

PFMA 2016-17



















Budgetary review and recommendations report

Human Settlements

03 October 2017



Auditing to build public confidence

Reputation promise

The Auditor-General of South Africa (AGSA) has a constitutional mandate and, as the supreme audit institution (SAI) of South Africa, exists to strengthen our country's democracy by enabling oversight, accountability and governance in the public sector through auditing, thereby building public confidence.



Role of the AGSA in the reporting process

Our role as the AGSA is to reflect on the audit work performed to assist the portfolio committee in its oversight role of assessing the performance of the entities taking into consideration the objective of the committee to produce a *Budgetary review and recommendations report* (BRRR).



1

The AGSA's Public Audit Act Promise and Focus



Our annual audit examines three areas

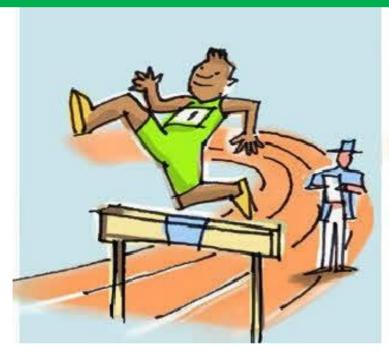


FAIR PRESENTATION AND RELIABILITY OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

RELIABLE AND CREDIBLE
PERFORMANCE INFORMATION
FOR PREDETERMINED
OBJECTIVES

COMPLIANCE WITH KEY
LEGISLATION ON FINANCIAL
AND PERFORMANCE
MANAGEMENT

Unqualified opinion with no findings (clean audit)



Auditee:

- produced credible and reliable financial statements that are free of material misstatements
- reported in a useful and reliable manner on performance as measured against predetermined objectives in the annual performance plan (APP)
- complied with key legislation in conducting their day-to-day operations to achieve their mandate

Financially unqualified opinion with findings



Auditee produced financial statements without material misstatements or could correct the material misstatements, but struggled in one or more area to:

- align their performance reports to the predetermined objectives they committed to in their APPs
- set clear performance indicators and targets to measure their performance against their predetermined objectives
- report reliably on whether they achieved their performance targets
- determine the legislation that they should comply with and implement the required policies, procedures and controls to ensure compliance

Qualified opinion



Auditee:

- had the same challenges as those with unqualified opinions with findings but, in addition, they could not produce credible and reliable financial statements
- had material misstatements on specific areas in their financial statements, which could not be corrected before the financial statements were published.

Adverse opinion



Auditee:

 had the same challenges as those with qualified opinions but, in addition, they had so many material misstatements in their financial statements that we disagreed with almost all the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements

Disclaimed opinion



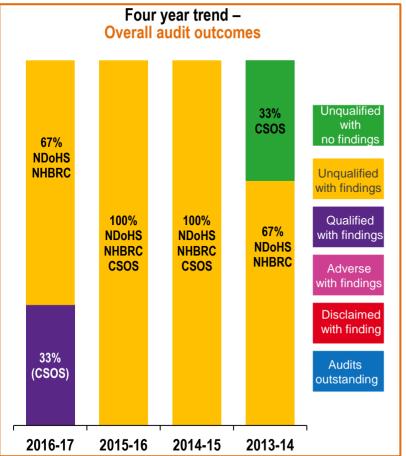
Auditee:

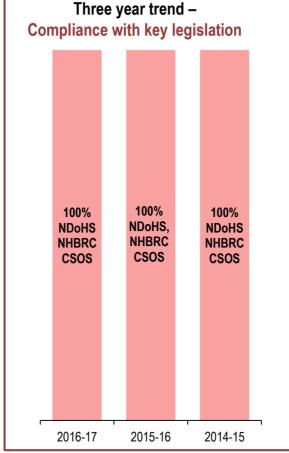
had the same challenges as those with qualified opinions but, in addition, they
could not provide us with evidence for most of the amounts and disclosures
reported in the financial statements, and we were unable to conclude or express
an opinion on the credibility of their financial statements

The 2016-17 audit outcomes and key messages



Regression in audit outcomes in the current year







To improve the overall audit outcomes, financial statements processes

- The portfolio's overall outcomes regressed due to CSOS receiving a qualified opinion with findings. CSOS was qualified on revenue, receivables and contingent liabilities.
- The 2016-17 financial year was the first year CSOS had to account for revenue generated from levies. Revenue was not accurately and completely accounted for as CSOS had not developed a system.
- A further qualification was reported on contingent liabilities. The surplus for the 2016-17 financial year can only be retained with the approval of National Treasury and should have been accounted for as a contingent liability.

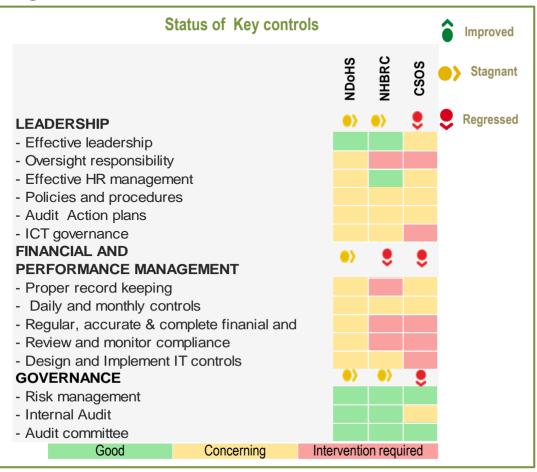
.... compliance with key legislation and....

- Compliance with legislation in the portfolio remains a concern as all entities still have material non-compliance with legislation findings.
- Material adjustments had to be effected to the AFS submitted for audit at NDoHS and CSOS.
- All three entities incurred Irregular and Fruitless and Wasteful expenditure, controls are not mature yet to prevent incurring I.FW expenditure.

- be improved by....
- None of the entities had material usefulness findings.
- Reliable reporting remains a concern at NHBRC and the department and focused attention is required to ensure that all reported achievements can be appropriately substantiated.
- All three entities made material adjustments to the APR submitted for audit due to material misstatements identified during the audit of performance information. This is due to inadequate detailed reviews of the schedules supporting the performance report.



Regression in audit outcomes in the current year - continued



Assurance providers per level NDoHS NHBRC CSOS Senior management First level **CSOS** NDoHS/ NHBRC Accounting officer/authority **NDoHS NHBRC CSOS Executive** authority **NHBRC NDoHS CSOS** Internal Second level audit unit **NDoHS CSOS Audit NHBRC** committee Third level **Portfolio** committee Provides some Provides limited/ Not Vacancy established assurance no assurance assurance

- ... providing attention to the key controls by...
- Focused interventions and commitments are required in order to improve the current status of the overall audit outcomes. NDoHS and NHBRC also need to strengthen key controls pertaining to performance information to address the material findings on the reliability of performance information.
- The key controls relating to leadership, financial and performance management and governance at CSOS must be improved as a matter of urgency to move the entity from a qualification to an unqualified audit outcome.
- Leadership is to ensure that adequate oversight is performed and that action plans are
 appropriate to address the root causes identified. Such action plans are to be monitored and
 effectively assessed on an on going basis so as to ensure timely action can be taken if progress
 is not being made / action plans are inadequate.

- ... the key role players as part of their role in combined assurance
- Level of assurance by <u>senior management at all entities and the accounting authority of CSOS</u> needs to be enhanced. This can be achieved by developing and implementing post audit action plans to address audit findings.
- <u>Internal audit and audit committees</u> must place intense focus on driving improvement in key controls with the objective of moving the entities towards clean audit outcomes.
- The <u>Portfolio committee</u> performed <u>the legislative oversight requirements and it robustly engages</u> the department on its role and mandate.



Performance management linked to programmes/ objectives tested & key projects audited



Quality of APP and analysis of expenditure per programme vs performance achievements

				Budgeted	Spent		No. of	No. of targets achieved or	
Programmes	Usefulness	Reliability	Material adjustments	amount		% Spen- ding	targets planned	over- achieved	% Achieve- ment
Programme 1- Administration	Not audited	Not audited	-	R 455 459	R 420 897	92.4%	12	5	42 %
Programme 2- Human Settlements Policy, Strategy and Planning	No material finding	Material finding	X	R 92 275	R 86 600	93.8%	16	11	69%
Programme 3- Human Settlements Delivery Support	No material findings	No material findings	X	R217 685	R151 742	69.7%	23	10	43%
Programme 4- Housing Development Finance	No material findings	No material findings	X	R29 930 937	R29 927 992	100%	6	3	50%
Totals				30 696 356	30 587 231	99.6%	57	29	51%



Key projects selected as part of the statutory audit

Human Settlements Development Grant (HSDG)

ENE allocation: R18 284 000 000

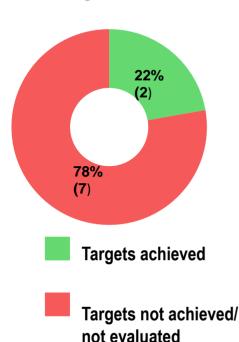
One key programme was audited i.e. Human settlements development grant, was audited within the human settlement portfolio.

4 provinces did not meet the delivery of their targets, all the nine provinces spent more than



of grant allocated.

Achievement of planned targets – HDSG



Key findings

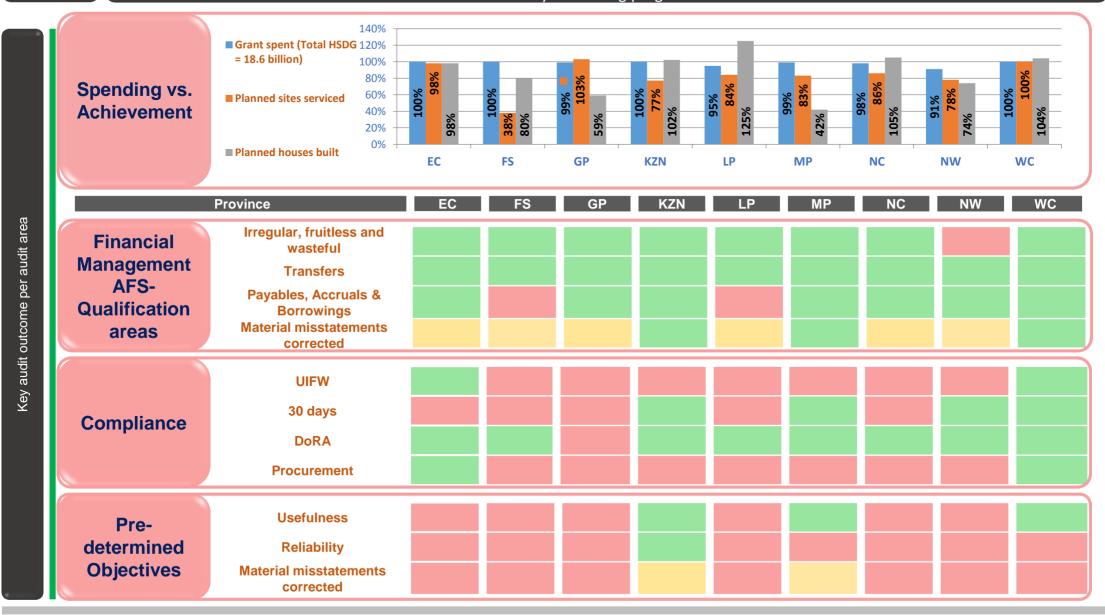
- There were no audit findings identified relating to the National department's transferring and monitoring the HSDG.
- SCM processes were not followed on projects which resulted in irregular expenditure in *Free State*, *Mpumalanga and Gauteng*.
- Non-compliance with DORA was reported in Gauteng as funds were not spent in accordance with the grant framework.
- Two provinces (Limpopo and Western Cape) had an overachievement on total delivery ,while seven provinces under delivered on their delivery programmes to date.



Executive summary on Key Projects audited

Objective

The core focus of the Human Settlements Programme is to build cohesive and sustainable communities by ensuring that innovative services and infrastructure are provided to create sustainable human settlements. This programme promotes effective and efficient delivery of housing programmes



No material

1. Human Settlements Development Grant (HSDG)

Budget vs Spending

Financial Management (AFS)

Pre-determined Objectives

Programme allocated budget: R 18.6 billion

All the nine provinces as per previous slide spent more than 90% of grant allocated.

The following provinces did not meet the delivery of their targets by more than 70%:

- Free State (sites: 38%)
- Gauteng (houses: 59%)
- Mpumalanga (houses 42%)

The qualifications at Free State, Limpopo and North West were due to:

- Slow response by management in addressing internal control deficiencies raised in prior years and lack of proper monitoring and implementation of action plans.
- Staff not fully understanding the requirements of financial reporting framework.

SCM findings relating to appointment of service providers for construction of houses were identified at the following provinces:

Compliance

- FS Irregular expenditure of R974million
- MP Irregular expenditure of R745million
- KZN Irregular expenditure of R559million
- GP Irregular expenditure of R345.5million

Non-compliance with DORA:

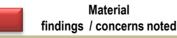
 GP – HSDG not spent in accordance with the grant framework.

Management did not implement adequate controls to review and monitor compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Predetermined objectives findings are due to:

At 8 provincial departments the systems were inadequate to collect, collate, verify and store performance information to ensure valid, accurate and complete reporting of actual achievement.

Management did not exercise oversight responsibility to ensure targets are measurable as the findings has occurred in the prior year as well. Technical indicator descriptions were not clear and specific. At 6 provincial departments usefulness findings was reported.

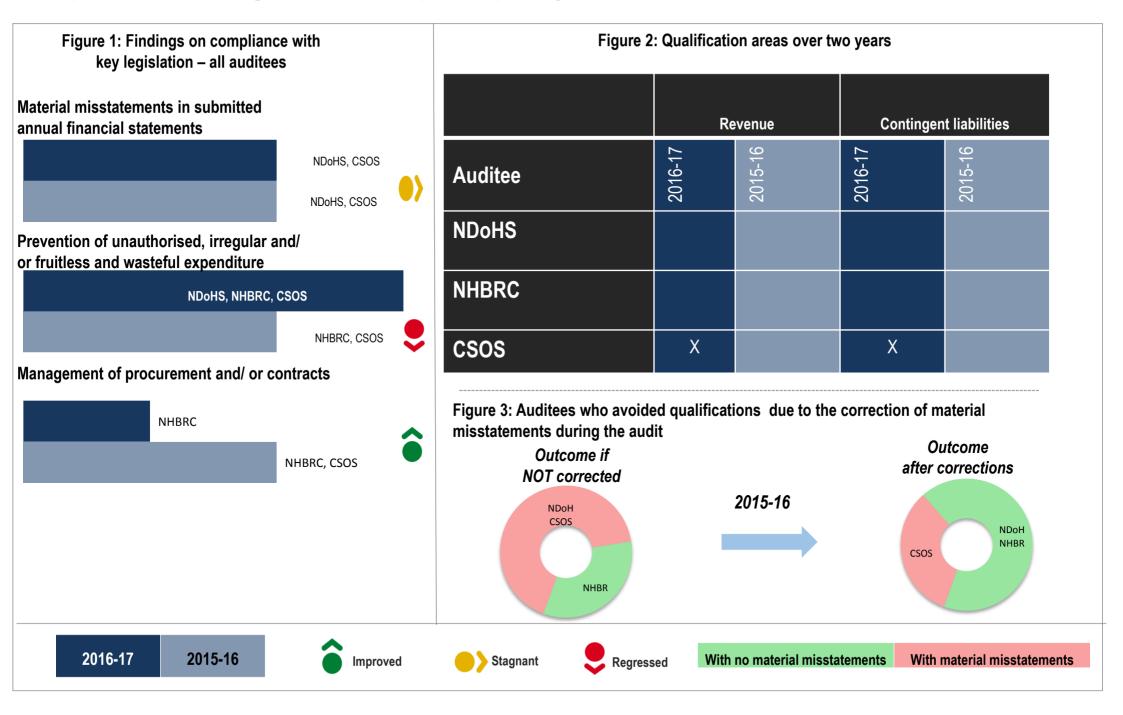




No material findings / concerns noted



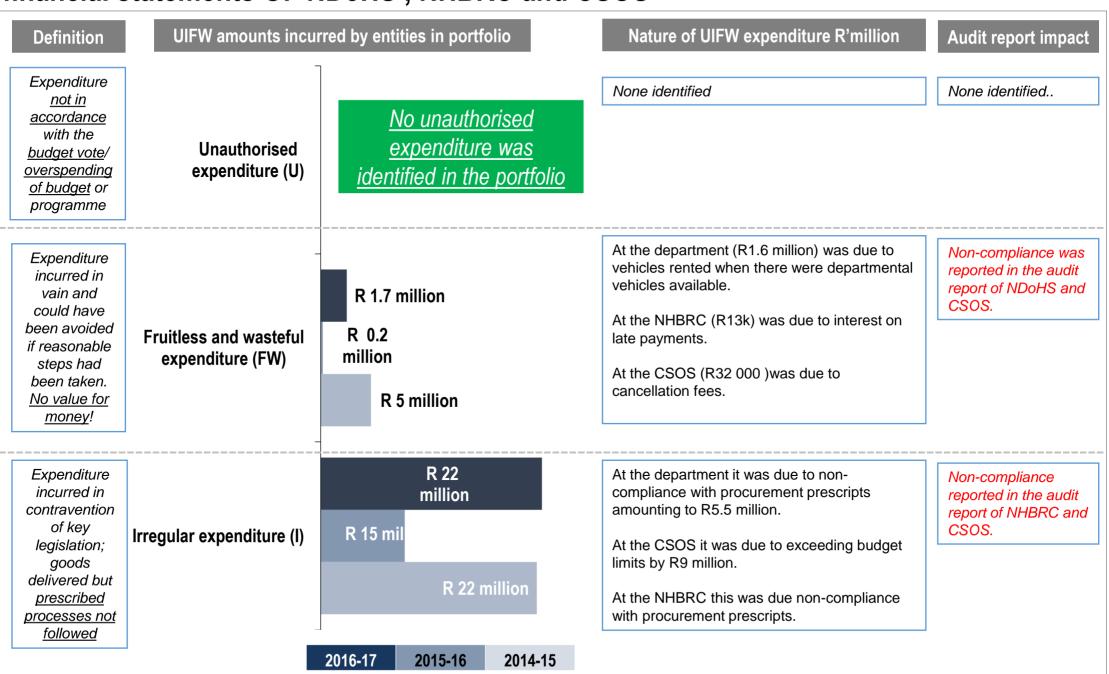
Compliance with legislation and poor quality of financial statements





16

Unauthorised, irregular as well as fruitless and wasteful expenditure disclosed in the financial statements OF NDoHS, NHBRC and CSOS



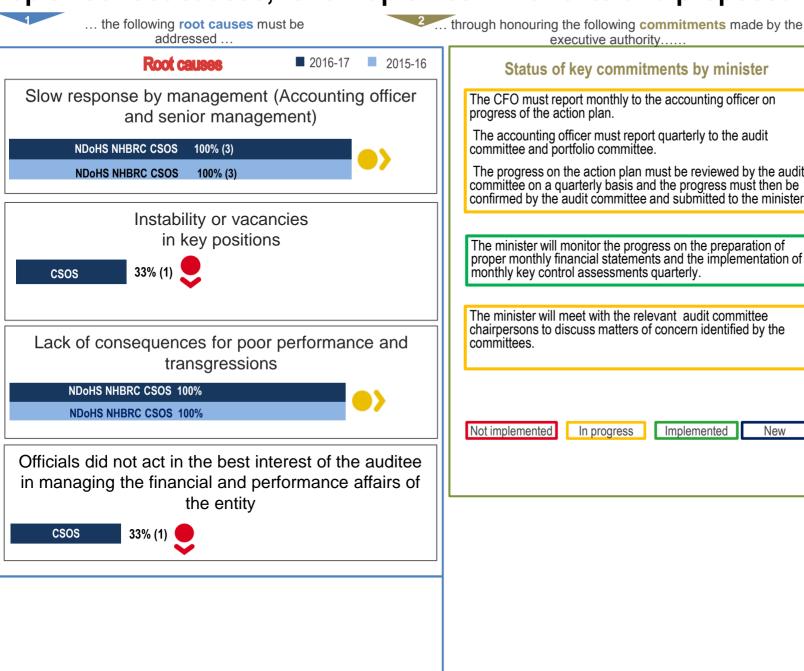


5

Top four root causes, follow up on commitments and proposed recommendations



Top three root causes, follow up on commitments and proposed recommendations



executive authority

Status of key commitments by minister

The CFO must report monthly to the accounting officer on progress of the action plan.

The accounting officer must report quarterly to the audit committee and portfolio committee.

The progress on the action plan must be reviewed by the audit committee on a quarterly basis and the progress must then be confirmed by the audit committee and submitted to the minister

The minister will monitor the progress on the preparation of proper monthly financial statements and the implementation of monthly key control assessments quarterly.

The minister will meet with the relevant audit committee chairpersons to discuss matters of concern identified by the committees

Not implemented

In progress

Implemented

New

1. PC must request management to provide feedback on the implementation and progress and of the action plans to address poor audit outcomes during quarterly reporting.

... and implementation of the following proposed commitments by the PC.

- 2. PC must request management to provide quarterly feedback on status of kev controls...
- 3. PC must be request quarterly feedback on the progress of filling vacancies at CSOS.
- 4. List of action taken against transgressors must be provided quarterly to PC for follow up for all irregular and fruitless and wasteful expenditure incurred.



Entities included in the portfolio not audited by AGSA: PAA (section 4(3) audit entities

Three year audit outcome of auditees within the DHS portfolio which are not audited by the AGSA in terms of PAA section 4(3):

		Audit Outcomes 2016-17			Audit Outcomes 2015-16			Audit Outcomes 2014-15		
Auditee:	3 year Trend	AFS	AoPO	Compliance	AFS	AoPO	Complianc e	AFS	AoPO	Compliance
RHLF	>		~	~		~	~		~	·
NURCHA	>		~	×		×	×		×	×
HDA	>		~	•		~	•		•	•
SHRA	•		~	•		×	×		•	×
EAAB	\$		×	×		,	•		×	•
NHFC	>		~	•		~	•		•	~
Thubelisha	>		•	•		~	•		•	~









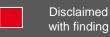


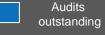
legend Unqualified with no findinas

















6

AGSA audit methodology improvements



AGSA audit methodology improvements

Engaging accounting officers in conversations that are insightful, relevant and have an impact

Status of records review



Pro-active follow up procedures



Financial and non – financial information (internal and external reports/documents & discussions with senior managers)



Key control engagements / status of records review – objectives

Identify key areas of concern that may derail progress in the preparation of financial and performance reports and compliance with relevant legislation and consequential regression in audit outcome

Provide our assessment of the status of key focus areas that we reviewed

Assess progress made in implementing action plans/ follow through with commitments made in previous engagements

Identify matters that add value in putting measures and action plans in place well in advance to mitigate risks

Feedback linked to Focus Areas





AGSA audit methodology improvements (cont.)



We have enhanced our audit methodology to ensure you continue to receive a valuable and relevant product

It was the result of a robust and methodical process:



In-depth research



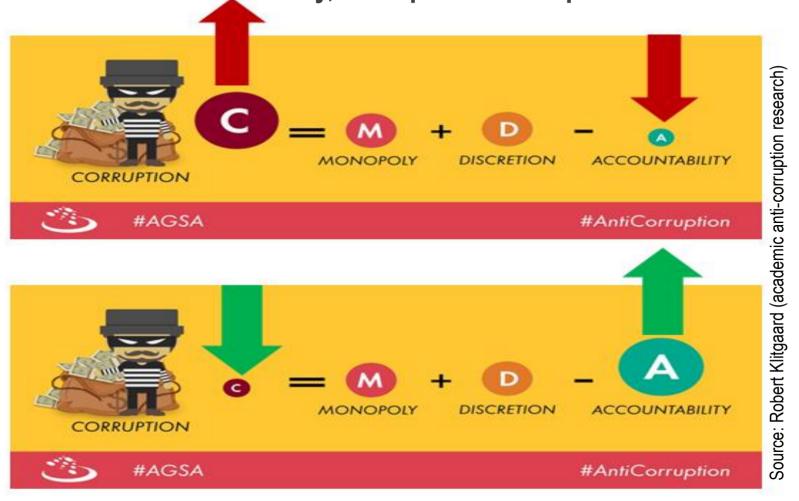
Numerous local and international discussions

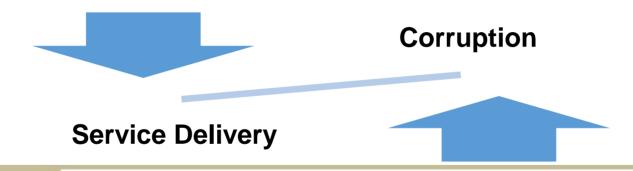


Thousands of hours of testing

The audits will be more focused and integrated with a robust risk approach, allowing you to continue driving accountability and good governance.

Correlation between low accountability, corruption and impact on service delivery







24

Stay in touch with the AGSA



www.agsa.co.za



@AuditorGen_SA



Auditor-General of South Africa

