Masterplan for the South African Furniture Industry

- Presentation to Portfolio Committee



28 September 2022





Overview

- In his State of the Nation Address (SONA) in 2019, President Cyril Ramaphosa set out the vision for a "reimagined industrial strategy" for South Africa. The South African Furniture Industry Masterplan is part of the implementation of the strategy.
- Following extensive engagements including during the core pandemic period, Government, industry and labour adopted the overall framework of the Furniture Industry Master Plan in March 2022.
- In September 2022 the Executive Oversight Committee aligned actions of stakeholders to the framework of the Furniture Industry Masterplan.
- Next step is to strengthen the timeframes and specific deliverables, whilst implementing the commitments.
- The Master Plan was developed to address a number of serious challenges faced by the industry and to ensure its long-term sustainability.
- It sets out a vision, key implementation pillars and a forum for regular engagement to focus on implementation.

Industry partnerships

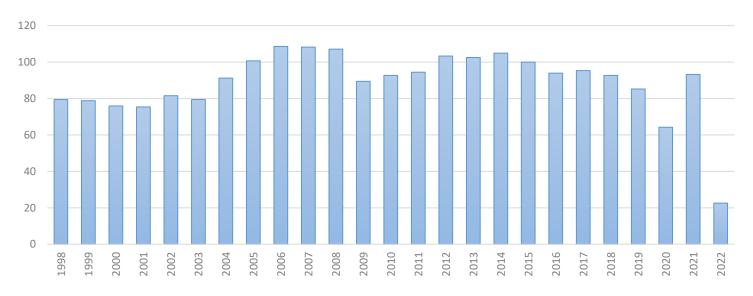
The dtic currently works on a number of industry partnerships:

- Light-industry masterplans
 - Clothing, textiles footwear and leather
 - Furniture
- Medium/heavy industry masterplans
 - Steel and engineering
 - Automobiles and components
- Food-industry masterplans
 - Poultry
 - Sugar
- Services masterplans
 - Global Business Services
- Active industry partnerships
 - Medical and pharmaceuticals
 - Film industry incentive
 - Renewable components

Snapshot of the furniture industry

RSA Furniture Manufacturing output

Furniture Index of Physical Volume Production, (base 2015=100): SIC MPI39100 Actual indices



Source: Adapted from StatsSA (2000-2022)

The industry has been experiencing a significant slowdown over the past decade despite its long and rich history. Factors that affected the industry negatively include stagnating demand, increased imports, and the shutdown of large manufacturing plants.

Furniture Trends Statistical Updates up to Q2, 2022

Furniture sector - Production

Trend analysis: first half of 2022 y-o-y (except: capacity utilisation, employment and remuneration - Q2 2022 y-o-y)

 -0.1%

1 5.3%

-3.3%

-1.4%

Production (seas. adj.)

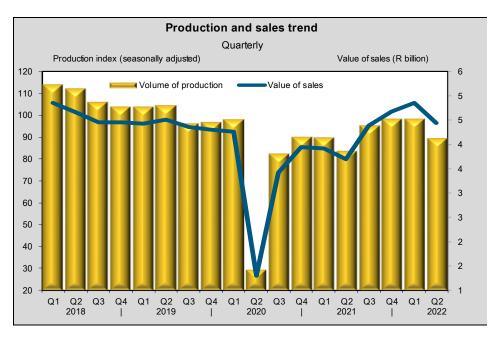
Capacity utilisation

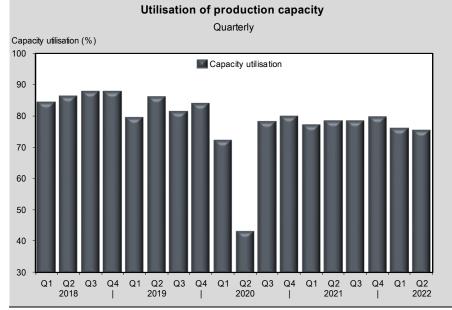
Employment*

Gross monthly remuneration per worker

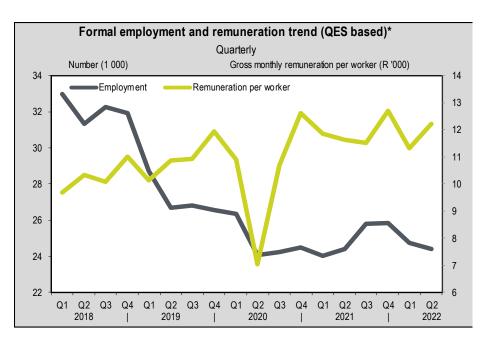
Exports (ZAR)

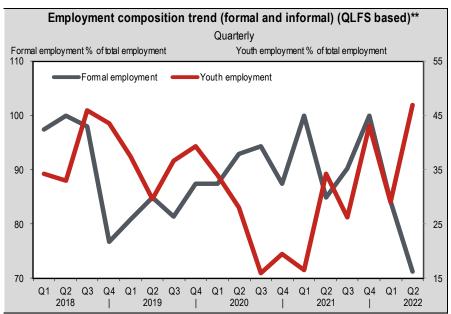
Imports (ZAR)



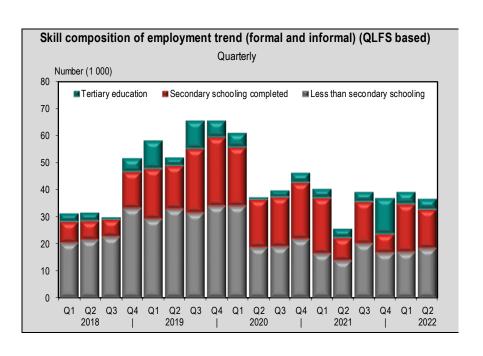


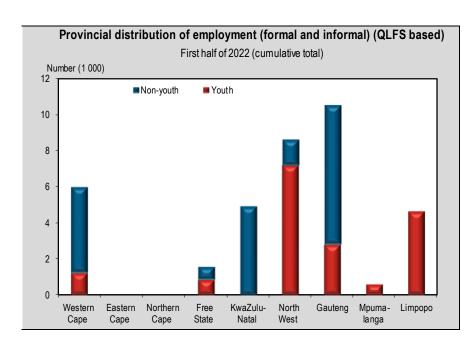
Furniture sector – Employment



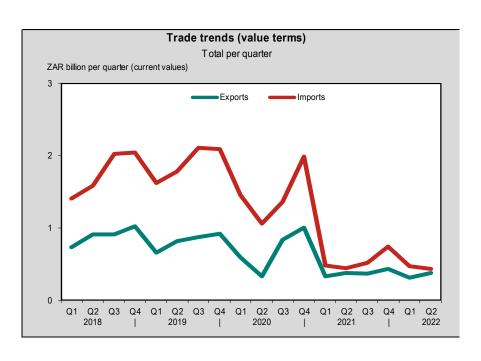


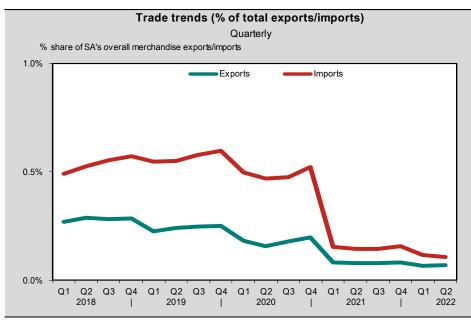
Furniture sector – Employment (cont.)





Furniture sector – External trade



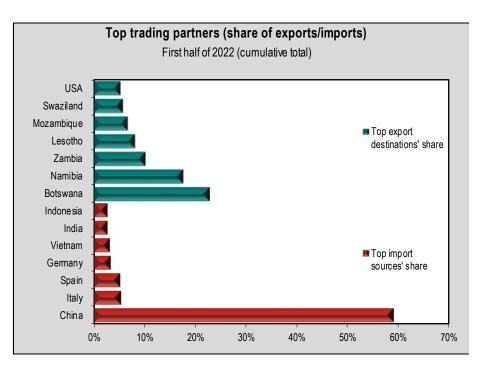


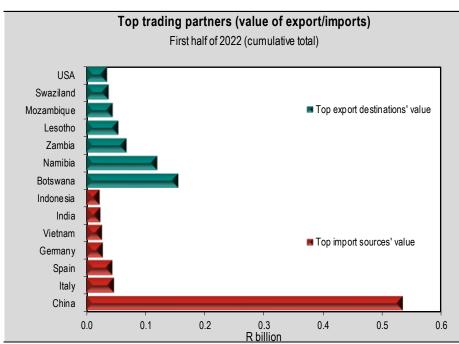
Furniture sector – External trade (cont.)

HS4 code: sector description	ZAR m
H9403: Other furniture and parts thereof	330.50
H9404: Mattress supports, mattresses, bedding	193.56
H9401: Seats (except dentist, barber, etc chairs)	158.64
Exports Total (including others)	682.70
H9403: Other furniture and parts thereof	6.00
H9401: Seats (except dentist, barber, etc chairs)	- 27.21
H9404: Mattress supports, mattresses, bedding	- 2.35

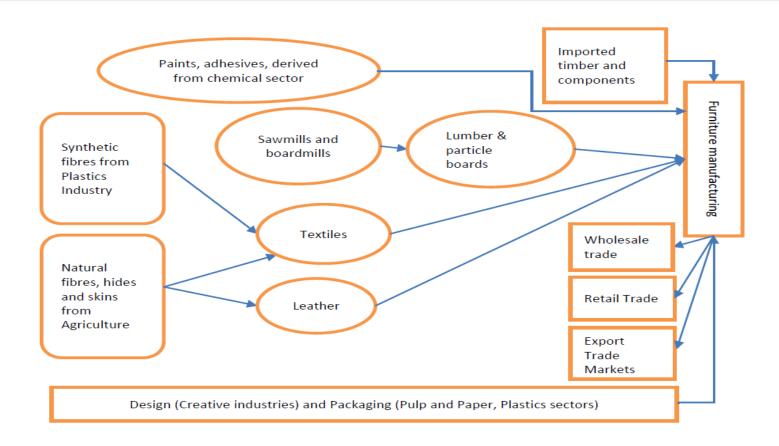
	HS4 code: sector description	ZAR r
	H9403: Other furniture and parts thereof	660.3
	H9401: Seats (except dentist, barber, etc chairs)	202.1
Top imports	H9404: Mattress supports, mattresses, bedding	38.6
	Imports Total (including others)	901.23
	H9403: Other furniture and parts thereof	27.3
Top gainers	H9404: Mattress supports, mattresses, bedding	2.1
Top losers	H9401: Seats (except dentist, barber, etc chairs)	- 42.4

Furniture sector – External trade (cont.)





Furniture industry value chain



Value Chain coverage by the Furniture Masterplan

Key links in the chain

- 1. Raw material suppliers
- 2. Manufacturers
- 3. Procurers (retail, corporate users, public sector, exporters)

Key sectors of focus

- Mattresses and Bedding
- 2. Lounge and upholstered goods
- 3. Case Goods (eg cupboards, tables, pedestals, display and storage units)
- 4. Kitchens and built-in units
- 5. School and Office furniture

Key constituencies for commitments and implementation

- 1. Investors & managers
- 2. Labour
- 3. Government
- 4. Support institutions

Opportunities

- 1. Grow the domestic supply
- 2. Export to EU/UK/US and RoA
- 3. Beneficiation (incl forestry; steel; fabric; glass)
- 4. Growth of SMMEs and district development

Composition of the sector

The sector has a significant SMME and informal sector footprint, with many black industrialists active in manufacturing and limited presence in raw materials and retail.

These manufacturers include:

- Established Firms that are transforming
- Black-owned firms that operate in the market
- Small and micro enterprises providing significant aggregate output in the sector

Changes in the sector

- Growth of informal manufacturing
- Entry of foreign-owned informal retailing
- On-line growth
- Work-from-home opportunities
- Flat-pack production, assemble at home

Funders of credit sales (banks, credit card, credit facilities) play a key role in supporting the demand side of the market

SMME development and opportunities

- Over 90% of the industry are SMMEs employing less than 10 people. The Masterplan seeks to improve the competitiveness of firms through focused measures. Areas to follow up are:
 - Improved access to raw materials to become competitive.
 - Upgrading of skills and equipment
 - Access to markets through localisation and export promotion
- Particular focus would be to grow and identify black industrialists in the major value chains and address links to markets. These include opportunities in the built-in cabinet and kitchen sector through the increase residential constructional projects in the provinces.
- Further beneficiation of wood is possible, enabling more small-scale plantations
- Urbanisation and the growth of the middle class across Africa opens up potential for furniture exports.

Suppliers and customers - examples

		GAUTENG	M PUMALANGA	E CAPE
Board Products	PG Bison	X	X	X
	Sonae Arauco		X	
	FX Group	X	X	
Leather	Hannitan	X		
Fabric manufacture	Cedarbrook	X		
Foam	Unifoam	X		
	Strand foam	X		
	Vita Foarm	X		
Springs	Option Springs	X		
Plywood	York Timbers		Х	
	JD Group	All Provinces		
	Lewis Group	All Provinces		
Retailers	Fairprice	Gauteng KZN and	Limpopo	
	Tapestry Group/Coricraft	All Provinces		
	Shoprite OK	All Provinces		
	The Foschini Group - @Home	All Provinces		

Some key opportunities



Industry has experienced disruption and decline but has sufficient skills, and experience, to bounce back



July 2019 unrest - disruption to the furniture value chain created a short-term imbalance in supply and demand



Opportunity to compete with imports especially lounge and case goods – current global supply chain disruptions and changes create opportunity.



Strong demand locally and good potential for export especially through the AfCFTA framework (especially flatpacks).



Retailers supportive of the growth of local procurement and to work directly with local manufacturers. The key is to expand and nurture existing medium-sized companies to help them grow and supply retailers more successfully.



All the above mentioned key opportunities will require an innovative partnership between Government, Retailers, Manufacturers, Trade Unions and development finance institutions.

African trade

African trade: the AfCFTA provisions on furniture rules of origin have been agreed.

The trade agreement with the EU has preferential access for goods made in SA.

Access to the US market is possible for certain products under the African Growth and Opportunities Act

Africa's trade with the world

Top 5 African furniture exporters:

- 1. Morocco US\$ 504m
- 2. Tunisia US\$ 207m
- 3. South Africa US\$ 163m
- 4. Egypt US\$ 88m
- 5. Kenya US\$. 7m

In 2021, African countries exported approximately US\$ 947m (or R14bn) of furniture from Non-African countries

Top 5 African furniture importers:

- 1. South Africa US\$1.5bn
- 2. Egypt US\$ 943m
- 3. Nigeria US\$ 765m
- 4. Morocco US\$ 665m
- 5. Ghana US\$ 404m

In 2021, African
countries imported
approximately
US\$ 8.3bn
(or R122.5bn) of
furniture from NonAfrican countries

Source: data of trading partners 18

World trade

Countries SA exports furniture to:

Countries SA imports furniture from:

1. United Kingdom US\$25m

1. China US\$1,2bn

2. Zambia US\$24m

2. Italy US\$ 29m

3. Eswatini US\$21m

3. Germany US\$ 29m

4. Mozambique US\$21m

4. Poland US\$. 28m

5. Zimbabwe US\$16m

5. Thailand US\$. 27m

Trade data 2021

Total value of furniture trade: US\$1,7bn (R 24.9bn) in 2021 (South Africa)

Imports of furniture: US\$1,5bn (R22.5bn) in 2021 imported values (South Africa)

Exports of furniture: US\$163m (R2.4bn) in 2021 exported values (South Africa)

Source: data of trading partners

Furniture Masterplan Vision & Mission

Vision

 A fast growing, profitable, inclusive, and sustainable South African Furniture industry by 2030

Strategic Objectives

- Improve the competitiveness of the industry and the retention of existing capacity in the immediate term; and
- The sustainable growth of the industry with increased local supply.

Implementation pillars

- 1 Local supply capacity and demand
- Competitiveness: Grow SMMEs into larger and more stable companies
- 3 Export Promotion
- 4 Improve raw materials
- Improve the skill supply to the Furniture industry

Implementation approach

- **Phased planning and implementation:** The Plan will be expanded and refined based on implementation progress and new stakeholders commitments. A review will take place every two years.
- Flexibility: The intent is for the Master Plan to be flexible and enable agility and responsiveness.
- Collaboration & joint responsibility: The master plan is a social agreement" derived from dialogue among key stakeholders (mainly Government, Manufacturers, Labour, Raw Material Suppliers and Retailers), ensuring that the ownership of plan is shared and rooted in a wide base of support. All stakeholders must play their part for the Masterplan to be successful.
- **Action:** With specific and concrete commitments made by all the stakeholders, there is a strong bias for action, practicality, and pragmatism.
- Executive Oversight: leaders from the stakeholders will meet periodically to review progress
- Taskteams: work will be done at technical taskteam level
- Coordination: an integrated dtic-team, drawn from different Branches and entities will monitor and facilitate implementation

Pillar 1

Localisation

Support demand for

locally manufactured

greater supply chain

Task Team 1

furniture and for

consistency

Pillar 2 Competitiveness

Grow small and mediumsized manufacturers into larger and more stable companies through an innovative partnership between Retailers, Manufacturers and

Import Replacement

State Localisation Localisation Value Chain Data Management



Government

Task Team 2

Furniture Challenge Fund SAFI Trust Fund Transformation across Value Chains

Pillar 3

Export Promotion

Task Team 3

Export Promotion

Pillar 4

Address raw material shortages and invest

Task Team 4

Raw Material Shortages

Pillar 5

Improve the skill supply to the **Furniture** industry

Task Team 5

Skills Development





Pillar 1

Task Team Import Replacement:

Working with
Retailers and major
importers to reduce
the imports and
also supporting the
local suppliers to
increase volumes
and turn around
times.

SAFI

Pillar 1

Task Team State Localisation

State procurement of furniture
Tender Monitoring
Procurement
Workshops
Finalise Furniture
Specification
Guidelines

the dtic

Pillar 1

Task Team Localisation

Large Corporates and Institutional buyers to buy local furniture e.g. Hospitality Industry, Private Schools, Private hospitals.

Consumer Campaigns — Labelling & consumer awareness.

Online Stores and other market access platforms

Proudly SA

Pillar

Task Team Value Chain Data Management

Value Chain Analysis aimed at establishing baselines and setting measureable targets for the implementing and monitoring of initiatives as identified in the FIMP for each sub-sector within the furniture industry AND along the various chains.

IDC

2

Pillar 2 Task Team 2.1 Furniture Challenge Fund:

Design a funding plan for the SA Furniture Industry Challenge Fund which is estimated at R200m .. Non-financial assistance to manufactures – market access, competitiveness, cleaner production systems; sector specific campaigns.

IDC

2

Pillar 2
Task Team 2.2 Furniture
Manufacturing
Hubs/SEZ

A proposal for SMME's to be included in SEZ's and Industrial parks

2

Pillar 2
Task Team 2.3
Transformation across the
Value Chain:

All participants to consider and report on transformation efforts including improved Black ownership.
Formalise a Furniture Sector Transformation Strategy

SAFI

3

4

5

Pillar 3
Task Team 3.2 Export
Promotion:

Promoting Exports especially through AfCFTA.

Formalise an evidence based Furniture Export Strategy.

SAFI

Pillar 4
Task Team 4
Address Raw
material shortage:

Develop Value add products to support the localization of medium to high end products.

SAFI

Pillar 5
Task Team 5
Skills Development:

Finalise a Furniture Skills Strategy and implementation plan.

FP&M SETA

Actions and achievements to date

Reducing input costs:

Following an industry application, Government approved a rebate on warp knit fabrics used for upholstered furniture

Improve raw material supply:

PG Bison Announced R2.5 billion investment to increase the Board Manufacturing Capacity and opened additional production to 1000m3 per day at its Emkondo Plant at Piet Retief in March 2022. This follows a partnership with government

FX Group announced its support for the expansion of board manufacturing

Promoting local demand and consumption:

Proudly SA Launched a furniture portal to assist with online platform and visibility for local manufacturers

Promoting transformation:

Bravo Group committed to 51% Black Ownership and set up a Furniture Design Academy

Curb Illegal Imports:

Following a request from industry, SARS introduced amended tariff headings for furniture HS94.

Funding for Master Plan:

- to promote competitiveness and structural transformation, the IDC and the dtic committed R400m towards the Furniture Challenge Fund. Private sector matching funds is being finalised
- resources for implementation: SAFI committed R435k to support the implementation plan
- Skills development: the FP&M Seta committed R1.4m skills development for 2022/23