

RESEARCH UNIT

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27 May 2020

INFORMATION NOTE: CHANGES TO THE FIREARMS AMNESTY CONDITIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

This information note is in preparation of the joint meeting of the Portfolio Committee on Police and Select Committee on Security and Justice scheduled for 27 May 2020. The meeting will consider the notice of the submission for approval of a further Declaration of Amnesty in terms of section 139 of the Firearms Control Act, 2000 (Act No. 60 of 2000).

Changes to the conditions of the firearm amnesty

In the Government Gazette notice of 27 November 2019, one of the conditions under which amnesty was granted included - (d) An application contemplated in section 139(4)(a) of the said Act shall not apply to illegal firearms where documentary proof of previous ownership cannot be produced. [Section 139(4)(a) reads "A person who surrenders a firearm in compliance with a notice published in terms of subsection (1) may apply in terms of this Act for a licence in respect of that firearm".]

In the Minister's application for extension, the above-mentioned condition (d) is removed.

The removal of this condition resulted from an urgent court application by the National Hunting and Shooting Association (NHSA) against the Minister of Police to have the amnesty set aside for various reasons. One of which were the renewal of lapsed firearm licenses. However, an out of court settlement was reached on the issue in which the SAPS changed its administrative process for the application for new firearm licenses under the amnesty on 06 January 2020. The amended process allows firearm owners to submit their applications for the renewal of expired competency certificates together with their applications for firearm licenses during the amnesty period, which ends on 31 May 2020. The press statement of the NHSA can be accessed at https://natshoot.co.za/nhsa-info/newsletters/nhsa-newsletter/2020/vol-16-01

People with lapsed firearm licences now have three options under the amnesty:

- to hand in the firearm with SAPS and to apply for a new licence and the renewal of competency (if applicable);
- to hand in the firearm with SAPS for destruction; or
- to wait for the result of the Gun Owners of South Africa (GOSA) main court case, which
 interdicts the SAPS from forcibly taking firearms from people with expired licences (did not
 apply within 90 days before expiry). Additional information on this issue can be provided if
 needed.

Comments

The SAPS should explain the basis of the out of court settlement and why the settlement was reached.



How is a separate process for the renewal of licenses apart from the amnesty handled? The Committee requested the Minister of Police to consider declaring a separate process for the renewal of expired licences that should run concurrently to the amnesty period.

What impact will the lockdown have on the amnesty?

Changes in the police stations excluded from amnesty

On 23 October 2019, the SAPS made a presentation to the Portfolio Committee on Police, in which it stated that 46 police stations would be excluded from the amnesty process based on a risk assessment on the readiness of all provinces to implement the amnesty. The stations mentioned were not included in the Government Gazette notice dated 27 November 2019, but rather only the three stations mentioned during 2017/18. After Members of the Committee raised concerns about the omission, the Minister gazetted an amended notice on 13 December 2019 to name the 46 police stations that cannot accept firearms and ammunition during the amnesty.

The proposed firearm amnesty is set to run from 01 June 2020 to 30 November 2020 lists only 28 police stations that will be exempt from the amnesty, which is a significant decrease from the original 46 exempted police stations.

Table 1: Police stations excluded from firearm amnesty

Province	Current amesty 01 December – 31 May 2020 46 Stations	Proposed amnesty 01 June 2020 – 30 November 2020 28 Stations
Eastern Cape	5 Stations	3 Stations
	 Engcobo 	• Engcobo
	 Balfour 	 Balfour
	 Ngangelizwe 	 Ngangelizwe
	 Kareedouw 	 Kareedouw
	 Middeldrift 	Middeldrift
Free State	3 Stations	
	 Koffiefontein 	None listed
	 Allanridge 	None listed
	 Moloding 	
Gauteng	9 Stations	5 Stations
	 Bekkersdal 	 Bekkersdal
	 Dunnottar 	 Dunnottar
	 Ekangala 	Ekangala
	 Kagiso 	 Kagiso
	 Lenasia South 	 Lenasia South
	 Protea Glen 	 Protea Glen
	 Eersterus 	 Eersterus
	 Eden Park 	 Eden Park
	 Soshanguve 	 Soshanguve
KwaZulu Natal	4 Stations	3 Stations
	• Ibisi	<u>◆ Ibisi</u>
	 Kranskop 	 Kranskop
	 Elandslaagte 	 Elandslaagte
	 Lamontville 	 Lamontville
Limpopo	1 Station	None listed

¹ Briefing to the Portfolio Committee on Police. Firearm Amnesty 2019/20 dated 23 October 2019.

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	Macklenburg	
Mpumalanga	3 Stations	4 Stations
	 Verena 	 Ancornhoek (Added)
	 Skukuza 	 Verena
	 Kabokweni 	 Skukuza
		 Kabokweni
North West	2 Stations	
	 Phokeng 	None listed
	 Ottoshoop 	
Northern Cape	14 Stations	13 Stations
	 Belmont 	 Belmont
	 Douglas 	 Douglas
	 Heuningvlei 	 Heuningvlei
	 Kuyasa 	 Kuyasa
	 Lime Acres 	 Lime Acres
	 Loxton 	 Loxton
	 Middelpos 	 Middelpos
	 Mothibistad 	 Mothibistad
	 Plooysburg 	 Plooysburg
	 Van Wyksvlei 	 Van Wyksvlei
	 Van Zylsrus 	 Van Zylsrus
	 Vosburg 	 Vosburg
	 Witdraai 	 Witdraai
	 Winderson 	 Winderson
Western Cape	5 Stations	
	 Athlone 	
	 Klapmuts 	None listed
	Riversdale	Notice listed
	 Legelethu-West 	
	 Somerset West 	

Source: SAPS

Comment

The SAPS should explain how the risk profiles of the stations that were originally excluded changed since 01 December 2019.

Why does the presentation not mention the changes in police stations excluded from the amnesty?

Why do the North West, Limpopo, Free State and Western Cape provinces not have any exclusions in the extended firearm amnesty period?

Renewals and amnesty during lockdown

The SAPS has also issued a directive on 07 May 2020 regarding the renewal of firearm licenses that lapsed during the national lockdown, which prevented firearm owners from applying for renewal within the 90 days before the date of expiry. Under level 5 of the national lockdown, licensing was not listed as one of the essential services and as a result, normal processes of licensing were suspended. However, if a license has already expired during the lockdown period, the firearm owner must apply for a new licence.



The directive further acknowledges that the period of amnesty could not be fully utilised by firearm owners because of the lockdown and that the Minister will approach Parliament to approve an extension to the amnesty period.

Comments

The SAPS should indicate whether all Station Commanders and Designated Firearm Officers (DFOs) are conversant with the instruction and whether it is consistently applied across stations and provinces. Will this change be communicated to relevant stakeholders and the public? The change in police stations should be indicated clearly.