

## Wes-Kaapse Provinsiale Parlement Western Cape Provincial Parliament IPalamente yePhondo IeNtshona Koloni

## **COMMITTEE REPORT**

(Negotiating mandate stage) Report of the Standing Committee on Mobility on the National Road Traffic Amendment Bill [B 7B–2020], dated 23 August 2023, as follows:

The Standing Committee on Mobility, having considered the subject of the National Road Traffic Amendment Bill [B 7B–2020] referred to the Committee in accordance with Standing Rule 217, confers on the Western Cape's delegation in the NCOP the authority to support the Bill. The Committee further proposes the following amendments:

Clause	Comment	Suggestion
Clause 1	Definition of "motor vehicle"  Clarity is sought as to whether any vehicles of the category "power assisted pedal cycle, except for a power assisted pedal cycle contemplated in subparagraph (iii)" will be required to register and licence, as well as under which category these vehicles will resort for the payment of licence fees. Alternatively, would a new category for the payment of licence fees need to be established?	Provide clarity on:  Whether a "power assisted pedal cycle, except for a power assisted pedal cycle contemplated in subparagraph (iii)" will be required to register and licence;  which category the abovementioned vehicles will resort for the payment of licence fees.  Clarify whether a new category for the payment of licence fees need to be established?
Clause 2(f)	Correct the mistake as to numbering in the additional subparagraph inserted after subparagraph (vi) of paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 3A.	The numbering for the addition of "reserve traffic warden" should be corrected from (v) to (vii) as follows:  "(vi) NaTIS officer; and  (vii) reserve traffic warden,".
Clause 4(a)	The proposed amendment to <b>section 3C(2)(a)</b> seeks to root out corruption in the examination of vehicles by examiners of vehicles and envisages that these examiners	It is suggested that the wording of section 3C(2)(a) be broadened to include persons known or connected

	will not be registered or be entitled to remain registered if they acquire financial interests in the manufacturing, selling, rebuilding etc of motor vehicles. The proposed amendment is, however, limited to the acquisition of financial interests by the examiner him or herself or "through his or her spouse or partner" as the case may be.  The category of spouse or partner is not the only	with examiners of vehicles, as follows:  " an examiner of vehicles if he or she, or through any other person known to or connected with him or her, has or acquires a direct or indirect financial
	relationship through which a financial interest can be obtained. The draft amendment should be broadened to include other persons known or connected to the examiner. Please see the proposed re-wording of this section in the third column.	<pre>interest in the manufacturing, selling, rebuilding, repairing or modifying of motor vehicles;[or]"; A corresponding amendment should</pre>
		also be made to section 3(2)(b) of the Act.
Clause 4 <i>(c)</i>	This proposed amendment to <b>section</b> essentially the same as the proposed amendment to section 3C(a) as it applies to the registration of a traffic officer, traffic warden or NaTIS officer and the prevention of corruption in the business of road transport.  Therefore, it is proposed that the draft amendment be broadened to include, in addition to spouses or partners, other persons known or connected to the traffic officer, traffic warden or NaTIS officer. Please see the proposed	It is suggested that the wording of section 3C(2)(c) be broadened to include persons known or connected with traffic officers, traffic wardens or NaTIS officers, as follows:  "a traffic officer, traffic warden or NaTIS officer, if he or she, or through any other person known to or connected with him or her, has or acquires a direct or indirect financial interest in a road transport services
	re-wording of this section in the third column.	business:".
Clause 5 (c)	There is only an appropriate formal qualification for a traffic officer and not for the other categories of officers.	Since there is only a formal qualification for a traffic officer and not for the other categories of officers or wardens it is proposed that the following wording be inserted after the word "qualification" to read as follows:
		"an appropriate [diploma]  qualification or completed

		appropriate training at a training centre approved by the Shareholders Committee;".
Clause 6(d)	It is unclear as to which considerations were taken into account in determining or distinguishing Schedule 1 or 2 of the Criminal Procedure Act, 1977 (Act 51 of 1977) (Criminal Procedure Act) as the only schedules to be taken into account when determining whether to suspend or cancel the registration of an examiner for driving licences or examiner of vehicles.  The Bill's Memorandum on the Objects does not provide any explanation or rationale and it is not clear as to why an official (an examiner for driving licences or examiner of vehicles) convicted of, for instance an offence under Schedule 5 or 6 would not be subjected to a possible cancellation or suspension.  Schedules 5 and 6 include Schedule 1 and 2 offences, but refer to more aggravated forms of these offences.	It is suggested that the rationale for limiting the offences to those included in Schedules 1 and 2 of the Criminal Procedure Act be specified in the Memorandum on the Objects of the Bill to inform members of the public as to the specific factors that were taken into account in exclusively designating Schedules 1 or 2 as the only schedules to be considered when determining a possible suspension or cancellation of the registration of an examiner for driving licences or examiner of vehicles.  It is further suggested that consideration be given to including the other serious schedules, such as Schedule 5 and 6 expressly in the formulation of Clause 6(e). If the above consideration is taken into account, the Memorandum on the Objects must detail the rationale behind the inclusion or the designation of the relevant schedules in this clause.  The same comment applies to the insertion of section 28B (1A) in clause 30(d).
Clause 7 <i>(c)</i>	There is a drafting error in the proposed amendment to <b>section 3I</b> . The legislative sentence does not flow grammatically in the proposed subsection (q). The word "may" in the first line of the closing paragraph should be deleted, since the word "may" in the context of this	Delete the word "may" in the closing paragraph, as follows:  "[may] impound the vehicle"

	subsection already appears in the opening paragraph to subsection 3I.	
	Paragraph "q" that has been inserted by Clause 7(c) provides in sub-clause "q (iv)" that a vehicle that has been impounded pending the investigation and prosecution of the person for an offence in terms of any applicable law may be impounded and must be dealt with in terms of the relevant sections of the Criminal Procedure Act.  The omission to insert or indicate expressly the "relevant sections" or the specific sections applicable in terms of the Criminal Procedure Act creates an interpretational burden on anyone, particularly lay members of the public, attempting to understand or figure out this provision.	It is suggested that the relevant sections referred to in the Criminal Procedure Act be identified in the proposed paragraph (q) of section 3I of the Act.  The use of the words "relevant sections" must be deleted and substituted with the precise reference to the applicable provisions of the Criminal Procedure Act.
	In the proposed amendment of <b>section 5E</b> , the word "body" is used interchangeably with the word "organisation". In the context of section 5E, a weighbridge facility is required to be registered if the organisation/body operating it is registered.	Replace the word "body" with "organisation" as follows:  "unless such person, authority or organisation is registered as a weighbridge".
Clause 11	The content of the wording in the proposed <b>section 5J</b> is inconsistent with the heading as it does not take into account registration as a supplier of microdots and operator of a microdot fitment centre. See the suggested wording in the third column.	Correct the wording in the body of section 5J as follows:  "desiring to manufacture microdots, supply microdots or operate a microdot fitment centre shall apply".
Clause 12	There are two aspects of the proposed amendments to section 6(1) that require consideration. Firstly, the legislative sentence is too long and is difficult to read. Secondly, there are words missing, which impacts on the clarity.	• It is suggested that subsection (1) be broken up into three paragraphs, each dealing separately with the decision, which may be appealed against.
	The right to appeal is contemplated against the following kinds of decisions:  • a refusal of the chief executive officer to register a person as a manufacturer, builder, importer etc;	<ul><li>Amend the wording to read as follows:</li><li>"at the refusal of the chief</li></ul>

	<ul> <li>a refusal of the Member of the Executive Council ("MEC") to issue an exemption permit in terms of section 81(3);</li> <li>a suspension or cancellation of a person's registration as a manufacturer, builder, importer etc (this proposal does not state who the relevant decision-maker is in each instance of a suspended or cancelled registration).</li> <li>The above categories of the right to appeal can be separated by means of paragraphs to subsection (1).</li> <li>The term "body builder" is missing from the text.</li> <li>The term MEC must be qualified to refer to the MEC concerned.</li> </ul>	executive officer to register him or her as a manufacturer, builder, body builder, importer".  • "or at the refusal of the MEC concerned to issue an exemption".
Clause 15 (a)	The South African Police Services and the South African National Defence Force have engaged the national and provincial departments to apply for the operation of Driving Licence testing centres.  Given that only a provincial department responsible for transport or a municipality may operate a driving licence testing centre, clarity is sought on the future of driving licence testing centres that are intended to be operated by national state departments such as the South African Police Services and the South African National Defence Force.	It is suggested that clarity be provided as to the rationale for not including national departments from applying for approval to operate a driving licence testing centre.
Clause 15 (b)	A similar concern to the one raised in relation to clause 15(a) is raised here.	It is proposed that the wording "No department of State" be retained.
Clause 22 <i>(b)</i>	Clarity is sought regarding the instances where an appropriate motor vehicle can be made available to an applicant for a driving licence examination.	It is suggested that in these instances measures be introduced to combat fraud, corruption and theft, for example, by stipulating that these motor vehicles be fitted with cameras and other necessary equipment.

Clause 34	The word "learner's" is missing in the proposed amendment to section 29(2).	Insert the word "learner's" as follows:  "The MEC concerned may, after such learner's licence, driving licence".
	There is a drafting error in the proposed amendment to section 58(3)(b), which is affecting the meaning of the subsection.	Correct the drafting error in section 58(3)(b) as follows:
	It is noted that section 58(3) deletes all the references to	"(b) in the case of any [such fire-
	fire-fighting vehicle, fire-fighting response vehicle etc and	fighting vehicle, fire-fighting
	replaces these with the general term "emergency vehicle".	response vehicle,
	For this reason, the references to these kinds of vehicles	rescue vehicle, emergency medical
	should be deleted in subsection(b) since the term	response vehicle, ambulance,]
	"emergency vehicle" is inserted here. See column 3 for	<u>emergency</u>
	the suggested amendment.	vehicle or any vehicle driven by a
		person [issued with the necessary
Clause 40		authorisation] while such person is
		responding to a disaster as
		<u>contemplated</u> in the <u>Disaster</u>
		Management Act, 2002 (Act No. 57
		of 2002), such vehicle shall be fitted
		with a device capable of emitting a
		prescribed sound and with an
		identification lamp, as prescribed,
		and such device shall be so sounded
		and such lamp shall be in operation while the vehicle is driven in
		disregard of the
		road traffic sign[.];".
		Delete the word "a" as follows:
	There is a typographical error in the proposed amendment	"the driver of [a]an emergency
Clause 41	to section 60.	vehicle".
	There is a grammatical error in the proposed amendment	Correct as follows:
	to section 76(4).	"re-incorporate" must be "re-
Clause 43		incorporates".
	There is a technical drafting error in the proposed	Correct as follows:
Clause 45	substitution of <b>section 81</b> .	The line indicating the start of the
3.0036 73		proposed text should include the
		heading (not only the first sentence),

	since the text in the heading is also
	part of what is being amended.

MR D AMERICA, MPP

**CHAIRPERSON: STANDING COMMITTEE ON MOBILITY** 

23 AUGUST 2023