

Department of Local Government

AD-HOC COMMITTEE ON ENERGY CRISIS

Funding Allocations to Central Karoo District Mun and other Local Municipalities

27 September 2023

A changing Reality Impacting Service Delivery











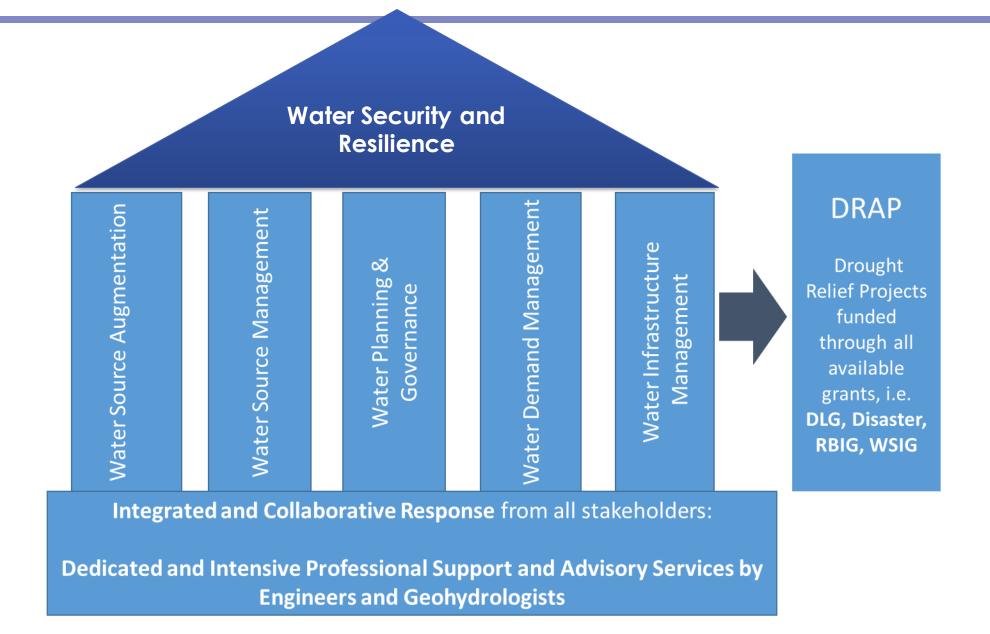
Dedicated DLG History:

Design of a Responsive Plan to address Water Shortages

2017/2018 to date



Drought Response Plan ... Holistic Approach





Drought Response Plan: Governance Arrangements

Administrative/Operational Steering Committee

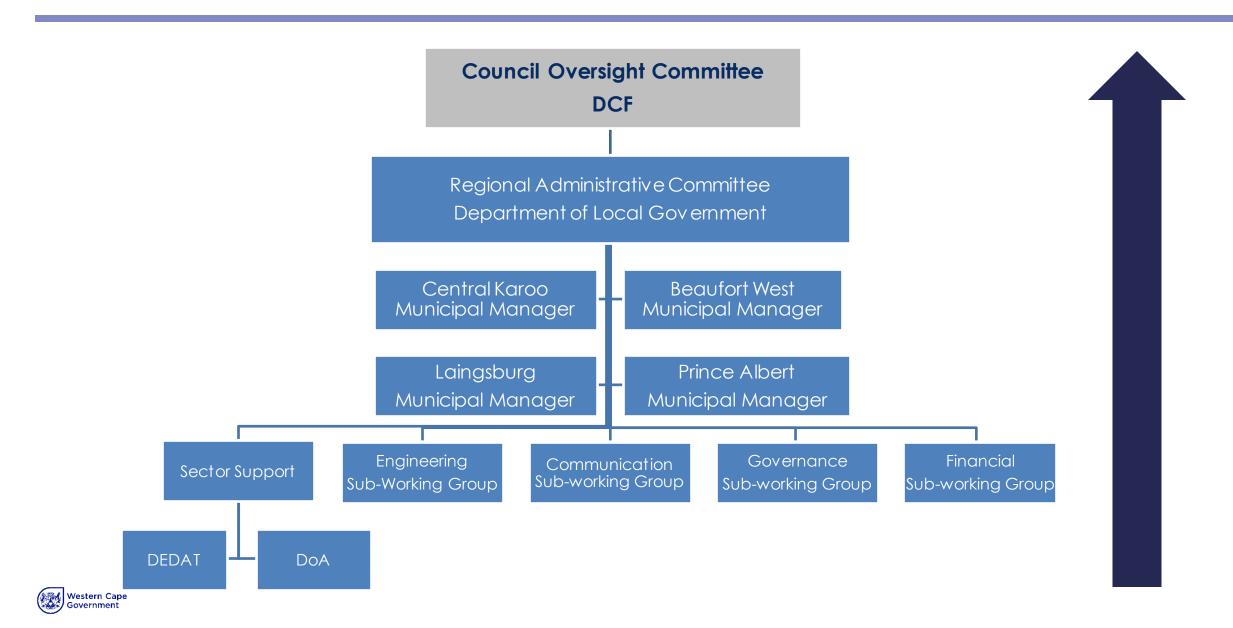
- The Regional Administrative Committee will be responsible for the Coordination and Management of the identified actions
- The Regional Administrative Committee will consist of the following key officials:
 - Department of Local Government (Lead)
 - Geo-hydrologists
 - Central Karoo District Municipality and Local Municipalities
 - Municipal Managers or representative
 - Department of Economic Development and Tourism
 - Department of Agriculture
 - National Department of Water and Sanitation

Initial focus on the Central Karoo – later expanded too the Greater Karoo

- The committee met on a monthly basis
- The committee reported to the Council Oversight Committee: DCF

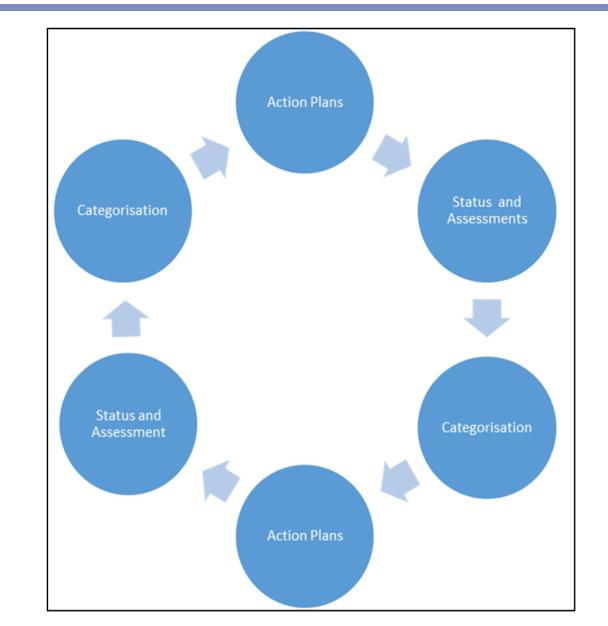


Governance Arrangements (2)



DRAP Methodology...

- Bi-Annual Assessments
- Consultation through Governance Structure
- Risk Categorisation
- Development of Action Plans
- Funding application Allocations
- Business Plans
- Transfer Payment Agreements
- Implementation
- Monitoring, Evaluation and Support
- Close out





Dedicated Funding Allocations: Total per Municipality per Year

| Municipality | FY 2017/18 (R in Million) | FY 2018/19 (R in Million) | FY 2019/20 (R in Million) | FY 2020/21 (R in Million) | FY 2021/22 (R in Million) | FY 2022/23 (R in Million) | FY 2023/2024 (R in Million) |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Central Karoo District | - | - | 0.815 | 0.250 | 1.000 | - | - |
| Beaufort West | 5.300 | 3.663 | 9.500 | 0.600 | 1.600 | - | 4,350 |
| Prince Albert | 2.000 | - | 8.450 | 1.818 | 1.250 | - | 3.512 |
| Laingsburg | 7.300 | 1.500 | 6.100 | 1.200 | - | - | 4.150 |
| Total Central Karoo | 14.600 | 5.163 | 24.865 | 3.868 | 3.850 | - | 12,012 |
| Total for Province | 105.710 | 8.408 | 43.556 | 12.518 | 4.301 | 5,400 | 29.012 |
| % Central Karoo of Province | 13.81 | 61.41 | 57.09 | 30.90 | 89.51 | 0 | 41.40 |



Project Allocation: Beaufort West Municipality

| Project Scope | FY 2017/18 | FY 2018/19 | FY 2019/20 | FY 2020/21 | FY 2021/22 | FY 2023/24 |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| New Pipeline to Kleinhans River Pump Station | 1.300 | - | - | - | - | |
| Equipping of three (3) existing boreholes incl. telemetric systems | 2.000 | - | - | - | - | |
| Equipping the fracking exploratory borehole and coupling it to the existing bulk water pipeline (0.58 MI/d) | 2.000 | - | - | - | - | |
| Leak detection & repair of water meters | - | 1.750 | - | - | - | |
| Test, equip and connect of boreholes / reservoirs | - | 1.993 | - | - | - | |
| Leak detection & repair of water meters | - | - | 3.250 | - | - | |
| Test, equip and connect of boreholes | - | - | 6.250 | - | - | |
| Emergency provision of generators to serve as emergency back-up electricity during load shedding for the WTW | - | - | - | 0.600 | - | |
| Merweville - Drilling, testing and equipping of new boreholes - phase 2 | - | - | | - | 1.600 | |
| Repairs to vandalized Switchgear for critical boreholes | | | | | | 2,850 |
| New Telemetric System (Phase 1 of 3. 10 x boreholes per phase) | | | | | | 1,500 |
| V Government | 5.300 | 3.663 | 9.500 | 0.600 | 1.600 | 4,350 |

Project Allocation: Prince Albert Municipality

| Project Scope | FY 2017/18 | FY 2018/19 | FY 2019/20 | FY 2020/21 | FY 2021/22 | FY 2023/24 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Bulk Water Augmentation | 2.000 | - | - | - | - | |
| Borehole monitoring equipment and security | - | - | 2.050 | - | - | |
| Phase 1: Refurbish Iron Removal Plant – treatment of groundwater | - | - | 1.500 | - | - | |
| Installation of water management devices | - | - | 1.000 | - | - | |
| Equipping of boreholes in Leeu Gamka | - | - | 2.400 | - | - | |
| Klaarstroom WWTW / Re-use | - | - | 1.500 | - | - | |
| Phase 2: Refurbish Iron Removal Plant | - | - | - | 1.300 | - | |
| Provision of generators to serve as emergency back-up electricity in Prince Albert – four (4) in total | - | - | - | 0.518 | - | |
| New Abstraction Weir Phase 1 and drilling of new boreholes to replace flood damaged boreholes | - | - | - | - | 1.250 | |
| Artificial Recharge of Aquifer: Recharging of the groundwater source artificially for abstraction during dry season | | | | | | 1,312 |
| Constructing flood protection to secure production boreholes and existing Pipeline in River | | | | | | 2,200 |
| | 7.300 | - | 8.450 | 1.818 | 1.250 | 3,512 |

DRAP Allocation: Laingsburg Municipality

| Project Scope | FY 2017/18 | FY 2018/19 | FY 2019/20 | FY 2020/21 | FY 2021/22 | FY 2023/24 |
|--|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Borehole Pump for existing borehole in Matjiesfontein and Eskom connection | 1.900 | - | - | - | - | |
| Zoutkloof Spring Rehabilitation | 1.700 | - | - | - | - | |
| Bulk Pipeline between the Zoutkloof Spring and existing main reservoir | 3.700 | - | - | - | - | |
| Equipping and boreholes and installation/replacement of water meters | - | 1.500 | - | - | - | |
| Drilling, testing, equipping of boreholes: Zoutkloof and in Buffelsriver | - | - | 2.000 | - | - | |
| Installation of Smart Water Meters incl. water management devices | - | - | 1.500 | - | - | |
| Construction of Laingsburg Reservoir | - | - | 2.600 | - | - | |
| Provision of three (3) emergency back-up electricity generators in Laingsburg | - | - | - | 0.400 | - | |
| Construction of booster pump and pressure tower for Goldnerville and Acacia | - | - | - | 0.800 | - | |
| Drilling and equipping of boreholes & backup power supply | | | | | | 4,150 |
| | 7.300 | 1.500 | 6.100 | 1.200 | - | 4,150 |



Specific Project allocation which includes backup generation

| Project Scope | Total Generators | Beaufort West 2020/21 | Laingsburg 2020/21 | Prince Albert 2020/21 | Laingsburg 2023/24 |
|--|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Beaufort West Water Treatment Works emergency back-up electricity | 1 | 600,000 | | | |
| Laingsburg Supply and Install three (3) generators | 3 | | 400,000 | | |
| Prince Albert Supply and Install four (4) Standby Generators | 4 | | | 518,000 | |
| Laingsburg Drilling and equipping of boreholes & two (2) backup power supply | 2 | | | | 4,150,000 |
| Total Generators funded in the CKDM | 10 | | | | |

Note: Additional back-up power supply created in the area



DRAP in Action ... (1)

Water Infrastructure Management:

- Optimize Water Treatment
- Iron Removal Plant
- Bulk water pipelines

Water Source Management

- Sustainable ground water abstraction
- Spring rehabilitation
- Skills transfer

Dorps River Furrow Inlet



Prince Albert Iron Removal Plant







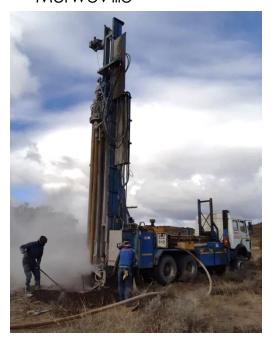
DRAP (2)

Water Source Management

- Sustainable ground water abstraction
- Apply for Water Use Licence (WULA)
- Installation of data loggers& Telemetry
- Groundwater management plans
- Skills transfer



Drilling Borehole at Merweville



Telemetry System Upgrade (Beaufort West)





Inspection of existing boreholes



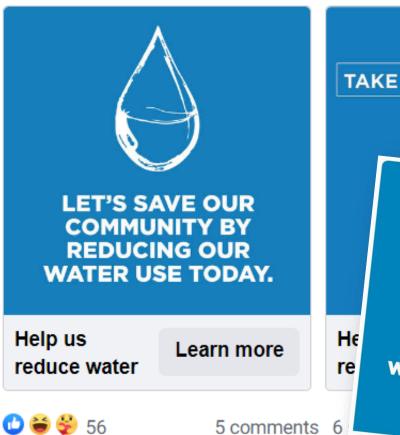
DRAP (3)

Water Savings Campaign in response to declining dam levels targeting all WC residents.

- Boosted social media Dark posts & Facebook and Instagram adverts
- Radio live reads on National, Regional and Local stations
- Print flyers & posters, sticker and Door hangers
- Activations and OBs in identified munics.



Dam levels across the Western Cape have dropped significantly. This is due to poor winter rainfall, a dry hot summer and ...See more



Comment

Like







Western Cape Government FOR YOU



Contributing Factors...

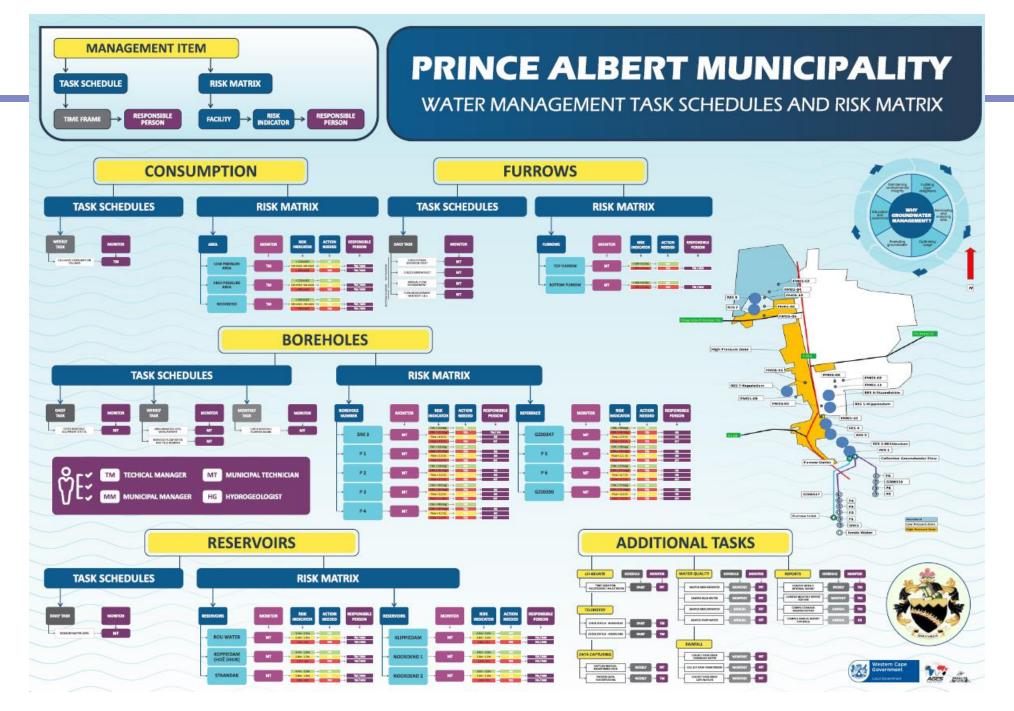
- The **Effective Implementation of the DRAP program** during the "<u>day zero</u>" drought response across the Western Cape Province (WCP), contributed and assisted that not a single town was without potable water for a prolonged period of time:
 - Successfully mobilized and managed multiple partners and stakeholders
 - Secured additional funding to assist municipalities with the construction, procurement or refurbishment of assets to aid demand and control management strategies.
 - o Established and mobilized a specialist team of engineers, project managers and other skills in the Department (DLG); that assisted with valuable guidance and advice.

o Ensured good communication lines within multiple supporting programs i.e. Drought Communication

Campaign.

Ongoing ... as part of the 15-year Water Resilience Programme











Emergency Load Shedding Relief Support - 2022/2023







The Reality on the Ground...

Sewage spills force temporary closure of some Cape Town beaches

SHARE (f) (y) (E) news24 Marvin Charles OF SUBSCRIBERS CAN LISTEN TO THIS ARTICLE

FOR SUBSCRIBERS () 3h ago The people rise up: top lawyers, politicians take aim at govt, Eskom as load shedding crisis deepens news24 lavan Pijoos and Cebelihle Mthethwa

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er the load shedding crisis.

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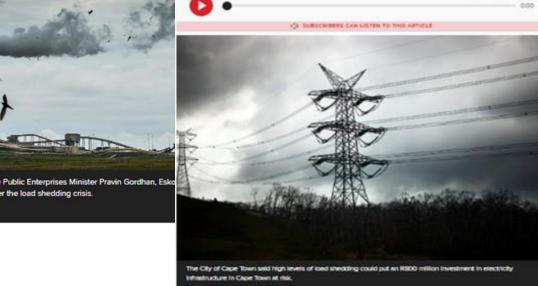
MEDIA RELEASE

Major pipe burst causing water supply disruption affecting Pineview North in Grabouw

A major pipe burst occurred around 19:00 yesterday (Friday 06 January 2023) along Mint Street in Pineview North, Grabouw.

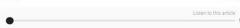
Load shedding threatens City of Cape Town's R800m investment in electricity infrastructure





President Ramaphosa cancels trip to World Economic Forum as load shedding crisis deepens

news24 lavan Pijoos





Forum's feature gathering in Davos, Switzerland.

- As thousands flock to beaches across Cape Town, the City of Cape 1 more closures due to sewage spills.
- His spokesperson Vincent Magwenya said Ramaphosa has convened a meeting with leaders of political parties, NECCOM and the Eskom board.

President Cyril Ramaphosa has cancelled his "working trip" to the World Economic

This after Eskom announced last Wednesday that Stage 6 load shedding would run

President Cyril Ramaphosa has cancelled his "working trip" to the World Economic Forum's (WEF) gathering in Davos, Switzerland.

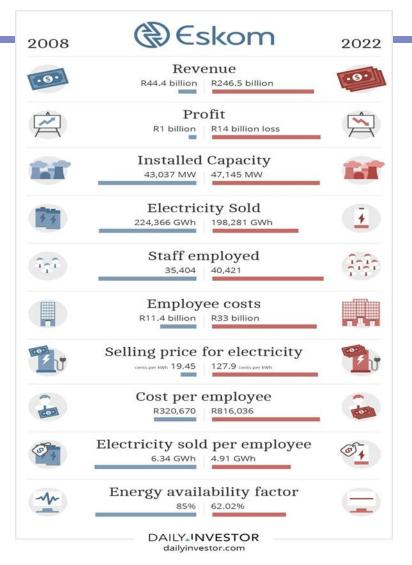
People sunbathe and swim at the beach

Xabiso Michabela/Anadolu Agency via Getty Images

Energy... an escalating crisis in SA

- This is not a simple crisis to resolve
- The situation will not be resolved quickly
- The solutions lie in a complete overhaul of the power sector, which is underway – incl unbundling of Eskom & increasing diversification & decentralisation
- The regulatory, process & other changes
 needed are radical & are happening
 unprecedented rate







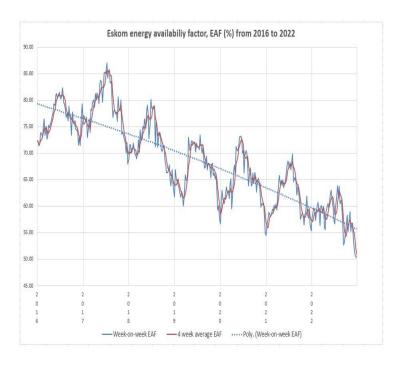
SA context: Eskom outlook

- The 52-week outlook re likely risk scenario remains bleak -> indicates at very least stage 2 loadshedding from Apr-Sep 2023.
- Given the age of plant, unplanned breakdowns, sabotage incidents and strike action there may be higher incident of likely risk scenario materialising i.e. stage 4 and higher
- 3. Koeberg maintenance: Unit 1 currently under refuelling and maintenance expected online in June 2023 and then unit 2 from September 2023 to February (each unit provides 920 MW equiv to almost 1 stage load shedding of 1000MW).
- 4. Decommissioning and repurposing Camden and Hendrina power stations will remove 3,600 MW of coal-fired power generation from the grid over a three-year period.
- 5. Eskom to focus on 6 underperforming power stations (likely to include Medupi and Kusile, Kendal, Tutuka and Majuba).
- Current energy availability factor (EAF) –
 52.76% (annual avg = 51.33%; 2022 avg 58.01%). Required EAF for grid stability of current network: 70% & 75%

| | | MW | MW |
|------------------------|----------|-------------|-------------|
| Week Start | Week | Planned | Likely Risk |
| | | Risk Level | Senario |
| | | (-15200 MW) | (-16700 MW) |
| 23-Jan-23 | 4 | | |
| 30-Jan-23 | 5 | | |
| 06-Feb-23 | 6 | | |
| 13-Feb-23 | 7 | | |
| 20-Feb-23 | 8 | | |
| 27-Feb-23 | 9 | | |
| 06-Mar-23 | 10 | | |
| 13-Mar-23 | 11 | | |
| 20-Mar-23 | 12 13 | | |
| 27-Mar-23 03-Apr-23 | 14 | | |
| 10-Apr-23 | 15 | | |
| 17-Apr-23 | 16 | | |
| 24-Apr-23 | 17 | | |
| 01-May-23 | 18 | | |
| 08-May-23 | 19 | | |
| 15-May-23 | 20 | | |
| 22-May-23 | 21 | | |
| 29-May-23 | 22 | | |
| 05-Jun-23 | 23 | | |
| 12-Jun-23 | 24 | | |
| 19-Jun-23 | 25 | | |
| 26-Jun-23 | 26 | | |
| 03-Jul-23 | 27 | | |
| 10-Jul-23 | 28 | | |
| 17-Jul-23 | 29 | | |
| 24-Jul-23 | 30 | | |
| 31-Jul-23 | 31 | | |
| 07-Aug-23 | 32 | | |
| 14-Aug-23 | 33 | | |
| 21-Aug-23 | 34 | | |
| 28-Aug-23 | 35 | | |
| 04-Sep-23 | 36 | | |
| 11-Sep-23 | 37 | | |
| 18-Sep-23 | 38 | | |
| 25-Sep-23 | 39 | | |
| 02-Oct-23 | 40 | | |
| 09-Oct-23 | 41 | | |
| 16-Oct-23 | 42 | | |
| 23-Oct-23 | 43 | | |
| 30-Oct-23 | 44 | | |
| 06-Nov-23 | 45 | | |
| 13-Nov-23 | 46 | | |
| 20-Nov-23 | 47 | | |
| 27-Nov-23 | 48 | | |
| 04-Dec-23 | 49 | | |
| 11-Dec-23 | 50 | | |
| 18-Dec-23 | 51 | | |
| 25-Dec-23 | 52 | | |
| 01-Jan-24 | 1 | | |
| 08-Jan-24 | 2 | | |
| 15-Jan-24 | 3 | | |
| 22-Jan-24 | 4 | | |

| Risk Level | Description |
|------------|---|
| Green | Adequate Generation to meet Demand and Reserves. |
| Yellow | < 1 000MW Possibly short to meet Reserves |
| Orange | 1 001MW – 2 000MW Definitively short to meet Reserves and possibly Demand |
| Red | > 2 001MW Short to meet Demand and Reserves |

Given the current state of load shedding, the outlooks seem to have become less reliable.



Evidence led proposal ...

- The purpose of the Provincial Strategy is to mitigate the impact of loadshedding:
 - provide context to the impact of loadshedding on municipalities and the extended Province
 - propose solutions and mitigation measures
 - Goal: for the WC to become an independent power producer

Short-term, Medium-term and Long-term Response:

(Stabilization to Sustainability)

- Electricity Demand
- Electricity Supply
- Management Strategies





Electricity Demand Options ...

Municipalities

Smart Meters

Electrical devices
installed at premises
that measure, store
and transmit
information –
automatic update to
the municipal system

Ripple Control Devices

Remote control of
electricity supply to
appliances used by
consumers
e.g., automatic switch
on and off of geysers

Management of demand and businesses

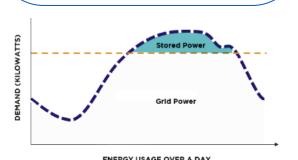
Tracking and manage
usage by big business
(load shifting during peak to
assist with generating
savings)

Energy Efficiency Gadgets

Household devices to reduce demand by functioning off the grid and/or are able to function during loadshedding









Electricity Supply Options...

Province and Municipalities

Generators & Diesel

Secure back-up supply for critical infrastructure components

- Water Treatment Works
- Water Pump Stations
- Wastewater Treatment
 Works
- Wastewater Pump
 Stations

Isolate and By-pass infrastructure

Isolation

Infrastructure is isolated from the main grid via a dedicated mini-substation or transformer that will only service that point

By-passing

Create a dedicated connection line from existing substation or transformer

Green Energy

- Solar Energy
- Battery Storage
- Wind Energy
- Waste to Energy
- Landfill Gas

Expand Existing Supply

Independent Power Production

- Private participation in power supply
- This can bring additional finance and harness international expertise
- Can be incorporated alongside state-owned generation

Partnership with Eskom

- Refurbish old power stations for WC use
- Upgrading and constructing electrical networks

Partnership with the Private Sector

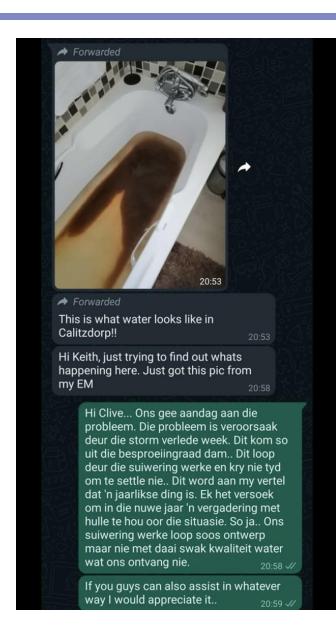
- Identify and Engage with private producers with access energy
- Possible PPP



Escalating Impact on Municipal Services

- Municipalities have been struggling to provide uninterrupted water and sanitation services as required by Schedule 4(B) of the Constitution.
 - This mandate is being compromised causing communities, business and medical facilities to express dissatisfaction with the failure to provide quality services
- DLG is the first port of call of many disgruntled citizens and commercial business.
 - Mayors, Municipal Managers and municipal officials haven also express discontent.
 - In many instances reaching a boiling point.
- Technical challenges being experienced by ESKOM:
 - Sub-stations not being able to close breakers at sub stations at the end of load shedding – need to be undertaken by hand to find that fuses have melted
- End result: More strain on municipal services.





Greatest Risk: Continued Water and Sanitation Services

The impact of prolonged loadshedding includes the following: (Practical Implications)

More ons levels vanoggend

07:23 //

BeaufortWTW -

RES1=17.6% RES2=19.1% RES3=7.6%

07:35

→ Forwarded

Dankie

Municipalities not be able to ensure the continuous provision of potable water to communities and citizens, which will severely impact the livelihoods and safety of people.

Sanitation

- Municipalities unable to ensure that wastewater is treated to the required standard.
 - This may lead to pollution in rivers, oceans and underground water sources.
 - It will further result that downstream users are unable to abstract water from rivers for domestic & agricultural use.
- A second risk is associated to potential spillage from pumpstations: Environmental Pollution

Immediate Response by DLG...

DLG ligise with ESKOM:

- Obtain details of outages and repairs and communicate with disgruntled and frustrated municipalities, citizens and businesses
- Negotiate to prioritise areas to be repaired & deploy DLG engineers to assist municipalities
- Secure technical support from municipalities to provide equipment to assist Eskom

Securing back-up generators:

Approach National Departments, Provincial Departments, Municipalities and the Private
 Sector to supplement energy

Support from the private sector:

- COKE: Provide potable and bottled drinking water
- **Big Farmers**: Tankers with potable water
- Factories: Avail technical support





Motivation/Research: Emergency Response - Generators

- The Provincial Government, The Department must support and strengthen the capacity of Municipalities. (Section 154 of the Constitution)
- Several actions are being undertaken by DLG to support municipalities
 - Technical advisory services
 - Deployment of engineers to assist municipalities on a semi-permanent basis
 - Deployment of engineers to undertake status assessments and develop action plans, in collaboration with the District and other stakeholders
 - Assessment of key installations & Facilitation of partnerships
- Provincial Strategy adopted to address the following:
 - Demand Management
 - Supply Management
 - Management Strategies

Based on interventions by DLG and experiences on the ground–
Generators urgently required.



Total Amount Requested in terms of Section 25 of the PFMA

Due Diligence:

- All Municipalities have compiled generic or technical scope of works in relation to the acquisition of generators
 - DLG engineers to assist
 - Funding will be transferred to municipalities with conditions.
 - To be managed by DLG via a signed
 TPA
 - Receiving municipality will be responsible for establishment, installation, testing, operations, diesel.

R88,815 million

Section 25 of the PFMA

Allocations based on:

- Local conditions
- Critical infrastructure requirements
- Existing resident capacity



Allocations to Local Municipalities

- DLG undertook operational and technical assessments at all municipalities to identify the most strategic and critical potable water supply and domestic waste-water disposal installations.
 - Consultation with MMs and Technical Directors
- Municipalities identified and registered their own needs with associated funding to procure generations to supplement energy to these installations—local conditions specific

Criteria developed and applied

Approved for Transfer

| | Local Municipality | Total Allocation (R) | | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| | Swartland | 10,945,000 | | | |
| | Matzikama | 1,050,000 | | | |
| | Cederberg | 1,600,000 | | | |
| | Bergrivier | 3,600,000 | | | |
| | Saldanha Bay | 2,950,000 | | | |
| | Witzenberg | 475,000 | | | |
| | Drakenstein | 6,000,000 | | | |
| | Stellenbosch | 6,175,000 | | | |
| | Breede Valley | 950,000 | | | |
| | Langeberg | 350,000 | | | |
| | Theewaterskloof | 1,800,000 | | | |
| | Overstrand | 6,700,000 | | | |
| | Cape Agulhas | 350,000 | | | |
| | Swellendam | 1,360,000 | | | |
| | Kannaland | 1,075,000 | | | |
| | Hessequa | 3,800,000 | | | |
| | Mossel Bay | 5,000,000 | | | |
| r | George | 14,220,000 | | | |
| • | Oudtshoorn | 4,665,000 | | | |
| | Bitou | 5,600,000 | | | |
| | Kynsna | 2,400,000 | | | |
| | Beaufort West | 1,115,000 | | | |
| | Laingsburg | 60,000 | | | |
| | Prince Albert | 175,000 | | | |
| | Sub-total | R82,415,000 | | | |



Allocations to District Municipalities

- Not all water and wastewater installations in local municipalities have been considered in the proposal focus on strategic and key installations.
- Logical conclusion is that minimum roaming back-up generators be kept by District Municipalities in the event of emergency situations.
- The District (asset owner) will be responsible for all maintenance and transport costs, while the using municipality will fund the diesel
 - MOA to be entered into between Districts and Locals to guide this arrangement
- Based on trends that have emerged and consultations
 roaming generators are proposed for municipalities.

| District Municipality | Total Allocation (R) |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| West Coast | 1,900,000 |
| Cape Winelands | 950,000 |
| Overberg | 1,600,000 |
| Garden Route | 1,600,000 |
| Central Karoo | 350,000 |

Approved for Transfer





DLG Loadshedding Relief Grant: Roll over Request



Current Status ... As at 31 August 2023

- The following twelve (12) municipalities have spent 100% of their allocation to procure required generators
 - Matzikama
 - Saldanha Bay
 - West Coast
 - Drakenstein
 - Breede Valley
 - Theewaterskloof
 - Cape Agulhas
 - Kannaland
 - Hessequa
 - Oudtshoorn
 - o Bitou
 - Beaufort West



Total expenditure of Grant at 31 August 2023 is approximately 55.4%

(+- R49.2mil)

- Nine (9) municipalities have awarded their tenders, await delivery and are in various stages on implementation
- Eight (8) municipalities are still in the SCM process



Status of roll-over requests

| Municipality | Reason for roll-over | Roll-over application |
|-------------------|---|---|
| Cederberg LM | Tender challenges | Applied 14 July 2023 - Roll-over approved |
| Bergrivier LM | Applied for roll-ov er to acquire additional backup generator | Applied 14 July 2023 - Roll-over approved |
| Swartland LM | Long lead time | Applied 14 July 2023 - Roll-over approved |
| Witzenberg LM | Tender challenges | Applied 14 July 2023 - Roll-over approved |
| StellenboschLM | Tender challenges | Applied 14 July 2023 - Roll-over approved |
| Langeberg LM | Tender challenges | Applied 14 July 2023 - Roll-over approved |
| Cape Winelands DM | Tender challenges | Applied 14 July 2023 - Roll-over approved |
| Overstrand LM | Long lead times | Applied 14 July 2023 - Roll-over approved |
| SwellendamLM | Long lead times | Applied 14 July 2023 - Roll-over approved |
| Overberg DM | Long lead times | Applied 14 July 2023 - Roll-over approved |
| Kannaland LM | Applied for roll-over to acquire additional UPS backup | Applied 31 August 2023 - Awaiting Roll-ov erapplication outcomes letter |
| Hessequa LM | Long lead times | Applied 14 July 2023 - Roll-over approved |
| Mossel Bay LM | Long lead times | Applied 14 July 2023 - Roll-over approved |
| George LM | Long lead times | Applied 14 July 2023 - Roll-over approved |
| Garden Route DM | Tender challenges | Applied 14 July 2023 - Roll-over approved |
| Laingsburg LM | Insufficient funding | Applied 14 July 2023 - Roll-over approved |
| Prince Albert LM | Tender challenges | Applied 14 July 2023 - Roll-over approved |
| Central Karoo DM | Long lead times | Applied 31 August 2023 - Awaiting Roll-ov erapplication outcomes letter |



Central Karoo District Area: Progress and Expenditure to date

| Municipality within Central Karoo District Area | Required generator (s) | Project Phase | Comments | Total Allocation (R) | Total Expenditure to date (August 2023) |
|---|------------------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|--|
| Central Karoo District | Roaming x1 | Tender award | Purchase order compiled. Applied for rollover of funds in the August 2023 process – awaiting approval. | 350,000 | 0,000 |
| Beaufort West | Fixed location x 2 | Close-out | Project completed – all generators installed | 1,115,000 | 1,115,000 |
| Prince Albert | Fixed location x 1 | Re-Tender | Rollover funding approved. Re-tender: Sept 2023 | 175,000 | 0,000 |
| Laingsburg | Fixed location x1 | Re-Tender | Rollover funding approved. Re-tender in Sept 2023 | 60,000 | 0,000 |
| | | Sub-total | | R1,700,000 | R1,115,000 |



Financial assistance to municipalities to ensure effective planning and functioning of municipal electrical infrastructure.

(Electrical Master Plans: 2023/24)



Municipal Energy Planning Support: Electricity Master Plans

- Electricity Master Plans assists municipalities with effective planning and functioning of their electrical infrastructure
 - Essential in support of the implementation of renewable energy and energy resilience projects, and to maximise the provision of basic electricity to citizens
 - Prerequisite for effective municipal participation and beneficiation from the Provincial Integrated Energy Resource Plan.
- The planning support involve the development of new or update of Electrical Master Plans (EMPs),
 - Foundational Studies: Electrical Cost of Supply Studies (CoSS) for NERSA Approval, Mini-integrated Resource Plans (IRPs) and Renewable Energy Project Development which is required to unlock private sector interest in wheeling as well as for municipal Independent Power Producer (IPP) procurement.

The municipal energy planning programme has been rolled out according to a structured plan since 2015/2016 and in recent years it's been complemented by the former Municipal Energy Resilience Programme (MER)

Electricity Master Plans – a phased strategy of Implementation

| | Financial Years | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|
| Municipalities | 2015/16 | 2016/17 | 2017/18 | 2018/19 | 2019/20 | 2020/21 | 2021/22 | 2022/23 | 2023/24 | |
| Beaufort West | 450,000 | | | | | | | | 600,000 | |
| Prince Albert | 250,000 | | | | | | | | 400,000 | |
| Laingsburg | 250,000 | | | | | | | | | |
| George | | 730,000 | | | | | | | | |
| Kannaland | | 300,000 | | | | | | | | |
| Cape Agulhas | | 500,000 | | | | | | | | |
| Hessequa | | | 600,000 | | | | | | | |
| Cederberg | | | 797,000 | | | | | | | |
| Oudtshoorn | | | | 617,000 | | | | | | |
| Saldanha Bay | | | | 452,239 | | | | | | |
| Swellendam | | | | 350,000 | | | | | | |
| Swellendam | | | | | 1,000,000 | | | | | |
| Knysna | | | | | 490,000 | | | | | |
| Langeberg | | | | | | 770,000 | | | | |
| Bitou | | | | | | 800,000 | | | | |
| Mossel Bay | | | | | | | 603,000 | | | |
| Overstrand | | | | | | | 1,000,000 | | | |
| Saldanha Bay | | | | | | | | 800,000 | | |
| Drakenstein | | | | | | | | 800,000 | | |
| Drakenstein | | | | | | | | | 800,000 | |
| Swartland | | | | | | | | | 680,000 | |
| Theewaterskloof Western Cape Corporation | | | | | | | | | 500,000 | |
| Bergrivier ment | | | | | | | | | 500,000 | |
| Totals | 950,000 | 1,530,000 | 1,397,000 | 1,419,239 | 1,490,000 | 1,570,000 | 1,603,000 | 1,600,000 | 3,480,000 | |

Electricity Master Plans: Allocations and Current Status

- Four municipalities have been identified for Electrical Master Plan (EMP's) updates in line with the departmental priority list for the 2023/24 Municipal Financial Year:
 - Bergrivier
 - Theewaterskloof
 - Prince Albert
 - Beaufort West
 - Swartland
 - Drakenstein
- The Gazette with the funding allocations has been drafted once published, funding allocations will be transferred

Total allocation for Municipal Energy Planning Support: R3,480,000



Thank you