

## **SAFCOL**

Presentation to the Joint Meeting: Portfolio Committee on Public Enterprises and Select Committee on Public Enterprises and Communication

30 October 2019

## **Integrated Report Presentation - Agenda SAFCOL's Strategy and Business** 01 02 **Performance against Shareholder's Compact** 03 **Financial Performance** 18 19 04 **Human and Social Capital** INTEGRATED REPORT

**Looking Forward** 

05







## **SAFCOL's Strategy and Business**



#### MANDATE AND STRATEGY



#### Mandate

•We have a dual mandate of commercial viability, as well as that of socioeconomic development. Our commercial mandate is to conduct our commercial forestry business through the development in the long term of the forestry industry according to accepted commercial management practice. Our socio-economic development mandate is to show an effective return, to our shareholder, whilst we contribute to economic development mainly in the rural areas.

#### Mission

•To be a world leader in integrated forestry products business, powering sustainable growth and creating wealth through partnerships with communities

#### Vision

- •We are dedicated to growing our business in the forestry value chain and maximising stakeholder value.
- •We are driven by an unwavering commitment to facilitate sustainable economic development

#### **Values**

- •We are passionate about forests and the communities
- •We respect and value our employees and customers
- •We conduct ourselves with honesty and integrity, and
- •We strive for excellence and innovation in our business.

#### **SAFCOL's Strategic Intent Statement from the Shareholder**

Leveraging State capabilities to improve sustainability and economic viability;

Securing the economic future of the community and stakeholders it serves;

Enhancing co-ordination between SOC's to unlock real value in support of the NDP goals;

Optimising the social and economic impact of all interventions undertaken in the SOC in the achievement of these objectives;

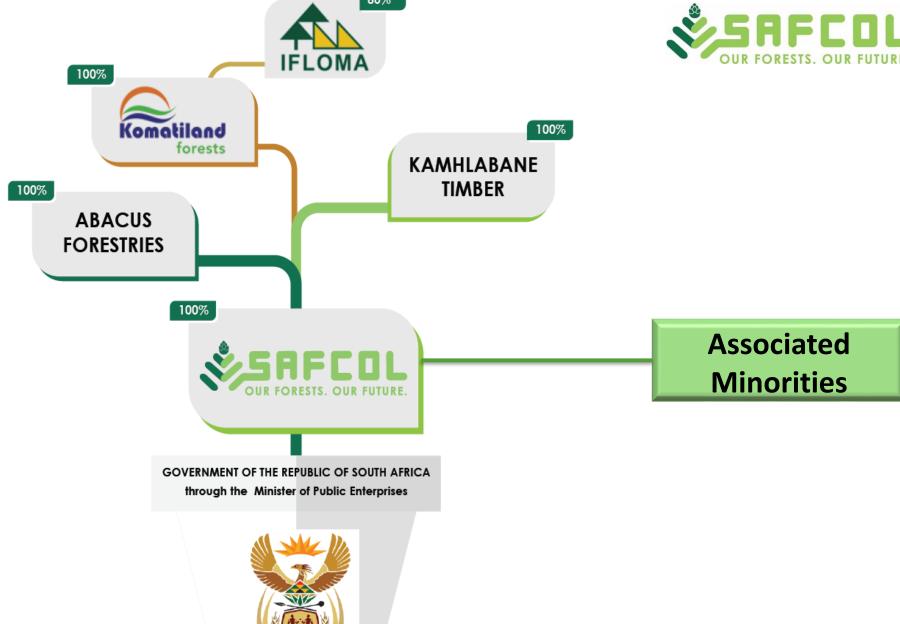
Horizontal Integration: to increase the management of plantation areas to ensure the sustainable supply of sawlogs to the country;

Vertical Integration: participation in processing activities within the timber value chain; and

IFLOMA: optimisation of the existing operations and investment for growth.

#### **BUSINESS STRUCTURE**





#### **ASSOCIATED MINORITIES COMPANIES**



Post privatisation which occurred in 1999, SAFCOL holds minority equity stakes in the following four companies on behalf of communities:

Siyaqhubeka Forests (Pty) Ltd (25%) - Kwazulu Natal



Amathole Forestry Company (Pty) Ltd (16%) - Eastern Cape



Singisi Forest Products (Pty) Ltd (10.9%) - Eastern Cape



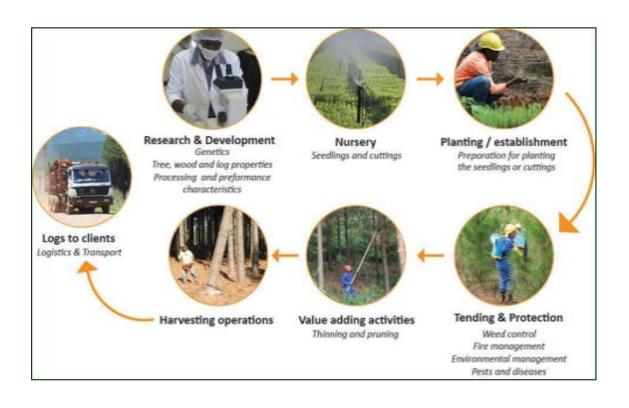
MTO Forestry (Pty) Ltd (17.58%) - Western Cape



#### **FORESTRY AND SAWMILLING VALUE CHAIN**



#### **Forestry Operations**



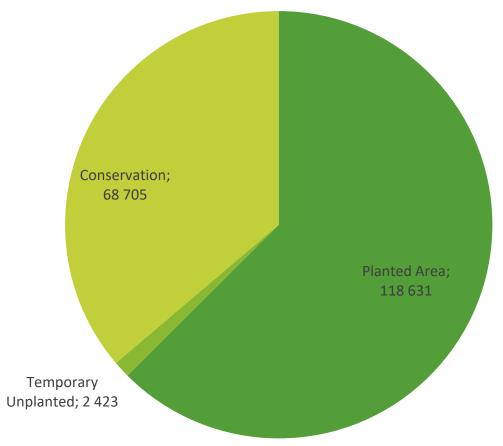
#### **Sawmilling Operations**



## **SAFCOL GROUP OPERATIONS (ha)**

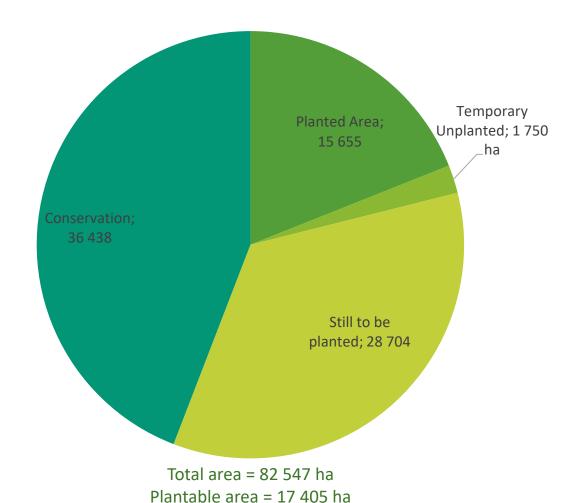


South Africa: KLF



Total area = 189 760 ha Plantable area = 121 055 ha

Mozambique : IFLOMA



#### **HOW WE CREATE VALUE**

- The Six Capitals



#### Manufacturing Capital

- a) 121 293ha commercial plantations in SA;
- b) 8-30 year harvesting cycle
- c) Internal / outsourced processing capability (10%
- d) Established nurseries > 10 mil seedlings / cuttings per year.



- a) Unencumbered balance sheet:
- b) Never required State bailout;
- c) Long-term capital investment programme
- d) Total assets = R4.65 Billion



#### **Human Capital**

- a) 1546 permanent KLF employees
- b) 606 permanent IFLOMA employees
- c) Employees Training and Development;
- d) Market related Rewards and remuneration;
- e) Defined Company Values;
- f) Performance Management.



#### Intellectual Capital

- a) World-class R&D facilities in Sabie; and
- b) Research on best in house genetic material







#### **Natural Capital**

- a) Majority of 189 760ha land lease from the State:
- b) One-third of SAFCOL's area is managed as conservation
- c) Two-thirds of the area is under commercial forestry
- d) Approximately 57% of SAFCOL land is under claim:
- e) SAFCOL manages Ecotourism facilities (hiking trails, picnic sites, waterfalls etc.



#### **Social Capital**

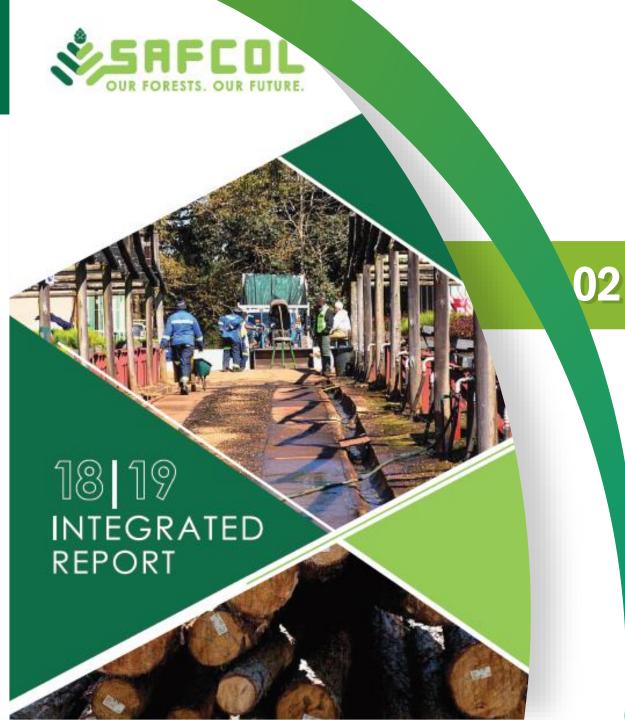
- a) Support around 30 000 people
- b) Overall R11m invested in
- c) Learning and development programmes for communities
- d) Developed relationship with potential future land owners



#### **KEY RISKS AND OPPORTUNITIES**



Rank	Risk Name	Likelihood	Impact	Mitigation
1	Fire	High	High	Industry collaboration and community partnerships, fuel load reduction, Fire Protection Association (FPA) membership.
2	Timber Theft, Pests and Diseases	High	High	Industry collaboration and research, genetic breeding improvements, deployment of technology.
3	Climate Change and Natural Disasters	High	Medium	R&D and industry collaboration, drought-resistant species, climate change strategy and response plan.  Opportunity to leverage carbon credits through sequestration.
4	Infrastructure Maintenance	Medium	Medium	Upgrade to key infrastructure to mitigate risks, reduce costs and improve efficiency.
5	Loss of productive land due to Land Reform	Medium	Medium	Close collaboration with Land Claims Commission and communities, positioning SAFCOL as a partner of choice.  Opportunities for partnerships with communities and future land owners to accelerate transformation of the industry and contribute to rural economic development.



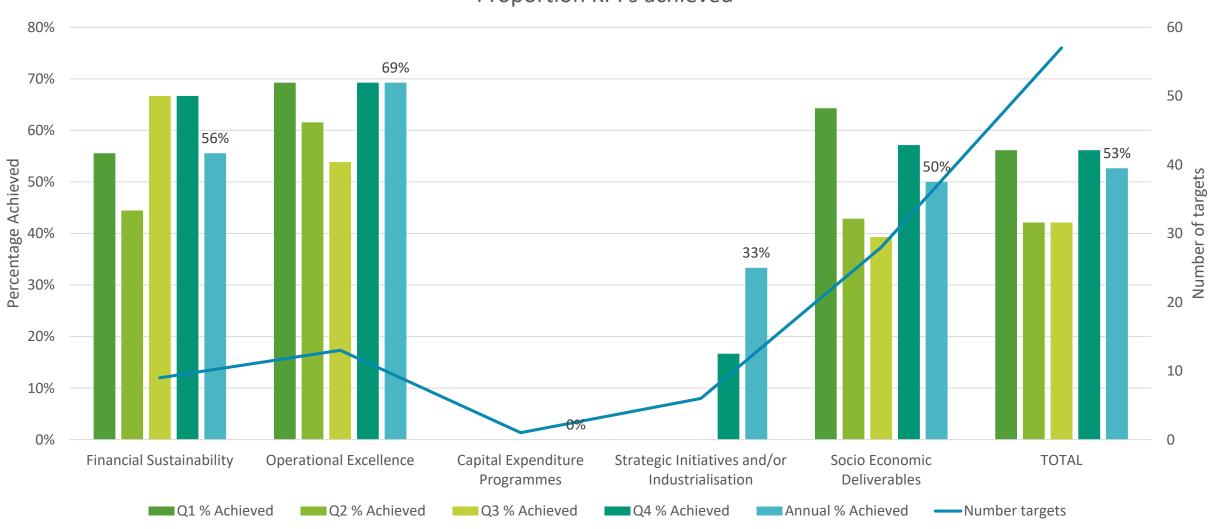


Performance against Shareholder's Compact

#### PERFORMANCE AGAINST SHAREHOLDER'S COMPACT



#### Proportion KPI's achieved



#### **TARGETS NOT ACHIEVED**



Element of Strategic	Key Performance Area	Key Performance Indicator (	KPI)	2018/19 Annual Target	2018/19 Achieved
	Financial Returns	EBITDA / Revenue [%]		5%	-7.5%
Financial	Financial Returns	Overhead Reduction [%]		5%	-3.4%
Sustainability	Working Capital	Cash Ratio		1	0.4
	Management	Debtor Days		60	161
	Area of Forest under	Mozambique current operat	ions: TUP	5%	7.8%
Operational	Management	Mozambique: new establishment (Sofala) [ha]		2 000	212
Excellence	Timber Processing	Additional Sawmill Processing (m³]		50 000	49 128
		Mozambique IFLOMA Proces	sing	10 000	2 594
Capital Expenditure Programmes	Vertical Integration	Timbadola Upgrade		Strategy finalised; relevant processes and implementation plan development and approvals concluded	Service provider not appointed
Strategic Initiatives	Vertical Integration	Government (including timb frame plant and other timbe	chno Park initiative of the Mpumalanga Provincial er value addition such as pole treatment, timber-r value-adding activities); expansion of sawmill through various means (e.g. partnerships, etc.)	Implementation plan developed; agreements and approvals drafted and submitted	Feasibility study developed, but implementation plan not finalised
and/or Industrialisation		Pole manufacturing plant		Pole manufacturing capacity implemented and operationalised	Feasibility study and busines plan finalised
	Horizontal integration	DAFF Plantations Areas		Strategic Implementation Plan approved	Engagements with DAFF underway
	Business Development expansion	SAFCOL Africa Strategy		Detailed plan developed	Service provider not appointed
Socio Economic Deliverables	Skills development	Number Internships		35	34
	CSI	Rand Value	Total CSI Budget for CSI Projects / Initiatives	R11 500 000	R5 582 033
	Enterprise and Supplier Development	Expenditure on Supplier Dev	elopment	R2 558 792	R2 342 182
	Job Creation	Number Direct Jobs Created	(new) Permanent	32	0
		% Total Black Top and Senior	Managers	79%	74%
		% Total Black Female Top and Senior Managers		36%	26%
Socio Economic		% Total Black Female Middle Managers		30%	29%
Deliverables	Procurement		B-BBEE Procurement Recognition Level	2	3
		Preferential procurement Spend on Marginalised groups	% Spend on Local Content	85%	0%
			% B-BBEE Spend on QSE's	40%	17%
			% B-BBEE Spend on EME's	30%	27%
			% spent on Black Women Owned Suppliers	44%	14%
			% spent on Youth Owned Suppliers	5%	3%
			% spent on Disabled Owned Suppliers	1%	0%

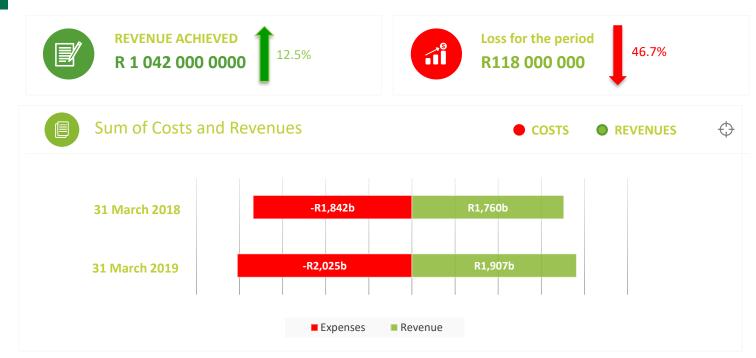


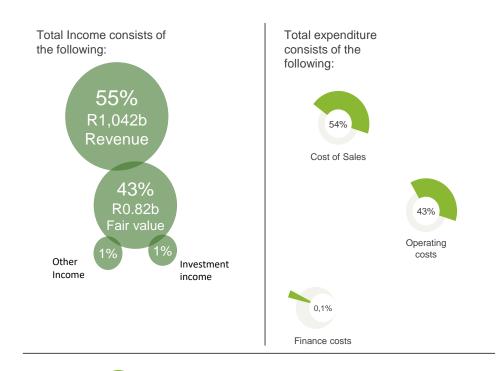


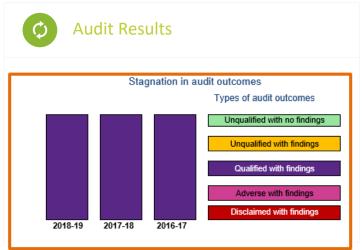
**Financial Performance** 

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DASHBOARD













#### **IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE**



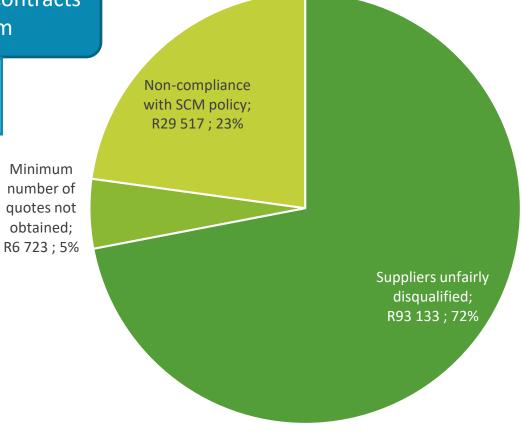
#### **Irregular Expenditure**

R233m
2017/18

Prior Year Contracts
R59m

2018/19

Minimum
number of



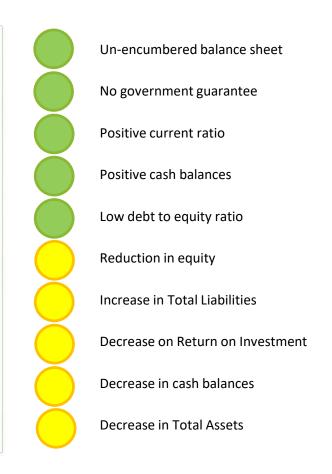
Reasons for incurring Irregular Expenditure

- Improved internal controls resulted in the decrease in irregular expenditure
- Early detection mechanism result in the prevention of irregular expenditure
- Awareness and implementation of consequence management enforced the internal controls.

#### **FINANCIAL POSITION**



Description	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-18	Actual vs Prior
Description	(R million)	(R million)	Year Variance %
Non-Current Assets	3 555.64	3 666.23	-3.0%
Current Assets	1 090.02	1 032.09	5.6%
Non-Current Assets Held for Sale	-	1.01	0.0%
Total Assets	4 645.66	4 699.33	-1.1%
Equity	3 189.32	3 293.42	-3.2%
Non-Current Liabilities	1 047.58	1 075.81	2.6%
Current Liabilities	408.76	330.10	-23.8%
Total Equity and Liabilities	4 645.66	4 699.33	1.1%



#### **FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE**



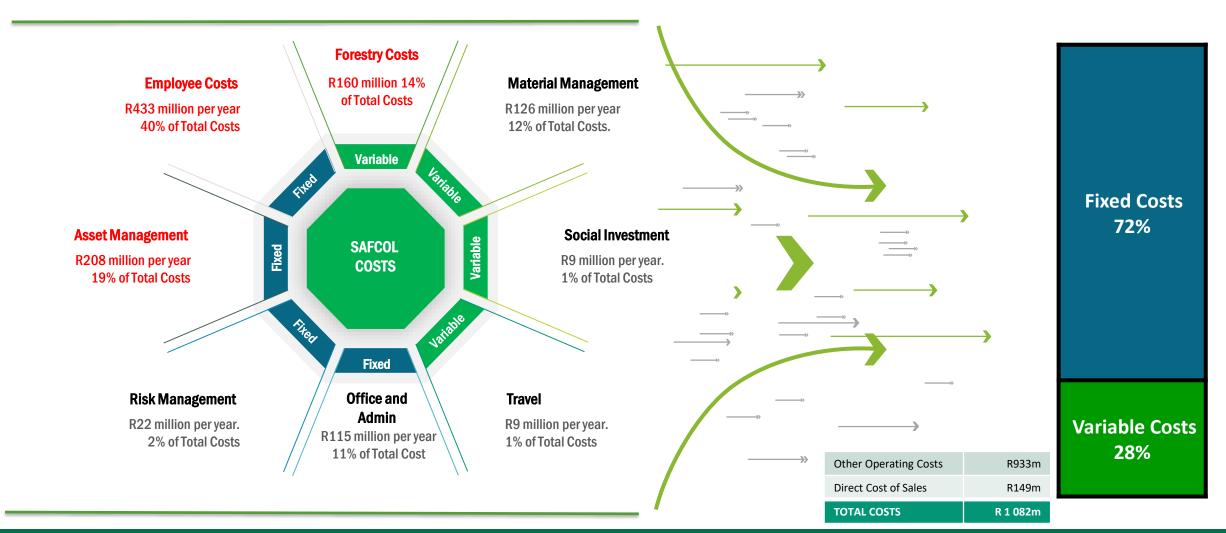
Description	Actual 31-Mar-19 (R million)	Prior Year 31-Mar-18 (R million)	Actual vs Prior Year Variance %
Revenue	1 042.11	926.46	12.5%
Cost of sales	-1 088.12	-933.59	-16.6%
Gross (Loss)	-46.00	-7.13	-545%
Other Operating Income	13.79	22.16	-37.8%
Fair Value Gain	823.38	751.00	9.6%
Other Operating Costs	-933.19	-902.25	-3.4%
Operating (Loss)	-142.02	-136.21	-4.3%
Investment Income	6.41	10.32	-37.9%
Finance Costs	-4.46	-5.69	21.6%
(Loss) before Taxation	-140.07	-131.58	-6.5%
Taxation	22.43	51.41	56.4%
(Loss) for the Year	-117.63	-80.17	-46.7%





#### **FIXED COSTS PRESSURE ON PROFIT**





Margin contribution would have to improve significantly to balance the fixed cost requirements under the status quo

#### **CASH MANAGEMENT**



Description	Actual 31-Mar-19 (R million)	Actual 31-Mar-18 (R million)
Net Cash Inflow / (Outflow) from Operating Activities	21.20	-15.92
Net Cash Inflow / (Outflow) from Investing Activities	-20.98	-11.47
Net Cash Generated / (Net Financing Required)	0.22	-27.39
Net Cash Inflow / (Outflow) Flow from Financing Activities	-25.99	-25.18
Cash Movement for the Period	-25.77	-52.68
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Period	181.85	234.53
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Period	156.08	181.85

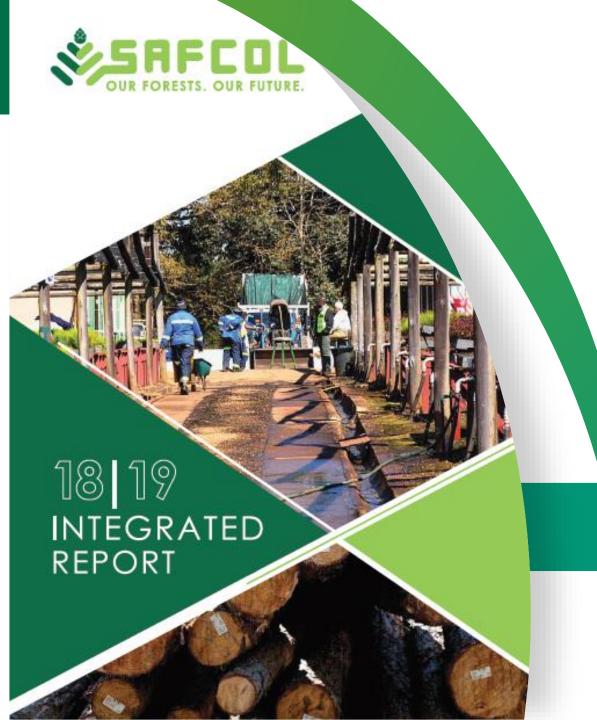
Business generates sufficient cash to support operations.

Decrease in cash resources

Fixed assets cannot be financed from operations





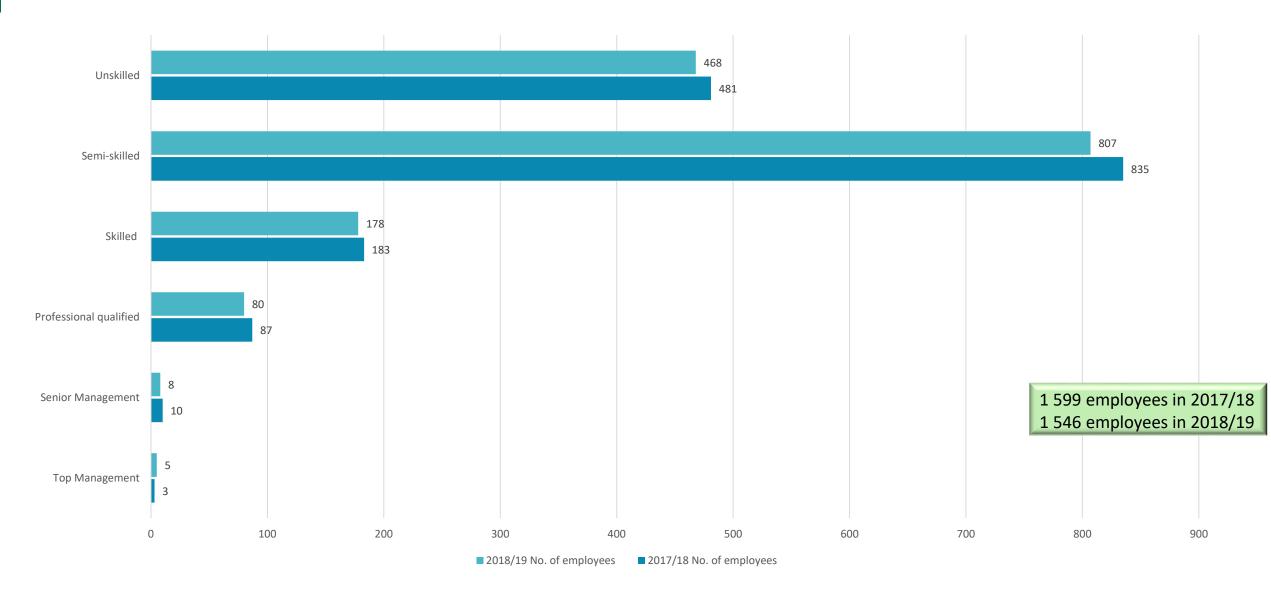




Human and Social Capital

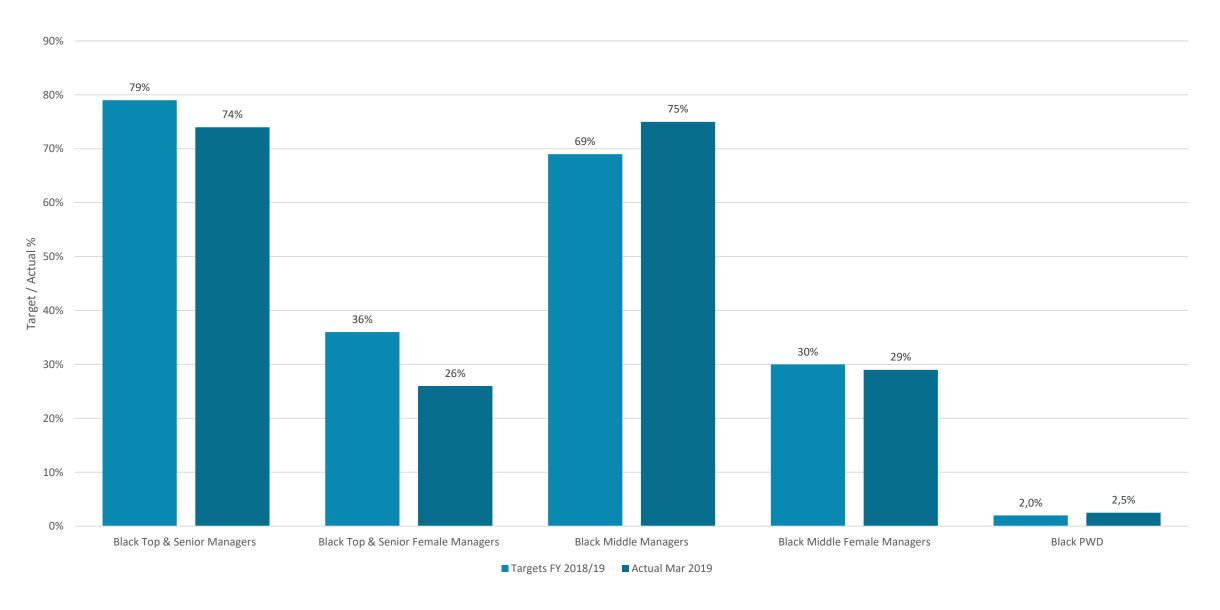
#### **EMPLOYEES BY OCCUPATIONAL LEVEL**





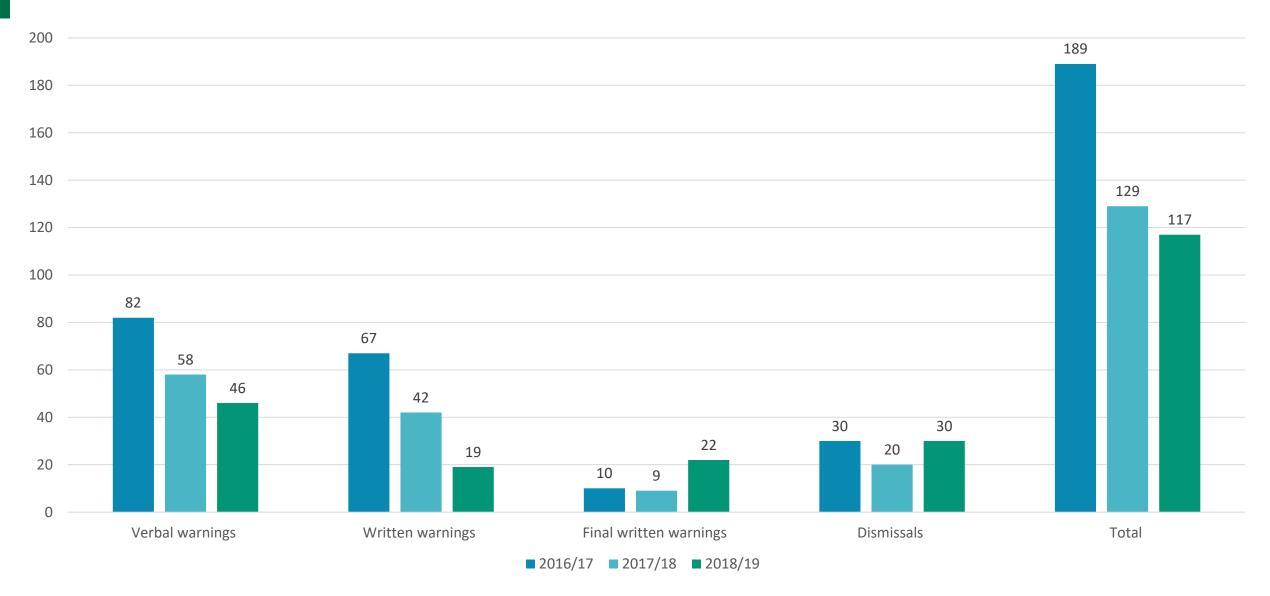
### **EMPLOYMENT EQUITY**





#### **DISCIPLINARY CASES**





#### **SOCIAL CAPITAL**



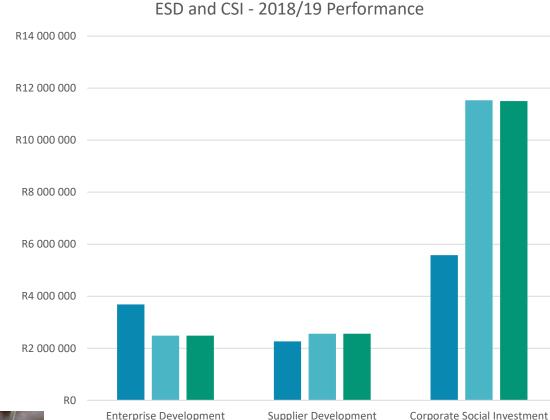
■ 2018/19 Compact Target

- Enterprise and Supplier Development
  - Themba Labasha (youth-owned furniture manufacturing cooperative) = overall winner in the category "Youth in Agriculture Forestry and Fisheries"
  - Limpuma Furniture Co-operative (Vhembe District) won second prize at the Young Business Awards at the Vhembe District Municipality









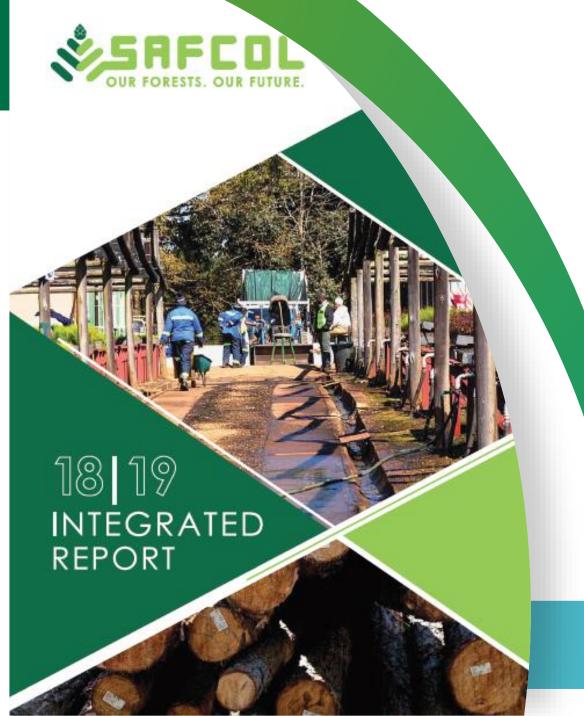
■ 2018/19 Annual Budget

■ 2018/19 Actual Spend

#### **OTHER CSI PROJECTS**



Corporate Social	Progress for the FY 2018/19
Investment Projects	
Early Childhood	A system to collect rain water by connecting gutters to jojo tanks has been installed for two ECD centers built in
Development Centres	the previous financial year (Phutaditshaba and Sandford ECD centres).
(ECD)and Primary School	A fence was installed for Phutaditshaba ECD Centre which was built in the previous financial year.
Support	Four play structures were delivered to the following institutions:
	a) Modjadji ECD Centre (situated in the Greater Tzaneen local municipality);
	b) Rea Shuma ECD Centre (situated in the Greater Tzaneen local municipality);
	c) Dientjie Primary School (situated in Thaba-Chweu municipality); and
	d) Buhlebuyeza Primary School (situated in Mkhondo Municipality).
Maintenance of Timber	Three timber-framed structures (Sinethemba ECD, Beketelani Primary School and Rathitanga Primary School)
framed Structures built	which were built more than five years ago were maintained during this financial year. The maintenance included
previously	the painting of the buildings.
Timber foot Bridges	Two foot bridges were constructed to assist the community, especially school learners, to cross the streams
	during rainy seasons.
Expanded Public Works	Twenty-five people from the Sabie area were appointed for the Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) that
Programme (EPWP)	was implemented at Tweefontein Plantation.
Timber Framed Structures	SAFCOL constructed four timber-framed structures for the following communities: Matsila, Modjadji, Mapheleni
	and Mooiplaas. These structures included Arts and Crafts centre, ECD centres and a community hall.





05 LOOKING FORWARD

#### STRATEGY 2019/20 - FORWARD LOOKING



#### Organisational Goals

#### **Strategic Objectives**

#### 1

#### Organisational Enablement

- 1.1 Development of an appropriate Operating Model inclusive of: (1) Development and Optimisation of Business Processes; (2) Structural and Operational alignment between Functions (lines of reporting, capacity, OD etc.) (3) System Specification
- 1.2 Improve digitisation, automation, mechanisation across SAFCOL
- 1.3 Embed a high performance and innovative culture
- 1.4 Continuous development of Staff

#### 2

#### Operational Excellence

- 2.1 Adopt appropriate processing technologies to reduce cost & maximise value addition
- 2.2 Increase biological asset value through improving plant species balance
- 2.3 Maintain and Improve sustainable forest management practises
- 2.4 Optimize product portfolio across the value chain linking and integrating marketing and operations (Operational Focus, i.e. implementation)

#### 3

## Growth and Business Development

- 3.1 Improve BD and Market Intelligence capabilities to extract maximum value from products
- 3.2 Increase market share in targeted markets (incl. marketing channels and targeted markets)
- 3.3 Optimize product portfolio across the value chain –(Strategic Focus, i.e. planning)
- 3.4 Development/upgrade of production capacity
- 3.5 Invest into R&D for entry into new products
- 3.6 Strategic acquisitions and partnerships (Horizontal and Vertical opportunities)

#### 4

#### Stakeholders & Economic Transformation

- 4.1 Creating shared value initiatives with a focus on:
  - · Industry Transformation
  - · Local community economic development
- 4.2 Commitment to generating value for shareholders (dividends)
- 4.3 Focus on partnerships with all relevant entities in the Sector (SoE, Gov. dept., Private sector etc.)

#### **Defined Outcomes**

## Improved Sustainability (Financial and Operational)

- Improved profitability through operational excellence & cost efficiency
- Revenue growth by:
  - unlocking existing marketing and value addition opportunities
  - growing into new markets, products and services
- Sustainable Forests through appropriate management of forestry ecosystems

Development of South
Africa and the
Communities which we
Serve



#### **BACKGROUND**



SAFCOL is determined to ensure that the commercial sustainability and the continuity of SAFCOL's business objectives as set out in terms of section 3 of the MSFA are achieved.

SAFCOL leases the state forest land on the basis of letters of delegation and interim agreements with Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries (DEFF).

The Department of Agriculture, Rural Development and Land Reform (DARD&LR) plays a pivotal and leading role in the management and resolution of land claims and SAFCOL is an important stakeholder.









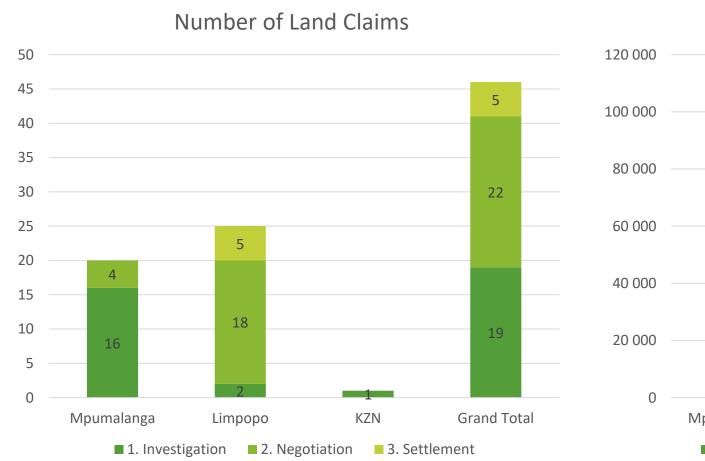


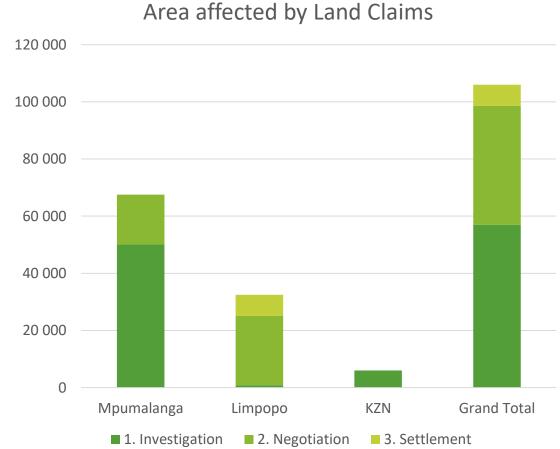
SAFCOL operates its forestry business on land parcels declared as state forest land in terms of the National Forest Act.

Approximately 57% of the South African plantations are affected by land claims, across Limpopo, Mpumalanga and KZN.

#### LAND CLAIMS STATISTICS







Limpopo: 5 claims approved, 1 transferred to communities

#### SAFCOL'S ROLE



SAFCOL aims to contribute to transformation in the forestry industry through the integration of land beneficiaries of the Government-led land restitution and reform programmes into viable business relationships.

SAFCOL is exploring various economic empowerment initiatives to fully integrate the claimant communities into the business value chain through the supply of goods and services that are consumed by SAFCOL and the broader forestry industry.

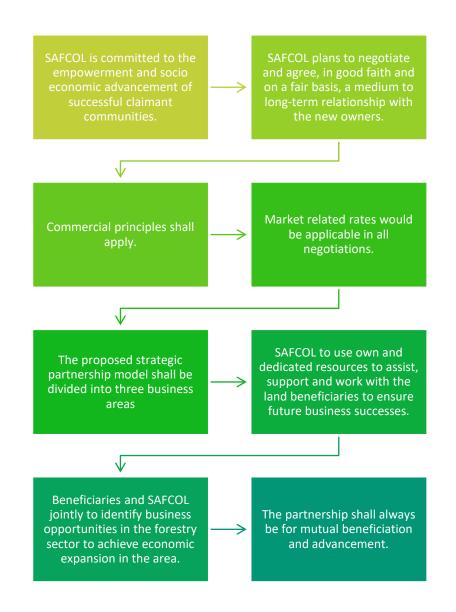
As part of economic empowerment initiatives for communities, SAFCOL has embarked on agro-forestry initiatives and the development of black industrialists in the forestry sector for purposes of transformation.

Land beneficiaries and communities are assisted to establish independent businesses enterprises and provide services to plantation management, which is enabled through enable preferential procurement contracting opportunities for these enterprises.

Land beneficiaries who are entrepreneurs are considered and developed to become business owners.

#### SAFCOL'S DRAFT SETTLEMENT MODEL





#### proposed strategic partnerships – three business areas



## Commercial plantation beneficiation

- •SAFCOL lease land from communities
- Economic participation by communities (CSI, ESD, value chain beneficiation, job opportunities)



## Processing business opportunities

- Power generation / residue value beneficiation enterprise co-ownership together with external partners
- Sawmill co-ownership (community shareholding)
- •Second level processing (e.g. bio chemicals)



Products manufacturing (e.g. furniture, hard boards)

New owners economically active in value creation

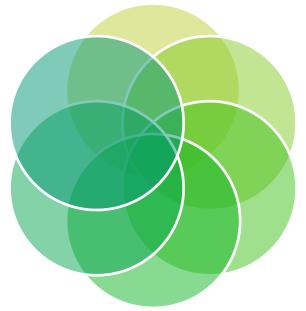
#### **CHALLENGES ASSOCIATED WITH AND CLAIMS**



Most of the land that KLF operates on, is leased from the state, SAFCOL does not have the delegated mandate on the resolution of the land claims.

Land is transferred to communities without involving SAFCOL as an interested party in order to negotiate and agree on the post-settlement terms

Various restructuring and changes within DARDLR and DEFF mandate has impacted on the land claim process.



Supply of softwood sawlogs and other timber products could be under threat due to communities not opting for SAFCOL as the partner post transfer of the claimed land. SAFCOL/KLF operations have received threats from communities due to unresolved land claims.

Illegal occupation of KLF operated land.

#### **COLLABORATION WITH COMMUNITIES ADJACENT TO OPERATIONS**



- 1. SAFCOL has 13 signed social compacts with communities and land claimants adjacent to operations:
  - 1. Redhill Cluster Chief Albert Luthuli Local Municipality, Gert Sibande District, MP
  - 2. Blairemore Cluster Chief Albert Luthuli Local Municipality, Gert Sibande District, MP
  - 3. Roburnia Cluster Mkhondo Local Municipality, Gert Sibande District, MP
  - 4. Mphephu Entabeni Cluster Makhado and Thulamela Local Municipalities, Vhembe District, LP
  - 5. Tshivhase Cluster Thulamela Local Municipality, Vhembe District, LP
  - 6. Mantjolo Cluster Chief Albert Luthuli Local Municipality, Gert Sibande District, MP
  - 7. Ngome Cluster AbaQulusi and Nongoma Local Municipalities, Zululand District, KZN
  - 8. Palm Ridge Cluster Mtubatuba Local Municipality, uMkhanyakude District, KZN
  - 9. Berlin Cluster Mbombela Local Municipality, Ehlanzeni District, MP
  - 10. Hebron Cluster Thaba Chweu and Bushbuckridge Local Municipalities, Ehlanzeni District, MP
  - 11. Mapulana Cluster Thaba Chweu Local Municipality, Ehlanzeni District, MP
  - 12. Greater Tzaneen Cluster Greater Tzaneen Local Municipality, Mopani District, LP
  - 13. Emakhazeni Cluster Emakhazeni Local Municipality, Nkangala District, MP
- 2. Joint Community Forum meetings held with these groups discuss needs of the community to guide SAFCOL's social and economic development projects

#### STRENGTHENING RELATIONSHIPS



## Establishment and maintenance of stakeholder relationships

- Identify all key stakeholders, establish and maintain relationships with all stakeholders involved in resolving land claims.
- To this effect several forums were formed and meetings were held at different levels.

## Participation in the Forestry Task Team

 The task team consists of relevant government departments and representatives from commercial forestry companies.

# Operational-specific meetings between SAFCOL, RLCC, DPE and DEFF

 SAFCOL facilitates operational-specific meetings where SAFCOL's specific claims are discussed with the officials from the RLCC offices (Mpumalanga, Limpopo and KZN).

## Provision of Resources to RLCC

 SAFCOL has continued to offer mapping resources to RLCC's in an effort to fast tract the resolution of the claims.





# Overall Concluding Remarks

#### **OVERALL CONCLUDING REMARKS**



- SAFCOL manages about 10% of the commercial forestry plantation area in South Africa and is a major producer of sawlogs, used for structural lumber resulting in less reliance on imports by South Africa;
- SAFCOL is committed to the transformation of the industry through partnerships with communities close to the operations;
- KLF continued to maintain 100% FSC Certification;
- SAFCOL is exploring the possibility for expansion of forestry training service offerings at its Platorand Training Facility;
- Opportunity to develop industrialists in the wood processing and advanced processing sector of the forestry industry; and
- SAFCOL supports government programmes, such as the implementation of socio-economic development projects (CSI, ESD, Black industrialists).



