated strategic localization, reindustrialization and export promotion
- Energy security
- Support for tourism recovery and growth;
- Gender equality and economic inclusion of women and youth;
- Green economy interventions;
- Mass public employment interventions;
- Strengthening food security; and
- Macro-economic interventions
- To ensure the successful implementation of the Plan, the following key enablers will be put in place:
- Resource mobilisation;
- Regulatory changes, a supportive policy environment and enabling conditions for ease of doing business;
- Building a capable state;
- Social compacting;
- Skills development; as well as
- Economic diplomacy and further integration into the African continent

## (v) Priority Interventions

A key intervention of the Reconstruction and recovery plan is Industrial localization. Figure below presents the extent of localization in various subsectors of the manufacturing sector in the South African economy. This provides a good base from which government will intensify localization focusing on the top export basket list, critical inputs for the industrialization and for domestic consumption. To this end, government will aggressively support localization that is guided by these three areas in a manner that improves the competitiveness and resilience of the manufacturing sector.

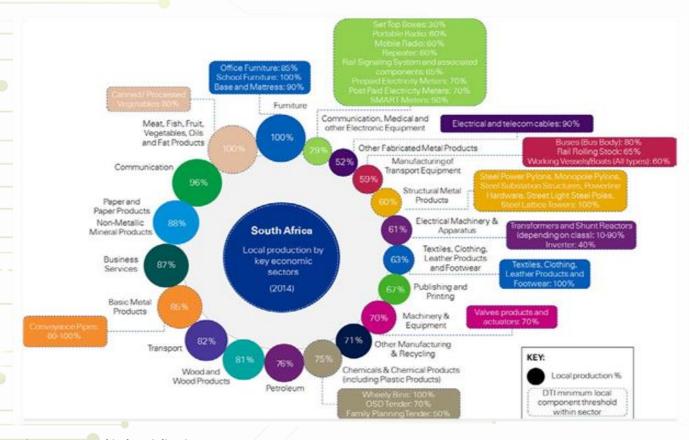


Figure 1.1: Local industrialization

Source: The Presidency South Africa, 2021

From the figure above, it is evident the FP& M related sectors such as paper and paper products, Wood and Wood products, furniture, printing and publishing, textiles, clothing, leather products and footwear are at the center of the reconstruction and recovery plan.

## (vi) Economic overview of the South African Economy

The South African economy continued on a steady recovery path in the opening quarter of 2022, with a solid growth rate taking its gross domestic product (GDP) to a level that was marginally higher than pre-pandemic in real terms. However, the economic environment worsened considerably in more recent months. Adverse international developments contributed greatly to this deterioration, affecting the very open and globally integrated South African economy via multiple channels:

- Rising inflation and interest rates.
- The military conflict between Russia and Ukraine and its far-reaching implications for the world economy, including major impacts on the markets for energy, industrial and agricultural commodities.
- Slowing economic growth in key markets for the domestic export sector, including China, European Union (EU), United States (US) and United Kingdom (UK).
- Continued disruptions to the global supply chains of several important industries.
- The world economy's expansion momentum has consequently weakened significantly and its growth prospects for the next couple of years have dimmed substantially.

On the domestic front, the economy has also been dealt a series of harmful blows, including:

- The devastating floods in parts of KwaZulu-Natal, which damaged critical infrastructure and business operations, affecting external trade in the process.
- Very frequent load shedding over prolonged time periods, which has been highly detrimental to the South African economy and society.
- Strike actions in a number of critical sectors, including energy, transportation and mining.
- Fast-rising prices at the producer and consumer levels, primarily but not exclusively driven by imported inflation, which are affecting the spending capacity and propensity of households and business enterprises.
- More aggressive interest rate hikes as the SARB's Monetary Policy Committee seeks to anchor inflation expectations.
- Stubbornly high unemployment rates and the low probability of meaningful job creation materializing in the short-term.
- Falling business and consumer confidence, as already captured in the respective indices for the second quarter of 2022, with adverse repercussions on spending, production and investment activity.
- Increased uncertainty over the economy's short-term prospects, with weaker rates of growth now anticipated and a technical recession in 2022 becoming a reasonable possibility.

### (vii) Economic Growth of the South African Economy

After two consecutive quarters of positive growth, real gross domestic product (GDP) decreased by 0,7%1 in the second quarter of 2022 (Q2: 2022). The devastating floods in KwaZulu-Natal and load shedding contributed to the decline, weakening an already fragile national economy that had just recovered to pre-pandemic levels. The economy contracted by 0,7% in Q2.

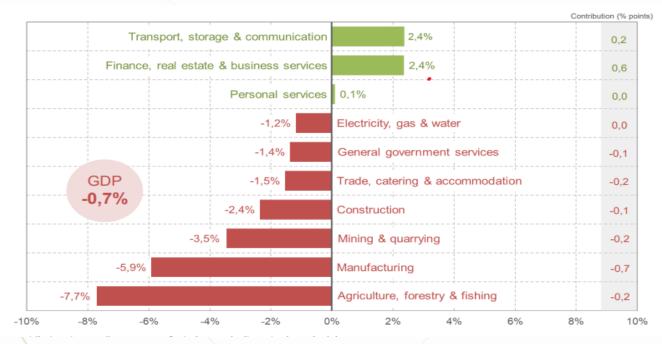


Figure 2 : Industry growth rates. Q2: 2022 compared with Q1: 2022 (constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted)

Source: StatsSA, September 2022. P0441 - Gross Domestic Product (GDP), 2nd Quarter 2022

The flooding had a negative impact on a number of industries, most notably manufacturing. Manufacturing is the largest industry in KwaZulu-Natal, according to 2019 data, accounting for a fifth of national manufacturing production. The damage to factories and plants, and disruptions to logistics and supply chains, pulled national manufacturing output down by 5,9%. The biggest drags on growth were petroleum and chemical products, food and beverages, and transport equipment.

The economy took almost two years to recover from the impact of COVID-19, with real GDP reaching pre-pandemic levels in Q1: 2022 (Figure 2). The recovery was short lived, with the 0,7% decline in Q2: 2022 dragging GDP back below the Q4: 2019 pre-pandemic level of R1 148 billion.

The size of the economy in Q2: 2022 was smaller than it was before the pandemic (Figure 3).



Figure 3: Economic Recovery

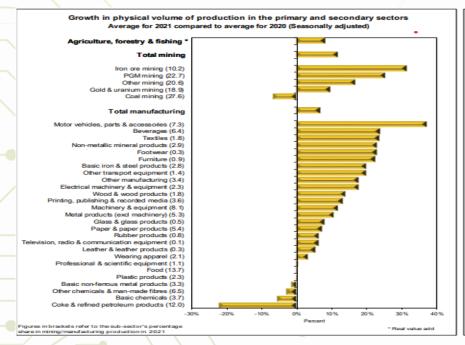
Source: StatsSA, September 2022 . P0441 - Gross Domestic Product (GDP), 2nd Quarter 2022

The story of recovery is more complicated when we consider the industries. By Q2: 2022, only four industries were at or above their pre-pandemic levels of production. In terms of this indicator (real value added), agriculture, forestry & fishing and government seem to have weathered the pandemic relatively well.

### (viii) Economic Performance of the Main Sectors of the South African Economy

Production volumes rebounded across almost all broad sub-sectors of manufacturing in 2021. However, the sub-sectors producing coke and refined petroleum products, and "other" chemicals and man-made fibres, recorded lower output levels, with the former reporting a 22.1% decline. The motor vehicle, parts and accessories sub-sector reported a strong performance as it benefitted from pent-up demand in major external markets. Several other sub-sectors also posted solid growth rates in 2021, including those producing beverages, basic iron and steel, wood and wood products, metal products, and machinery and equipment.

The highest rates of capacity utilisation in the fourth quarter of 2021 were reported by the sub-sectors producing glass and glass products (88.8%), paper and paper products (87.1%), basic chemicals (86.8%), footwear (84.6%), and electrical machinery (84.5%). The closure of substantial production capacity in the glass and glass products industry in 2020 coupled with the delay in planned capacity expansion by a dominant player gave rise to a shortage of glass as demand for beverages recovered. Figure 1 depicts volume of production per sector, Figure 2 represents the utilization of productive capacity.



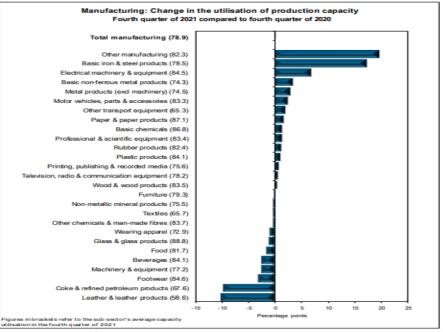


Figure 4
Source: IDC Sector trends, 2022

Figure 5

It is important to note that FP&M related sectors that recorded capacity utilisation of over 82% in Q4 2021, indicating potential increased capacity requirements are footwear & paper and paper products. On the other hand, FP&M Sectors with production capacity utilisation of below 82% in Q4 2021, indicating limited need for capacity expansion are furniture, textiles, leather and leather products, wearing apparel, wood and wood products, printing and publishing.

### **Employment Trends in FP&M Related Sectors**

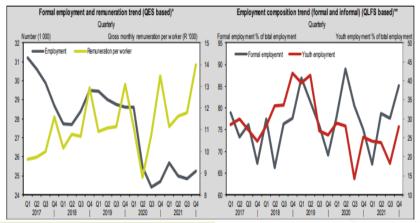


Figure 6: Employment Trends - Textiles Sector

Source: IDC Sector trends, 2022

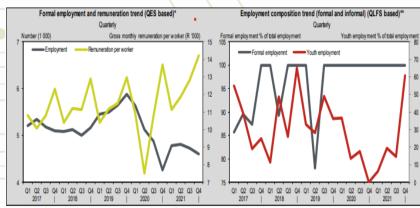


Figure 8: Employment Trends – leather and leather products sector

Source: IDC Sector trends, 2022

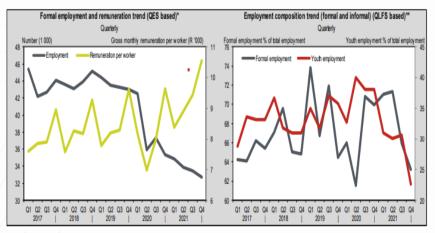


Figure 7: Employment Trends – Wearing apparel sector

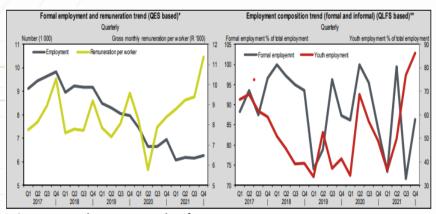


Figure 9: Employment Trends – footwear sector

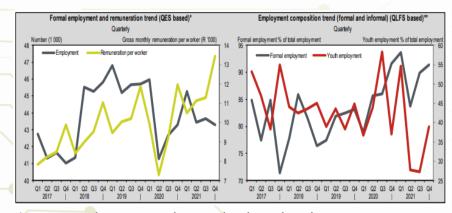


Figure 10: Employment Trends – wood and wood products sector

Source : IDC Sector trends, 2022

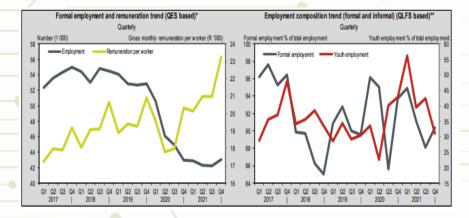


Figure 12: Employment Trends – printing and publishing sector

Source: IDC Sector trends, 2022

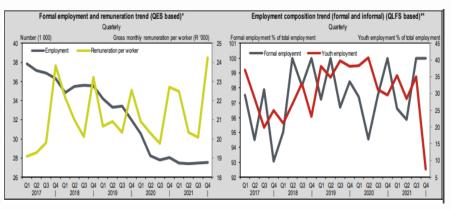


Figure 11: Employment Trends – paper and paper products sector

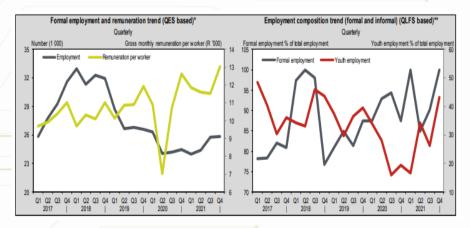


Figure 13: Employment Trends – Furniture sector

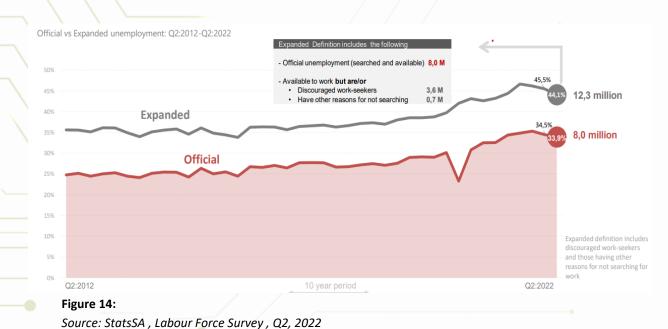
## (ix) Labour Market Performance

Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) has, on the 23rd August 2022, issued the results of the Quarterly Labour Force Survey (QLFS) for Q2: 2022. These results indicate that 648 000 jobs were gained between the first quarter of 2022 and the second quarter of 2022. However, there were job losses in Manufacturing (73 000) and Transport (54 000). The total number of persons employed was 15,6 million in the second quarter of 2022.

The number of unemployed persons increased by 132 000 to 8,0 million in the second quarter of 2022 compared to the previous quarter. The number of discouraged work-seekers decreased by 183 000 (4,9%) and the number of people who were not economically active for reasons other than discouragement decreased by 452 000 (3,3%) between the two quarters resulting in a net decrease of 635 000 in the not economically active population.

The above changes in employment and unemployment resulted in the official unemployment rate decreasing by 0,6 of a percentage point from 34,5% in the first quarter of 2022 to 33,9% in the second quarter of 2022 – The unemployment rate according to the expanded definition of unemployment also decreased by 1,4 percentage points to 44,1 % in Q2:2022 compared to Q1:2022.

South Africa's unemployment rate decreased by 0,6 of a percentage point to 33,9% in Q2:2022 compared to Q1:2022. Expanded unemployment rate decreased by 1,4 percentage points to 44,1% in Q2:2022 compared to Q1:2022.



Employment increased by 648 000 in Q2:2022 compared to Q1:2022. Youth aged 15-24 years and 25-34 years recorded the highest unemployment rates of 61,4% and 41,2% respectively.

#### 4.1. EXTERNAL ENVIRONMENT ANALYSIS

### 4.1.1. PESTEL Analysis of the SETA's Environment

The following Political, Economic, Social, Technological and Environmental factors in South Africa have been identified as having a bearing on the SETA's performance environment and the effective delivery of skills development solutions in the sector, which must be addressed by the FP&M SETA strategy.

### (i) Political Environment

Political instability and community unrests and looting of businesses resulting in human, economic and social destruction. The current Ukraine-Russia war has created a new multifaceted risk to the South African economy and economic outlook.

The SETA comprises a diversity of industry representatives with competing stakeholder interests: public and private sector, organized labour and general public expectations. FP&M sub-sectors has a legacy of poorly resourced organizations and Bargaining Councils. In partnership with the Department of Trade and Industry and the Independent Development Co-operation has crafted well researched industry growth strategies and Masterplans to address economic sustainability of the FP&M sub-sectors in the medium to long term. Fortunately, the FP&M SETA and constituent organizations have established excellent skills development collaboration initiatives to promote economic growth of the subsectors.

The introduction of the National Skills Development Plan (NSDP) in March 2020 and the merging of the Higher Education and Training and the Science and Technology Ministries into one brings with it policy certainty. This would necessitate the re-alignment of skills delivery models. The re-establishment of the FP&M SETA in its current form from March 2020 until March 2030, as gazetted in July 2019, provides much certainty and bodes well for the stability of FP&M sub-sectors in the education and training landscape. Since establishment in March 2011, and given its excellent track record, the FP&M SETA is in a better position to continue discharging its skills development mandate in response to eradicating the triple challenges of poverty, unemployment and inequality in the country. A current challenge of the sector is the slow rate of transformation and change management, which must be addressed through a proper project strategy to influence the fast tracking of leadership and management transformation. A future risks to the economic growth and sustainability of FP&M sub-sectors will be the anticipated impact of the land ownership and re-distribution debate. Challenges experienced by partnering education and training institutions and bodies e.g. TVETS, Universities, QCTO and NAMB must be addressed. Going forward

the FP&M SETA must provide more support for industry sector development programmes in order to promote sustainable economic growth of FP&M industries.

### (ii) Economic Analysis

South Africa's economic growth is strongly related to world economic growth. Since 2009, South Africa lags world growth by about 1½ %-point. World economic growth is anticipated to rise but it appears that the gap between South Africa's and world economic growth might widen as it is biased towards a wider growth gap in the medium-term – even in relation to Sub-Saharan Africa.

The socio-political and economic impact of Covid-19 has resulted in a downward economic spiral that is expected to take years to return to normality causing major shifts in economic outlook of our industrial sub-sectors. It should be noted that estimating the impact of the virus on economic growth is challenging, partly because the economy has been on a declining trend for some time and because the virus is still spreading and the global fallout is still unfolding.

After two consecutive quarters of positive growth, real gross domestic product (GDP) decreased by 0,7% in the second quarter of 2022 (Q2: 2022). The devastating floods in KwaZulu-Natal and load shedding contributed to the decline, weakening an already fragile national economy that had just recovered to pre-pandemic levels. The economy contracted by 0,7% in Q2.

South Africa's current economic trajectory is unsustainable and is characterized by huge fiscal constraints with high debt figures. A weak economy and financial outlook has resulted in a technical economic recession. The industry sub-sectors must mitigate against increasing interest rates. Despite the unfavourable macro-economic outlook with regards to high unemployment and slow growth we will continue to deliver as per our skills development mandate.

Due to the fact that the manufacturing sector is dependent on electricity and water, electricity load shedding and water challenges has lowered productivity and economic growth resulting in high cost of local manufacturing making competition with cheaper imports impossible. Thus, there is a lack of support for locally manufactured and produced goods. A current challenge is the implementation of a competitive government procurement policy that will offer trade protection to the local FP&M industries. A huge strength for the sub-sector is the promotion of local brands and collaborations that benefits local suppliers, which is supported through the CTFL and retail value chain masterplan. Local manufacturers have expanded exports through regional blocks including African markets, more especially through SADC integration.

The potential impact of the US embargo on China in high-tech goods and its potentially deleterious impact on the domestic economy, particularly in respect of high-tech goods such as semi-conductors for the paper and printing industry is concerning.

FP&M sub-sectors have inflexible manufacturing processes leading to lower revenue. There are financial barriers and lack of market access for SMMEs which needs to be addressed with urgency. It is important to research the future skills needs that will promote SMME financial sustainability, employment and entrepreneurship. There is a need to explore strategies to support the informal sector, more especially small enterprise development in townships and rural communities.

The unemployment risk in the sector is high due to liquidation of companies owing to the poor economic climate. Given that FP&M sub-sectors have a poor image and reputation with regard to employment and retrenchments, there is a constant need to make the sectors look lucrative and attractive in order to attract the best talent pool of skills into the sector. FP&M sector brand awareness must be improved. A future prospect is possible synergies in the value chain of the sector.

### (iii) Social Analysis

Some of the current strengths of FP&M sub-sectors include improved training methodologies and talent pipeline, strengthened partnerships with education and training institutions both private and public and improved and simplified coaching and mentoring strategies. Stakeholder relations within the sub-sectors are very strong with increased opportunities for entrepreneurship.

South Africa has a high youth population – 60% under 35 – an estimated 3 million youth are neither employed nor in training. Other social challenges include the impact of immigrant migration and the employment of foreigners (xenophobia) in our local industries. The legacy of discrimination is still persistent in the workplace. Unemployment still impacts black women and youth more. There is a need to focus on gender and disability. The sector must create more quality and decent jobs. South Africa is one of the most unequal societies. Diverse skills delivery models need review and better alignment with formal education, innovation and technology advancements. Skills delivery models must make provision for benchmarking and best practice to address the high levels of skills mismatch. Youth still have perceptions of a declining FP&M industry.

Social upheaval due to service delivery protests and other social unrests, poor quality of basic education and an increase in the number of unemployed youth and graduates leading to social unrests poses huge challenges. Increase in higher education costs and lack of access to bursary funding have resulted in student unrests and wanton destruction of higher education and training institutions. The perception of the need for a university education needs to change.

HIV/Aids contributes to high labour mortality rate. FP&M SETA will continue to support development and implementation of awareness and prevention strategies to address this pandemic. Most workplaces are characterized by low work ethic and labour productivity. The loss of skilled employees due to uncertainty and an ageing workforce must be addressed through succession planning and an education and training system that addresses the shortage

of occupationally-aligned occupational qualifications and pathways. The sector must identify programmes to support the Temporary Employer/Employee Relief Scheme (TERS).

The negative perceptions of obtaining technical qualifications e.g. apprenticeship / trade and TVET NCV qualifications must be addressed. There is a need for TVETs to be upgraded with relevant and appropriate equipment that must be aligned to industry standards. Learner tracking processes must be implemented. Workplaces must open up to address the inadequate work-integrated-learning opportunities for unemployed graduates in the sector. A job rotation model will give learners wider exposure.

### (iv) Technological Environment

The FP&M sector has good organizational infrastructure for service delivery and well-developed business processes and integrated system. The sector has implemented world-class manufacturing methodologies in their production processes, although the impact of 4IR needs to be factored in.

Increased use of robotics and AI is set to dramatically shake up the nature of the labour force. Some jobs will disappear as they are rendered redundant by automation. At the same time, there will be increased demand for jobs in other areas such as engineering, computer programming and creative industries which are difficult to automate. At present, digital skill shortages risk undermining the rollout of 4IR in the RSA. Given the nature of the 4IR, what African entrepreneurs require is for governments to help build the knowledge economy.

Some of the technological challenges include outdated technology in the factories making it difficult to compete. High technology costs and poor basic and higher education in technology, impacts on digital technology development. Policy decisions on the protection of IP, especially in printing industry which are impacted by digitization, needs to be addressed. This is needed to prevent industry collapse due to technological innovation and the displacement of traditional skills. Digital and print can live harmoniously together – we need creative solutions The 4IR should be seen as an evolution – the sector needs to align to Industrial Policy 4.0.

A huge risk is that technology is costly and changes at a rapid pace. Reduction of data costs and cyber security are key to address 4IR. There is a need to develop skills matrices for all sub-sectors aligned to the technological advancements of FP&M sub-sectors.

FP&M SETA must harness reporting processes and systems for seamless alignment and regulatory reporting to the DHET SETA Management Information System (SETMIS).

#### (v) Legal Framework

The FP&M sector has a good record of corporate governance. Remuneration levels within the sector is highly regulated. Government legal processes are too slow for private businesses due to bureaucracy in legislation approvals and complex legal framework. Protective labour laws contribute to limited jobs. The Digitisation Strategy of Government must be reviewed. Implementation of POPI Act and Trade agreements impact on FP&M industries. FP&M SETA acknowledges the importance of protecting its immense information resources, such as stakeholder information it has accumulated over the years.

#### (vi) Environment

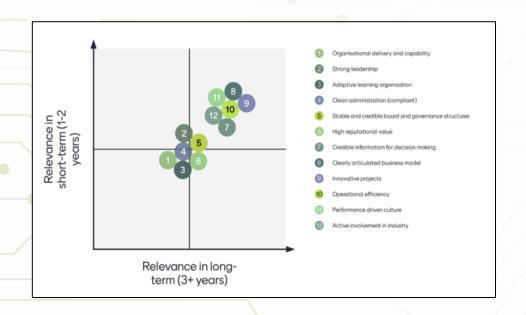
Legislation related to the carbon (green economy) footprint (environmental impact) resulting in increased carbon tax may impact on the sector and its sustainability. There is a huge emphasis on skilling for the Green Economy, which provides opportunities for research and awareness programmes. Clearly, the need for alternative energy sources will impact on the sector. The push back against plastics may impact on the sustainability of printing and packaging sub-sectors. Green economy pressures due to climate changes must be addressed through innovation and technology. Future growth possibilities will be influenced by the going green campaign and recycling.

#### 4.2. INTERNAL ENVIRONMENT ANALYSIS

#### 4.2.1. SWOT Analysis

The FP&M sector is continually faced with challenges, some of which are beyond its control. These challenges have the potential to limit FP&M SETA's effectiveness and achievement of expected performance in the execution of its mandate. THE SWOT analysis is used to contextualize FP&M SETA internal and external environments as illustrated in the below matrix. The SWOT analysis identifies areas of strengths and opportunities that FP&M SETA can leverage in the design and implementation of its strategies.

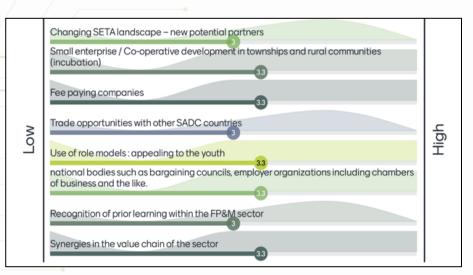
The SWOT from the current strategic plan was used as base for discussion and updated with prioritisation from the Board depicted below.



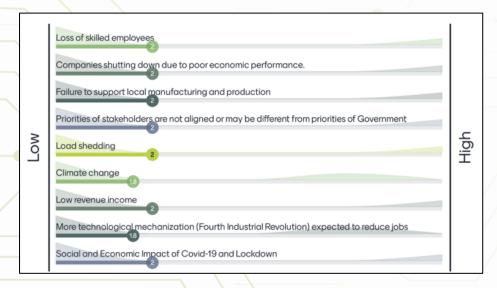


### Opportunities were rated for *importance* for the strategy: ----where 1= low and 5 = high.





Threats were rated for *impact* on the strategy: ----where 1= low and 5 = high.



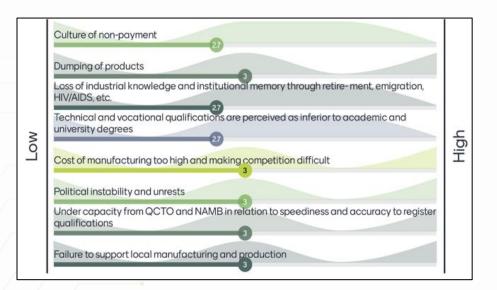


Figure 15: SWOT Analysis

#### 4.2.2. Organisational Environment

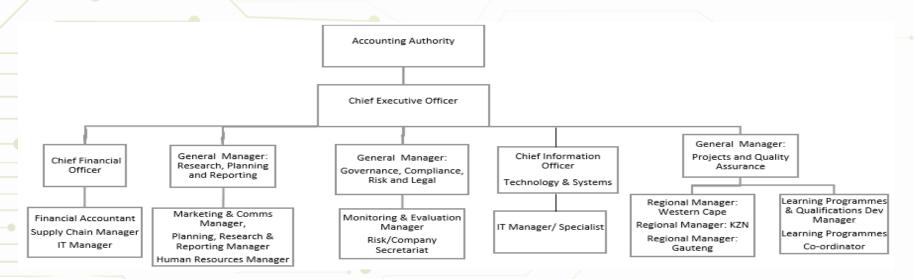
### FP&M SETA's Corporate Governance Environment

FP&M SETA's corporate governance environment is underpinned by the PFMA. This enables us to manage stakeholder concerns, build commitment within and outside the organization, and to focus on service delivery. A comprehensive set of policies are in place in accordance with the SETA's Constitution and in support of the SSP and the Strategic Plan.

#### **Resource Considerations**

#### 4.2.3. Human Resources and Organisational Design

It is apparent that organizational design is critical in driving and supporting organizational excellence. The new business model under the organizational design responds to the diverse nature of the SETA's stakeholders. The FP&M SETA serves 13 sub-sectors nationally with a significant presence in Gauteng, Western Cape and KwaZulu-Natal. De-centralization means that the Regional Managers will run with the regional operations activities from initiation to close-out. It should be noted that the key principle driving the change is performance through re-organization, empowering staff and promoting multi-skilling. This structure is further strengthened by the implementation of the Sector Skills Advisor Model. One of the strengths of the FP&M SETA is its ability to provide on-site support to constituent firms in the sector, through the use of Sector Skills Advisors.



The staff establishment and post-provisioning norm of the FP&M SETA is aligned with the skills development mandate of the organization and the priorities of the National Skills Development Plan.

The FP&M SETA consists of a Board, an Executive Committee, Specialist Advisory Committees and an Independent Audit Committee and a staff establishment of approximately 72 personnel. It has the full capacity to deliver on the skills development mandate of both the FP&M sector and Government.

The FP&M SETA recognizes that its effectiveness is dependent on the calibre of its employees and optimal use of their talents, skills, qualifications and experience. To this end, an integrated, robust and evolving Human Resources Management and Development Strategy was developed to ensure that it

has adequate human capital (quantity and quality) needed for effective leadership, management and direction of its resources through the efficient and effective co-ordination of its internal systems and operations. Page 41 | 143

# **Part C: Measuring Our Performance**

### 5. INSTITUTIONAL PROGRAMME PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

## 5.1. Programme 1: Administration

Purpose	To Improve the effectiveness and efficiency of the governance, human resources, corporate services and financial
	administration to enhance skills delivery. This programme addresses improvement in governance oversight,
	monitoring and evaluation mechanisms and capacity.
Explanation of the Planned	The outcomes of this performance indicator involves the implementation of effective policies, strategies and plans
Performance over the five year	that comply with the applicable legislation and its ensuing regulations, good corporate governance, responsible
•	citizenship and social justice. The rationale of the outcomes indicator is to ensure effective and efficient financial,
planning period	material and human resource planning and deployment of resources. In terms of overall impact, there will be a
	tangible improvement in governance oversight, monitoring and performance of the FP&M SETA.

## Measuring Outcomes, Outputs, Performance Indicators and Targets

	OUTPUTS	OUTPUT INDICATORS	ANNUAL TARGETS									
OUTCOME			Audite	d/actual Perfo	rmance	Estimated Perfor-	MTEF Period					
			2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	mance 2022/23	2023/24 TARGET	2024/25 TARGET	2025/26 TARGET			
Improved, effective and efficient SETA governance and skills delivery	Effective and efficient financial and human resource planning and implementation.	(i) Percentage of key positions filled	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%			

	Compliance with laws and regulations addressed	(ii) Number of Quarterly SETA Good Governance reports submitted to DHET	New KPI	New KPI	New KPI	New KPI	4	4	4	
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# 5.2. Programme 2: Skills Planning

	Purpose	To ensure that appropriate skills-related research is conducted in order to identify and increase production of					
		occupations in high demand to promote labour absorption. Accurate labour market analysis within the sector will					
		improve enrolment and completion of priority occupations and qualifications. This would improve the					
		responsiveness and planning processes of the sector's post-school education and training system.					
	Explanation of the Planned	A credible institutional mechanism for research and skills planning will be established ensuring better forecasting of					
	Performance over the medium-	occupations in high demand leading to greater responsiveness and better skills planning processes within the FP&M					
		sector. This will also result in the formation of effective partnerships and networks with key delivery partners among					
	term period	the provider community, labour market and learner communities. The rationale is that skills planning must be					
		complemented with resources, better data and improved labour market analysis relating to sectoral skills gaps and					
		priority occupations in demand. It is important for the FP&M SETA to develop capacity for this function because					
		demand projections for labour depend on the economic growth rate and this is the single most important variable					
		for skills planning in the sector. This would ensure that information sources for priority occupations and					
		qualifications, with regard to the demand and supply of occupations and qualifications in demand and identifying					
		new and emerging occupations and qualifications in the sector are co-ordinated and integrated, thus increasing					
		opportunities for employability and entrepreneurship. This programme also supports the implementation of					
_		different types of implementation studies in order to assess processes, systems and impact of FP&M SETA learning					
		programmes.					

		_					ANNUAL TAR	GETS		
	OUTCOME	OUTPUTS	OUTPUT INDICATORS	Audited/act	ual Performar	nce	Estimated Perfor-	MTEF Period		
\				2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	mance 2022/23	2023/24 TARGET	2024/25 TARGET	2025/26 TARGET
		Discretionary grants allo- cated for high, inter-medi- ate and elementary skills	(i) Percentage of discretionary grant budget allocated at developing high, inter-mediate and elementary skills	New KPI	80.34%	84%	80%	80%	80%	80%
_		WSP and ATRs of small firms approved for man- datory grant payment	(ii) Number of WSPs and ATRs approved for small firms	635	593	608	635	620	650	670
		WSP and ATRs of medium firms approved for man- datory grant payment	(iii) Number of WSPs and ATRs approved for medium firms	421	371	381	425	400	410	430
	Quality research and skills planning	WSP and ATRs of large firms approved for man- datory grant payment	(iv) Number of WSPs and ATRs approved for large firms	384	349	328	335	340	345	350
	activities to address occupations	Research reports com- pleted and support SSP development	(v) Number of research agree- ments signed	4	5	4	5	3	3	3
	in high demand.	Research report com- pleted addressing impact of TVET partnerships	(vi) Number of sector research agreements signed for TVET growth occupationally directed programmes	New KPI	New KPI	New KPI	New KPI	1	1	1
		SETA impact study re- search report completed	(vii) Number of research agree- ments signed to conduct SETA impact study	New KPI	New KPI	New KPI	New KPI	1	1	1
, e		Co-operatives trained on sector and national priority occupations or skills	(viii) Number of established or emergent cooperatives trained on sector and national priority occupations or skills.	New KPI	New KPI	New KPI	New KPI	15	20	25

							ANNUAL TAR	GETS		
	OUTCOME	OUTPUTS	OUTPUT INDICATORS	Audited/actu	ıal Performar	ıce	Estimated Perfor-	MTEF Period		
\				2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	mance 2022/23	2023/24 TARGET	2024/25 TARGET	2025/26 TARGET
•		Small and emerging enter- prises trained on sector and national priority occu- pations or skills	(ix) Number of small and emerging enterprises trained on sector and national priority oc- cupations or skills	New KPI	New KPI	New KPI	New KPI	25	30	35
		Approved PIVOTAL List of priority occupations to be funded	(x) An updated OFO-aligned pivotal list submitted to DHET by 31st August 2023.	An up- dated OFO- aligned piv- otal list submitted	An up- dated OFO- aligned pivotal list submitted to DHET by 31st August 2020	An updated OFO-aligned pivotal list submitted to DHET by 31st August 2021	An updated OFO- aligned piv- otal list sub- mitted to DHET by 31st August 2022	An updated OFO-aligned pivotal list submitted to DHET by 31st August 2023	An updated OFO-aligned pivotal list submitted to DHET by 31st August 2024	An updated OFO-aligned pivotal list submitted to DHET by 31st August 2025
		Employment absorption rates post training on WBL programmes determined	(xi) Number of unemployed learners who completed work- based-learning programmes (WBL) absorbed into employ- ment or self-employment post training	New KPI	New KPI	New KPI	New KPI	375	400	425

# 5.3. Programme 3: Learning Programmes and Projects

## 5.3.1. Sub-Programme 1

Purpose	To link education and the workplace in order to develop a skilled and capable workforce for a sustainable, techno-
	logically-advanced and productive FP&M manufacturing sector. Workplaces must implement occupationally-di-
	rected programmes and qualifications to address technical high level and middle level occupations and qualifications
	in demand, especially for priority occupations
Explanation of the Planned Per-	Various learning programmes are implemented with an aim of re-skilling and upskilling of currently employed, skilling
formance over the medium-term	the unemployed to facilitate their entry into the FP&M labour market. It is critical to link education and the work-
period	places to implement occupationally-directed programmes and qualifications, such as apprenticeships, work-inte-
	grated-learning and internships to address technical high level and middle level occupations and qualifications in
	demand. While there are graduates being produced, the linkage to the workplace and labour market is critical so as
	to realize the placements of graduates in the labour market to address priority occupations. The implication of this
	for the SETA is that we must have a much better understanding of the sector and its sub-sectors and in particular
	where future jobs will be created, and that employers are identified to work with the SETA to create relevant work-
	place opportunities.

## Outcomes, Outputs, Performance Indicators and Targets

			OUTPUT INDICATORS	ANNUAL TARGETS								
	OUTCOME	OUTPUTS		Audited/act	ual Performa	nce	Estimated Performance	MTEF Targets				
				2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24 TARGET	2024/25 TARGET	2025/26 TARGET		
_	Increased work- place-based learn- ing opportunities to address priority oc-	Funded TVET Stu- dents for WIL	(i) Number of TVET students entered work-integrated-learning programmes	556	351	408	650	660	675	685		
		Work ready TVET Stu- dents	(ii) Number of TVET students com- pleted work- integrated-learning pro- grammes	422	282	322	500	525	550	575		
	cupations.	Funded HET Students for WIL	(iii) Number of university students entered work- integrated-learning programmes	276	250	318	275	320	330	340		

				ANNUAL TA	RGETS					
	OUTCOME	OUTPUTS	OUTPUT INDICATORS	Audited/act	ual Performa	nce	Estimated Performance	MTEF Targets		
\				2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24 TARGET	2024/25 TARGET	2025/26 TARGET
		Work ready HET stu- dents	(iv) Number of university students completed work- integrated-learning programmes	234	228	221	234	235	245	255
		Funded unemployed learners for work experience/internship programmes	(v) Number of unemployed learners entered work experience /Internship programmes	431	430	491	600	615	620	630
		Work ready unem- ployed learners	(vi) Number of unemployed learners completed work experience /intern- ship programmes	272	311	402	500	510	525	540
		Funded unemployed learners on skills programmes	(vii) Number of unemployed learners entered skills programmes	2,282	2,066	2,454	1,560	2,000	2,030	2,050
•		Unemployed learners on skills programmes upskilled	(viii) Number of unemployed learners completed skills programmes	1,424	2,001	2,381	1,721	2,000	2,025	2,030
		Funded unemployed learners on learners ships	(ix) Number of unemployed learners entered learnership programmes	3,000	2,069	2,483	2,285	2,485	2,500	2,525
		Unemployed learners on learnerships up- skilled	(x) Number of unemployed learners completed learnership programmes	1,841	1,906	2,127	2,100	2,150	2,175	2,200

# 5.3.2. Sub-Programme 2

Purpose	To increase access of youth and adults to post-school education and training opportunities and to encourage further learning to
	improve their employability.
Explanation of the	Many South Africans are poorly educated and lack the basic foundational skills (communication and mathematical literacy) to
Planned Performance	undertake further learning when they leave school and cannot access post-school education and training opportunities. This out-
over the medium-	come is focused on providing youth and adults with basic foundational skills to access adult education and training programmes
term period	that will enable them to access further learning to improve their employability.

# Outcomes, Outputs, Performance Indicators and Targets

		OUTPUTS	OUTPUT INDICATORS	ANNUAL TARGETS								
	OUTCOME			Audited/act	ual Performa	nce	Estimated MTEF Targ		ets			
	OUT COME			2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	mance 2022/23	2023/24 TARGET	2024/25 TARGET	2025/26 TARGET		
•	Increased foundational	AET learners funded	(i) Number of workers who entered AET programmes.	679	341	715	670	717	721	730		
	learning opportunities	Improved foundational skills	(ii) Number of workers who completed AET programmes.	448	289	490	562	625	635	650		

## 5.3.3. Sub-Programme 3

Purpose	To ensure the continuous upgrading of skills in the workforce in order to increase the skills pool especially in priority occupations and qualifications in demand. The purpose is to produce a highly-skilled world-class workforce through various skills development interventions that will contribute to the achievement of sector competitiveness, transformation and economic growth.
Explanation of the Planned Performance over the medium-term	This outcome encourages better use of workplace-based skills development opportunities annually in order to transform workplaces through career pathing, improve productivity and to improve economic growth prospects and sustainability of the FP&M industrial sub-sectors. The rationale is to ensure the continuous upgrading of skills in the workforce in world
period	

class manufacturing principles and production methodologies in order to ensure an increase in the skills pool, more especially in occupations in high demand.

## Outcomes, Outputs, Performance Indicators and Targets

				ANNUAL TARGETS							
	OUTCOME	OUTPUTS	OUTPUT INDICATORS	Audited	/actual Perfo	ormance	Estimated Performance	MTEF Targets			
				2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24 TARGET	2024/25 TARGET	2025/26 TARGET	
		Workers funded on learner- ship programmes	(i) Number of workers entered learnership programmes	911	529	1,025	990	1,027	1,040	1,050	
_		Workers acquire middle level technical skills through learnerships	(ii) Number of workers completed learnership programmes	689	695	782	822	850	875	900	
	Improved skills level	Workers funded on bursary programmes	(iii) Number of workers entered bursary programmes	112	85	110	115	119	125	130	
	of workers in occupa- tions in high demand.	Workers acquire middle & high level skills through bursary programmes	(iv) Number of workers completed bursary programmes	88	40	39	100	100	115	120	
		Workers funded on skills programmes	(v) Number of workers entered skills programmes	2,852	1,259	1,279	1,260	1,300	1,325	1,351	
		Workers acquire middle level technical skills through skills programmes	(vi) Number of workers completed skills programmes	1,810	1,609	1,483	1,345	1,490	1,495	1,500	

## 5.3.4. Sub-Programme 4

Purpose	The purpose is to develop a skilled and capable workforce for a sustainable, technologically-advanced and productive FP&M
	sector through implementation of priority occupations and qualifications in partnership with higher education and training insti-
	tutions and workplaces.

<b>Explanation of the</b>
Planned
Performance over
the medium-term
period

The workforce is not keeping pace with the skills required by industry to remain competitive in an increasingly knowledge-based economy. The rationale is that FP&M SETA must play a pro-active role in supporting the increased production of skills for intermediate and high level occupationally-directed programmes. The sector will develop a skilled and capable workforce by addressing priority occupations and qualifications in partnership with higher education and training institutions and workplaces.

### **Outcomes, Outputs, Performance Indicators and Targets**

						А	NNUAL TARGETS	5		
	OUTCOME	OUTPUTS	OUTPUT INDICATORS	Audited/a	Audited/actual Performance			MTEF Targets		
				2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	Performance 2022/23	2023/24 TARGET	2024/25 TARGET	2025/26 TARGET
_		Apprentices funded on apprenticeship programmes	(i) Number of learners entered apprenticeship programmes	378	243	386	600	625	645	655
)	Increased access to	Apprentices acquire middle level technical skills	(ii) Number of learners completed apprenticeship programmes	307	260	324	500	515	525	535
	occupationally-di- rected programmes through effective	Unemployed learners on bursary programmes funded	(iii) Number of unemployed learners en- tered bursary programmes as first time entry learners	New KPI	208	227	180	230	235	240
	partnerships.	Unemployed learners on bursary programmes acquire middle level technical skills	(iv) Number of unemployed learners entered bursary programmes as continuing learners	New KPI	311	324	325	325	330	335
		Unemployed learners on bursary programmes acquire middle level technical skills	(v) Number of unemployed learners completed bursary programmes	501	265	417	442	450	475	500

				ANNUAL TARGETS								
	OUTCOME	OUTPUTS	OUTPUT INDICATORS	Audited/a	ctual Perfori	mance	Estimated Performance	MTEF Targets				
				2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24 TARGET	2024/25 TARGET	2025/26 TARGET		
		Learners funded for RPL programmes	(vi) Number of learners entered RPL programmes	New KPI	50	116	109	118	125	135		
\		Learners assessed through RPL methodology	(vii) Number of learners completed RPL programmes	108	50	114	105	115	120	125		
		Strategic TVET/CET partner- ships funded	(viii) Number of TVET and/or CET part- nership agreements signed	22	21	23	25	25	27	30		
		Strategic HEI partnerships funded	(ix) Number of HEI partnership agreements signed	6	10	10	10	10	10	11		
		Strategic SETA Employer partnerships funded	(x) Number of SETA Employer partner- ship agreements signed	New KPI	6	5	6	6	6	7		

# 5.3.5. Sub-Programme 5

	Purpose	To provide support to co-operatives, small enterprises, NGOs, CBOs, NPOs and community organizations to implement skills devel-
	<b>,</b>	opment training initiatives to address entrepreneurship and co-operative development.
	Explanation of the	Funded skills and entrepreneurial interventions will result in the establishment of new enterprises and co-operatives, thus increasing
	Planned Perfor-	employment and new venture opportunities. Co-operatives, Small Enterprises, CBOs, NPOs, NGOs must be supported with skills
	mance over the	training and capacity development in order to expand and contribute to sector economic and employment growth. The Sector Skills
	medium-term pe-	Plan/PIVOTAL List has identified a number of key areas of critical skills demand for co-operatives, small enterprises, NGOs and CBOs,
	riod	all of which affect the efficacy and sustainability of these enterprises. Small, Medium and Micro-Sized Enterprises are a crucial part
		of South Africa's economic growth. The challenge of inculcating a culture and spirit of entrepreneurship and self-employment lies not
		only in making funding available but in developing the skills and competencies of the youth and potential entrepreneurs in general.
		The rationale is to encourage and support co-operatives, small enterprises, NGOs, CBOs, NPOs and community training initiatives to
_		address poverty, inequality, disability and rural and township development and unemployment.

						A	NNUAL TARGETS			
	OUTCOME	OUTPUTS	OUTPUT INDICATORS	Audited/ac	tual Perform	ance	Estimated	MTEF Targets		
				2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	Performance 2022/23	2023/24 TARGET	2024/25 TARGET	2025/26 TARGET
		Learners on entrepreneurial programmes and/or business coaching & mentoring programmes funded	(i) Number of learners entered entre- preneurial programmes and/or busi- ness coaching & mentoring pro- grammes	New KPI	138	132	150	175	200	225
/	Increased funding support for co-operatives, small enterprises,	CBOs, NGOs and/or NPOs funded	(ii) Number of CBOs, NGOs and/or NPOs supported with training inter- ventions or funding	31	32	78	35	40	45	45
	NGOs, CBOs and NPOs to implement skills	Rural development projects implemented	(iii) Number of rural development projects funded	28	29	31	35	40	45	50
	development programmes.	Co-operatives upskilled	(iv) Number of Co-operatives sup- ported with training interventions or funded	15	55	55	55	60	65	70
		Small businesses upskilled	(v) Number of Small Businesses sup- ported with training interventions or funded	54	100	111	110	115	120	125

# 5.3.6. Sub-Programme 6

	Purpose	To provide support and encourage worker-initiated training initiatives to address challenges experienced by FP&M sub-sec-
_	-	tors.
	<b>Explanation of the Planned</b>	Trade unions and their education programmes play an important role in the skilling of workers. Worker-initiated education
	Performance over the	and training must contribute to a workforce that is better able to understand the challenges facing the economic sectors in
	medium-term period	which they operate. Capacity building of the workforce is critical for the sustained economic growth of FP&M industries.

					ΑI	ANNUAL TARGETS				
\	OUTCOME OUTPUTS		OUTPUT INDICATORS	Audited/actual Performance		ormance	Estimated Perfor-	ı	MTEF Target	s
\				2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	mance 2022/23	2023/24 TARGET	2024/25 TARGET	2025/26 TARGET
	Improved understand- ing by workers of their sector.	Trade Union members upskilled about sectoral challenges	(i) Number of trade unions sup- ported through skills training inter- ventions or funding	3	3	3	3	5	6	6

# 5.3.7. Sub-Programme 7

f	Purpose	Career paths are communicated effectively, and contribute to improved relevance of training and greater career and vocational
		awareness for learners.
	Explanation of the	The rationale is to build career and vocational guidance capacity to expose learners and career development practitioners to FP&M
	Planned Perfor-	sector occupations in demand through career events and exhibitions in both rural and urban areas. For FP&M sector learners to
-	mance over the me-	succeed, they need to be guided prior to enrolment on both best match of their interest and their abilities to occupational require-
	dium-term period	ments, as well as best prospects for employment and decent remuneration. These programmes require input from the labour mar-
		ket, as well as vehicles for matching potential learners to opportunities. Career paths are mapped to qualifications in all sectors and
)		sub-sectors, and communicated effectively, contributing to improved relevance of training and greater mobility and progression.
		The FP&M SETA needs to expose learners to occupations in high demand before they make final decisions on their career choices.
	_	FP&M SETA must provide information on steps taken to expose prospective learners to work in the FP&M sector.

					ı	ANNUAL TARGE	TS		
OUTCOME	OUTPUTS	OUTPUT INDICATORS	Audited/act	Audited/actual Performance			MTEF Targets		
			2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	mance 2022/23	2023/24 TARGET	2024/25 TARGET	2025/26 TARGET
Improved exposure	Learners in urban ar- eas exposed to occu- pation in high demand	(i) Number of career development events conducted in urban areas	New KPI	10	15	20	25	30	35
reer development practitioners to FP&M sector prior-	Learners in rural areas exposed to occupation in high demand	(ii) Number of career development events conducted in rural areas	New KPI	10	15	20	25	30	35
ity occupations	Career practitioners capacitated on occu- pations in high de- mand	(iii) Number of workshops on ca- reer development services imple- mented	New KPI	New KPI	2	2	2	2	2

# 5.4. Programme 4: Quality Assurance and Partnerships

Р	urpose	The purpose of the quality assurance programme is to develop, implement and monitor occupationally-directed qualifications in
_		partnership with accredited skills development institutions.
E	xplanation of the	The rationale is to ensure quality, relevant and fit-for-purpose education and training programmes through partnerships with post-
P	lanned —	school education and training institutions to improve the supply of priority occupations within the FP&M sector.
Р	erformance over	
tl	ne medium-term	To establish a sustainable post-school education and training system complimented by strategic partnerships to promote the
b	eriod	growth of stronger TVET and community education and training colleges. The growth of stronger TVET colleges will expand the
۲	ciiou	provision of mid-level technical and occupational qualifications aligned to industry needs, whilst community education and training
		colleges will offer programmes that are responsive to the needs of communities and that enable individuals to find work, start
		businesses, and develop sustainable livelihoods and progress into other education institutions.

						ANNUAL TARGETS			
OUTCOME	OUTPUTS	OUTPUT INDICATORS	Audited/actual Performance			Estimated Perfor-	MTEF Targets		
			2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	mance 2022/23	2023/24 TARGET	2024/25 TARGET	2025/26 TARGET
	Functional CSTO Offices established	(i) Number of CSTO offices established in TVET colleges	3	1	1	1	1	1	1
Increased sup- ply of quality,	Centres of Specialization supported	(ii) Number of TVET Centres of Specialization funded	New KPI	5	5	3	5	5	6
relevant and fit-for-purpose education and	TVET/CET lecturers upskilled on industry programmes	(iii) Number of TVET and/or CET Lecturers entered industry development programmes	2	16	34	20	25	30	35
training pro- grammes	Current and relevant SETA occupational qualifications registered with QCTO	(iv) Number of FP&M SETA occupational qualifications registered by QCTO during the year	12	16	15	8	8	8	9

### 5.5 Sector / Industry-funded Targets

Additional targets relating to learner registrations and completions funded by industry that will contribute to the FP&M SETA's overall performance for 2023/24

NSDP Outcomes	Output Indicators	Sector funded
Linking education and the workplace	Number of unemployed learners entered Work Experience/ Internships	50
	Number of unemployed learners completed Work Experience/ Internships	20
•	Number of unemployed learners entered Skills programmes	100
	Number of unemployed learners completed Skills programmes	25
	Number of unemployed learners entered Learnerships programmes	250
	Number of unemployed learners completed Learnerships programmes	100
Improving the level of skills in the South African	Number of workers entered in Learnerships programmes	50
workforce	Number of workers completed Learnerships programmes	30
	Number of workers entered Bursaries	2
	Number of workers entered Skills programmes	100
	Number of workers completed Skills programmes	50

The targets reflected in the Annual Performance Plan fall short of the scarce and critical skills needs and priorities of the FP&M sector as contained in the FP&M SETA Sector Skills Plan due to discretionary funding budgetary constraints. Should additional funding be secured through collaboration with institutions like the National Skills Fund, National and Provincial Government Departments (e.g. Department of Trade and Industry, Department of Economic Development and Tourism, Department of Arts and Culture, Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries and KwaZulu-Natal Department of Economic Development and Tourism) and inter-SETA collaboration funding, the FP&M SETA would be in a position to increase its targets.

### **Output Indicators, Annual and Quarterly Targets**

### Notes: Allocation Principles for Quarterly Targets:

- i. General Principle for Quarterly Allocation of Targets for Entry on Programmes: Quarter 1: 0% + Administration, Quarter 2: 5%, Quarter 3: 35%, Quarter 4: 60%
- ii. General Principle for Quarterly Allocation of Targets for Completion on Programmes: Quarter 1: 5% + Administration, Quarter 2: 15%, Quarter 3: 35%, Quarter 4: 45%

	OUTDUT INDICATORS	DEDODTING DEDIOD	ANNUAL	QUARTERLY TARGE							
	OUTPUT INDICATORS	REPORTING PERIOD	TARGET 2023/24	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4				
	PROGRAMME 1 : ADMINISTRATION										
	5.1 Outcome: Improved, effective and efficient SETA governance and ski	5.1 Outcome: Improved, effective and efficient SETA governance and skills delivery									
	(i) Percentage of key positions filled	Annually	100%	0	0	0	100%				
•	(ii) Number of Quarterly SETA Good Governance reports submitted to DHET	Quarterly	4	1	1	1	1				
	PROGRAMME 2: SKILLS PLANNING										
	5.2 Outcome: Quality research and skills planning activities to address oc	cupations in high demar	nd.								
	(i) Percentage of discretionary grant budget allocated at developing high, intermediate, and elementary skills	Annually	80%	0	0	0	80%				
	(ii) Number of WSPs and ATRs approved for small firms	Quarterly	620	0	0	620	0				
	(iii) Number of WSPs and ATRs approved for medium firms	Quarterly	400	0	0	400	0				
	(iv) Number of WSPs and ATRs approved for large firms	Quarterly	340	0	0	340	0				
	(v) Number of research agreements signed	Annually	3	0	0	0	3				
_	(vi) Number of sector research agreements signed for TVET growth occupationally directed programmes	Annually	1	0	0	0	1				

	QUITNUT INDICATORS	DEDODTING DEDICE	ANNUAL	QUARTERLY T	ARGETS		
	OUTPUT INDICATORS	REPORTING PERIOD	TARGET 2023/24	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
\	(vii) Number of research agreements signed to conduct SETA impact study	Annually	1	0	0	0	1
\	(viii) Number of established or emergent cooperatives trained on sector and national priority occupations or skills.	Annually	15	0	0	0	15
	(ix) Number of small and emerging enterprises trained on sector and national priority occupations or skills	Annually	25	0	0	0	25
	(x) An updated OFO-aligned pivotal list submitted to DHET by 31st August 2023.	Annually	An updated OFO- aligned pivotal list sub- mitted to DHET by 31 <sup>st</sup> August 2023.	0	0	An updated OFO-aligned piv- otal list submit- ted to DHET by 31st August 2023.	0
	(xi) Number of unemployed learners who completed work-based-learning programmes (WBL) absorbed into employment or self-employment post training	Quarterly	375	0	75	100	200
	PROGRAMME 3: LEARNING PROGRAMMES & PROJECTS						
9	SUB PROGRAMME 1						
	5.3 Outcome: Increased workplace-based learning opportunities to address	ess priority occupations.		I			
	(i) Number of TVET students entered work-integrated-learning programmes	Quarterly	660	0	33	231	396
	(ii) Number of TVET students completed work- integrated-learning programmes	Quarterly	525	26	79	184	236
	(iii) Number of university students entered work- integrated-learning programmes	Quarterly	320	0	16	112	192
	(iv) Number of university students completed work- integrated-learning programmes	Quarterly	235	12	35	82	106
	(v) Number of unemployed learners entered work experience / internship programmes	Quarterly	615	0	31	215	369

OUTDUT INDICATORS		ANNUAL	QUARTERLY T	ARGETS		
OUTPUT INDICATORS	REPORTING PERIOD	TARGET 2023/24	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
(vi) Number of unemployed learners completed work experience / internship programmes	Quarterly	510	25	77	178	230
(vii) Number of unemployed learners entered skills programmes	Quarterly	2,000	0	100	700	1,200
(viii) Number of unemployed learners completed skills programmes	Quarterly	2,000	100	300	700	900
(ix) Number of unemployed learners entered learnership programmes	Quarterly	2,485	0	124	870	1,491
(x) Number of unemployed learners completed learnership programmes	Quarterly	2,150	107	323	732	968
SUB PROGRAMME 2						
5.4 Outcome: Increased foundational learning opportunities						
(i) Number of workers who entered AET programmes.	Quarterly	717	0	36	251	430
(ii) Number of workers who completed AET programmes.	Quarterly	625	31	94	219	281
SUB PROGRAMME 3						
5.5 Outcome: Improved skills level of workers in occupations in high demand.						
(i) Number of workers entered learnership programmes	Quarterly	1,027	0	51	360	616
(ii) Number of workers completed learnership programmes	Quarterly	850	42	128	297	383
(iii) Number of workers entered bursary programmes	Quarterly	119	0	6	42	71
(iv) Number of workers completed bursary programmes	Quarterly	100	5	15	35	45
(v) Number of workers entered skills programmes	Quarterly	1,300	0	65	455	780
(vi) Number of workers completed skills programmes	Quarterly	1,490	74	224	521	671
SUB PROGRAMME 4						
5.6 Outcome: Increased access to occupationally-directed programmes through effective partnerships.						

	OUTDUT INDICATORS	DEDODTING DEDICO	ANNUAL	QUARTERLY T	ARGETS		
	OUTPUT INDICATORS	REPORTING PERIOD	TARGET 2023/24	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
\	(i) Number of learners entered apprenticeship programmes	Quarterly	625	0	31	219	375
	(ii) Number of learners completed apprenticeship programmes	Quarterly	515	26	77	180	232
\	(iii) Number of unemployed learners entered bursary programmes as first-time entry learners	Quarterly	230	0	11	81	138
	(iv) Number of unemployed learners entered bursary programmes as continuing learners	Quarterly	325	0	16	114	195
	(v) Number of unemployed learners completed bursary programmes	Quarterly	450	22	68	158	202
	(vi) Number of learners entered RPL programmes	Annually	118	0	0	0	118
	(vii) Number of learners completed RPL programmes	Annually	115	0	0	0	115
	(viii) Number of TVET and/or CET partnership agreements signed	Annually	25	0	0	10	15
	(ix) Number of HEI partnership agreements signed	Annually	10	0	0	3	7
	(x) Number of SETA Employer partnership agreements signed	Annually	6	0	0	0	6
	SUB PROGRAMME 5						
	5.7 Outcome: Increased funding support for co-operatives, small enter- prises, NGOs, CBOs and NPOs to implement skills development pro- grammes.						
	(i) Number of learners entered entrepreneurial programmes and/or business coaching & mentoring programmes	Quarterly	175	0	9	61	105
_	(ii) Number of CBOs, NGOs and/or NPOs supported with training interventions or funding	Quarterly	40	0	0	15	25
_	(iii) Number of rural development projects funded	Quarterly	40	0	0	15	25
	(iv) Number of Co-operatives supported with training interventions or funded	Quarterly	60	0	0	15	45

OUTPUT INDICATORS	REPORTING PERIOD	ANNUAL	QUARTERLY T	ARGETS		
OUTPUT INDICATORS	REPORTING PERIOD	TARGET 2023/24	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
(v) Number of Small Businesses supported with training interventions or funded	Quarterly	115	0	0	45	70
SUB PROGRAMME 6						
5.8 Outcome: Improved understanding by workers of their sector.						
(i) Number of trade unions supported through skills training interventions or funding	Annually	5	0	0	2	3
SUB PROGRAMME 7						
5.9 Outcome: Improved exposure for learners and career development practitioners to FP&M sector priority occupations						
(i) Number of career development events conducted in urban areas	Quarterly	25	4	6	8	7
(ii) Number of career development events conducted in rural areas	Quarterly	25	4	6	8	7
(iii) Number of workshops on career development services implemented	Annually	2	0	0	0	2
PROGRAMME 4: QUALITY ASSURANCE & PARTNERSHIPS						
5.10 Outcome: Increased supply of quality, relevant and fit-for-purpose education and training programmes						
(i) Number of CSTO offices established in TVET colleges	Annually	1	0	0	0	1
(ii) Number of TVET Centres of Specialization funded	Annually	5	0	0	2	3
(iii) Number of TVET and/or CET Lecturers entered industry development programmes	Annually	25	0	0	0	25
(iv) Number of FP&M SETA occupational qualifications registered by QCTO during the year	Annually	8	0	0	0	8

### 6. PROGRAMME RESOURCE CONSIDERATIONS

## 6.1. Reconciling Performance Targets with the MTEF Budget (2023/24-2027/28)

# (i) Pivotal and Non-Pivotal Budgets (2023/24)

PROG.NO.	OUTCOMES	PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	EMP. STA- TUS	UNIT COSTS	Baseline	TARGET 2023/24	BUDGET 2023/24	Project Ad- ministration (7.5%)
SETA ADMINIS	TRATION BUDGET							
1:ADMIN	Skills development delivery improved through effective and efficient SETA governance.	1.2 % key positions filled				100%	Included in SETA Adm budget	
SETA PIVOTAL	BUDGET							
/		4.1 Artisan Programmes Ent	Emp/Une	R 106,290.00	386	403	R 42,834,870.00	R 4,442,588.50
		4.1 Artisan Programmes Ent (ARPL)	/ / /	R 5,000.00	New	222	R 1,110,000.00	R 83,250.00
3: LP & PROJ	Increased access to intermediate and	4.4 Learnership Programmes Ent	Une	R 26,200.00	2483	2325	R 60,915,000.00	R 4,568,625.00
3: LP & PROJ	high level occupational programmes through effective partnerships.	4.7 Bursary Programmes Ent	Une	R 50,000.00	551	525	R 26,250,000.00	R 1,968,750.00
	• \ \ \	4.13 Work Experience / Internships Ent	Une	R 36,000.00	491	450	R 16,200,000.00	R 1,215,000.00
		4.15 Skills Programmes Ent	Une	R 10,000.00	2454	1599	R 15,990,000.00	R 1,199,250.00
		6.1 Skills Programmes Ent	Emp	R 7,200.00	1279	1300	R 9,360,000.00	R 702,000.00
	Workers skills upgraded in occupations and critical skills in demand.	6.3 Learnership Programmes Ent	Emp	R 20,000.00	1025	1027	R 20,540,000.00	R 1,540,500.00
3: LP & PROJ	•	6.5 Bursary Programmes Ent	Emp	R 50,000.00	110	119	R 5,950,000.00	R 446,250.00
	Increased access for further technical and occupational training for youth and adults with poor foundational skills	5.1 AET Programmes Ent	Emp	R 3,500.00	715	717	R 2,509,500.00	R 188,212.50
4.QA	Supply of quality, relevant and fit-for- purpose education and training pro- grammes increased.	RPL	Emp/Une	R 5,000.00	116	118	R 590,000.00	R 44,250.00
				•				R 16,398,676.00
	TOTAL: PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES						R 202,249,370.00	R 16,398,676.00

	PROG.NO.	OUTCOMES	PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	EMP. STA- TUS	UNIT COSTS	Baseline	TARGET 2023/24	BUDGET 2023/24	Project Ad- ministration (7.5%)
									4,442,588.50
\		VARIANCE -CONTINGENCY						R 968.00	R 0.00
		CONTROL: PIVOTAL BUDGET (LESS PRO- JECT ADMINISTRATION)						R 202,250,338.00	R 16,398,676.00
		PIVOTAL GRANT PROJECT ADMIN- ISTRATION BUDGET (7.5%)						R 16,398,676.00	R 16,398,676.00
		TOTAL PIVOTAL BUDGET (80%)						R 218,649,014.00	
	5	PECIAL PROJECT - PIVOTAL							
	3: LP & PROJ	Workplace-based learning opportuni- ties for unemployed learners increased	6.7 TVET Student Placement Ent	Une	R 54,000.00	408	410	R 22,140,000.00	R 1,660,500.00
_		for priority occupations.	6.9 University Student Placement Ent	Une	R 36,000.00	318	285	R 10,260,000.00	R 769,500.00
								R 32,400,000.00	
	S	ETA NON-PIVOTAL BUDGET						R 18,162,584.00	
	· /_	•	Research partnerships, Priority Occupations, Qualifications and Skills List, Impact Study & Other Skills & Strategic Planning Activities			•		R 1,200,000.00	R 90,000.00
	2; SKILLS PLANNING	Research and skills planning activities implemented to address occupations in high demand.	3.2 - 3.4 Number of WSPs & ATRs Approved		•	Large Firms - 328, Me- dium Firms - 381, Small Firms - 608	Large Firms - 340, Me- dium Firms - 400, Small Firms - 620	R 1,000,000.00	R 75,000.00
	4: QA	Supply of quality, relevant and fit-for- purpose education and training pro- grammes increased.	Establish & Maintain CSTO Offices				1	R 350,000.00	R 26,250.00
		•	/ /		•			R 2,550,000.00	
		SPECIAL PROJECTS							
_	3: LP & PROJ	Improved understanding by workers of sectoral challenges	Trade Unions		-•		5 Trade Unions / Employer Organizations	R 2,000,000.00	R 150,000.00

PROG.NO.	OUTCOMES	PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	EMP. STA- TUS	UNIT COSTS	Baseline	TARGET 2023/24	BUDGET 2023/24	Project Ad- ministration (7.5%)
	•	Special Projects					R 10,612,584.00	R 1,103,419.00
4.ADMIN	Skills development delivery improved through effective and efficient SETA governance.	MARKETING					R 3,000,000.00	R 225,000.00
							R 50,562,584.00	R 4,099,669.00
	TOTAL: NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES						R 50,562,584.00	R 4,099,669.00
								R 1,103,419.00
	VARIANCE -CONTINGENCY						R 0.00	R 0.00
	CONTROL: NON-PIVOTAL BUDGET (LESS PROJECT ADMINISTRATION)						R 50,562,584.00	
	NON-PIVOTAL GRANT PROJECT ADMINISTRATION BUDGET (7.5%)						R 4,099,669.00	R 4,099,669.00
	TOTAL: NON-PIVOTAL BUDGET (20% OF DG BUDGET) + PROJECT ADMINISTRA- TION						R 54,662,253.00	
	TOTAL DISCRETIONARY GRANT BUDGET						R 273,311,267.00	

#### NOTES:

i.Included in DG Budget is budget for strategic & innovative projects aligned to the Economic Reconstruction and Recovery Plan (ERRP).

- ii. Unit costs for skills programmes unemployed is R 10,000.00 to make provision for subsistence & travel costs.
- iii. Disability and Rural mandate & targets are overarching in both PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES. Disability Projects Additional R 2500.00 per learner to be funded from Project Administration Budget.
- iv. TVET, HEI, CET, SETA-Employer Partnerships included in BOTH PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL Targets & Budget.
- v. TVET and CET Lecturer Industry Development Programmes to be addressed through bursaries and skills programmes for workers.
- vi. QCTO Qualifications Development to be addressed through special project proposals.
- vii. Targets for Co-operatives, Small Businesses, CBOs, NGOs and NPOs are overarching in both PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES.
- viii. Budget for Career Event targets and Sponsorships included in Marketing Budget for both PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES.
- ix. Entrepreneurship targets relating to skills training and establishing businesses to be addressed through special projects as well as through PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES.
- x. Artisan Learner Grant funding for the 3 year programme is R 206,290.00. Funding for Year 1 & 2 is R 106,290.00. Year 3 funding is R 100,000.00.
- xi.Strategic re-allocation of interventions for additional targets:

Intervention	Target
TVET students entered work-integrated learning programmes	250
Unemployed learners entered work experience/internship programmes	165
Learnerships Unemployed	160
Bursary Programmes First Time Entries Entered	30
Skills Programmes Unemployed Entered	401
HET students entered work-integrated learning programmes	35

# (ii) Pivotal and Non-Pivotal Budgets (2024/25)

PROG.NO.	OUTCOMES	PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	EMP. STA- TUS	UNIT COSTS	Base- line	TARGET 2024/25	BUDGET 2024/25	PROJECT AD- MINISTRATION (7.5%)
SETA ADMINISTRAT	TION BUDGET							
1:ADMIN	Skills development deliv- ery improved through ef- fective and efficient SETA governance.	1.2 % key positions filled				100%	Included in SETA Adm budget	
SETA PIVOTAL BUDG	GET							
		4.1 Artisan Programmes Ent	Emp/Une	R 110,000.00	386	415	R 45,650,000.00	R 4,688,878.50
	Increased access to in-	4.1 Artisan Programmes Ent (ARPL)		R 5,000.00	New	230	R 1,150,000.00	R 86,250.00
	termediate and high	4.4 Learnership Programmes Ent	Une	R 26,200.00	2483	2350	R 61,570,000.00	R 4,617,750.00
3: LP & PROJ	level occupational pro-	4.7 Bursary Programmes Ent	Une	R 50,000.00	551	534	R 26,700,000.00	R 2,002,500.00
	grammes through effec-	4.13 Work Experience / Internships Ent	Une	R 36,000.00	491	470	R 16,920,000.00	R 1,269,000.00
	tive partnerships.	4.15 Skills Programmes Ent	Une	R 10,000.00	2454	1630	R 16,300,000.00	R 1,222,500.00
	Workers skills upgraded	6.1 Skills Programmes Ent	Emp	R 7,200.00	1279	1325	R 9,540,000.00	R 715,500.00
	in occupations and criti-	6.3 Learnership Programmes Ent	Emp	R 20,000.00	1025	1040	R 20,800,000.00	R 1,560,000.00
	cal skills in demand.	6.5 Bursary Programmes Ent	Emp	R 50,000.00	110	125	R 6,250,000.00	R 468,750.00
3: LP & PROJ	Increased access for fur- ther technical and occu- pational training for youth and adults with poor foundational skills	5.1 AET Programmes Ent	Emp	R 3,500.00	715	721	R 2,523,500.00	R 189,262.50
4.QA	Supply of quality, relevant and fit-for-purpose education and training programmes increased.	RPL	Emp/Une	R 5,000.00	116	125	R 625,000.00	R 46,875.00
	_ \ \						R 208,028,500.00	R 16,867,266.00
	TOTAL: PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES						R 416,057,000.00	R 4,688,878.50
								4,688,878.5
	VARIANCE – CONTINGENCY						R 1,112.00	R 0.00
	CONTROL: PIVOTAL BUDGET (LESS PROJECT ADMINISTRATION)						R 208,029,612.00	R 4,688,878.50
	PIVOTAL GRANT PROJECT ADMINISTRATION BUDGET (7.5%)						R 16,867,266.00	R 16,867,266.00

PROG.NO.	OUTCOMES	PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	EMP. STA- TUS	UNIT COSTS	Base- line	TARGET 2024/25	BUDGET 2024/25	PROJECT AD- MINISTRATION (7.5%)
	TOTAL PIVOTAL BUDGET (80%)						R 224,896,878.00	
SPECIAL PROJECT - PI	VOTAL							
3: LP & PROJ	Workplace-based learn-	6.7 TVET Student Placement Ent	Une	R 54,000.00	408	420	R 22,680,000.00	R 1,701,000.00
	ing opportunities for un- employed learners in- creased for priority occu- pations.	6.9 University Student Placement Ent	Une	R 36,000.00	318	290	R 10,440,000.00	R 783,000.00
							R 33,120,000.00	
SETA NON-PIVOTAL E	BUDGET						R 18,887,403.00	
		Research partnerships, Priority Occupations, Qualifications and Skills List, Impact Study & Other Skills & Strategic Planning Activities					R 1,500,000.00	R 112,500.00
2: SKILLS PLANNING	Research and skills plan- ning activities imple- mented to address occu- pations in high demand.	3.2 - 3.4 Number of WSPs & ATRs Approved			Large Firms - 328, Me- dium Firms - 381, Small Firms - 608	Large Firms - 345, Medium Firms -410, Small Firms - 650	R 1,000,000.00	R 75,000.00
4: QA	Supply of quality, relevant and fit-for-purpose education and training programmes increased.	Establish & Maintain CSTO Offices	-		1	1	R 350,000.00	R 26,250.00
							R 2,850,000.00	
SPECIAL PROJECTS								
3: LP & PROJ	Improved understanding by workers of sectoral challenges	Trade Unions			6 Trade Unions / Em- ployer Organi- zations	6 Trade Un- ions / Em- ployer Organi- zations	R 2,500,000.00	R 187,500.00
		Special Projects					R 10,537,403.00	R 1,106,566.00
4.ADMIN	Skills development deliv- ery improved through ef- fective and efficient SETA governance.	MARKETING		•	•		R 3,000,000.00	R 225,000.00
							R 18,887,403.00	R 4,216,816.00

	PROG.NO.	OUTCOMES	PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	EMP. STA- TUS	UNIT COSTS	Base- line	TARGET 2024/25	BUDGET 2024/25	PROJECT AD- MINISTRATION (7.5%)
		TOTAL: NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES						R 52,007,403.00	R 4,216,816.00
									R 1,106,566.00
		VARIANCE – CONTINGENCY						R 0.00	R 0.00
\		CONTROL: NON- PIVOTAL BUDGET (LESS PROJECT ADMINISTRATION)						R 52,007,403.00	
									R 1,106,566.00
		NON-PIVOTAL GRANT PROJECT ADMINISTRATION BUDGET (7.5%)						R 4,216,816.00	R 4,216,816.00
-		TOTAL: NON-PIVOTAL							
		BUDGET (20% OF DG BUDGET)						R 56,224,219.00	
		TOTAL DISCRETIONARY GRANT BUDGET						R 281,121,097.00	

#### NOTES:

i.Included in DG Budget is budget for strategic & innovative projects aligned to the Economic Reconstruction and Recovery Plan (ERRP).

- ii. Unit costs for skills programmes unemployed is R 10,000.00 to make provision for subsistence & travel costs.
- iii. Disability and Rural mandate & targets are overarching in both PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES. Disability Projects Additional R 2500.00 per learner to be funded from Project Administration Budget.
- iv. TVET, HEI, CET, SETA-Employer Partnerships included in BOTH PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL Targets & Budget.
- v. TVET and CET Lecturer Industry Development Programmes to be addressed through bursaries and skills programmes for workers.
- vi. QCTO Qualifications Development to be addressed through special project proposals.
- vii. Targets for Co-operatives, Small Businesses, CBOs, NGOs and NPOs are overarching in both PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES.
- viii. Budget for Career Event targets and Sponsorships included in Marketing Budget for both PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES.
- ix. Entrepreneurship targets relating to skills training and establishing businesses to be addressed through special projects as well as through PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES.
- x. Artisan Learner Grant funding for the 3 year programme is R 206,290.00. Funding for Year 1 & 2 is R 106,290.00. Year 3 funding is R 100,000.00.
- xi.Strategic re-allocation of interventions for additional targets:

Intervention	Target
TVET students entered work-integrated learning programmes	255
Unemployed learners entered work experience/internship programmes	150
Learnerships Unemployed	150
Bursary Programmes First Time Entries Entered	31
Skills Programmes Unemployed Entered	400
HET students entered work-integrated learning programmes	40

# (iii) Pivotal and Non-Pivotal Budgets (2025/26)

PROG.NO.	OUTCOMES	PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	EMP. STA- TUS	UNIT COSTS	Baseline	TARGET 2025/26	BUDGET 2025/26	Project Administra- tion (7.5%)
SETA ADMINISTR	ATION BUDGET							
	Skills development deliv-	1.2 % key positions filled		•		100%	Included in SETA Adm budget	
1:ADMIN	ery improved through ef- fective and efficient SETA governance.							
SETA PIVOTAL BU	IDGET							
		4.1 Artisan Programmes Ent	Emp/Une	R 110,000.00	386	422	R 46,420,000.00	R 4,782,730.00
		4.1 Artisan Programmes Ent (ARPL)		R 5,000.00	New	233	R 1,165,000.00	R 87,375.00
3: LP & PROJ	Increased access to inter- mediate and high level oc- cupational programmes	4.4 Learnership Programmes Ent	Une	R 26,200.00	2483	2440	R 63,928,000.00	R 4,794,600.00
J. LF & FROJ	through effective partner- ships.	4.7 Bursary Programmes Ent	Une	R 50,000.00	551	550	R 27,500,000.00	R 2,062,500.00
		4.13 Work Experience / Internships Ent	Une	R 36,000.00	491	500	R 18,000,000.00	R 1,350,000.00
,		4.15 Skills Programmes Ent	Une	R 10,000.00	2454	1650	R 16,500,000.00	R 1,237,500.00
		6.1 Skills Programmes Ent	Emp	R 7,200.00	1279	1351	R 9,727,200.00	R 729,540.00
	Workers skills upgraded in occupations and critical skills in demand.	6.3 Learnership Programmes Ent	Emp	R 20,000.00	1025	1050	R 21,000,000.00	R 1,575,000.00
3: LP & PROJ		6.5 Bursary Programmes Ent	Emp	R 50,000.00	110	130	R 6,500,000.00	R 487,500.00
•	Increased access for fur- ther technical and occupa- tional training for youth and adults with poor foun- dational skills	5.1 AET Programmes Ent	Emp	R 3,500.00	715	730	R 2,555,000.00	R 191,625.00
4.QA	Supply of quality, relevant and fit-for-purpose educa- tion and training pro- grammes increased.	RPL	Emp/Une	R 5,000.00	116	135	R 675,000.00	R 50,625.00
							R 213,970,200.00	R 17,348,995.00
	TOTAL DIVOTAL DECORAGE	AFC						D 47 204 620 02
	TOTAL: PIVOTAL PROGRAMN	VIES						R 17,261,620.00

PROG.NO.	OUTCOMES	PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	EMP. STA- TUS	UNIT COSTS	Baseline	TARGET 2025/26	BUDGET 2025/26	Project Administra- tion (7.5%)
								4,782,730.00
	VARIANCE -CONTINGENCY						R 734.00	R 0.00
	CONTROL: PIVOTAL BUDGET (LESS PROJECT ADMINISTRATION)						R 213,970,934.00	R 9,565,460.00
	PIVOTAL GRANT PROJECT ADMINISTRATION BUDGET (7.5%)						R 17,348,995.00	R 17,348,995.00
	TOTAL PIVOTAL BUDGET (80%)						R 231,319,929.00	
SPECIAL PROJECT -	DIVOTAL							
JI ECIAL PROJECT	Workplace-based learning	6.7 TVET Student Placement Ent	Une	R 54,000.00	408	435	R 23,490,000.00	R 1,761,750.00
3: LP & PROJ	opportunities for unem- ployed learners increased for priority occupations.	6.9 University Student Placement Ent	Une	R 36,000.00	318	300	R 10,800,000.00	R 810,000.00
				/ /			R 34,290,000.00	
SETA NON-PIVOTA	L BUDGET						R 19,202,733.00	
2 SUME DIANI	Research and skills plan-	Research partnerships, Priority     Occupations, Qualifications and     Skills List, Impact Study & Other     Skills & Strategic Planning Activities					R 1,750,000.00	R 131,250.00
2: SKILLS PLAN- NING	ning activities imple- mented to address occu- pations in high demand.	3.2 - 3.4 Number of WSPs & ATRs Approved			Large Firms - 328, Me- dium Firms -381, Small Firms - 608	Large Firms - 350, Me- dium Firms -430, Small Firms - 670	R 1,000,000.00	R 75,000.00
	Supply of quality, relevant					FITTIS - 670		
4: QA	and fit-for-purpose educa- tion and training pro- grammes increased.	Establish & Maintain CSTO Offices			1	1	R 350,000.00	R 26,250.00
	grammes mereasea.	/					R 3,100,000.00	
SPECIAL PROJECTS								
3: LP & PROJ	Improved understanding by workers of sectoral challenges	Trade Unions			6 Trade Unions / Employer Organiza- tions	6 Trade Unions / Employer Organizations	R 2,250,000.00	R 168,750.00
		Special Projects					R 10,852,733.00	R 1,139,249.00

PROG.NO.	OUTCOMES	PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	EMP. STA- TUS	UNIT COSTS	Baseline	TARGET 2025/26	BUDGET 2025/26	Project Administra- tion (7.5%)
4.ADMIN	Skills development deliv- ery improved through ef- fective and efficient SETA governance.	MARKETING					R 3,000,000.00	R 225,000.00
				•				R 4,337,249.00
	TOTAL: NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES						R 53,492,733.00	R 4,337,249.00
								R 1,139,249.00
	VARIANCE -CONTINGENCY						R 0.00	R 0.00
	CONTROL: NON-PIVOTAL BUDGET (LESS PROJECT ADMINISTRATION)						R 53,492,733.00	R 1,139,249.00
								R 0.00
	NON-PIVOTAL GRANT PROJECT ADMINISTRATION BUDGET (7.5%)						R 4,337,249.00	R 4,337,249.00
	TOTAL: NON-PIVOTAL BUDGET (20% OF DG BUDGET)						R 57,829,982.00	
	TOTAL DISCRETIONARY GRANT BUDGET						R 289,149,911.00	

#### NOTES:

i.Included in DG Budget is budget for strategic & innovative projects aligned to the Economic Reconstruction and Recovery Plan (ERRP).

- ii. Unit costs for skills programmes unemployed is R 10,000.00 to make provision for subsistence & travel costs.
- iii. Disability and Rural mandate & targets are overarching in both PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES. Disability Projects Additional R 2500.00 per learner to be funded from Project Administration Budget.
- iv. TVET, HEI, CET, SETA-Employer Partnerships included in BOTH PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL Targets & Budget.
- $v.\ TVET\ and\ CET\ Lecturer\ Industry\ Development\ Programmes\ to\ be\ addressed\ through\ bursaries\ and\ skills\ programmes\ for\ workers.$
- $\hbox{vi. QCTO Qualifications Development to be addressed through special project proposals.}\\$
- vii. Targets for Co-operatives, Small Businesses, CBOs, NGOs and NPOs are overarching in both PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES.
- viii. Budget for Career Event targets and Sponsorships included in Marketing Budget for both PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES.
- ix. Entrepreneurship targets relating to skills training and establishing businesses to be addressed through special projects as well as through PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES.
- x. Artisan Learner Grant funding for the 3 year programme is R 206,290.00. Funding for Year 1 & 2 is R 106,290.00. Year 3 funding is R 100,000.00.
- xi.Strategic re-allocation of interventions for additional targets:

Intervention	Target
TVET students entered work-integrated learning programmes	250
Unemployed learners entered work experience/internship programmes	130 85
Bursary Programmes First Time Entries Entered	25
Skills Programmes Unemployed Entered	400
HET students entered work-integrated learning programmes	40

# (iv) Pivotal and Non-Pivotal Budgets (2026/27)

PROG.NO.	OUTCOMES	PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	EMP. STATUS	UNIT COSTS	Baseline	TARGET 2026/27	BUDGET 2026/27	Project Administration (7.5%)
SETA ADMINIS	STRATION BUDGET							
	Skills development deliv- ery improved through ef-	1.2 % key positions filled		•		100%	Included in SETA Adm budget	
1:ADMIN	fective and efficient SETA governance.							
SETA PIVOTAL	BUDGET							
		4.1 Artisan Programmes Ent	Emp/Une	R 110,000.00	386	434	R 47,740,000.00	R 4,921,000.00
	Increased access to in-	4.1 Artisan Programmes Ent (ARPL)		R 5,000.00	New	226	R 1,130,000.00	R 84,750.00
3: LP & PROJ	termediate and high level occupational pro-	4.4 Learnership Programmes Ent	Une	R 26,200.00	2483	2473	R 64,792,600.00	R 4,859,445.00
J. E. G. MOJ	grammes through effec- tive partnerships.	4.7 Bursary Programmes Ent	Une	R 50,000.00	551	535	R 26,750,000.00	R 2,006,250.00
		4.13 Work Experience / Internships Ent	Une	R 36,000.00	491	550	R 19,800,000.00	R 1,485,000.00
		4.15 Skills Programmes Ent	Une	R 10,000.00	2454	1852	R 18,520,000.00	R 1,389,000.00
, ,	Workers skills upgraded in occupations and critical skills in demand.	6.1 Skills Programmes Ent	Emp	R 7,200.00	1279	1375	R 9,900,000.00	R 742,500.00
		6.3 Learnership Programmes Ent	Emp	R 20,000.00	1025	1075	R 21,500,000.00	R 1,612,500.00
3: LP & PROJ		6.5 Bursary Programmes Ent	Emp	R 50,000.00	110	140	R 7,000,000.00	R 525,000.00
	Increased access for fur- ther technical and occu- pational training for youth and adults with poor foundational skills	5.1 AET Programmes Ent	Emp	R 3,500.00	715	740	R 2,590,000.00	R 194,250.00
4.QA	Supply of quality, relevant and fit-for-purpose education and training programmes increased.	RPL	Emp/Une	R 5,000.00	116	140	R 700,000.00	R 52,500.00
	•				•		R 220,422,600.00	R 17,872,195.00
	TOTAL: PIVOTAL PRO- GRAMMES							
								4,921,000.0
	VARIANCE – CONTINGENCY						R 1,139.00	R 0.00

	PROG.NO.	OUTCOMES	PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	EMP. STATUS	UNIT COSTS	Baseline	TARGET 2026/27	BUDGET 2026/27	Project Administration (7.5%)
		CONTROL: PIVOTAL BUDGET (LESS PROJECT ADMINISTRATION)						R 220,423,739.00	
/		PIVOTAL GRANT PROJECT ADMINISTRATION BUDGET (7.5%)						R 17,872,195.00	R 17,872,195.00
		TOTAL PIVOTAL BUDGET (80%)						R 238,295,934.00	9,842,000.0
	SPECIAL PROJE	CT -PIVOTAI							
	/ Leine Hose	Workplace-based learn- ing opportunities for un-	6.7 TVET Student Placement Ent	Une	R 54,000.00	408	450	R 24,300,000.00	R 1,822,500.00
	3: LP & PROJ	employed learners in- creased for priority occu- pations.	6.9 University Student Placement Ent	Une	R 36,000.00	318	315	R 11,340,000.00	R 850,500.00
					/ /			R 35,640,000.00	
	SETA NON-PIV	OTAL BUDGET						R 19,465,935.00	
	2: SKILLS	Research and skills plan- ning activities	2. Research partnerships, Priority Occupations, Qualifications and Skills List, Impact Study & Other Skills & Strategic Planning Activities					R 1,800,000.00	R 135,000.00
	PLANNING	implemented to address occupations in high de- mand.	3.2 - 3.4 Number of WSPs & ATRs Approved			Large Firms - 328, Me- dium Firms - 381, Small Firms - 608	Large Firms - 355, Me- dium Firms - 440, Small Firms - 700	R 1,000,000.00	R 75,000.00
	4: QA	Supply of quality, relevant and fit-for-purpose education and training programmes increased.	Establish & Maintain CSTO Offices	-		1	1	R 350,000.00	R 26,250.00
								R 3,150,000.00	
	SPECIAL PROJE	CTS							
	3: LP & PROJ	Improved understanding by workers of sectoral challenges	Trade Unions				6 Trade Un- ions / Em- ployer Or- ganizations	R 2,350,000.00	R 176,250.00
			Special Projects					R 10,965,935.00	R 1,157,549.00

PROG.NO.	OUTCOMES	PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	EMP. STATUS	UNIT COSTS	Baseline	TARGET 2026/27	BUDGET 2026/27	Project Administration (7.5%)
4.ADMIN	Skills development deliv- ery improved through ef- fective and efficient SETA governance.	MARKETING			-		R 3,000,000.00	R 225,000.00
	TOTAL: NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES						R 55,105,935.00	R 4,468,049.00
	VARIANCE – CONTINGENCY						R 0.00	0.000
	CONTROL: NON-PIV- OTAL BUDGET (LESS PROJECT ADMINISTRATION)						R 55,105,935.00	
	7.Divinition in the control of the c							1,157,549.00
	NON-PIVOTAL GRANT PROJECT ADMINISTRATION BUDGET (7.5%)						R 4,468,049.00	R 4,468,049.00
	TOTAL: NON-PIVOTAL BUDGET (20% OF DG BUDGET)						R 59,573,984.00	
	TOTAL DISCRETIONARY GR	ANT BUDGET					R 297,869,917.00	

#### NOTES:

i.Included in DG Budget is budget for strategic & innovative projects aligned to the Economic Reconstruction and Recovery Plan (ERRP).

- ii. Unit costs for skills programmes unemployed is R 10,000.00 to make provision for subsistence & travel costs.
- iii. Disability and Rural mandate & targets are overarching in both PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES. Disability Projects Additional R 2500.00 per learner to be funded from Project Administration Budget.
- iv. TVET, HEI, CET, SETA-Employer Partnerships included in BOTH PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL Targets & Budget.
- v. TVET and CET Lecturer Industry Development Programmes to be addressed through bursaries and skills programmes for workers.
- vi. QCTO Qualifications Development to be addressed through special project proposals.
- vii. Targets for Co-operatives, Small Businesses, CBOs, NGOs and NPOs are overarching in both PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES.
- viii. Budget for Career Event targets and Sponsorships included in Marketing Budget for both PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES.
- ix. Entrepreneurship targets relating to skills training and establishing businesses to be addressed through special projects as well as through PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES.
- x. Artisan Learner Grant funding for the 3 year programme is R 206,290.00. Funding for Year 1 & 2 is R 106,290.00. Year 3 funding is R 100,000.00.
- xi.Strategic re-allocation of interventions for additional targets:

Intervention	Targe
TVET students entered work-integrated learning programmes	250
Unemployed learners entered work experience/internship program	imes 90
Learnerships Unemployed	67
Bursary Programmes First Time Entries Entered	50
Skills Programmes Unemployed Entered	218
HET students entered work-integrated learning programmes	35

## (v) Pivotal and Non-Pivotal Budgets (2027/28)

PROG.NO.	OUTCOMES	PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	EMP. STA- TUS	UNIT COSTS	Baseline	TARGET 2027/28	BUDGET 2027/28	Project Administration (7.5%)
SETA ADMINISTRA	TION BUDGET							
	Skills development delivery	1.2 % key positions filled		-•		100%	Included in SETA Adm budget	
1:ADMIN	improved through effective and efficient SETA govern- ance.							
SETA PIVOTAL BUI	DGET							
		4.1 Artisan Programmes Ent	Emp/Une	R 110,000.00	386	440	R 48,400,000.00	R 5,010,947.00
	Increased access to inter-	4.1 Artisan Programmes Ent (ARPL)		R 5,000.00	New	230	R 1,150,000.00	R 86,250.00
3: LP & PROJ	mediate and high level oc- cupational programmes	4.4 Learnership Programmes Ent	Une	R 26,200.00	2483	2530	R 66,286,000.00	R 4,971,450.00
		4.7 Bursary Programmes Ent	Une	R 50,000.00	551	550	R 27,500,000.00	R 2,062,500.00
		4.13 Work Experience / Internships Ent	Une	R 36,000.00	491	590	R 21,240,000.00	R 1,593,000.00
		4.15 Skills Programmes Ent	Une	R 10,000.00	2454	1954	R 19,540,000.00	R 1,465,500.00
	Workers skills upgraded in	6.1 Skills Programmes Ent	Emp	R 7,200.00	1279	1400	R 10,080,000.00	R 756,000.00
	occupations and critical skills in demand.	6.3 Learnership Programmes Ent	Emp	R 20,000.00	1025	1100	R 22,000,000.00	R 1,650,000.00
3: LP & PROJ		6.5 Bursary Programmes Ent	Emp	R 50,000.00	110	150	R 7,500,000.00	R 562,500.00
	Increased access for further technical and occupational training for youth and adults with poor founda- tional skills	5.1 AET Programmes Ent	Emp	R 3,500.00	715	750	R 2,625,000.00	R 196,875.00
4.QA	Supply of quality, relevant and fit-for-purpose educa- tion and training pro- grammes increased.	RPL	Emp/Une	R 5,000.00	116	150	R 750,000.00	R 56,250.00
		/ /					R 227,071,000.00	R 18,411,272.00
	TOTAL: PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES							
								5,010,947.0
	VARIANCE -CONTINGENCY						R 1,351.00	R 0.00
	CONTROL: PIVOTAL BUDGET (LESS PROJECT						R 227,072,351.00	

	PROG.NO.	OUTCOMES	PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	EMP. STA- TUS	UNIT COSTS	Baseline	TARGET 2027/28	BUDGET 2027/28	Project Administration (7.5%)
		ADMINISTRATION)							
		PIVOTAL GRANT PROJECT ADMINISTRATION BUDGET (7.5%)						R 18,411,272.00	R 18,411,272.00
									10,021,894.0
		TOTAL PIVOTAL BUDGET (80%)						R 245,483,623.00	
	SPECIAL PROJECT -	PIVOTAL							
	0. 20	\ _			/				
	3: LP & PROJ	Workplace-based learning opportunities for unemployed learners increased	6.7 TVET Student Placement Ent	Une	R 54,000.00	408	475	R 25,650,000.00	R 1,923,750.00
		for priority occupations.	6.9 University Student Placement Ent	Une	R 36,000.00	318	325	R 11,700,000.00	R 877,500.00
					/ /			R 37,350,000.00	
	SETA NON-PIVOTA	L BUDGET						R 19,418,088.00	
			2. Research partnerships, Priority Occupations, Qualifications and Skills List, Impact Study & Other Skills & Strategic Planning Activities			/		R 1,800,000.00	R 135,000.00
	2: SKILLS PLAN- NING	Research and skills plan- ning activities imple- mented to address occupa- tions in high demand.	3.2 - 3.4 Number of WSPs & ATRs Approved			Large Firms - 328, Me- dium Firms -	Large Firms - 360, Me- dium Firms	R 1,000,000.00	R 75,000.00
			protect			381, Small Firms - 608	-450, Small Firms - 720		
	4: QA	Supply of quality, relevant and fit-for-purpose educa- tion and training programmes increased.	Establish & Maintain CSTO Offices			1	1	R 350,000.00	R 26,250.00
						-0		R 3,150,000.00	
_	SPECIAL PROJECTS						6.7. 1.11		
9	3: LP & PROJ	Improved understanding by workers of sectoral chal- lenges	Trade Unions		•		6 Trade Unions / Employer Organizations	R 2,350,000.00	R 176,250.00
			Special Projects					R 10,918,088.00	R 1,164,068.00

PROG.NO.	OUTCOMES	PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	EMP. STA- TUS	UNIT COSTS	Baseline	TARGET 2027/28	BUDGET 2027/28	Project Administration (7.5%)
4.ADMIN	Skills development delivery improved through effective and efficient SETA govern- ance.	MARKETING					R 3,000,000.00	R 225,000.00
	TOTAL: NON-PIVOTAL PRO- GRAMMES						R 56,768,088.00	R 4,602,818.00
	VARIANCE -CONTINGENCY						R 0.00	0.000
	CONTROL: NON-PIVOTAL BUDGET (LESS PROJECT AD- MINISTRATION)						R 56,768,088.00	
								1,164,068.00
	NON-PIVOTAL GRANT PROJECT ADMINISTRATION BUDGET (7.5%)						R 4,602,818.00	R 4,602,818.00
	TOTAL: NON-PIVOTAL BUDGET (20% OF DG BUDGET)						R 61,370,906.00	
	TOTAL DISCRETIONARY GRANT BUDGET						R 306,854,529.00	

#### NOTES:

i.Included in DG Budget is budget for strategic & innovative projects aligned to the Economic Reconstruction and Recovery Plan (ERRP).

- ii. Unit costs for skills programmes unemployed is R 10,000.00 to make provision for subsistence & travel costs.
- iii. Disability and Rural mandate & targets are overarching in both PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES. Disability Projects Additional R 2500.00 per learner to be funded from Project Administration Budget.
- iv. TVET, HEI, CET, SETA-Employer Partnerships included in BOTH PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL Targets & Budget.
- v. TVET and CET Lecturer Industry Development Programmes to be addressed through bursaries and skills programmes for workers.
- vi. QCTO Qualifications Development to be addressed through special project proposals.
- vii. Targets for Co-operatives, Small Businesses, CBOs, NGOs and NPOs are overarching in both PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES.
- viii. Budget for Career Event targets and Sponsorships included in Marketing Budget for both PIVOTAL & NON-PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES.
- ix. Entrepreneurship targets relating to skills training and establishing businesses to be addressed through special projects as well as through PIVOTAL PROGRAMMES.
- x. Artisan Learner Grant funding for the 3 year programme is R 206,290.00. Funding for Year 1 & 2 is R 106,290.00. Year 3 funding is R 100,000.00.
- xi.Strategic re-allocation of interventions for additional targets:

Intervention	Target
TVET students entered work-integrated learning programmes	s 250
Unemployed learners entered work experience/internship pr	ogrammes 60
Learnerships Unemployed	45
Bursary Programmes First Time Entries Entered	50
Skills Programmes Unemployed Entered	146
HET students entered work-integrated learning programmes	35

PROJECT ADMINISTRATION PER PROGRA	PROJECT ADMINISTRATION PER PROGRAMME							
PROGRAMME	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28			
1. ADMINISTRATION	R 225,000.00	R 225,000.00	R 225,000.00	R 225,000.00	R 225,000.00			
2. SKILLS PLANNING	R 165,000.00	R 187,500.00	R 206,250.00	R 210,000.00	R 210,000.00			
3. LEARNING PROGRAMMES & PROJECTS	R 20,037,845.00	R 20,598,457.00	R 21,178,119.00	R 22,051,494.00	R 22,496,590.00			
		/ /						
4. QUALITY ASSURANCE & PARTNERSHIPS	R 70,500.00	R 73,125.00	R 76,875.00	R 78,750.00	R 82,500.00			

### 6.2. Types of Programmes –Occupations in High Demand to be Supported

The FP&M SETA's Annual Performance Plan aims to broadly respond to the identified scarce and critical skills by implementing various programmes both in addressing skills gaps, with specific focus on the follow priority programmes as per PIVOTAL Skills needs – Refer to FP&M SETA Scarce & Critical Skills Annexure for details on Types of Programmes to be Supported.

PERIOD	OCCUPATION CODE	OCCUPATION	SPECIALISATION/ ALTERNATIVE TITLE	INTERVENTION PLANNED BY THE SETA	NQF	NQF ALIGNED	QUANTITY NEEDED	QUANTITY TO BE SUPPORTED BY SETA
2023/2024	2021-832909	Textile, Clothing and Foot- wear Factory Worker	Clothing and Textile Factory Worker	Learnership	Level 3	Yes	1000	600
2023/2024	2021-432104	Warehouse Administrator / Clerk	Wool Storage Controller / Manager	Skills programme	Level 4	Yes	200	100
2023/2024	2021-683202	Apparel and related pat- tern maker	Apparel and related pat- tern maker	Learnership	Level 4	Yes	150	100

	PERIOD	OCCUPATION CODE	OCCUPATION	SPECIALISATION/ ALTERNATIVE TITLE	INTERVENTION PLANNED BY THE SETA	NQF	NQF ALIGNED	QUANTITY NEEDED	QUANTITY TO BE SUPPORTED BY SETA
	2023/2024	2021-312201	Production / Operations Supervisor (Manufacturing)	Production / Operations Supervisor (Manufacturing)	Skills programme	Level 5	Yes	50	30
	2023/2024	2021-683401	Upholsterer	Upholsterer	Learnership	Level 4	Yes	150	100
	2023/2024	2021-661801	Textile, Leather and Re- lated Materials Handicraft Workers	Handicraft Footwear Maker Embroiderer	Apprenticeship	Level 4	Yes	100	70
	2023/2024	2021-832903	Timber and Wood Process Worker	Wood and Wood Products Factory Worker	Learnership	Level 3	Yes	100	50
	2023/2024	2021-714301	Paper Products Machine Operator	Machine Operator (Card- board Products)	Apprenticeship	Level 4	Yes	150	80
_	2023/2024	2021-734102	Logging Plant Operator	Forestry Processor Operator	Bursary	Level 5	Yes	120	30
	2023/2024	2021-641502	Carpenter	Carpenter	Apprenticeship	Level 4	Yes	100	30
	2023/2024	2021-721101	Machinery Assembler	Machinery Assembler	Learnership	Level 3	Yes	50	40

### 6.3. FP&M Seta Economic Recovery and Reconstruction Skills Plan

# Planned interventions for the medium to long term

	OFO-CODE	OCCUPATIONS	SUB-SECTOR/INDUSTRY	INTERVENTIONS	NUMBERS TO BE SUPPORTED
	2021-213203	Forrest Scientist	Forestry	Bursary	150
	2021-621101	Tree Feller	Forestry	Learnership, Skills Programme	1000
	2021-682201	Cabinet Maker Furniture		Learnership, Skills Programme	1000
_	2021-832903	Furniture Finisher	Furniture	Learnership, Skills Programme	500
	2021-216603	Timber and Wood Process Worker	Furniture	Learnership, Skills Programme	1000
	2021-682303	Multimedia Designer	edia Designer Printing		750

	OFO-CODE	OCCUPATIONS	SUB-SECTOR/INDUSTRY	INTERVENTIONS	NUMBERS TO BE SUPPORTED
	2021-682303	Packaging Machine Operator	Packaging	Apprenticeship	100
/	2021-717102	Wood Machinist	Wood Products	Learnerships, Skills Programme	250
	2021-313903	Paper and Pulp Mill Operator	Pulp & Paper	Learnership, Skills Programme	500
	2021-718305	Clothing, Textile and Footwear Manufacturing Process Control Technician	Clothing	Skills Programme	500
	2021-684901	Textile, Clothing, Footwear and Leather Processing Machine Mechanic	Clothing, Foootwear, Textiles, Leather, General Goods	Learnership , Skills Programme	100
	2021-683201	Clothing, Home Textiles and General Goods Cutter	Clothing, Foootwear, Textiles, Leather, General Goods	Learnership, Skills Programme	250
	2021-683202	Apparel and related pattern maker	Clothing, Home Textiles	Learnership, Skills Programme	250
	2021-715605	Leather Finishing Operator	Leather	Learnership, Skills Programme	200
	2021-216304	Footwear Designer	Footwear	Learnership, Skills Programme	250
	2021-715602	Footwear Closing Production Machine Operator	Footwear	Learnership, Skills Programme	250
	2021-715603	Footwear Bottom Stock Production Machine Operator	Footwear	Learnership, Skills Programme	250
	2021-715201	Weaving Machine Operator	Textiles	Apprenticeship, Learnership, Skills Programme	100
	2021-214101	Industrial Engineer	Forestry, Clothing, Textiles, Footwear, Leather, Pulp & Paper, Printing, Packaging, General Goods, Furniture, Wood Products	Bursary, Internships	100
	2021-671202	Millwright	Forestry, Clothing, Textiles, Footwear, Leather, Pulp & Paper	Apprenticeship	100
	2021-213302	Environmental Scientist	Forestry, Clothing, Textiles, Footwear, Leather, Pulp & Paper, Printing, Packaging, General Goods, Furniture, Wood Products	Skills Programme	100
	2021-214104	Production Engineering Technologist (specialising as Leather and Footwear Production Technologists)	Footwear and Leather	Bursaries	100
	2021-715601	Footwear Cutting Production Machine Operator	Footwear	Learnership, Skills Programme	250
	2021-715605	Footwear Finishing Production Machine Operator	Footwear	Learnership, Skills Programme	250
	2021-715604	Footwear Lasting Production Machine Operator	Footwear	Learnership, Skills Programme	250
	2021-216302	Industrial Designer	Forestry, Clothing, Textiles, Footwear, Leather, Pulp & Paper, Printing, Packaging, General Goods, Furniture, Wood Products	Bursaries, Skills programmes	200

OFO-CODE	OCCUPATIONS	SUB-SECTOR/INDUSTRY	INTERVENTIONS	NUMBERS TO BE SUPPORTED
2021-313901	Integrated Manufacturing Line Process Control Technician	Clothing, Textiles, Footwear, Leather, Pulp & Paper, Printing, Packaging, General Goods, Furniture, Wood Products	Bursaries, Skills programmes	150
2021-715301	Sewing Machinist	Clothing, Textiles, Footwear and Leather	Learnership, Skills Programme	1700
2021-652302	Fitter and Turner	Forestry, Clothing, Textiles, Footwear, Leather, Pulp & Paper, Printing, Packaging, General Goods, Furniture, Wood Products	Apprenticeship	200
2021-683401	Upholsterer	Leather, Furniture	Learnership, Skills Programme	750
2021-226302	Safety, Health, Environment and Quality (SHE&Q) Practitioner	Forestry, Clothing, Textiles, Footwear, Leather, Pulp & Paper, Printing, Packaging, General Goods, Furniture, Wood Products	Bursary, Learnership, Skills Programme	350
2021-715501	Leather Processing Machine Operator	Leather	Learnerships, Skills programmes	250

# 6.4. Skills for the Bio-Innovation Industry and Environment

To provide skills in new expanding areas of biorefining and biomanufacturing

To empower Science and Engineering students with practical work exposure to enhance employability.

OFO-CODE	OCCUPATIONS	INTERVENTION	NUMBERS TO SUPPORTED
2021-212203	Woodprocessing Chemists /Scientist	Bursaries, Work Experience / Internships, WIL-HET	50
2021-214501	Chemical Engineers	Bursaries, Work Experience / Internships, WIL-HET	50
2021-243402	ICT Business Development Managers	Bursaries, Work Experience / Internships, WIL-HET	50
2021-213105	Biotechnologists	Bursaries, Work Experience / Internships, WIL-HET	50

### 7. UPDATED KEY RISKS

	OUTCOME	KEY RISKS	MITIGATION
	Improved, effective and efficient SETA governance and skills	Non-compliance to legislation	Effective policies and improved internal control systems
\	delivery	Inaccurate and incomplete reporting through SETMIS	Internal reporting systems aligned to SETMIS Reporting requirements
	Quality research and skills planning activities to address occupations in high demand.	Lack of quality research partnerships will result in poor skills planning and labour market analysis	Implement Research Chair partnership
/	Increased workplace-based learning opportunities to address priority occupations.	Insufficient funds to support the skills needs of the sector.	DG sweeping and update of Commitments Register Sponsorship and Donor Funding
		Delayed activation of PIVOTAL projects will result in the SETA not meeting its targets	DG Contractual Agreements with explicit timeframes for commencement of DG Projects
	Improved skills level of workers in occupations in high demand.	Slow completion rate of PIVOTAL programmes, especially Appren-	Implementation of Monitoring & Evaluation Framework
	Increased access to occupationally-directed programmes through effective partnerships.	ticeship and Bursary Programmes	
	Increased access to occupationally-directed programmes	Lack of partnership agreements	Creative incentives and aligned partnership programmes
	through effective partnerships.	Lack of capacity in TVET Colleges to implement SETA projects	Qualitative monitoring of TVET Colleges to identify risk and challenges as they occur
	Increased supply of quality, relevant and fit-for-purpose education and training programmes	Lack of capacity in CET Colleges to implement SETA projects	Partner with other role players to strengthen support for CET Colleges.  Qualitative monitoring of TVET Colleges to identify risk and challenges as they occur

### 8. PARTNERSHIPS

### TVET Partnerships in Support of TVET Enrolment at TVET Colleges – Aligned to FP&M SETA Programmes

TVET PAI	RTNERSHIPS								
No	Occupation Code	Occupation	Learning Programme	Intervention	Name of TVET College	No of Learners	Total	Start date	End Date
1	671101	Electrician	Electrical	Apprenticeship	College of Cape Town	10	1,100,000.00	01/02/2021	01/05/2023
2	682301	Furniture Maker	National Certificate: Furni- ture Making: Wood: Uphol- stery Level 2	Learnership	College of Cape Town	20	524,000.00	01/02/2021	01/11/2022
3	652302	Fitter and Turner	Mechanical Fitter	Apprenticeship	False Bay College	10	1,100,000.00	01/10/2020	08/01/2023
4		Various	Various	WIL TVET	False Bay College	20	1,242,000.00	01/10/2020	01/07/2022
5 _		Various	Various	WIL TVET	Northlink College Bellville	20	1,242,000.00	01/11/2020	01/08/2022
6	651302	Boilermaker	Boilermaker	Apprenticeship	West Coast TVET College	5	550,000.00	01/10/2020	01/01/2023
7	652302	Fitter and Turner	Fitter and Turner	Apprenticeship	West Coast TVET College	5	550,000.00	01/10/2020	01/01/2023
8	_	Various	Various	WIL TVET	West Coast TVET College	20	1,242,000.00	01/10/2020	01/07/2022
9	715301	Garment Constructor	National Certificate in CTFL  Manufacturing Processes:  Patternmaker (Clothing)	Learnership	Boland College	30	786,000.00	29/10/2021	29/07/2023
10		Various	Various	Work Integrated Learning (TVET)	Boland College	15	870,750.00	01/09/2021	01/06/2023
11	394101	Furniture Maker	National Certificate in Furni- ture Production: Upholstery Level 2	Learnership	College of Cape Town	15	393,000.00	01/02/2022	06/06/2023
12	-	Various	Various	Work Integrated Learning (TVET)	College of Cape Town	20	1,080,000.00	01/09/2021	01/05/2023
13		Various	Various	Work Integrated Learning (TVET)	False Bay College	30	1,620,000.00	02/09/2021	02/05/2023
14		Various	Various	Work Integrated Learning (TVET)	Northlink College Bellville	30	1,741,500.00	01/09/2021	01/06/2023
15		Various	Various	Work Integrated Learning (TVET)	West Coast TVET College	30	1,620,000.00	01/09/2021	01/06/2023
16		Various	Various	WIL – TVET	Sekhukhune TVET College	25	1,620,000.00	01/10/2020	01/07/2022
17	715301	Garment Constructor	Clothing Manufacturing	Learnerships – Unemployed	Sekhukhune TVET College	20	524,000.00	01/10/2020	01/07/2022
18		Various	Various	WIL – TVET	Tshwane North College	20	1,296,000.00	15/09/2020	15/06/2022

TVET PAF	RTNERSHIPS								
No	Occupation Code	Occupation	Learning Programme	Intervention	Name of TVET College	No of Learners	Total	Start date	End Date
19	832903	Wood Products Factory Worker	Furniture Production Wood	Learnerships – Unemployed	Ekurhuleni East College (Kwathema Springs)	20	524,000.00	01/10/2020	01/07/2022
20	652302	Fitter and Turner	Fitter and Turner	Apprenticeships	Letaba TVET College	5	550,000.00	14/09/2020	14/12/2022
21	652302	Fitter and Turner	Fitter and Turner	Apprenticeships	Letaba TVET College	5	550,000.00	14/09/2020	14/12/2022
22	715301	Garment Constructor	Clothing Manufacturing	Learnerships - Unemployed	South West Gauteng College	20	524,000.00	01/10/2020	01/07/2022
23			WIL – TVET	WIL – TVET	Waterberg FET College	20	1,296,000.00	01/09/2020	01/06/2022
24	652302	Fitter and Turner	Fitter and Turner	Apprenticeships	Lephalale TVET College	5	550,000.00	01/11/2020	01/02/2023
25	652302	Fitter and Turner	Fitter and Turner	Apprenticeships	Lephalale TVET College	5	550,000.00	01/11/2020	01/02/2023
26			Manufacturing process: Home Textiles	Learnership Unemployed	Capricorn TVET College	20	524,000.00	15/08/2021	15/05/2023
27		/ / /	Various	Work Integrated Learning (TVET)	Ekurhuleni East College (Kwathema Springs)	15	810,000.00	01/09/2021	01/06/2023
28			Sewing	Skills Programme	Letaba TVET College	20	200,000.00	16/07/2021	16/08/2022
29		/ / /=	Various	Work Integrated Learning (TVET)	SEKHUKHUNE TVET COL- LEGE	25	1,350,000.00	01/08/2021	01/05/2023
30			Cabinet Making	Learnership Unemployed	SEKHUKHUNE TVET COL- LEGE	20	524,000.00	30/08/2021	22/05/2023
31			Various	Work Integrated Learning (TVET)	South West Gauteng College	25	1,350,000.00	01/08/2021	01/05/2023
32			Various	Work Integrated Learning (TVET)	Tshwane North College	20	1,080,000.00	05/09/2021	05/03/2023
33		- /	Various	Work Integrated Learning (TVET)	Waterberg FET College	25	1,350,000.00	01/09/2021	01/06/2023
34		Various	Internship	WIL TVET	Coastal KZN TVET College	20	1080 000,00	01/10/2020	01/04/2022
35	715301	Garment Constructor	Clothing Manufacturing	Learnership Unemployed	Coastal KZN TVET College	20	524 000,00	01/10/2020	01/04/2022
36	394101	Furniture Maker	Furniture Making: Wood	Learnership Unemployed	Elangeni TVET College	20	524 000,00	01/10/2020	01/04/2022
37	682301	Furniture Maker	Furniture Making: Upholstery Level 2	Skills Programme Unemployed	Flavius Mareka TVET College	25	250 000,00	28/04/2021	28/02/2022

TVET PA	RTNERSHIPS								
No	Occupation Occupation Code		Learning Programme	Intervention	Name of TVET College	No of Learners	Total	Start date	End Date
38		Various	Internship – Electrical Engi- neering/HR Manage- ment/Business Management & Marketing Management	WIL TVET	Flavius Mareka TVET College	20	1 080 000,00	14/09/2020	14/03/2022
39			Diploma in Project Manage- ment	Bursary	Mnambithi TVET College	2	70 000,00	01/03/2021	01/03/2022
40	715301	Garment Constructor	Clothing Manufacturing	Internship	uMgungundlovu TVET College	50	1 840 000,00	01/03/2021	30/08/2022
41		Various	Internship	WIL TVET	Coastal KZN TVET College	25	1 350 000	01/09/2021	01/03/2023
42	394101	Furniture Maker	Furniture Making: Wood	Learnership Unemployed	Elangeni TVET College	20	524 000,00	02/08/2021	02/02/2023
43			Internship	WIL-TVET	Ikhala Tvet College	25	1 350 000,00	14/07/2021	14/01/2023
44			Internship	WIL-TVET	Ingwe TVET College	25	1 350 000,00	01/09/2021	01/03/2023
45			Internship	WIL-TVET	Love Dale TVET College	20	1 080 000,00	03/08/2021	03/02/2023
46		Machinist	Joint component part Ma- chinist	Skills Programme Unemployed	Mnambithi TVET College	25	250 000	11/10/2021	11/08/2022
57	715301	Garment Constructor	GET: Clothing Manufacturing Processes	Learnership Unemployed	Umfolozi Tvet College	20	524 000	09/08/2021	09/02/2023
	TOTAL					937	R 31 008 250.00		

GOVERNMENT DEPARTME	GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT PARTNERSHIPS								
Department	Province	Institution	Name of Project/Project Description	Number of Learners	Start Date	End Date	Cost per pro- ject	Planned or Cur- rent	
Department of Forestry, Fisheries and the Environ- ment	Western Cape	National	Rural Development – Chainsaw Operator Skills Programme	90	1/09/2021	01/10/2022	386 100.00	Current	
Boksburg Correctional Services	Gauteng		Boksburg Correctional Services	40	02/08/2021	02/09/2022	400,000.00	Current	
Bushbuckridge Local Mu- nicipality	Mpumalanga		Bushbuckridge Local Municipality	20	16/08/2021	16/05/2023	524,000.00	Current	

# 9. OVERVIEW OF 2022/23 TO 2025/26 BUDGET AND MTEF ESTIMATES

### 9.1. Medium Term Income Estimates

		2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R,000	R,000	R,000	R,000
Levy Income	Based on new grant regulations	365,000	227,157	347,078	358,083	368,826	379,891	391,287	403 ,026
	Administration levy income (10.5%)	47,278	28,966	44,848	46,998	48,408	49,860	51,356	52,897
	QCTO income (0.5%)	2,364	2,505	1,689	2,350	2,420	2,493	2,567	2,644
	Administration Income (10%)	44,914	31,471	43,159	44,648	45,988	47,367	48,789	50,253
-	Mandatory grant Income (20%)	89,410	54,970	85,385	89,520	92,206	94,972	97,822	100,756
	Discretionary income (49.5%)	268,006	136,720	211,497	221,564	228,211	235,057	242,109	249,372
Investment income	•	39,628	19,100	16,284	19,872	20,567	21,287	22,032	22,804
SDL interest & penalties  Donor Funding  Other income		5,602 - 66	5,364	5,348	6,051	6,172	6,295	6,422	6,550
Total Estimated Revenue		404,694	251,621	363,400	384,006	395,565	407,474	419,742	432,380

#### 9.2. Expenditure Estimates

FP&M SETA MEDIUM TERM EXPENDITURE ESTIMATES								
EXPENSES	2019/20 R,000	2020/21 R,000	2021/22 R,000	2022/23 R,000	2023/24 R,000	2024/25 R,000	2025/26 R,000	2026/27 R,000
Less Expenses	432,689	332,887	385,384	384,007	395,565	407,474	419,742	432,380
Administration expenditure	42,996	35,549	38,626	44,818	47,567	49,425	51,356	52,897
QCTO expenditure (0.5%)	2,424	2,505	1,689	2,208	2,252	2,298	2,343	2,391
Administration expenditure (10%)	40,572	33,044	36,937	42,610	45,315	47,127	49,013	50,506
Mandatory grant expenses	69,978	35,549	65,972	72,512	74,687	76,928	79,236	81,613
Total discretionary spending / commitments including discretionary and project administration excluding spending on previous year commitments	319,715	254,970	280,786	266,676	273,311	281,121	289,150	297,870
Discretionary expenses on pivotal programmes (80% of total discretionary funds received)	229,426	237,659	260,810	197,340	202,250	208,029	213,971	220,424
Discretionary expenses - project costs ( 20% of total discretionary funds received)	73,628	-	-	49,355	50,562	52,007	53,493	55,106
Discretionary pivotal grant administration expenses 7.5% limit	14,727	17,311	19,976	16,000	16,399	16,867	17,349	17,872
Discretionary project administration expenses 7.5% limit	1,934	-	-	4,000	4,100	4,217	4,337	4,468
Surplus / (deficit)	-27,996	-81,266	-21,984	-	-	-	-	-

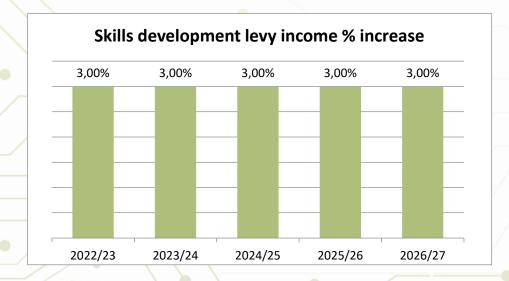
#### Overview of the MTEF expenditure estimates for 2022/23 to 2025/26

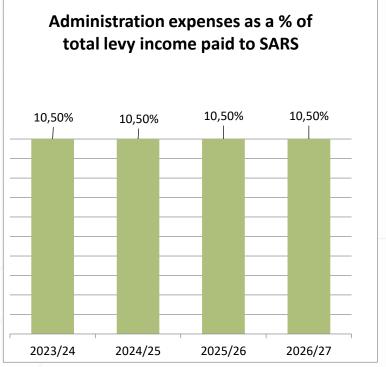
Note 1: In order to improve operational and financial performance, the FP&M SETA has implemented dedicated internal projects to address the following:

Contract management and payment process deficiencies including mechanisms to address fast tracking of discretionary grant payments in line with timeframes set out in the National Treasury Regulations.

The budget information (Medium term estimate) is done on (cash/accrual) basis.

	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
Expenses	Audit Outcome	Audit Out- come	Audit Out- come	Revised budget estimate	Revised budget	Revised budget	Revised budget	Planning Budget Estimate
				•				
Rand thousand								
Objective/Activity	•							
Administration	42,996	35,549	38,626	44,818	47,567	49,424	51,356	52,897
Economic classification						•		
Compensation of employees	23,415	17,846	17,085	19,586	20,369	21,184	22,032	22,913
Advertising	215	114	47	140	146	152	158	164
Audit costs	1,612	1,823	2,774	2,362	2,456	2,555	2,657	2,763
Bank charges	52	46	39	56	58	60	63	66
Board costs	383	315	361	761	791	823	856	890
Communication	802	577	612	612	636	662	688	716
Consultants	381	660	300	150	156	162	169	175
Inventory	154	18	43	140	145	151	157	163
Lease Payments	4,085	4,028	4,142	5,650	6,875	7,150	7,437	7,198
Repairs and maintenance	12	0	0	55	57	60	62	65
Research and development	2,391	2,394	4,451	4,801	4,992	5,192	5,400	5,616
Training and staff development	511	30	20	196	204	212	220	229
Travel and subsistence	1,041	2	64	52	54	56	58	61
Other general expenses	6,373	5,830	5,461	7,782	8,054	8,328	8,615	8,982
Depreciation	1,569	1,866	3,047	2,475	2,574	2,677	2,784	2,896
Transfers and subsidies	387,386	297,338	329,872	339,188	347,998	358,048	368,386	379,483
Employer Grant (SETAs only)	69,978	42,368	65,972	72,511	74,687	76,927	79,236	81,613
Discretionary Grant (SETAs only)	317,408	254,970	280,786	266,676	273,311	281,121	289,150	297,870
Total Expenditure	430,382	332,887	385,384	384,007	395,565	407,474	419,742	432,380





The total skills development levy allocation for 2023/24 is projected at a 3% increase on 2022/23. A further 3% increase for all financial years across the MTEF period has been projected.

The revised grant regulations allow for the SETA to allocate 10.5% to its administration expenses of which 0.5% must be paid out to the QCTO. FP&M SETA has allocated the full 10.5% skills development levy administration to the administration expense budget. These expenses will be closely monitored during the financial years against approved budgets. Cost containment measures have also been adopted in line with Treasury cost containment measures and expenses have been increased over the MTEF by a conservative inflationary amount of 4%.

The 2023/24 mandatory grant expenses are estimated at 20% of skills development levies received. However, the budget is restricted to a pay-out ratio of 81% (including for the years 2020/21-2024/25)

Discretionary grants available for allocation include 49.5% of skills development levies, interest and penalties on skills development levies, 19% (unspent) of mandatory grant income and investment income.

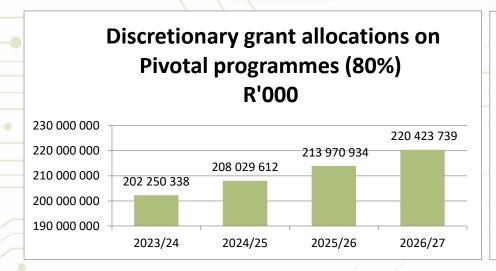
Depreciation and amortization budget is based on the budgeted CAPEX needs of the organization.

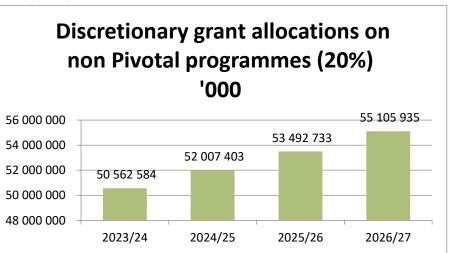
Funds available for discretionary grants, project administration costs and special projects which have been allocated in accordance to the strategic objectives and the SETA Grant Regulations of 2012 are reflected in the graphs below:

Total Discretionary Grant Budget (2022/23-2025/26) excluding reserves carried over from 2021/22

2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
R266,676,156	R273,311,268	R281,121,097	R289,149,911

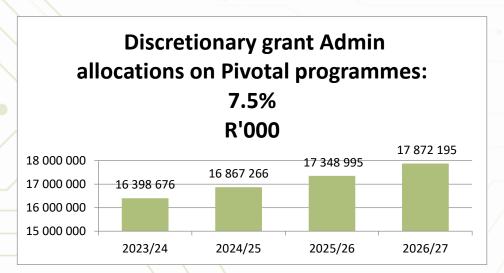
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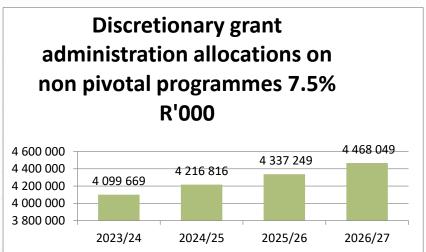




80% of Discretionary grants allocated to PIVOTAL programs that addresses scarce and critical skills in the FP&M sector, 20% of Discretionary grant budget allocated to address other key strategic objectives of the FP&M Sector Skills Plan and Annual Strategic Plan.

Pivotal and non-pivotal grant administration has been limited to 7.5% in line with the grant regulations.





# Part D: Technical Indicator Description (TID)

#### 5.1

Indicator title / objective	(i) Percentage of Key Positions filled							
Short definition	Strategic and executive management positions of the staffing structure are filled (permanently or in acting capacity) to ensure service delivery and fulfil the SETA mandate, it is critical that all key positions are filled – these positions are the CEO, CFO, General Managers, and Chief Information Officer positions.							
Purpose/importance	To ensure that the FP&M SETA's performance is not compromised or hampered in any way, it is critical that the SETA is adequately resourced at a senior level and has the capacity to deliver on its strategic mandate as contained in the Strategic Plan and APP.							
Source/collection of data	Employment Contracts of all key positions are current –All senior management positions (CEO, CFO, General Managers and Chief Information Officer), filled either by permanent or acting personnel.							
Method of Calculation / Assessment	100% of key positions filled either in a permanent or acting capacity							
Means of verification	Signed employment contracts or signed employee appointment letters that covers the reporting period of 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024							
Assumptions	Resignations will take place. Senior Management positions may become vacant during the financial year and will be filled by acting personnel.							
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 40% or 2 out of the 6 senior management positions  Target for Youth: Not applicable  Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% or 1 out of the 6 senior management positions, which will also include women							
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Not applicable							
Calculation type	Non-cumulative							
Reporting cycle	Reported annually in Quarter 4.							
New indicator	No							
Desired performance	Target is set at desirable level, which is 100% of the target.							
Indicator responsibility	Human Resources Manager							

	Indicator title / objective	(ii) Number of Quarterly SETA Good Governance Reports submitted to DHET						
	Short definition	In terms of the Service Level Agreement (SLA) entered into between FP&M SETA and the Department of Higher Education Training to agree on the targets required by the SETA in performing its statutory functions, the submission of Quarterly SETA Good Governance Reports is a compliance requirement.						
	Purpose/importance	o improve governance oversight, monitoring and performance of the FP&M SETA.						
	Source/collection of data	Signed Quarterly SETA Good Governance Report						
-	Method of Calculation / Assessment	4 out of 4 Quarterly SETA Governance Reports submitted to DHET						
/	Means of verification	Proof of submission of Quarterly SETA Governance Reports submitted to DHET for the reporting period 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024						
	Assumptions	Report completed on template Quarterly SETA Governance Report signed by the Chief Executive Officer and submitted to DHET as per required timeframes						
	Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Not applicable						
_	Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Not applicable						
	Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)						
	Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.						
•	New indicator	Yes						
	Desired performance	Target is set at desirable level, which is 100% of the target.						
	Indicator responsibility	Human Resources Manager						

Indicator title / objective	(i) Percentage of discretionary grant budget allocated at developing high, intermediate, and elementary skills.
Short definition	Discretionary Grants are used to develop skills, focusing on high, intermediate, and elementary skills. The SETA Grant Regulations requires that 80% be spent on PIVOTAL programmes to fund priority programmes. Discretionary grants are allocated and approved by FP&M SETA Board for PIVOTAL Programmes to address high, intermediate, and elementary skills, occupations and qualifications in high demand for the FP&M sector as per budget allocation.
Purpose/importance	The purpose of this performance indicator is to ensure that financial resources and discretionary grant budget provisioning is made available to address PIVOTAL programmes and occupations in high demand.
Source/collection of data	Discretionary Grant Schedule of approved discretionary grants aligned to discretionary grant budget allocation for PIVOTAL Programmes aligned to high, intermediate and elementary skills, occupations and qualifications in high demand for the FP&M sector.
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Discretionary grant allocation/expenditure for all PIVOTAL programmes (high, intermediate, and elementary skills) expressed as a percentage of the total DG budget/spend. This would be a single schedule representing a split between DG approval for PIVOTAL and NON-PIVOTAL programmes expressed as a percentage. It is broken down into three components but will be accounted for and presented as a PIVOTAL schedule.
Means of verification	Pivotal Schedule reflecting DG budget and / or spend on high, intermediate, and elementary skills interventions for the reporting period 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024
Assumptions	There may be deviations in DG budget which can result in a higher or lower allocation for PIVOTAL programmes.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Not applicable
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of PIVOTAL projects must support township and rural development.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-end)
Reporting cycle	Reported annually in Quarter 4.
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Target is set at desirable level, which is 100% of the target.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects & Quality Assurance.

		(ii) Number of WSPs and ATRs approved for small firms
	Indicator title/objective	(iii) Number of WSPs and ATRs approved for medium firms
		(iv)Number of WSPs and ATRs approved for large firms
		"Regulated timeframes" – as per SETA grant regulations.
	Short definition	"WSPs and ATRs" – refers to the mandatory grant application that consists of a non-pivotal and pivotal workplace skills plan (WSP) and non-pivotal and pivotal
		annual training report (ATR). In order to qualify for the mandatory grant, companies must complete at least the non-pivotal or pivotal WSP and the non-pivotal
		or pivotal ATR. In the case of first time submissions, only the non-pivotal or pivotal WSP must be completed.
		"Large firms" – 150+ employees
		"Medium firms" – 50 – 149 employees
		"Small firms" – 1 – 49 employees
		"Approved" – WSPs and ATRs are evaluated against evaluation criteria and are APPROVED for payment.
		Companies to be categorized as per employment summary on WSP/ATR.
		Skills Planning should be complemented with better data and improved labour market analysis, in order to make accurate labour market projections to inform
	Purpose/importance	the FP&M SETA Sector Skills Plan through the identification of the scarce and critical skills gaps within the sector. The rationale is that any human resource/skills
		planning should be complemented with better data and improved labour market analysis as provided by the WSPs and ATRs
	Source/collection of data	Number of WSPs/ATRs submitted to FP&M SETA as recorded on the FP&M SETA LMIS system and evaluated for approval as per evaluation criteria
	Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple Count of approved WSPs and ATRs submissions.
		Approved schedule of submitted WSPs/ATRs /PIVOTAL PLANs or SPOI Lists for either small, medium or large skills levy paying companies aligned to the report-
	Means of verification	ing period 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024
	Assumptions	All WSP/ATR submissions captured on FP&M SETA Indicium system.
		WSP/ATR information not pulling through from the MIS module to FP&M SETA Indicium System.
	S	Target for Women: Not applicable
	Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where appli-	Target for Youth: Not applicable
	cable)	Target for People with Disabilities: Not applicable
	Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Not applicable
	Calculation Type	Cumulative (year-end)
	Reporting cycle	Annually, Reported in third and/or fourth quarter.
	New indicator	No
	Trew indicates	
	Desired performance	Target is set at desirable level, which is 100% of the target
	Desired performance	Target is set at desirable level, which is 100% of the target.
	Indicator responsibility	Skills Planning and Reporting Manager

Indicator title/objective	(v) Number of research agreements signed.
Short definition	Research agreement signed with a higher education institution or research organizations to address sector skills development.
Purpose/importance	To build research capacity for universities/TVETs/research and industry organizations so that they become empowered to participate in the skills agenda of South Africa and in so doing contribute to skills development aligned to the research agenda of the FP&M SETA.
Source/collection of data	Research Agreement
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of number of research agreements signed
Means of verification	Signed MoAs & Annexures or Formal Commitment with research partners aligned to the reporting period 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024
Assumptions	Availability of DG budget
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Not applicable Target for Youth: Not applicable Target for People with Disabilities: Not applicable
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-end)
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Not applicable
Reporting cycle	Annual, reported in Quarter 4
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Skills Planning, Reporting and Research

(vi) Number of sector research agreements signed for TVET growth occupationally directed programmes
Research agreement signed with a research organization to address impact of FP&M SETA TVET partnerships for capacity building and growth. The research study can be both independent research or part of the FP&M SETA impact study.
NSDP emphasizes partnerships between SETAs and public TVET colleges to create increased capacity to meet industry needs for the supply of skills.
Research Agreement
Simple count of number of research agreements signed addressing TVET partnerships
Signed MoAs & Annexures or Formal Commitment with research partner aligned to the reporting period 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024
Availability of DG budget and signed Terms of Reference
Target for Women: Not applicable Target for Youth: Not applicable Target for People with Disabilities: Not applicable
Cumulative (year-end)
Not applicable
Annual, reported in Quarter 4
No
Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
GM: Skills Planning, Reporting and Research

	Indicator title/objective	(vii) Number of research agreements signed to conduct SETA impact study.
_	Short definition	Research agreement signed to evaluate impact, tracking and tracing of learners and return on investment (including social responsibility) with regard to training interventions implemented in the sector aligned to training interventions such as bursaries, learnerships, work experience/internships, WIL, skills programmes and apprenticeships
	Purpose/importance	Impact studies monitor and evaluate how effectively and efficiently skills development projects and their management have promoted the desired change and supported learners in addressing employability and career pathing and employers in promoting productivity and sustainability.
	Source/collection of data	Impact Study Research Agreement
	Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of number of research agreements signed to conduct the impact study
	Means of verification	Signed MoAs & Annexures or Formal Commitment with research partners aligned to the reporting period 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024
/	Assumptions	Availability of DG budget
	Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Not applicable Target for Youth: Not applicable Target for People with Disabilities: Not applicable
	Calculation type	Cumulative (year-end)
	Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Not applicable
	Reporting cycle	Annual, reported in Quarter 4
	New indicator	Yes
	Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
	Indicator responsibility	GM: Skills Planning, Reporting and Research

Indica	ator title/objective	(viii) Number of established or emergent cooperatives trained on sector and national priority occupations or skills.
Short	definition	Focus group training sessions attended by co-operatives on occupations in high demand
Purpo	ose/importance	In order to promote employability, entrepreneurship and enterprise development and address the business capacity and sustainability of co-operatives within the FP&M sector, it is important to address the occupations in high demand and business skills needs of this business entity. This will facilitate discretionary grant funding to co-operatives with the key focus of addressing employability, business expansion and sustainability in the medium to long term.
Source	ce/collection of data	Invitation/Programme and/or attendance registers of workshops or capacity building sessions with co-operatives
Metho	od of Calculation / Assessment	Simple Count of number of co-operatives attended focus group or capacity building sessions as per attendance register
Mean	ns of verification	Invitation/Programme and/or attendance registers of workshops or capacity building sessions with co-operatives aligned to the reporting period 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024
Assum	nptions	Focus group engagements with established and emergent co-operatives have taken place.
Disagg applic	gregation of Beneficiaries (where cable)	Not applicable
Spatia	al Transformation (where applicable)	Not applicable
Calcul	lation type	Non-cumulative
Repor	rting cycle	Reported annually by Quarter 4 of each year.
New i	indicator	Yes
Desire	ed performance	Target is set at desirable level, which is 100% of the target.
Indica	ator responsibility	Skills Planning and Reporting Manager

Indicator title/objective	(ix) Number of small and emerging enterprises trained on sector and national priority occupations or skills
Short definition	Focus group training sessions attended by small and emerging enterprises on occupations in high demand
Purpose/importance	In order to promote employability, entrepreneurship and enterprise development and address the business capacity and sustainability of small and emerging enterprises within the FP&M sector, it is important to address the occupations in high demand and business skills needs of this business entity. This will facilitate discretionary grant funding to small and emerging enterprises with the key focus of addressing employability, business expansion and sustainability in the medium to long term
Source/collection of data	Invitation / Programme and/or attendance registers of workshops or capacity building sessions with small and emerging enterprises
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple Count of number of small and emerging enterprises attended focus group or capacity building sessions as per attendance register
Means of verification	Invitation / Programme and/or attendance registers of workshops or capacity building sessions with small and emerging enterprises aligned to the reporting period 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024
Assumptions	Focus group engagements with established small and emerging enterprises have taken place.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Not applicable
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Not applicable
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Reported annually by Quarter 4 of each year.
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Target is set at desirable level, which is 100% of the target.
Indicator responsibility	Skills Planning and Reporting Manager
	Short definition  Purpose/importance  Source/collection of data  Method of Calculation / Assessment  Means of verification  Assumptions  Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)  Spatial Transformation (where applicable)  Calculation type  Reporting cycle  New indicator  Desired performance

d from interviews and workshops with
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Indicator title / objective	(xi) Number of unemployed learners who completed work-based-learning programmes (WBL) absorbed into employment or self-employment post training
Short definition	Unemployed learners who completed training interventions such as apprenticeships, learnerships, skills programmes, WIL or work experience/internships should be placed in an employment opportunity (including self-employment) post training
Purpose/importance	The SETA must ensure impact and return on investment on training interventions such as apprenticeships, learnerships, skills programmes, WIL and work experience/internships by determining employment (including self-employment) absorption rates of unemployed learners completing occupational qualifications
Source/collection of data	Placement Report, Project Close-Out report, Letter/E-mail from company confirming learner placement in an employment opportunity
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of number of unemployed learners (as per schedule) placed in an employment opportunity (including self-employment) as confirmed in a placement report, project close-out report or letter/e-mail confirming learner placement post training.
Means of verification	Placement report, project close-out report or letter/e-mail confirming learner placement post training aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024 (go by date on placement report and not date of actual placement of learner)
Assumptions	DG beneficiaries of WBL programmes commit to an average of 70% of unemployed learners placed in an employment opportunity (including self-employment) post training
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Learners from both urban and rural areas should be targeted for employment
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance

Indicator title / objective	(i) Number of TVET students entered work-integrated-learning programmes
Short definition	The number of TVET learners who enter or are placed into structured / unstructured experiential learning programmes in FP&M SETA workplaces aligned to their qualifications and an occupation if possible.
Purpose/importance	To provide TVET learners and graduates an opportunity to obtain practical work experience that will either enable them to complete their qualification or to increase their opportunities to find a job placement.
Source/collection of data	Learner agreements - 3/6/12/18 month duration
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of signed learner agreements. Start date of programme, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. A structured / unstructured experiential learning programme would be technical or occupational programmes that are formal or informal that relate to practical on-the-job training or work exposure. These are not necessarily registered or accredited technical or occupational programmes.
Means of verification	Signed learner agreements for WIL aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024
Assumptions	All projects and programmes are activated and commence within the financial year and signed learner agreements are received by FP&M SETA from DG beneficiaries within the financial year.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Mainly learners from rural areas and townships should be targeted
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance

	Indicator title / objective	(ii) Number of TVET students completed work- integrated-learning programmes
	Short definition	The number of TVET learners who complete structured/unstructured experiential learning programmes in workplaces aligned to their qualifications and an occupation, if possible.
	Purpose/importance	To provide TVET learners and graduates an opportunity to obtain practical work experience that will either enable them to complete their qualification or to increase their opportunities to find a job placement.
	Source/collection of data	Letter of competence / Certificate / Close-Out Report.
	Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of letters of competence / Certificate / Close-Out Report, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. A structured / unstructured experiential learning programme would be technical or occupational programmes that are formal or informal that relate to practical on-the-job training or work exposure. These are not necessarily registered or accredited technical or occupational programmes.
	Means of verification	Letters of Competence or Certificate or Close-Out Report, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
	Data limitations	No delays in production of letters of competence, certificates or close-out reports.
	Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
	Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
	Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
	Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
	New indicator	No.
	Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%
	Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers.

ndicator title / objective	(iii) Number of university students entered work- integrated-learning programmes
Short definition	The number of HET learners who enter into or placed in a structured/unstructured experiential learning programmes in FP&M SETA workplaces aligned to their qualifications and an occupation, if possible.
Purpose/importance	To provide HET learners and graduates an opportunity to obtain practical work experience that will either enable them to complete their qualification or to increase their opportunities to find a job placement.
Source/collection of data	Learner agreements.
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of learner agreements – 3/6/12/18 month agreements. Start date of the programme, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2022 to 31st March 2023. A structured / unstructured experiential learning programme would be technical or occupational programmes that are formal or informal that relate to practical on-the-job training or work exposure. These are not necessarily registered or accredited technical or occupational programmes.
Means of verification	Signed learner agreements for WIL aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024
Assumptions	All projects and programmes are activated and commence within the financial year and signed learner agreements are received by FP&M SETA from DG beneficiaries within the financial year.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	Projects Strategic Support and Regional Managers.

Indicator title / objective	(iv) Number of university students completed work- integrated-learning programmes
Short definition	The number of HET learners who completed structured/unstructured experiential learning programmes in workplaces aligned to their qualifications and an occupation.
Purpose/importance	To provide HET learners and graduates with an opportunity to obtain practical work experience that will either enable them to complete their qualification or to increase their opportunities to find a job placement.
Source/collection of data	Letter of competence / Certificate / Close- Out Report.
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of letters of competence / certificates / Close-Out Reports, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. A structured / unstructured experiential learning programme would be technical or occupational programmes that are formal or informal that relate to practical on-the-job training or work exposure. These are not necessarily registered or accredited technical or occupational programmes.
Means of verification	Letters of Competence or Certificate or Close-Out Report, aligned to reporting year 01 <sup>st</sup> April 2023 to 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024.
Data limitations	No delays in production of letters of competence, certificates or close-out reports.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers.

Indicator title / objective	(v) Number of unemployed learners entered work experience /Internship programmes
Short definition	The number of unemployed learners who enter into structured experiential learning programmes in workplaces aligned to their qualifications and an occupation if possible.
Purpose/importance	To provide unemployed learners and graduates an opportunity to obtain practical work experience that will either enable them to complete their qualification or to increase their opportunities to find a job placement.
Source/collection of data	Signed Learner agreements for work experience and internships or signed fixed term employment contracts
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of signed learner agreements or signed fixed term employment signed for 3/6/12 or 18 months' duration. Start date of the programme, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. Structured experiential programmes is a work experience or internship programme that is directly aligned to an occupation offered by the workplaces that could lead to an employment opportunity.
Means of verification	Signed learner agreements for work experience/internships aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024
Assumptions	All projects and programmes are activated and commence within the financial year and signed learner agreements are received by FP&M SETA from DG beneficiaries within the financial year.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target  Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women)  Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers.
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Indicator title / objective	(vi) Number of unemployed learners completed work experience /internship programmes
Short definition	The number of unemployed learners who complete structured experiential learning programmes in workplaces aligned to their qualifications and an occupation if possible.
Purpose/importance	To provide unemployed learners and graduates an opportunity to obtain practical work experience that will either enable them to complete their qualification or to increase their opportunities to find a job placement.
Source/collection of data	Letter of competence / Close-Out Report / Certificate for work experience or internship completed.
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of letters of competence / certificate or learners completed as reflected on Close-Out Report, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. Structured experiential programmes is a work experience or internship programme that is directly aligned to an occupation offered by the work-places that could lead to an employment opportunity.
Means of verification	Letters of Competence or Certificate or Close-Out Report, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Assumptions	No delays in production of letters of competence, certificates or close-out reports.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target  Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women)  Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers.
	Short definition  Purpose/importance  Source/collection of data  Method of Calculation / Assessment  Means of verification  Assumptions  Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)  Spatial Transformation (where applicable)  Calculation type  Reporting cycle  New indicator  Desired performance

icator title / objective	(vii) Number of unemployed learners entered skills programmes
rt definition	Number of unemployed learners that register for technical, occupational, supervisory and management skills programmes or entrepreneurship skills programmes that provides learners with financial and business skills to register their own ventures.
pose/importance	The FP&M SSP identified a number of key areas of scarce and critical skills demand in the FP&M sector, all of which affect the efficacy and developmental competitiveness of the sector. These include technical occupational, entrepreneurship, leadership and management skills. There is a clearly expressed need for enhancing leadership (not only in terms of supply, but also in terms of continuity of leadership). The purpose of the indicator is to develop those skills.
rce/collection of data	Learner agreements / Learner Registration Form
thod of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of learner agreements / Registration Form. Start date of the programme, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. Skills programmes will include short occupational programmes registered with FP&M SETA or other SETAs and accreditation agencies/bodies, financial, business or entrepreneurship skills programmes, HIV/AIDs, Occupational Health and Safety or any technical informal programme recognized by industry bodies and education and training institutions.
ans of verification	Signed learner agreements or learner registration forms aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024
umptions	All projects and programmes are activated and commence within the financial year and signed learner agreements are received by FP&M SETA from DG beneficiaries within the financial year.
aggregation of Beneficiaries (where apable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target  Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women)  Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
tial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
culation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
porting cycle	Reported quarterly.
w indicator	No.
ired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
icator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers.
	rt definition  pose/importance  rce/collection of data  hod of Calculation / Assessment  ans of verification  amptions  ggregation of Beneficiaries (where apable)  tial Transformation (where applicable)  ulation type  orting cycle  v indicator  ired performance

	Indicator title / objective	(viii) Number of unemployed learners completed skills programmes
	Short definition	Number of unemployed learners that completed technical, occupational and management skills programmes or entrepreneurship skills programmes that provides learners with financial and business skills to register their own ventures.
	Purpose/importance	The FP&M SSP identified a number of key areas of critical skills demand in the FP&M sector, all of which affect the efficacy and developmental competitiveness of the sector. These include leadership and management skills. There is a clearly expressed need for enhancing leadership (not only in terms of supply, but also in terms of continuity of leadership). The purpose of the indicator is to develop those skills.
	Source/collection of data	Statement of Results /Certificate
	Method of Calculation / Assessment	Learner statement of results or certificate, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. Skills programmes will include short occupational programmes registered with FP&M SETA or other SETAs and accreditation agencies/bodies, financial, business or entrepreneurship skills programmes, HIV/AIDs, Occupational Health and Safety or any technical informal programme recognized by industry bodies and education and training institutions.
	Means of verification	Learner statement of results or certificate, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024
	Assumptions	No delays in production of statement of results by FP&M SETA service providers and programme completes within financial year.
	Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
	Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
	Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
	Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
	New indicator	No.
	Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
	Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance

	Indicator title / objective	(ix) Number of unemployed learners entered learnership programmes
	Short definition	Number of unemployed learners enrolled into learnership programmes.
	Purpose/importance	The objective of this programme is to provide access (and funding) to adults and youth to education and training opportunities that will enable them to acquire a minimum qualification at levels 1-8 of the National Qualifications Framework (NQF) in order to access occupationally-directed programmes to address technical middle level skills needs within the FP&M sector in the next five years.
	Source/collection of data	Learnership agreements
	Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple Count of signed learnership agreements. Start date of the programme, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. These would be for all learnerships that are registered by the FP&M SETA or other SETAs and education and training institutions.
	Means of verification	Signed learnership agreements. Start date of the programme, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
	Assumptions	All projects and programmes are activated and commence within the financial year and signed learner agreements are received by FP&M SETA from DG beneficiaries within the financial year.
	Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
	Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
	Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
	Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly
	New indicator	No
	Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
	Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers.

Indicator title / objective	(x) Number of unemployed learners completed learnership programmes
Short definition	Number of unemployed learners completed and certificated in learnership programmes.
Purpose/importance	The objective of this programme is to provide access (and funding) to adults and youth to education and training opportunities that will enable them to acquire a minimum qualification at levels 1-8 of the National Qualifications Framework (NQF) in order to access occupationally-directed programmes to address technical middle level skills needs within the FP&M sector in the next five years.
Source/collection of data	Certificates / Statement of Results / Verification Report issued
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of number of Certificates / Statement of results that have been issued, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. Statement of Results or Certificate, whichever is received first by the SETA for reporting completions. These would be for all learnerships that are registered by the FP&M SETA or other SETAs and education and training institutions.
Means of verification	Certificates / Statement of results that have been issued, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Assumptions	No delays in production of statement of results / certificates by FP&M SETA service providers and programme completes within financial year.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target  Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women)  Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance, Learning Programmes Manager and Regional Managers.
	Short definition  Purpose/importance  Source/collection of data  Method of Calculation / Assessment  Means of verification  Assumptions  Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)  Spatial Transformation (where applicable)  Calculation type  Reporting cycle  New indicator  Desired performance

Indicator title / objective	(i) Number of workers who entered AET programmes.
Short definition	Number of workers who entered AET programmes to improve their numeracy and literacy.
Purpose/importance	To assist workers to complete AET programmes that will give them access to middle level skills occupational programmes. Many South African learners are poorly prepared to undertake further learning when they leave school and cannot access post-school education and training opportunities. To provide young employed youth with basic and intermediate skills in order to access further technical and occupational training.
Source/collection of data	Learner agreements or signed learner registration form
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of number of learner agreements or signed learner registration forms. Start date of the programme, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. These would be ABET and foundational learning programmes.
Means of verification	Signed learner agreements or learner registration form as per start date of the programme, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Assumptions	All projects and programmes are activated and commence within the financial year and signed learner agreements are received by FP&M SETA from DG beneficiaries within the financial year.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers.

Indicator title / objective	(ii) Number of workers who completed AET programmes.
Short definition	Number of workers who completed AET programmes, to improve their numeracy and literacy.
Purpose/importance	To assist workers to complete AET programmes that will give them access to middle level skills occupational programmes. Many South African learners are poorly prepared to undertake further learning when they leave school and cannot access post-school education and training opportunities. To provide young workers with basic and intermediate skills in order to access further technical and occupational training.
Source/collection of data	Statement of Results or Certificates
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of statement of Results / Certificates, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. These would be ABET and foundational learning programmes.
Means of verification	Statement of Results / Certificates, aligned to reporting year 01 <sup>st</sup> April 2023 to 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Assumptions	No delays in production of statement of results / certificates by FP&M SETA service providers and programme completes within financial year.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target  Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women)  Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Calculation Type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers.
	Short definition  Purpose/importance  Source/collection of data  Method of Calculation / Assessment  Means of verification  Assumptions  Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)  Spatial Transformation (where applicable)  Calculation Type  Reporting cycle  New indicator  Desired performance

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	Indicator title / objective	(i) Number of workers entered learnership programmes
	Short definition	Number of employed learners entered into learnership programmes.
-	Purpose/importance	The objective of this programme is to provide access (and funding) to adults and youth to education and training opportunities that will enable them to acquire a minimum qualification at level 2- 4 of the National Qualifications Framework (NQF) in order to access occupationally-directed programmes to address technical middle level skills needs within the FP&M sector in the next five years.
	Source/collection of data	Signed Learnership agreements
	Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of signed learnership agreements. Start date of the programme, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. These would be for all learnerships that are registered by the FP&M SETA or other SETAs and education and training institutions.
	Means of verification	Signed learnership agreements as per start date of the programme, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024
	Assumptions	All projects and programmes are activated and commence within the financial year and signed learner agreements are received by FP&M SETA from DG beneficiaries within the financial year.
	Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
	Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
	Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
	Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly on SQMR.
	New indicator	No
	Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
	Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers.
	Indicator title / objective	(ii) Number of workers completed learnership programmes

Short definition	Number of employed learners completed learnership programmes.
Purpose/importance	The objective of this programme is to provide access (and funding) to adults and youth to education and training opportunities that will enable them to acquire a minimum qualification at level 4 of the National Qualifications Framework (NQF) in order to access occupationally-directed programmes to address technical middle level skills needs within the FP&M sector in the next five years.
Source/collection of data	Learnership certificates or Statement of Results.
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of learner certificates / Statement of Results, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. Statement of Results or Certificate, whichever is received first by the SETA for reporting completions. These would be for all learnerships that are registered by the FP&M SETA or other SETAs and education and training institutions.
Means of verification	Learner certificates / Statement of Results, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Assumptions	No delays in production of statement of results / certificates by FP&M SETA service providers and programme completes within financial year.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance , Learner Programmes Manager and Regional Managers.

Indicator title / objective	(iii) Number of workers entered bursary programmes
Short definition	Number of employed learners who entered Bursary Programmes.
Purpose/importance	The objective of this programme is to provide access (and funding) to adults and youth to education and training opportunities that will enable them to acquire a higher level qualification on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF) in order to access occupationally-directed programmes to address high level skills needs within the FP&M sector in the next five years from higher education institutions.
Source/collection of data	Signed Learner agreements - Learners will be reported on the last signed date on the bursary agreement.
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of signed learner agreements, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. Learners will be reported on the last signed date on bursary agreement. Bursary programmes ideally must be aligned to the FP&M sector industry scope and occupations offered in the sector.
Means of verification	Signed learner agreements, as per the last signed date on bursary agreement aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Assumptions	All projects and programmes are activated and commence within the financial year and signed learner agreements are received by FP&M SETA from DG beneficiaries within the financial year.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers.

Indicator title / chicative	
Indicator title / objective	(iv) Number of workers completed bursary programmes
Short definition	Number of employed learners who have completed bursary programmes.
Purpose/importance	The objective of this programme is to provide access (and funding) to adults and youth to education and training opportunities that will enable them to acquire a higher level qualification on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF) in order to access occupationally-directed programmes to address technical high level skills needs within the FP&M sector in the next five years from higher education institutions.
Source/collection of data	Statement of Results / Certificates.
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of statement of results / certificates where learner has obtained the qualification aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. Statement of results or certificates, whichever is received first by the SETA for reporting completions. Bursary programmes ideally must be aligned to the FP&M sector industry scope and occupations offered in the sector.
Means of verification	Statement of results / certificates where learner has obtained the qualification aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Assumptions	No delays in production of statement of results / certificates by FP&M SETA service providers and programme completes within financial year.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers.

Indicator title / objective	(v) Number of workers entered skills programmes
Short definition	Number of employed learners that register for technical, occupational and management skills programmes or entrepreneurship skills programmes that would provide learners with financial and business skills to register their own ventures.
Purpose/importance	The FP&M SSP identified a number of key areas of critical skills demand in the FP&M sector, all of which affect the efficacy and developmental competitiveness of the sector. These include technical occupational, leadership and management skills. There is a clearly expressed need for enhancing leadership (not only in terms of supply, but also in terms of continuity of leadership). The purpose of the indicator is to develop those skills.
Source/collection of data	Learner agreements / Learner Registration Form
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of learner agreements / Learner Registration forms. Start date of the programme, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. Skills programmes will include industry technical programmes, occupational health and safety, HIV-Aids, financial, production, supervisory and team leader programmes amongst other learning programmes as well.
Means of verification	Signed learner agreements / learner Registration forms as per start date of the programme, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Assumptions	All projects and programmes are activated and commence within the financial year and signed learner agreements / registration forms are received by FP&M SETA from DG beneficiaries within the financial year.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers.

Indicator title / objective	(vi) Number of workers completed skills programmes
Short definition	Number of employed learners that completed technical, occupational and management skills programmes or entrepreneurship skills programmes that would provide learners with financial and business skills to register their own ventures.
Purpose/importance	The FP&M SSP identified a number of key areas of critical skills demand in the FP&M sector, all of which affect the efficacy and developmental competitiveness of the sector. These include leadership and management skills. There is a clearly expressed need for enhancing leadership (not only in terms of supply, but also in terms of continuity of leadership). The purpose of the indicator is to develop those skills.
Source/collection of data	Statement of Results / Certificates
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of learner statement of results / certificates, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. Skills programmes will include industry technical programmes, occupational health and safety, HIV-Aids, financial, production, supervisory and team leader programmes amongst other learning programmes as well.
Means of verification	Learner statement of results / certificates, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Assumptions	No delays in production of statement of results / certificates by FP&M SETA service providers and programme completes within financial year.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers.

Indicator title / objective	(i) Number of learners entered apprenticeship programmes
Short definition	Number of learners who have enrolled and signed agreements into artisan programmes.
Purpose/importance	To promote artisan development within the FP&M sector and track the extent the sector is responding to middle level technical skills needs in the economy.
Source/collection of data	Signed DG MoAs and Apprenticeship Agreements / ARPL Agreements
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of number of Apprenticeship / Learnership agreements or ARPL agreements. Commencement date of the programme, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. These would relate to the FP&M SETA registered trades and the registered trades of other SETAs, more especially the generic priority trades of the MERSETA.
Means of verification	Signed Apprenticeship / Learnership agreements or ARPL agreements as per commencement date of the programme, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Assumptions	All projects and programmes are activated and commence within the financial year and signed learner agreements are received by FP&M SETA from DG beneficiaries within the financial year.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target  Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women)  Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance, Learner Programmes Manager and Regional Managers.

Indicator title / objective	(ii) Number of learners completed apprenticeship programmes
Short definition	Number of learners completed and been certificated in artisan programmes
Purpose/importance	To promote artisan development within the FP&M sector and track the extent the sector is responding to middle level technical skills needs in the economy.
Source/collection of data	Certificates / Statements of Results issued
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of number of certificates / statements of results / Trade Test Report that have been issued. Aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.  Trade Test Report or Trade Test Certificate, whichever is available. These would relate to the FP&M SETA registered trades and the registered trades of other SETAs, more especially the generic priority trades of the MERSETA.
Means of verification	Certificates / statements of results / Trade Test Report that have been issued aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Assumptions	No delays in production of trade test results / certificates by FP&M SETA service providers and programme completes within financial year.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Means of verification	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	Learning Programmes Manager and Regional Managers.

(iii) Number of unemployed learners entered bursary programmes as first-time entry learners
Number of unemployed learners who have enrolled in bursary programmes for the first time, were previously not funded by either the SETA or NSFAS.
The objective of this programme is to provide access (and funding) to adults and youth to education and training opportunities that will enable them to acquire a higher level qualification on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF) in order to access occupationally-directed programmes to address technical high level skills needs within the FP&M sector in the next five years at higher education institutions.
Signed Learner / Bursary agreements between learner and SETA or its contracted agent.
Simple Count of Learner / Bursary agreements aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. Learners will be reported on the last signed date on the Learner / Bursary agreement. Bursary programmes ideally must be aligned to the FP&M sector industry scope and occupations offered in the sector.
Signed Learner / Bursary agreements as per last signed date on the Learner / Bursary agreement aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
All projects and programmes are activated and commence within the financial year and signed learner agreements are received by FP&M SETA from DG beneficiaries within the financial year.
Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reported quarterly.
Yes.
Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers.

Indicator title / objective	(iv) Number of unemployed learners entered bursary programmes as continuing learners
	(ii) italias of a lempoyee feathers cited as assauly programmes as solutions
Short definition	Number of unemployed learners who have enrolled in bursary programmes as continuing learners that were previously funded by the FP&M SETA or NSFAS.
	The objective of this programme is to provide access (and funding) to adults and youth to education and training opportunities that will enable them to acquire a
Purpose/importance	higher level qualification on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF) in order to access occupationally-directed programmes to address high level skills needs within the FP&M sector in the next five years at higher education institutions.
Source/collection of data	Signed Learner / Bursary agreements between learner and SETA or its contracted agent.
Mathad of Caladation / Assessment	Simple Count of Learner / Bursary agreements aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. Learners will be reported on the last signed date on the
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Learner / Bursary agreement. Bursary programmes ideally must be aligned to the FP&M sector industry scope and occupations offered in the sector. Learners must have been previously funded by either the FP&M SETA or NSFAS.
Means of verification	Signed Learner / Bursary agreements as per last signed date on the Learner / Bursary agreement aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Assumptions	All projects and programmes are activated and commence within the financial year and signed learner agreements are received by FP&M SETA from DG beneficiaries within the financial year.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applica-	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target  Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women)
ble)	Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers.

Indicator title / objective	(v) Number of unemployed learners completed bursary programmes
Short definition	Number of unemployed learners who have completed bursary programmes.
Purpose/importance	The objective of this programme is to provide access (and funding) to adults and youth to education and training opportunities that will enable them to acquire a higher level qualification on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF) in order to access occupationally-directed programmes to address high level skills needs within the FP&M sector in the next five years at higher education institutions.
Source/collection of data	Statement of Results and/or Certificates
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of statement of results and/or Certificates where learner has obtained the qualification, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.  Statement of Results or Certificate, whichever is received first by the SETA for reporting completions. Bursary programmes ideally must be aligned to the FP&M sector industry scope and occupations offered in the sector.
Means of verification	Statement of results and/or Certificates where learner has obtained the qualification, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2024 to 31st March 2024.
Assumptions	No delays in production of statement of results / certificates by FP&M SETA service providers and programme completes within financial year.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers.

	Indicator title/objective	(vi) Number of learners entered RPL programmes
	Short definition	Learners entered occupational programmes and assessed through recognition of prior learning methodologies.
	Purpose/importance	Recognition of Prior Learning is a practice that gives currency and recognition to a person's previous learning, regardless of how and where that learning was acquired.
	Source/collection of data	Signed Learner agreements between learner and SETA or its contracted agent.
	Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple Count of Learner agreements aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. Learners will be reported on the last signed date on the Learner agreement.
	Means of verification	Signed Learner agreements aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024
	Assumptions	All projects and programmes are activated and commence within the financial year and signed learner agreements are received by FP&M SETA from DG beneficiaries within the financial year.
	Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target  Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women)  Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
	Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
	Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
	Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
	New indicator	No
	Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
	Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance
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Indicator title/objective	(vii) Number of learners completed RPL programmes
Short definition	Learners completed occupational programmes and assessed through recognition of prior learning methodologies.
Purpose/importance	Recognition of Prior Learning is a practice that gives currency and recognition to a person's previous learning, regardless of how and where that learning was acquired.
Source/collection of data	Learner RPL Statement of Results / Certificate.
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of the Learner RPL Statement of Results / Certificate aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024
Means of verification	Statement of Results / Certificate aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024
Assumptions	No delays in production of statement of results / certificates by FP&M SETA service providers and programme completes within financial year.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Learning Programmes Manager
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(viii) Number of TVET and/or CET DG partnership agreements signed
Capacity building and partnerships with TVET/CET Colleges. Partnerships to focus on: TVET/CET lecturer development programmes, Work-Integrated-Learning projects to facilitate TVET/CET graduate placement, re-tooling and re-skilling of unemployed TVET/CET graduates – Work Experience & Internship projects rolled out, TVET/CET Colleges supported through DG projects for skills programmes, learnerships, apprenticeship, re-tooling and re-skilling of unemployed TVET/CET graduates – Work Experience and Internship projects rolled out
NSDP emphasizes partnerships between SETAs and public TVET/CET colleges to create increased capacity to meet industry needs for the supply of skills. The National Certificate Vocational (NCV) and N-courses are recognized by employers as important base qualifications through which young people are obtaining additional vocational skills and work experience, entering the labour market with marketable skills, and obtaining employment. SETAs identify TVET/CET colleges with relevant programmes and put in place partnerships to offer vocational / occupational courses and work experience for college learners.
Signed DG MoAs and MoUs with TVETs/CETs
Simple count of number of signed MoAs and MoUs with TVETs/CETs, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Signed DG MoA or MoU or Formal Commitment with a TVET College or CET aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Availability of DG budget
Target for Women: Not applicable Target for Youth: Not applicable Target for People with Disabilities: Not applicable
Not applicable
Cumulative (year-end)
Reported annually in Quarter 4
Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers

Indicator title / objective	(ix) Number of HEI partnership agreements signed
Short definition	This indicator refers to the number of capacity building and partnership agreements with Universities.  Partnerships to focus on direct DG funding for lecturer development programmes, Work-Integrated-Learning projects to facilitate HEI graduate placement, re-tooling and re-skilling of unemployed HEI graduates – Work Experience and Internship projects rolled out and student bursary programmes.
Purpose/importance	NSDP emphasizes partnerships between SETAs and universities to create increased capacity to meet industry needs. SETAs to identify universities with relevant programmes and put in place partnerships to offer vocational courses, WIL, bursary programmes and work experience for learners.
Source/collection of data	Signed MoAs/MoUs with HEIs.
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple Count - Number of signed MoAs/MoUs with HEIs aligned to reporting year of 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Means of verification	Signed DG MoA or MoU or Formal Commitment with a HEI aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Assumptions	Availability of DG budget
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Not applicable Target for Youth: Not applicable Target for People with Disabilities: Not applicable
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Not applicable
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-end)
Reporting cycle	Reported annually in Quarter 4
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers

Indicator title/objective	(x) Number of SETA Employer partnership agreements signed	
Short definition	Capacity building and partnerships between FP&M SETA and Employer Organizations / Associations and Bargaining Councils within the FP&M sector.	
Purpose/importance	NSDP emphasizes partnerships between SETAs and employer organizations to create increased capacity to meet industry needs for the demand and supply of skills.  SETAs must put in place partnerships with Employer Organizations / Associations and Bargaining Councils to offer capacity building and occupational programmes to promote employability of learners.	
Source/collection of data	Signed DG MoAs or MoUs with Employer Organizations / Associations and Bargaining Councils	
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of number of signed MoAs and MoUs with FP&M SETA and Employer Organizations / Associations and Bargaining Councils within the FP&M sector, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2022 to 31st March 2023.	
Means of verification	Signed DG MoA or MoU or Formal Commitment with an Employer Organization aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.	
Assumptions	Availability of DG budget	
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Not applicable Target for Youth: Not applicable Target for People with Disabilities: Not applicable	
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Not applicable	
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-end)	
Reporting cycle	Reported annually in Quarter 4	
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.	
Indicator Responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers	
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	Indicator title / objective	(i) Number of learners entered entrepreneurial and/or business coaching & mentoring programmes
	Short definition	Number of employed and/or unemployed learners enrolled into new venture creation, business entrepreneurship and or business coaching & mentoring learning programmes
	Purpose/importance	To promote the establishment of small enterprises and co-operatives so that learners have opportunities of becoming employers and create employment opportunities for others.
	Source/collection of data	FP&M SETA uses standardized learner agreements or attendance registers for employed and unemployed learners registered on learning programmes to collect data for reporting purposes.
	Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple Count of signed learner agreements or attendance registers. Start date of the programme, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024 or attendance registers. These programmes would include start-up business programmes, new venture creation programmes, business coaching and mentoring programmes.
	Means of verification	Signed learner agreements as per start date of the programme or attendance registers, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024
	Assumptions	All projects and programmes are activated and commence within the financial year and signed learner agreements or attendance registers are received by FP&M SETA from DG beneficiaries within the financial year.
	Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
	Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
	Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
	Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly
)	New indicator	No
	Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
	Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers

Indicator title / objective	(ii) Number of CBOs, NGOs and/or NPOs supported with training interventions or funding	
Short definition	Partnerships and up-skilling of learners from CBOs, NGOs and / or NPOs to promote community training initiatives to address entrepreneurship, occupational development.	
Purpose/importance	This programme aims to provide support to CBOs, NGOs and / or NPOs through the funding of skills development and training projects to expand the business and technical skills capacity of the learners from these organizations and to contribute to sector economic and employment growth by creating opportunities for the creation of new ventures.	
Source/collection of data	Signed DG MoAs or Formal Commitments for Discretionary Grant Projects or workshop meeting attendance registers for capacity building, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.	
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of the number of signed MoAs with CBOs, NGOs and / or NPOs or number of CBOs, NGOs and / or NPOs attended workshop / meeting for capacity building as per list/schedule.	
Means of verification	Signed DG MoA or MoU or Formal Commitment with a CBOs, NGOs and/or workshop meeting attendance registers for capacity building, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024	
Assumptions	DG Budget availability	
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women	
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.	
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)	
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.	
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers	

	Indicator title / objective	(iii) Number of rural development projects funded
	Short definition	Funding of skills development and training interventions in order to contribute to socio-economic development in rural and semi-rural areas.
	Purpose/importance	To ensure that FPMSETA impacts national priorities of Government in rural areas through skills development to address poverty alleviation and inequalities.
	Source/collection of data	Discretionary Grant Agreements / Signed MoAs
)	Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of number of agreements / signed MoAs addressing rural development initiatives funded – initiatives located in rural areas or semi-rural areas. Aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
	Means of verification	Signed DG MoA or MoU or Formal Commitment for projects located in a rural area aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
	Assumptions	DG Budget availability
	Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
	Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	100% beneficiaries from rural areas to be targeted
	Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
	Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly
	New indicator	No
)	Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
	Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers
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	Indicator title / objective	(iv) Number of Co-operatives supported with training interventions or funded (v) Number of Small Business supported with training interventions or funded
	Short definition	Capacity building of co-operatives and small enterprises. The FP&M SSP identified a number of key areas of critical skills demand for co-operatives and small enterprises, all of which affect the efficacy and sustainability of these enterprises.
	Purpose/importance	This programmer aims to provide support to co-operatives and small enterprises through the funding of skills development and training projects to expand the business and technical skills capacity of the learners from these organizations and to contribute to sector economic and employment growth.
	Source/collection of data	Signed DG MoAs for Discretionary Grant Projects or workshop / meeting attendance register for capacity building, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
	Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of the number of signed MoAs with co-operatives and small businesses or number of organizations attended workshop / meeting for capacity building as per list/schedule.
	Means of verification	Signed DG MoA or MoU or Formal Commitment with a co-operative or small business or workshop / meeting attendance register for capacity building, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
	Assumptions	DG Budget availability
	Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women
	Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.
	Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
	Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly
	New indicator	No
	Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
	Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance and Regional Managers.
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Indicator title / objective	(i) Number of trade unions supported through skills training interventions or funding
Short definition	Funding support for trade unions to upskill their workers in order to promote worker and workplace development so that workers can have a better understanding of the economic and social challenges of the FP&M sectors.
Purpose/importance	This programme aims to provide support to unions through the funding of skills development and training capacity building initiatives to contribute to sector economic and social development.
Source/collection of data	Signed DG MoAs for Discretionary Grant Projects or workshop meeting attendance registers for capacity building, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of the number of signed DG MoAs with trade unions or workshop / meeting attendance registers for capacity building.
Means of verification	Signed DG MoAs/Formal Commitment for Discretionary Grant Projects or workshop meeting attendance registers for capacity building, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Assumptions	Availability of DG budget
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Not applicable Target for Youth: Not applicable Target for People with Disabilities: Not applicable
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Not applicable
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-end)
Reporting cycle	Reported annually in Quarter 4
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM: Projects and Quality Assurance

Indicator title / objective	(i) Number of career development events conducted in urban areas
Short definition	Promoting Career and Vocational Guidance at special and vocational/ career events held in urban and township areas.
Purpose/importance	For FP&M sector learners to succeed they need to be guided prior to enrolment on both best match of their interest and their abilities to occupational requirements, as well as best prospects for employment and decent remuneration. Information gathered and support services generated need to be synchronized centrally and made available nationally. To this end, the FP&M SETA must participate in or initiate identified career exhibitions across the provinces in urban and township areas and must make information available on career opportunities for occupations and qualifications in high demand in the FP&M sector to the youth.
Source/collection of data	Invitations and/or programmes of Career Events confirming FP&M SETA participation Attendance registers as proof participation (DHET requirement)
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of number of career exhibitions/events attended in urban areas and townships, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Means of verification	Invitations and/or programmes / photos of Career Events. Attendance registers as proof participation (DHET requirement) aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Assumptions	FP&M SETA receives overwhelming number of invites to participate in career events and exhibitions in urban areas
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Not applicable Target for Youth: Not applicable Target for People with Disabilities: Not applicable
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	100% Career Events in Urban Areas and Townships to be targeted.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM Planning, Reporting and Research and External Branding and Stakeholder Engagement Manager.

Indicator title / objective	(ii) Number of career development events conducted in rural areas on occupations
Short definition	Promoting Career and Vocational Guidance at special and vocational/ career events held in rural and semi-rural areas.
Purpose/importance	For FP&M sector learners to succeed they need to be guided prior to enrolment on both best match of their interest and their abilities to occupational requirements, as well as best prospects for employment and decent remuneration. Information gathered and support services generated need to be synchronized centrally and made available nationally. To this end, the FP&M SETA must participate in or initiate identified career exhibitions across the provinces in rural and semi-rural areas and must make information available on career opportunities for occupations and qualifications in high demand in the FP&M sector to the youth.
Source/collection of data	Invitations and/or programmes of Career Events confirming FP&M SETA participation Attendance registers as proof participation (DHET requirement)
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of career exhibitions/events attended in rural / semi-rural areas, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Means of verification	Invitations and/or programmes / photos of Career Events.  Attendance registers as proof participation (DHET requirement) aligned to reporting year 01 <sup>st</sup> April 2023 to 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024.
Assumptions	FP&M SETA receives overwhelming number of invites to participate in career events and exhibitions in rural areas
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Not applicable Target for Youth: Not applicable Target for People with Disabilities: Not applicable
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	100% Career Events in rural areas / semi-rural areas to be targeted.
Calculation type	Cumulative (year-to-date)
Reporting cycle	Reported quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM Planning, Reporting and Research and External Branding and Stakeholder Engagement Manager.

Indicator title / objective	(iii) Number of workshops on career development services implemented
Short definition	Promoting FP&M sector occupations in high demand and career and vocational guidance to SDFs and/or career development and counselling practitioners through career events, workshops and seminars. These workshops will include mandatory and discretionary grant workshops for companies.
Purpose/importance	For FP&M sector learners to succeed they need to be guided by experienced career guidance practitioners and educators prior to enrolment on both best match of their interest and their abilities to occupational requirements, as well as best prospects for employment and decent remuneration. To this end, the FP&M SETA must hold career events or capacity building workshops or seminars to train SDFs and career development practitioners on available career opportunities and occupations in high demand in the FP&M sector.
Source/collection of data	Invitations and/or programmes of Career Development Workshops Attendance registers as proof participation (DHET requirement)
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of number of career events, workshops and seminars held that were attended by SDFs or career development practitioners as per attendance register and issued with occupations in high demand / career opportunities brochure, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Means of verification	Invitations and/or programmes / photos of Career Development Workshops.  Attendance registers as proof of attendance aligned to reporting year 01 <sup>st</sup> April 2023 to 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024.
Assumptions	Availability of DG budget
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Not applicable Target for Youth: Not applicable Target for People with Disabilities: Not applicable
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	50% Urban and 50% Rural areas to be targeted
Calculation type	Non-cumulative Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Reported annually in Quarter 4
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	GM Planning, Reporting and Research and External Branding and Stakeholder Engagement Manager.

Indicator title/objective	(i) Number of CSTO offices established and maintained in TVET colleges
Short definition	Number of Co-ordinating SETA-TVET Offices to promote the mandate of SETAs for priority technical and/or occupational programmes and qualifications established at TVET Colleges.
Purpose/importance	Co-ordinating SETA-TVET Offices function as a TVET-SETA liaison offices to promote project partnerships between SETAs and TVET Colleges for occupational programmes and work placement and WIL opportunities for TVET learners.
Source/collection of data	Recognition certificates/MoA/ or a letter or agreement confirming CSTO status.
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of TVET college recognition certificates, MoAs/Agreements signed or signed CSTO letters issued and aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Means of verification	Signed Recognition certificates/MoA/ or a letter or agreement confirming CSTO status aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
Assumptions	Availability of DG budget
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Not applicable Target for Youth: Not applicable Target for People with Disabilities: Not applicable
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	50% Urban and 50% Rural areas to be targeted
Calculation type	Non-cumulative Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Reported annually in Quarter 4
New indicator	Yes.
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
Indicator responsibility	General Manager: Projects and Quality Assurance .

(ii) Number of TVET Centres of Specialization funded	
FP&M SETA must partner with TVET Colleges that are Centres of specialization to promote the 13 priority trades to increase the availability of intermediate level technical skills.	
Centres of Specialization (CoS) is a national programme aimed at producing: A skilled and capable workforce to support inclusive economic growth, Increased availability of intermediate-level technical skills, Increased delivery of qualified artisans in 13 priority trades, Improved capacity of public TVET colleges to train in skills in demand by industry.	
Signed DG MoAs with TVET Centres of Specialization	
Simple Count of MoAs/Agreements signed with TVET Centres of Specialization and aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.	
Signed DG MoAs or Formal Commitments with TVET Centres of Specialization aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.	
Availability of DG budget	
Target for Women: Not applicable Target for Youth: Not applicable Target for People with Disabilities: Not applicable	
50% Urban and 50% Rural areas to be targeted	
Cumulative (year-to-date)	
Reported annually in Quarter 4	
Yes.	
Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.	
General Manager: Projects and Quality Assurance .	

Indicator title / objective	(iii) Number of TVET and/or CET Lecturers entered industry development programmes		
Short definition	Number of TVET/CET lecturers entered industry capacity building programmes e.g. Assessor or Moderator or Coaching & Mentoring Programmes, SDF Programmes) or industry workshops or mentorship programmes to support institutions and/or lecturers to complete an intervention or event that will contribute to their continued professional development in accordance with FP&M SETA industry standards.		
Purpose/importance	Continued professional development of lecturers for vocational, education and industry-based programmes		
Source/collection of data	FP&M SETA uses standardized learner agreements for employed and unemployed learners registered on learning programmes to collect data for reporting purposes.		
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Count of number of signed TVET /CET lecturer learner agreements, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.		
Means of verification	Signed TVET /CET lecturer learner agreements, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.		
Assumptions	All projects and programmes are activated and commence within the financial year and signed learner agreements are received by FP&M SETA from DG beneficiaries within the financial year.		
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Approximately 60% of the target Target for Youth: Approximately 90% of the target (between the ages of 18 and 35 years, inclusive of women) Target for People with Disabilities: Approximately 4% of the target, inclusive of women		
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Ideally 50% of learners targeted should come from rural areas and townships.		
Calculation type	Non-cumulative		
Reporting cycle	Reported annually in Quarter 4		
New Indicator	Yes		
Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.		
Indicator responsibility	General Manager: Projects and Quality Assurance .		

	Indicator title / objective	(iv) Number of FP&M SETA occupational qualifications registered by QCTO during the year.
	Short definition	Developed occupational qualifications submitted to the QCTO for registration of occupationally-directed programmes aligned to QCTO requirements – registered on QCTO register.
	Purpose/importance	To measure the development of occupationally-directed qualifications in order to ensure that the FP&M SETA has current and fit for purpose occupationally-directed programmes that will address intermediate and middle level scarce and critical skills or occupations in high demand in the sector.
	Source/collection of data	Proof of submission of occupational qualifications with QCTO.
	Method of calculation / Assessment	Simple count – number of qualifications submitted to QCTO for registration and registered by QCTO on their register, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
	Means of verification	Signed QCTO acknowledgement letter of submission/registration, aligned to reporting year 01st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
	Data limitations	None
	Assumptions	FP&M SETA occupationally-directed qualifications are current, relevant and fit-for-purpose and meets the submission requirements of QCTO.
	Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Target for Women: Not applicable Target for Youth: Not applicable Target for People with Disabilities: Not applicable
	Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Not Applicable
	Calculation type	Non-cumulative
	Reporting cycle	Reported annually in Quarter 4
	New indicator	No
	Desired performance	Actual performance higher than targeted performance is desirable – between 100-110%.
	Indicator responsibility	General Manager: Projects and Quality Assurance.

ANNEXURI	E A: ACRONYMS
ACRONYM	FULL DESCRIPTION
ABET	Adult Basic Education and Training
AET	Adult Education and Training
AMSA	Apparel Manufacturers of South Africa
APP	Annual Performance Plan
ATR	Annual Training Report
СВО	Community Based Organisation
CEO	Chief Executive Officer
CFO	Chief Financial Officer
Clotex	Western Cape Clothing and Textile Service Centre
COMP	Completed
CPUT	Cape Peninsula University of Technology
CSIR	Council for Scientific and Industrial Research
CTFL	Clothing, Textiles, Footwear, and Leather
DAFF	Department of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries
DG	Discretionary Grant
DHET	Department of Higher Education and Training
DTI	Department of Trade and Industry
DUT	Durban University of Technology
ECSA	Engineering Council of South Africa
EMP	Employed
ENT	Entered
ETQA	Education and Training Quality Assurance
EXCO	Executive Committee
FIETA	Forestry Industries Education and Training Authority
FITPA	Forest Industry Training Providers Association
FLC	Foundational Learning Certificate
FP&M	Fibre Processing and Manufacturing
HEI	Higher Education Institution
HET	Higher Education and Training
HR	Human Resources
INT	Internship
ISOE	Institute of Sector or Occupational Excellence

F	
İT	Information Technology
KZN	KwaZulu-Natal
M&E	Monitoring & Evaluation
MAPPP	Media, Advertising, Publishing, Printing and Packaging
MIS	Management Information System
MOA	Memorandum of Agreement
MOU	Memorandum of Understanding
MTEF	Medium Term Economic Framework
NAMB	National Artisan Moderating Body
NCV	National Certificate Vocational
NEET	Not in employment, education or training
NGO	Non-Governmental Organisation
NLPE	Non-levy Paying Entity
NMMU	Nelson Mandela Metropolitan University
NOPF	National Occupational Pathways Framework
NPO	Non-Profit Organisation
NQF	National Qualifications Framework
NSDS	National Skills Development Strategy
NSDP	National Skills Development Plan
NULAW	National Union for Leather and Allied Workers
OFO	Organising Framework for Occupations
PAMSA	Paper Manufacturers Association of South Africa
PIVOTAL	Professional, Vocational, Technical and Academic Learn-
•	ing
QCTO	Quality Council for Trade and Occupations
RPL	Recognition of Prior Learning
SABMEO	South African Blanket Manufacturers Employers Organi-
	sation
SACTWU	Southern African Clothing and Textile Workers Union
SAFCA	Southern Africa Forestry Contractors Association
SAIChE	South African Institute of Chemical Engineering
SAQA	South African Qualifications Authority
SARS	South African Revenue Service
SDL	Skills Development Levy
SETA	Sector Education and Training Authority
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SIP	Strategic Infrastructural Programme
SLA	Service Level Agreement
SLO	SETA Liaison Officer
SMME	Small, Medium and Micro Enterprises
SPU	Skills Planning Unit
SSP	Sector Skills Plan
TIA	Technology Innovation Agency
TVET	Technical and Vocational Education and Training
UJ	University of Johannesburg
UNEMP /	Unemployed
UNE	
UNIVEN	University of Venda
US —	University of Stellenbosch
W&R SETA	Wholesale and Retail SETA
WCFI	Western Cape Furniture Initiative
WIL	Work Integrated Learning
WSP	Workplace Skills Plan